RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

2021 Census Results
Wudinna District Council

Comparison year: 2016 Benchmark area: Regional SA



community profile





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Welcome to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Estimated Resident Population for 2022 is 58,966, with a population density of 0.25 persons per square km.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile provides demographic analysis for the Region and smaller areas within it based on results from the 2021, 2016, 2011, 2006 and 2001 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures.

Population

58,966

ABS ERP 2022

Land area

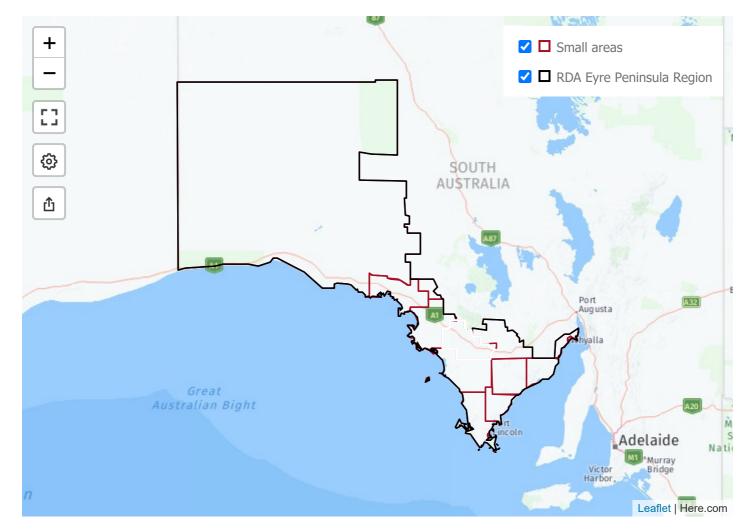
234,937

square km

Population density

0.25

persons per square km



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

News more >

Economic spotlight on Greater Melbourne

Spotlight on Melbourne's economic outlook and the role local councils can play.

18 September 2023

Liveability and affordable, decent accommodation

Australians selected 'affordable decent housing' as the single biggest inhibitor – and opportunity – to advancing quality of life across the nation.

28 August 2023

2026 Census topic consultation

The ABS has opened the second phase of consultation on topics for Australia's next Census.

1 August 2023

Insights from the Living in Australia Survey

Three key insights from the Living in Australia 2023 liveability survey.

13 July 2023

Population highlights

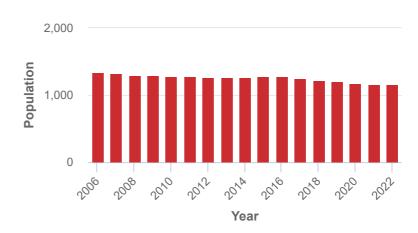
Population

1,162

ERP, 2022

▼ Declined by 1 from the previous year.

Estimated Resident Population Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

2021 data with change from 2016 unless otherwise stated.

No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census

41

▼ Decreased since previous Census

Median age 42 ▼ (-1) RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 43 ▲ Regional SA 47 ▲

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population 2.1% (0%) RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 6.7% A Regional SA 4.7% A South Australia 2.4%

Couples with children

South Australia

26% (-0.3%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	21% 🔻
Regional SA	21% 🔻
South Australia	27%

Older couples without children

13% (3.8%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 12% ▲
Regional SA 15% ▲
South Australia 12% ▲

Lone person households

27% (-1.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 29% ▲
Regional SA 29% ▲
South Australia 27% ▲

Medium and high density Housing

3% (1.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 23% ↔
Regional SA 11% ↔
South Australia 22% ↔

Median weekly household income

\$1,369 (\$207)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region \$1,258 ▲
Regional SA \$1,133 ▲
South Australia \$1,470 ▲

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$175 *****(\$-9)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region \$270 ▼
Regional SA \$265 ▼
South Australia \$346 ▲

Median weekly rent

\$150 (\$30)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region \$198 ▲
Regional SA \$220 ▲
South Australia \$300 ▲

Households renting

19% (-0.8%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 30% ▲
Regional SA 24% ↔
South Australia 27% ↔

Households with a mortgage

18% (-0.5%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 27% ▼
Regional SA 28% ▼
South Australia 34% ▲

Overseas born

4% (0.2%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 11% ↔
Regional SA 12% ↔
South Australia 24% ▲

Language at home other than English

1% (0.2%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 5% ▲
Regional SA 5% ▲
South Australia 18% ▲

University attendance

1% (-0.6%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 1% ↔
Regional SA 2% ↔
South Australia 5% ↔

University qualification

9% (-0.5%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 11% ▲
Regional SA 11% ▲
South Australia 23% ▲

Trade qualification (certificate)

21% (2.3%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 25% ▲
Regional SA 24% ▲
South Australia 21% ▲

Unemployment rate

2.8%

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 5.2% ▼
Regional SA 4.8% ▼
South Australia 5.4% ▼

Participation rate (population in labour force)

65% **•** (-3.4%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 57% ↔
Regional SA 54% ↔
South Australia 60% ▲

Worked at home

18% (1.4%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 7% ▲
Regional SA 9% ▲
South Australia 10% ▲

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2021

1009

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region 938 A
Regional SA 946 A
South Australia 982 A

Homeless persons estimated 2021 *

09

Source: ABS, 2049.0 Estimating Homelessness, 2016

Wudinna District Council About the profile areas

The 2022 Estimated Resident Population for Wudinna District Council is 1,162, with a population density of 0.23 persons per square km.

Important
Statistics

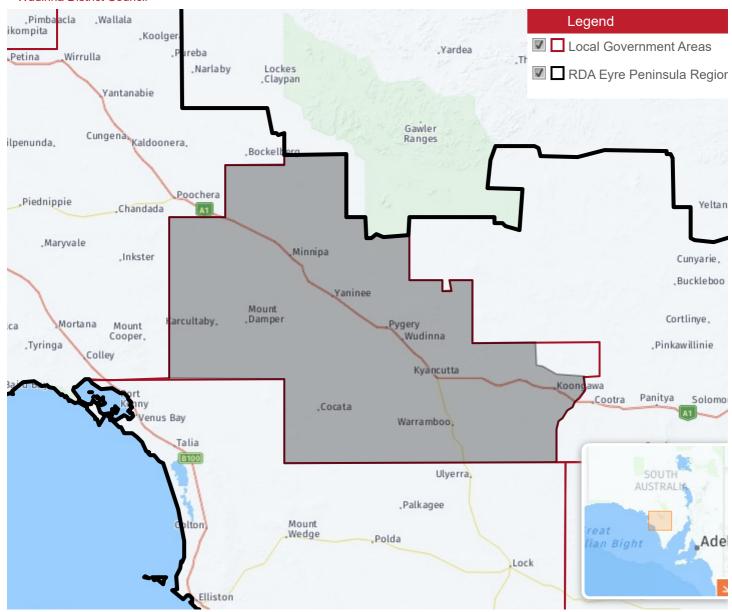
community profile

Population 1,162 2022 ABS ERP Land area 5,079 square km

Population density
0.23
persons per square
km

Profile areas

Wudinna District Council



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Major features Included areas

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Population and dwellings

The Census usual resident population of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 was 1,136, living in 614 dwellings with an average household size of 2.32.

There are a number of different ways of measuring the population of an area, all of which give an insight into the size of the place and its rate of growth over different time periods. The Census counts people where they are on the night of the Census (Enumerated population) and also by where they usually live (Usual residence). Both these populations are useful and form the basis for a range of characteristics collected in the Census.

However, the most accurate count of the total population is Estimated Resident Population, which factors in an estimate of those missed in the Census and those who were overseas on Census night. It is usually higher than either Census count, and is also updated annually after the Census, providing preliminary estimates for up to 5 years.

This page provides the three population counts for the Wudinna District Council at the last Census, with comparisons to previous Census years for the Census counts only. The current estimate for the Wudinna District Council at the most recent year available is shown at the top of the page. This figure is a preliminary estimate only and is subject to review after the next Census data are released. Please use with caution.

Also included are a range of sub-population groups and key statistics from the Census (Usual resident) population, such as citizens, employed persons and Indigenous population.

These figures all provide the context for the size of the population and growth rate within the Wudinna District Council and should be looked at in conjunction with other basic demographic information, such as **Age Structure**, **Dwelling Type** and **Household Size**.

The data on this page are sourced from a variety of different tables and designed to give a range of population and dwelling numbers for the area.

Population

Wudinna District Council - Total persons	2021				Change		
Population	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Estimated Resident Population	1,163			1,279			-116
Enumerated Population	1,176			1,325			-149
Usual Resident Population	1,136			1,250			-114

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Selected subpopulation categories

Wudinna District Council - Total people (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Population group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Males	551	48.7	50.2	639	51.2	50.4	-88
Females	581	51.3	49.8	608	48.8	49.6	-27
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	24	2.1	4.7	26	2.1	4.1	-2
Australian citizens	1,004	88.7	89.3	1,127	90.4	88.9	-123
Eligible voters (citizens aged 18+)	760	67.1	70.8	846	67.8	69.2	-86
Population over 15	905	79.9	83.3	960	77.0	82.3	-55
Employed Population	564	97.2	95.2	650	98.5	93.4	-86
Overseas visitors (enumerated)	3			4			-1

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwellings

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Dwellings	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total dwellings	614	100.0	100.0	694	100.0	100.0	-80
Occupied private dwellings	483	78.7	79.2	537	77.4	77.7	-54
Population in non-private dwellings	55			84			-29
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.32		2.24	2.32		2.28	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

^{*}Note that this is an estimate based on ERP at the SA1 level. It is subject to review after the next Census data release and may not match .id's population forecasts.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The population estimate for the Wudinna District Council as of the 30th June 2022 is 1,162. Since the previous year, the population has declined by 0.09%. Population growth in Regional SA was 0.56%.

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the Australian Bureau of Statistics' official 2022 population figure for all Local Government Areas (LGAs) - but is subject to review after the next Census release. For areas smaller than LGAs, the ERP is derived from SA1 geographies based on population distribution from the previous Census. As such, these smaller geographies are subject to a greater level of revision each Census due to the change in actual numbers and in population distributions.

Populations are counted and estimated in various ways. The most comprehensive population count available in Australia is derived from the Census of Population and Housing conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics every five years. However the Census count is generally an under-estimate of the actual population, due to people missed in the Census and people overseas on Census night. To provide a more accurate population figure more frequently, the ABS also produces ERP numbers.

See data notes for a detailed explanation of different population types, how they are calculated and when to use each one.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Year (ending June 30)	Number	Change in number	Change in percent	Regional SA change in percent
2006	1,346			
2007	1,321	-25	-1.86	+0.86
2008	1,305	-16	-1.21	+0.75
2009	1,295	-10	-0.77	+0.65
2010	1,291	-4	-0.31	+0.72
2011	1,280	-11	-0.85	+0.35
2012	1,271	-9	-0.70	+0.89
2013	1,272	+1	+0.08	+0.77
2014	1,276	+4	+0.31	+0.81
2015	1,279	+3	+0.24	+0.62
2016	1,279	0	0	+0.40
2017	1,261	-18	-1.41	+0.42
2018	1,231	-30	-2.38	+0.53
2019	1,205	-26	-2.11	+0.64
2020	1,185	-20	-1.66	+0.66
2021	1,163	-22	-1.86	+0.79
2022	1,162	-1	-0.09	+0.56

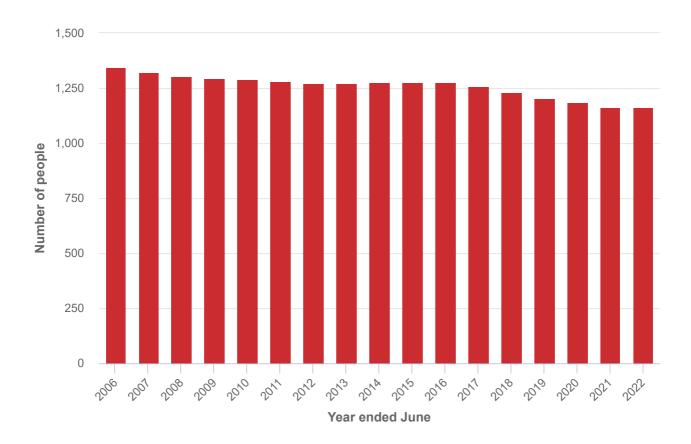
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e ERP benchmarked to South Australia and Australia

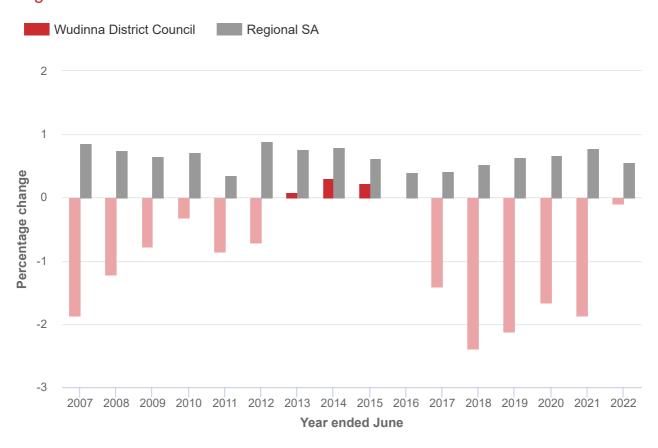
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

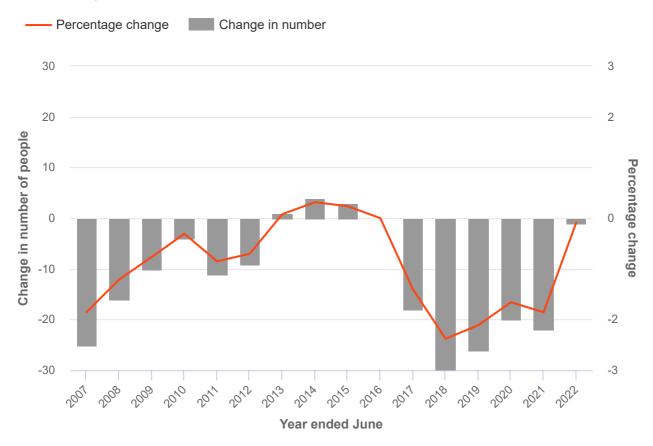
Percentage change in ERP - Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by iid (informed decisions)

Service age groups

In 2021, the Wudinna District Council had higher proportion of children (under 18) and a lower proportion of persons aged 60 or older than Regional SA.

The Age Structure of the Wudinna District Council provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of the Wudinna District Council's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture the Wudinna District Council's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

Age structure - Service age groups

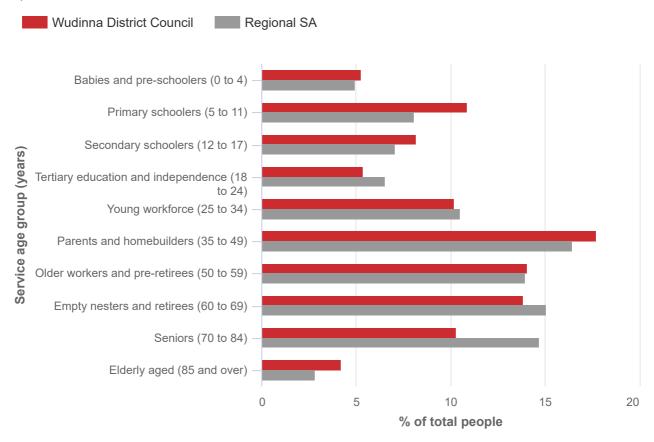
Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	60	5.3	4.9	82	6.6	5.5	-22
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	124	10.9	8.1	143	11.4	8.6	-19
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	93	8.2	7.0	77	6.2	7.2	+16
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	61	5.4	6.5	76	6.1	6.8	-15
Young workforce (25 to 34)	116	10.2	10.5	127	10.2	10.4	-11
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	202	17.7	16.4	237	19.0	17.8	-35
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	160	14.0	13.9	188	15.1	14.6	-28
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to	158	13.9	15.1	174	13.9	14.4	-16
Seniors (70 to 84)	117	10.3	14.7	108	8.6	12.1	+9
Elderly aged (85 and over)	48	4.2	2.8	37	3.0	2.7	+11
Total	1,139	100.0	100.0	1,249	100.0	100.0	-110

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Age structure - service age groups, 2021

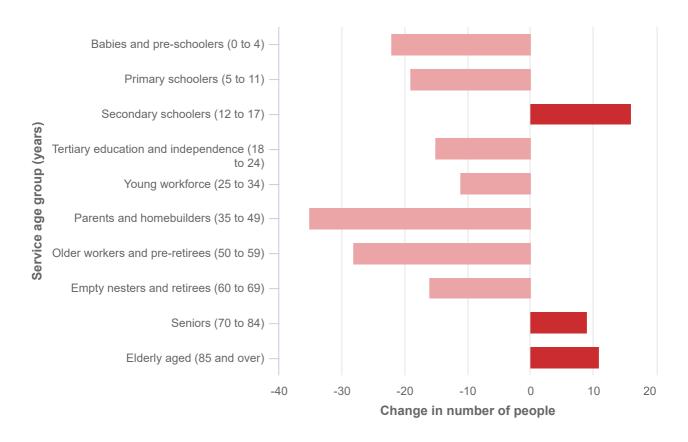
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - service age groups, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 24.3% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 28.4% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 20.0% and 32.6% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the age structure of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of 'Primary schoolers' (10.9% compared to 8.1%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Frail aged' (4.2% compared to 2.8%)
- A larger percentage of 'Parents and homebuilders' (17.7% compared to 16.4%)
- A smaller percentage of 'Seniors' (10.3% compared to 14.7%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Wudinna District Council's population decreased by 110 people (8.8%). This represents an average annual population change of -1.83% per year over the period.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Five year age groups

In 2021, the largest age group in the Wudinna District Council was 10 to 14 year olds. The group that changed the most since 2016 was 0 to 4 year olds, decreasing by 22 people.

The Age Structure of the Wudinna District Council provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is also an indicator of the Wudinna District Council's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Five year age groups present a classic age profile of the population. Each age group covers exactly five years, which enables direct comparison between each group.

To get a more complete picture the Wudinna District Council's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

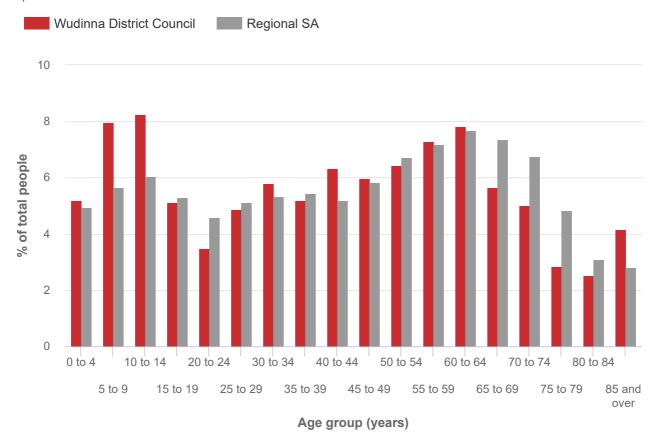
Age structure - Five year age groups

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Five year age groups (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	60	5.2	4.9	82	6.6	5.5	-22
5 to 9	92	8.0	5.7	104	8.4	6.1	-12
10 to 14	95	8.2	6.1	90	7.3	6.0	+5
15 to 19	59	5.1	5.3	52	4.2	5.6	+7
20 to 24	40	3.5	4.6	49	4.0	4.8	-9
25 to 29	56	4.9	5.1	52	4.2	5.1	+4
30 to 34	67	5.8	5.4	72	5.8	5.3	-5
35 to 39	60	5.2	5.4	78	6.3	5.2	-18
40 to 44	73	6.3	5.2	76	6.1	5.9	-3
45 to 49	69	6.0	5.8	76	6.1	6.7	-7
50 to 54	74	6.4	6.7	84	6.8	7.1	-10
55 to 59	84	7.3	7.2	102	8.3	7.5	-18
60 to 64	90	7.8	7.7	91	7.4	7.3	-1
65 to 69	65	5.6	7.4	80	6.5	7.1	-15
70 to 74	58	5.0	6.8	48	3.9	5.5	+10
75 to 79	33	2.9	4.8	35	2.8	3.9	-2
80 to 84	29	2.5	3.1	28	2.3	2.6	+1
85 and over	48	4.2	2.8	37	3.0	2.7	+11
Total population	1,152	100.0	100.0	1,236	100.0	100.0	-84

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed

Age structure - five year age groups, 2021

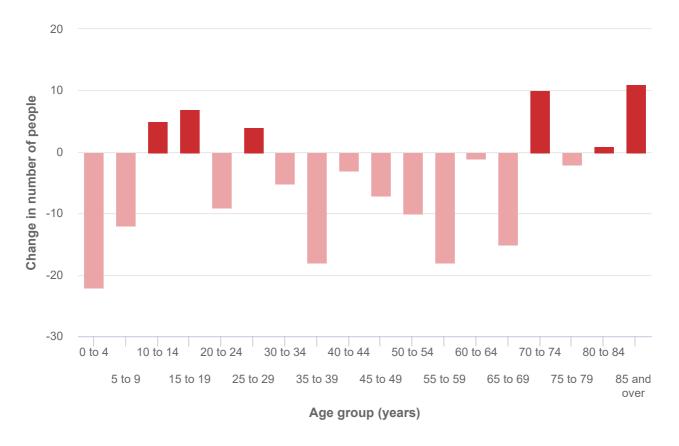
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - five year age groups, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the five year age groups of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (under 15) and a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (65+).

Overall, 21.4% of the population was aged between 0 and 15, and 20.2% were aged 65 years and over, compared with 16.7% and 24.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the age structure of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 5 to 9 (8.0% compared to 5.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 10 to 14 (8.2% compared to 6.1%)
- A smaller percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (2.9% compared to 4.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (5.0% compared to 6.8%)

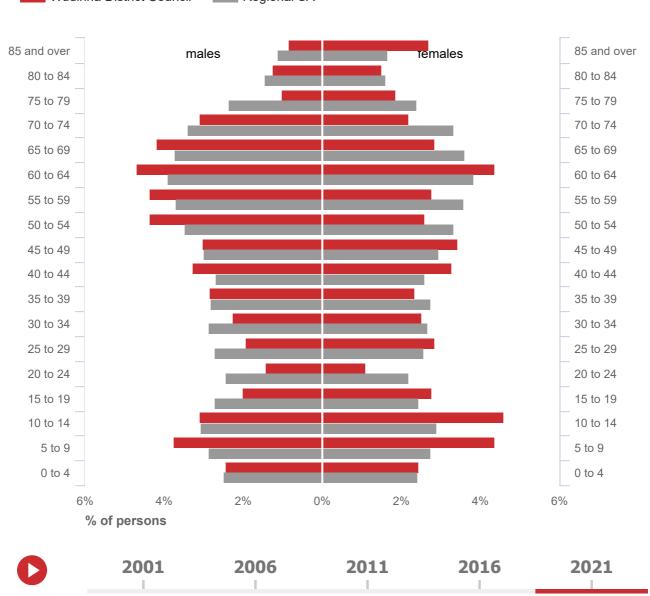
Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Wudinna District Council's population decreased by 84 people (6.8%). This represents an average annual population change of -1.4% per year over the period.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Age-sex pyramid





Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, selected years between 1991-2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

The age-sex pyramid is a demographic tool which shows patterns of change in the age structure and sex ratio of an area over time. Its name comes from the traditional pyramid shape of an area which indicates a lot of children in large families, with a lower life expectancy and relatively few elderly. This shape is quite rare in developed nations like Australia. As nations and areas transition over time this shape turns into a column where there are less children a mix of ages including many elderly. Older areas with a lot of retirees or relatively few births may have a "reverse" pyramid formation where the largest proportion of the population is at the top of the chart. The sex ratio of males to females can also be seen - young areas are likely to have more males, while elderly areas generally have more females due to longer life expectancy.

The age-sex pyramid should be used in conjunction with **Household Types** and **Dwelling Types** information to build up a picture of who is living in the area and how it is changing over time.

Further reading: Using demographics to inform gender equality

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Ancestry

The three largest ancestries in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 were Australian, English and German.

Ancestry defines the cultural association and ethnic background of an individual going back three generations. Ancestry is a good measure of the total size of cultural groups in the Wudinna District Council regardless of where they were born or what language they speak.

Ancestry data, should be combined with data on Birthplace, Language Spoken at Home and Religion for a more complete picture of the Wudinna District Council's ethnic characteristics.

Please note that the "Australian Aboriginal" and "Torres Strait Islander" categories in this topic are not directly comparable from 2021 to previous years, due to a change in the wording of the question. In 2021, these options were marked boxes on the question rather than write-in options. The "Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Origin" question is still considered a more reliable count for this group, and can be found on the **Population summary** page.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of ancestry groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Ancestry - Ranked by size

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Ancestry	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Australian	533	46.8	40.5	625	50.0	42.1	-92
English	455	39.9	42.0	504	40.4	41.1	-49
German	144	12.6	10.7	148	11.8	10.9	-4
Scottish	105	9.2	9.2	109	8.7	9.0	-4
Irish	89	7.8	7.7	105	8.4	7.8	-16
Australian Aboriginal	25	2.2	4.3	0	0.0	1.2	+25
Dutch	22	1.9	1.7	18	1.4	1.6	+4

Excludes ancestries with fewer than 10 responses (multi-response).

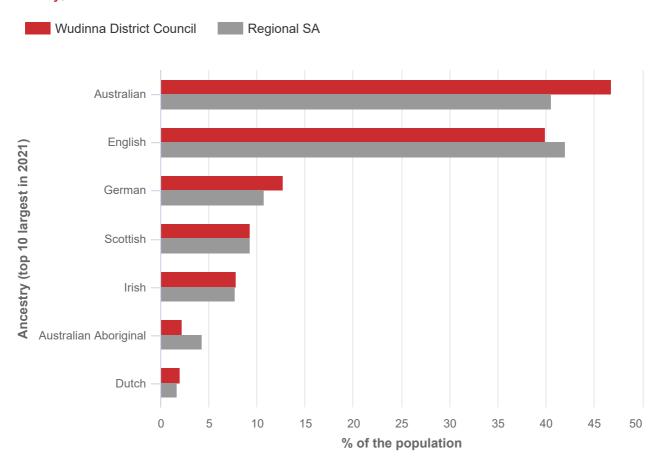
Ancestry - Totals

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Ancestry totals	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Not stated	109	7.6	5.6	101	6.4	6.1	+8
Total responses	1,425			1,566			-141
Total people	1,139			1,249			-110

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

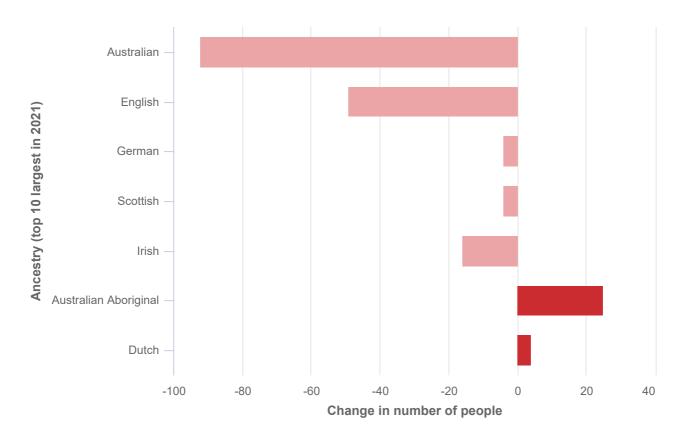
Ancestry, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in ancestry, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the ancestry responses of the population in Wudinna District Council in 2021 shows that the top five ancestries nominated were:

- Australian (533 people or 46.8%)
- English (455 people or 39.9%)
- German (144 people or 12.6%)
- Scottish (105 people or 9.2%)
- Irish (89 people or 7.8%)

In combination these five ancestries account for 1,326 responses in total, or 116.42% of all responses.

The major differences between the ancestries of the population in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of people with Australian ancestry (46.8% compared to 40.5%)
- A larger percentage of people with German ancestry (12.6% compared to 10.7%)
- A smaller percentage of people with Australian Aboriginal ancestry (2.2% compared to 4.3%)
- A smaller percentage of people with English ancestry (39.9% compared to 42.0%)

Emerging groups

The largest change in the reported ancestries of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 was:

Australian (-92 persons)

Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in the Wudinna District Council. The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, the Wudinna District Council's Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total overseas born	51	4.5	11.6	53	4.3	11.2	-2
Australia	966	85.0	81.3	1,095	87.8	81.0	-129
Not stated	120	10.6	7.1	99	7.9	7.7	+21
Total Population	1,137	100.0	100.0	1,247	100.0	100.0	-110

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

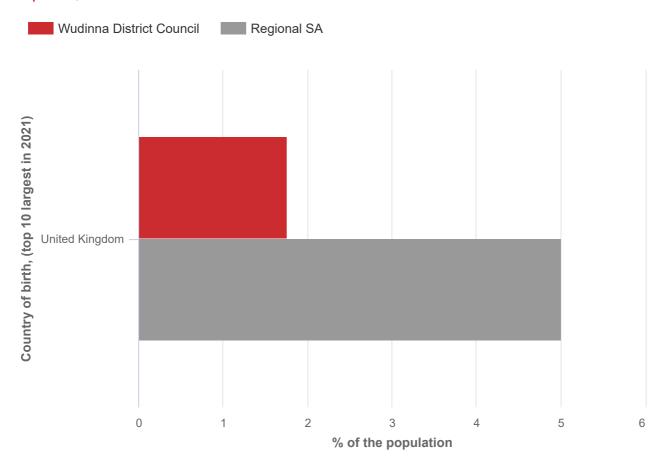
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Wudinna District Council - Overseas born (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
United Kingdom	20	1.8	5.0	26	2.1	5.1	-6

Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

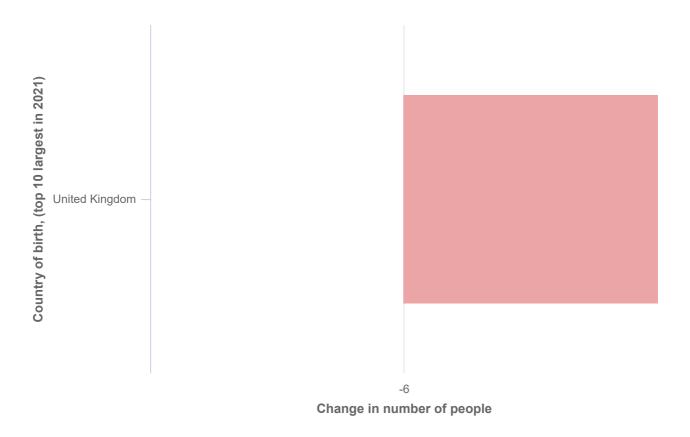
Birthplace, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in birthplace, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people born overseas decreased by 2 or 3.8%.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Overseas arrivals

51 people who were living in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 were born overseas, and 8% arrived in Australia within 5 years prior to 2021.

The Year of Arrival data records when the overseas born population arrived in Australia. The data shows the degree to which areas are 'ports' for new overseas arrivals and reveals the role of the Wudinna District Council in housing the overseas-born. The number of recent overseas arrivals in an area is often determined by housing affordability, employment opportunities and pre-existing communities located in the area.

the Wudinna District Council's Year of Arrival data, when used with Birthplace, Religion and Language Spoken at Home data, is a good indicator of the likely need for services in migrant communities.

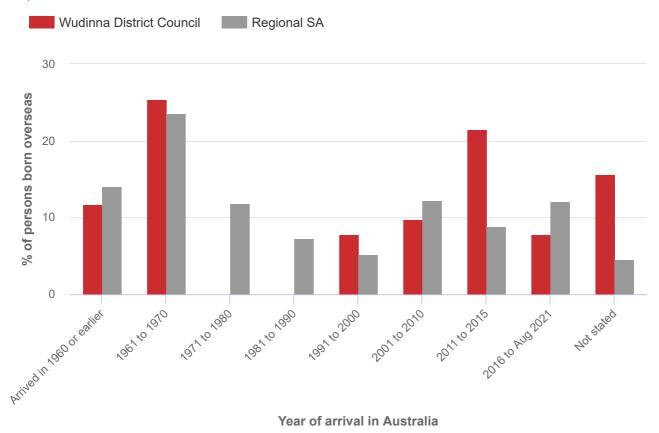
Overseas arrivals

Wudinna District Council - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2021			
Year of arrival in Australia	Number	%	Regional SA %		
Arrived in 1960 or earlier	6	11.8	14.0		
1961 to 1970	13	25.5	23.6		
1971 to 1980	0		11.9		
1981 to 1990	0		7.4		
1991 to 2000	4	7.8	5.2		
2001 to 2010	5	9.8	12.3		
2011 to 2015	11	21.6	8.9		
2016 to Aug 2021	4	7.8	12.2		
Not stated	8	15.7	4.6		
Total	51	100.0	100.0		

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Overseas arrivals, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the year of arrival for the overseas born population of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who arrived before 2001, as well as a smaller proportion of recent overseas arrivals (those who arrived between 2016 to Aug 2021).

Overall, 45.1% of the overseas born population arrived before 2001, and 8% arrived during or after 2016, compared with 62.0% and 12.2% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences in year of arrival data in the population between the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA are:

- A larger percentage of arrivals between 2011 to 2015 (21.6% compared to 8.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between 1971 to 1980 (0.0% compared to 11.9%)
- A smaller percentage of arrivals between 1981 to 1990 (0.0% compared to 7.4%)
- A smaller percentage of arrivals between 2016 to Aug 2021 (7.8% compared to 12.2%)

Proficiency in English

In the Wudinna District Council in 2021, 6 people who spoke a language other than English at home reported difficulty speaking English.

Proficiency in English measures the self-assessed proficiency in spoken English of people who speak a language other than English at home. The data, when viewed with other ethnic and cultural indicators, such as Ancestry, Country of Birth, Language Spoken at Home and Religion, reflects the Wudinna District Council's ethnic composition and how long the overseas born have been in Australia. This helps service providers determine whether they need to communicate with the local population in languages other than English.

Proficiency in English

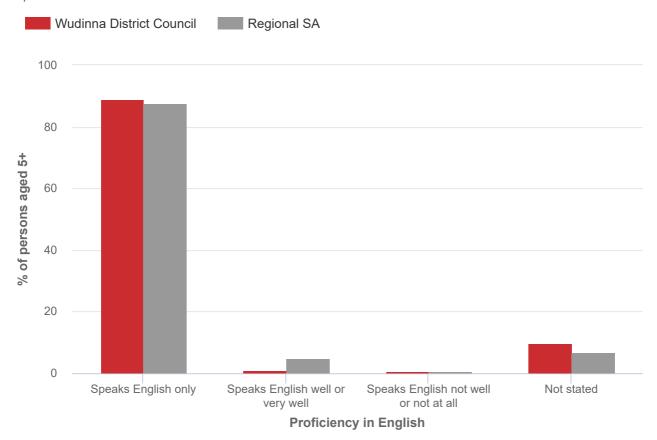
Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
English proficiency	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	1,013	88.9	87.7	1,149	91.8	87.9	-136
Speaks English well or very well	10	0.9	4.8	20	1.6	4.3	-10
Speaks English not well or not at all	6	0.5	0.7	0	0.0	0.8	+6
Not stated	110	9.7	6.7	83	6.6	6.9	+27
Total population	1,139	100.0	100.0	1,252	100.0	100.0	-113

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Proficiency in English, 2021

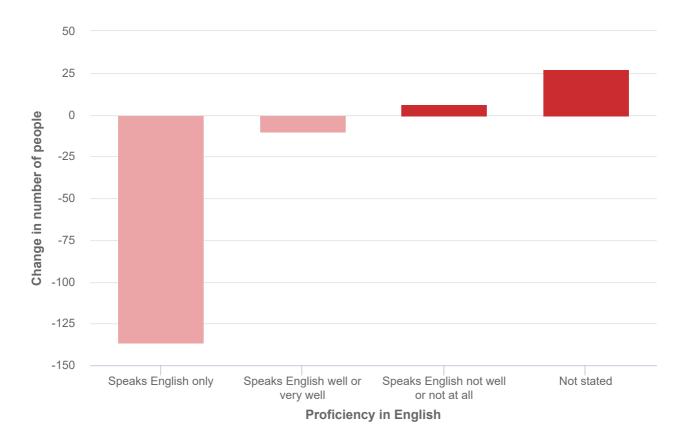
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in Proficiency in English, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the proficiency in English data of the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who spoke English only, and a similar proportion of people who spoke another language and English not well or not at all.

Overall, 88.9% of people spoke English only, and 0.5% spoke another language and English not well or not at all, compared with 87.7% and 0.7% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in the proficiency in English of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 was in those speaking:

• Speaks English only (-136 persons)

Language used at home

The Wudinna District Council's language statistics show the proportion of the population who use a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

The Wudinna District Council's language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with Country of Birth and Proficiency in English to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to ABS rules regarding perturbation of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Language used at home - Summary

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Language summary	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	1,013	89.2	87.7	1,149	92.1	87.9	-136
Non-English total	13	1.1	5.3	12	1.0	4.9	+1
Not stated	110	9.7	6.9	86	6.9	7.2	+24
Total Population	1,136	100.0	100.0	1,247	100.0	100.0	-111

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

NOTE: Not all elements on this page could be displayed due to insufficient data in Wudinna District Council for the selected variables. Try selecting alternate variables or contact us at demographics@id.com.au.

Religion

In the Wudinna District Council in 2021, the largest religious group was Uniting Church (13.4% of all people), while 40.6% of people had no religion and 11.8% did not answer the question on religion.

The Wudinna District Council's religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

The Wudinna District Council's religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as Country of Birth data and Language Spoken data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Religion - Summary

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Religion totals	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Christian total	540	47.2	40.9	778	62.5	52.5	-238
Non Christian total	5	0.4	2.0	6	0.5	1.8	-1
Non-classifiable religious belief	0		0.5	0		0.6	0
No Religion/secular beliefs	464	40.6	47.8	346	27.8	35.3	+118
Not stated	135	11.8	8.9	115	9.2	9.8	+20
Total Population	1,144	100.0	100.0	1,245	100.0	100.0	-101

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Religion - Ranked by size

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Religion	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Uniting Church	153	13.4	7.7	248	19.8	11.4	-95
Western (Roman) Catholic	149	13.0	11.7	213	17.0	14.5	-64
Lutheran	82	7.2	5.3	129	10.3	6.5	-47
Anglican	76	6.6	7.8	132	10.6	10.7	-56
Christian,nfd	32	2.8	2.5	42	3.4	2.7	-10
Pentecostal	18	1.6	1.2	5	0.4	1.1	+13

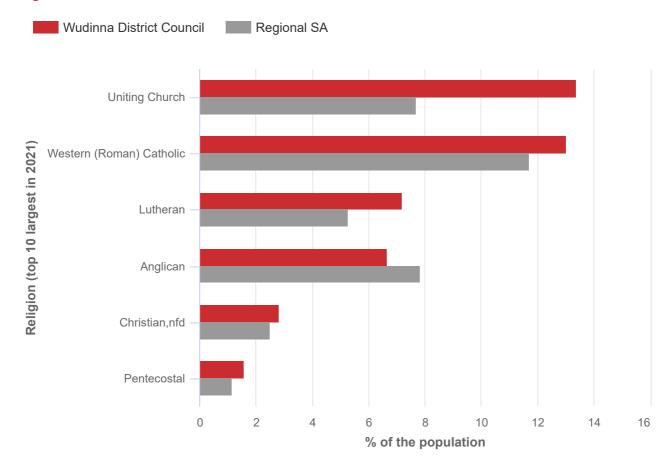
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

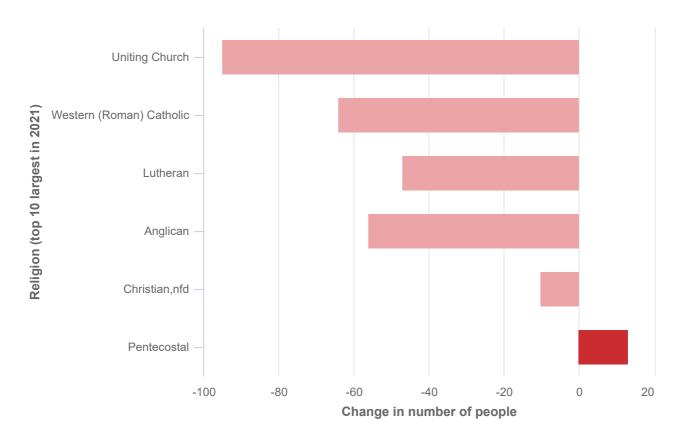
Religion, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in religion, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who professed a religion and a lower proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 47.6% of the population nominated a religion, and 40.6% said they had no religion, compared with 42.9% and 47.8% respectively for Regional SA.

The largest single religion in the Wudinna District Council was Uniting Church, with 13.4% of the population or 153 people as adherents.

The major differences between the religious affiliation for the population of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage who nominated Uniting Church (13.4% compared to 7.7%)
- A larger percentage who nominated Lutheran (7.2% compared to 5.3%)
- A larger percentage who nominated Western (Roman) Catholic (13.0% compared to 11.7%)
- A smaller percentage who nominated Anglican (6.6% compared to 7.8%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the religious affiliation of the population in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021 were for those who nominated:

- Uniting Church (-95 persons)
- Western (Roman) Catholic (-64 persons)
- Anglican (-56 persons)

20.6% of people in Wudinna District Council had a Vocational qualification in 2021, lower than Regional SA. This represents an increase of 6 people since 2016.

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Employment Status, Income and Occupation, Wudinna District Council's Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest qualification achieved

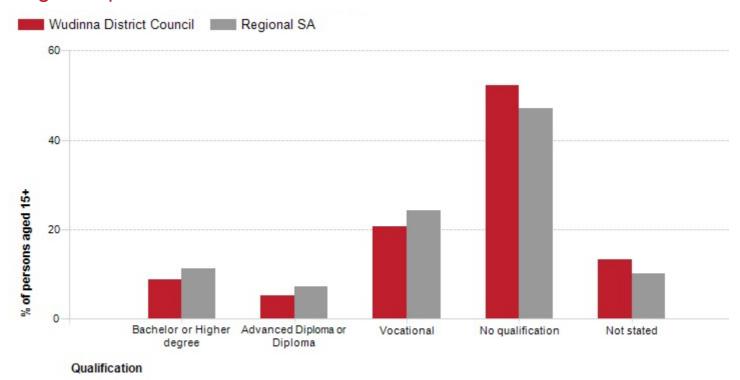
community profile

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
			Regional SA			Regional SA	
Qualification level	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2016 to 2
Bachelor or Higher degree	78	8.7	11.3	90	9.2	9.3	
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	47	5.3	7.3	55	5.6	6.8	
Vocational	184	20.6	24.3	178	18.3	23.0	
No qualification	466	52.2	47.1	534	54.8	48.7	
Not stated	118	13.2	10.1	117	12.0	12.1	
Total persons aged 15+	893	100.0	100.0	974	100.0	100.0	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

- Workforce qualifications by industry
- Workforce field of qualifications by industry
- Local labour force qualifications by industry
- Local labour force field of qualifications by industry

Highest qualification achieved, 2021

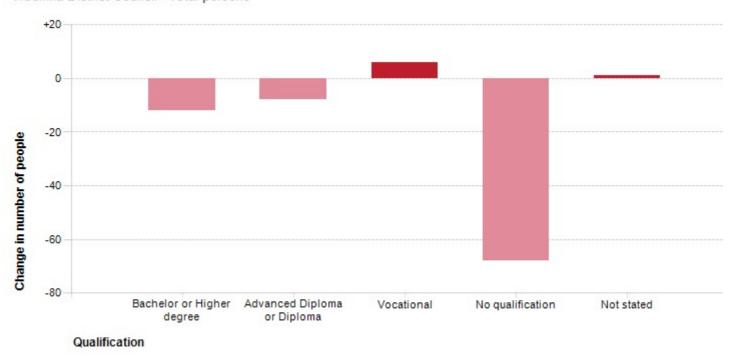


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Change in highest qualification achieved, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Dominant groups

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows there was a lower proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma o Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a higher proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 34.6% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 52.2% had no qualifications, compared with 42.8% and 47.1% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Wudinna District Council and Regional SA we

- A larger percentage of persons with No qualifications (52.2% compared to 47.1%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (20.6% compared to 24.3%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (8.7% compared to 11.3%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (5.3% compared to 7.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest change in the qualifications of the population in Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021 was:

• No qualifications (-68 persons)

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Highest level of schooling

In the Wudinna District Council, 37.3% of people aged over 15 years had completed Year 12 schooling (or equivalent) as of 2021. This was less than Regional SA.

the Wudinna District Council's school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

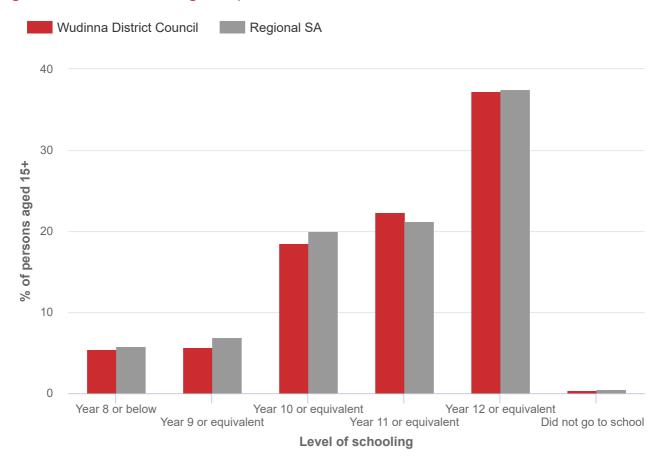
Highest level of secondary schooling completed

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Level of schooling	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Year 8 or below	49	5.5	5.8	55	5.7	7.2	-6
Year 9 or equivalent	51	5.7	6.9	71	7.3	7.2	-20
Year 10 or equivalent	165	18.5	20.0	186	19.3	20.2	-21
Year 11 or equivalent	199	22.3	21.2	213	22.0	21.3	-14
Year 12 or equivalent	333	37.3	37.6	331	34.3	33.4	+2
Did not go to school	3	0.3	0.5	0		0.4	+3
Not stated	93	10.4	8.1	110	11.4	10.2	-17
Total persons aged 15+	893	100.0	100.0	966	100.0	100.0	-73

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

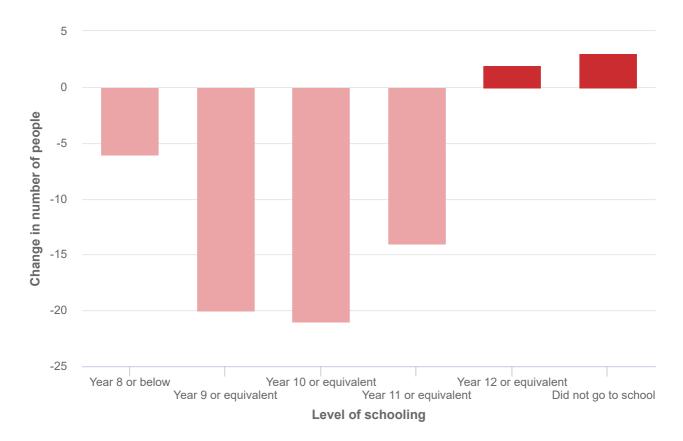
Highest level of schooling completed, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a similar proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 30.0% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 37.3% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 33.2% and 37.6% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of persons who completed year 11 or equivalent (22.3% compared to 21.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (18.5% compared to 20.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 9 or equivalent (5.7% compared to 6.9%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Education institution attending

In 2021, 8 people in the Wudinna District Council were attending university. This represents 0.7% of the population, compared to 1.5% in Regional SA.

The share of the Wudinna District Council's population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

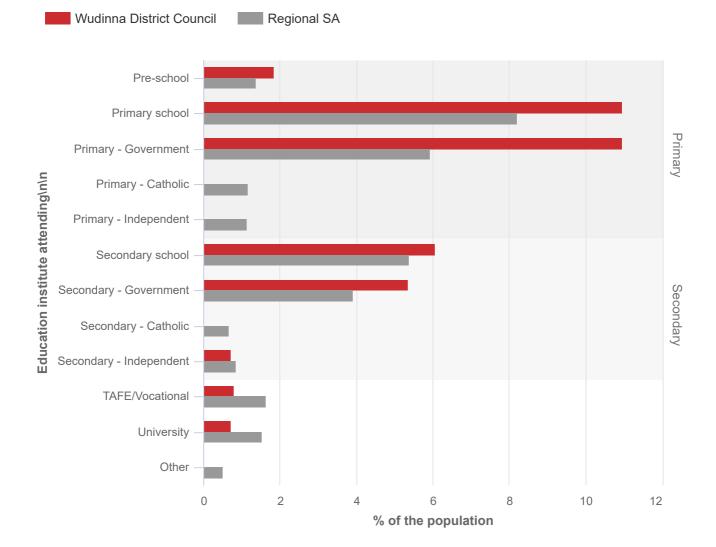
Education institution attending

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Pre-school	21	1.8	1.4	24	1.9	1.1	-3
Primary school	125	10.9	8.2	156	12.5	8.7	-31
Primary - Government	125	10.9	5.9	156	12.5	6.4	-31
Primary - Catholic	0		1.1	0		1.1	0
Primary - Independent	0		1.1	0		1.2	0
Secondary school	69	6.0	5.4	39	3.1	5.4	+30
Secondary - Government	61	5.3	3.9	39	3.1	4.0	+22
Secondary - Catholic	0		0.6	0	 	0.6	0
Secondary - Independent	8	0.7	0.8	0		0.7	+8
TAFE/Vocational	9	0.8	1.6	6	0.5	1.5	+3
University	8	0.7	1.5	16	1.3	1.3	-8
Other	0		0.5	0		0.5	0
Not attending	789	69.1	74.1	907	72.6	73.1	-118
Not stated	121	10.6	7.3	101	8.1	8.4	+20
Total	1,142	100.0	100.0	1,249	100.0	100.0	-107

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

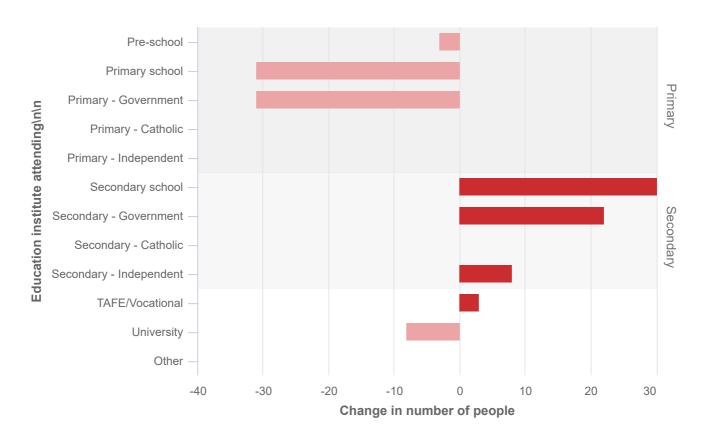
Education institution attending, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in education institution attending, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion attending primary school, a higher proportion attending secondary school, and a lower proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 10.9% of the population were attending primary school, 6.0% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 1.5% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.2%, 5.4% and 3.1% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of persons attending a Government primary school (10.9% compared to 5.9%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending a primary school (any type) (10.9% compared to 8.2%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons attending a Government secondary school (5.3% compared to 3.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons not attending (69.1% compared to 74.1%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Wudinna District Council's population decreased by 107 people (+8.6%). This represents an average annual change of -1.78% per year over the period.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Need for assistance

In 2021, 48 people (or 4.2% of the population) in the Wudinna District Council reported needing help in their day-to-day lives due to disability. This was a percentage increase from 2016.

the Wudinna District Council's disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. the Wudinna District Council's disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on **Unpaid Care** to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Wudinna District Council - Persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	Regional SA %	Number	% of total age group	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	4	7.0	1.6	0		1.3	+4
5 to 9	0		5.0	0		3.9	0
10 to 19	0		4.9	0		3.6	0
20 to 59	0		3.7	6	1.0	3.7	-6
60 to 64	4	4.7	6.6	7	7.6	6.5	-3
65 to 69	4	5.6	7.5	3	3.5	8.0	+1
70 to 74	4	6.8	10.1	3	6.4	9.2	+1
75 to 79	3	8.8	14.1	3	9.4	13.0	0
80 to 84	4	15.4	22.8	6	20.7	21.4	-2
85 and over	7	15.9	45.2	14	35.9	41.7	-7
Total persons needing assistance	48	4.2	7.0	44	3.5	6.2	+4

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

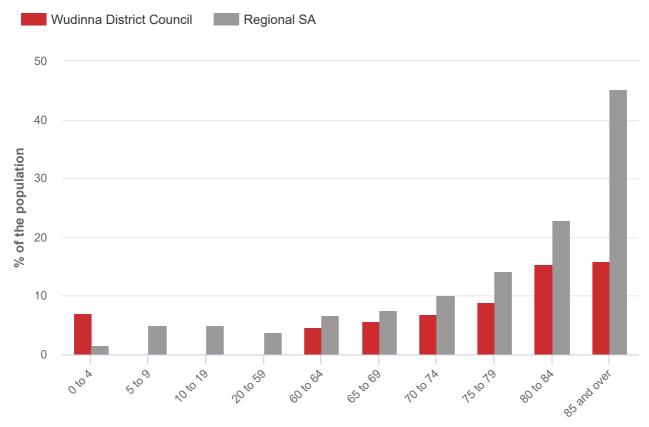
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Wudinna District Council - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total persons needing assistance	48	4.2	7.0	44	3.5	6.2	+4
Total persons not needing assistance	980	86.1	85.8	1,110	88.9	85.8	-130
Not stated	110	9.7	7.1	95	7.6	7.9	+15
Total Population	1,138	100.0	100.0	1,249	100.0	100.0	-111

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Need for assistance with core activities, 2021



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 4.2% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 7.0% for Regional SA.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 0 to 4 (7.0% compared to 1.6%)
- A smaller percentage of persons aged 85 and over (15.9% compared to 45.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (15.4% compared to 22.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (8.8% compared to 14.1%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Long term health conditions

In the Wudinna District Council, the most common long-term health condition was arthritis, while 26.7% of the population reported one or more health conditions, a lower rate than in Regional SA (37.5%).

The 2021 Census looked for the first time at the level of incidence of selected long-term health conditions in the community. The Census question asked respondents if they have been diagnosed with a specific condition (or other condition) from a list of ten conditions plus "other". Combined, these ten conditions comprise approximately 60% of Australia's deaths, and even those which are not deadly contribute substantially to the burden of disease.

It is well known that socio-economic factors also contribute to morbidity and health outcomes, with lower-socio economic characteristics correlated with higher incidence of some health conditions. The inclusion of this topic in the Census enables these factors to be explored in more detail.

Also, in society, health conditions tend to increase with age. For these reasons, it is recommended that long-term health conditions data for be viewed at in conjunction with age structure, household income, educational qualifications, and need for assistance datasets, along with the SEIFA index of disadvantage.

Long term health conditions

Wudinna District Council - Persons (Usual residence)		2021	
Long-term health conditions	Number	%	Regional SA %
Arthritis	84	7.4	12.2
Asthma	81	7.1	9.6
Cancer (including remission)	28	2.5	3.6
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	3	0.3	1.0
Diabetes	52	4.6	6.7
Heart disease	42	3.7	5.5
Kidney disease	5	0.4	1.0
Lung condition	18	1.6	2.7
Mental health condition	55	4.8	9.9
Stroke	7	0.6	1.2
Other long-term health condition	50	4.4	8.3

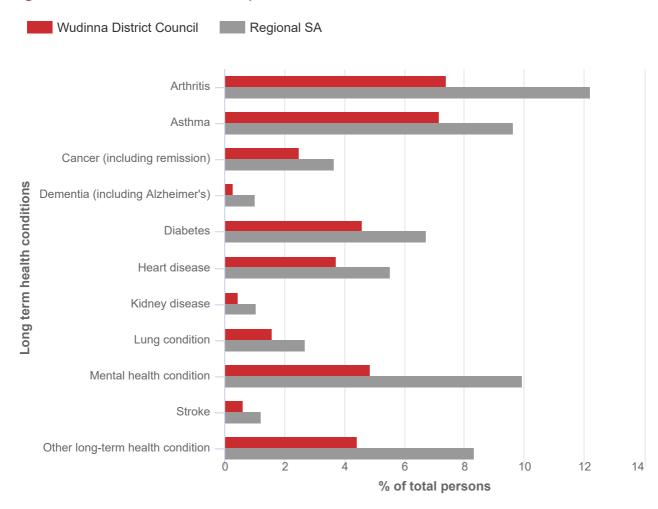
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions - Summary

Wudinna District Council - Persons (Usual residence)	2021		
Long-term health conditions - Summary	Number	%	Regional SA %
Population with at least one long-term health condition	303	26.7	37.5
No long-term health conditions	684	60.3	53.1
Not stated	148	13.0	9.3
Total persons	1,135	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions, all persons, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the long term health conditions of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people with a long-term health condition 26.7% compared to 37.5% in Regional SA.

The major differences in the long-term health conditions between the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA are:

- A *smaller* percentage with mental health condition (4.8% compared to 9.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage with arthritis (7.4% compared to 12.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage with other long-term health condition (4.4% compared to 8.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage with asthma (7.1% compared to 9.6%)

Employment status

564 people living in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 were employed, of which 65% worked full-time and 29% part-time.

the Wudinna District Council's employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or part-time employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Please note that in the 2021 Census, due to the COVID pandemic and lockdowns in many areas, the proportion of people who were employed but away from work in the week before Census has increased. We have no information on whether these people were normally employed full or part time so this is shown separately.

Labour force status

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Labour force status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total labour force (Participation rate)	580	64.8	54.1	660	68.2	54.4	-80
Not in the labour force	225	25.1	39.2	226	23.3	38.6	-1
Labour force status not stated	90	10.1	6.7	81	8.4	6.9	+9
Total persons aged 15+	895	100.0	100.0	968	100.0	100.0	-73

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment status

Wudinna District Council - Persons in the labour force (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Employment status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Employed	564	97.2	95.2	650	98.5	93.4	-86
Employed full-time	368	63.4	53.5	403	61.1	53.8	-35
Employed part-time	162	27.9	34.9	200	30.3	33.6	-38
Employed, away from work	34	5.9	6.7	47	7.1	6.0	-13
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	16	2.8	4.8	10	1.5	6.6	+6
Looking for full-time work	5	0.9	2.8	7	1.1	4.3	-2
Looking for part-time work	11	1.9	2.0	3	0.5	2.3	+8
Total labour force	580	100.0	100.0	660	100.0	100.0	-80

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

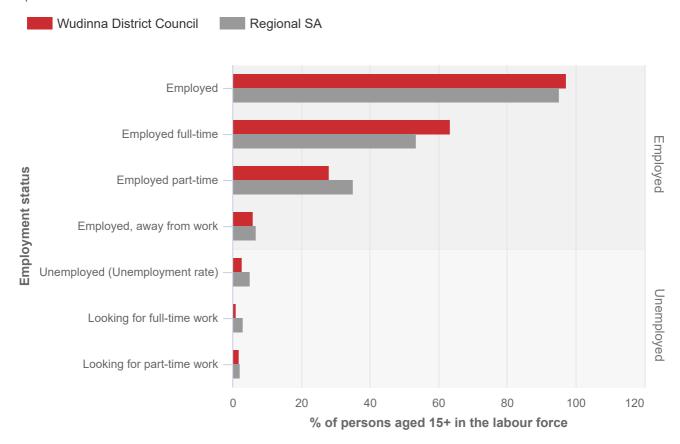
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- e <u>Annual employed resident totals</u>
- e <u>Quarterly unemployment totals</u>
- e Map of employment locations by industry

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2021

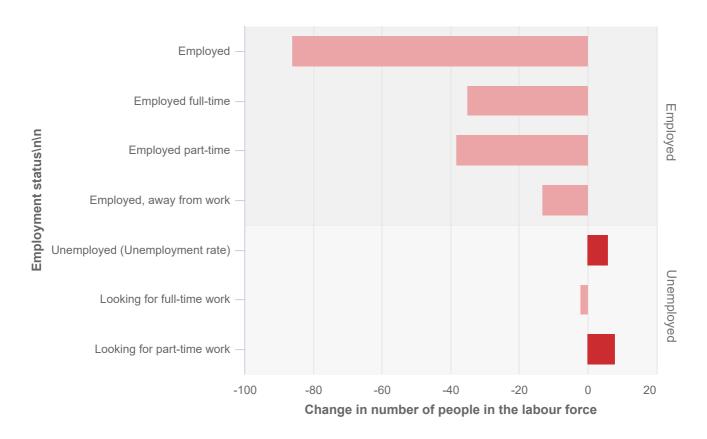
Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in employment status, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The size of the Wudinna District Council's labour force in 2021 was 580, of which 162 were employed part-time and 368 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion in employment, and a lower proportion unemployed. Overall, 97.2% of the labour force was employed, and 2.8% unemployed, compared with 95.2% and 4.8% respectively for Regional SA.

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 shows that there was a higher proportion in the labour force (64.8%) compared with Regional SA (54.1%).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people employed in the Wudinna District Council showed a decrease of 86, and the number unemployed showed an increase of 6. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed a decrease of 80 or 12.1%.

Industry sector of employment

More Wudinna District Council residents worked in agriculture, forestry and fishing than any other industry in 2021.

The Wudinna District Council's industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with Residents Place of Work data and Method of Travel to Work, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

Wudinna District Council - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Industry sector	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	210	37.6	14.0	250	39.4	14.6	-40
Mining	0		2.8	0		2.8	0
Manufacturing	4	0.7	9.0	14	2.2	9.4	-10
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	9	1.6	1.2	6	0.9	1.1	+3
Construction	30	5.4	7.9	32	5.0	7.0	-2
Wholesale trade	30	5.4	2.2	41	6.5	2.6	-11
Retail Trade	46	8.2	9.5	45	7.1	10.4	+1
Accommodation and Food Services	21	3.8	6.8	23	3.6	6.7	-2
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	27	4.8	4.0	19	3.0	4.1	+8
Information Media and Telecommunications	0		0.5	0		0.6	0
Financial and Insurance Services	8	1.4	1.1	3	0.5	1.3	+5
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	0		0.8	0	 	1.0	0
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	11	2.0	2.7	11	1.7	2.6	0
Administrative and Support Services	8	1.4	3.5	17	2.7	3.3	-9
Public Administration and Safety	18	3.2	4.7	18	2.8	5.0	0
Education and Training	55	9.9	7.9	53	8.3	7.6	+2
Health Care and Social Assistance	39	7.0	13.4	46	7.2	12.1	-7
Arts and Recreation Services	0		0.9	0		0.8	0
Other Services	13	2.3	3.7	25	3.9	3.6	-12
Inadequately described or not stated	29	5.2	3.5	32	5.0	3.4	-3
Total employed persons aged 15+	558	100.0	100.0	635	100.0	100.0	-77

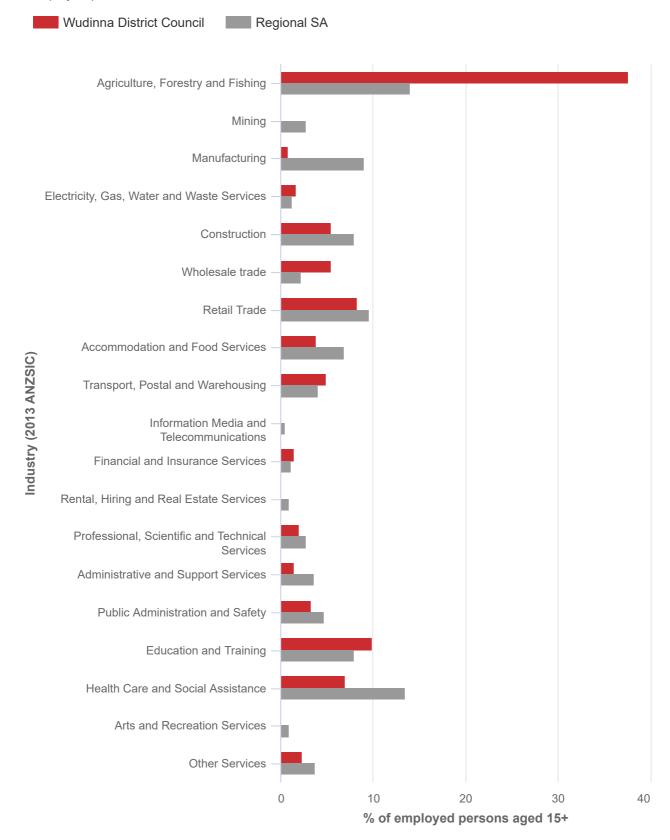
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- e Full-time equivalent (FTE) local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)
- e Total local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)
- e Ratio of local jobs to employed residents by industry
- e Total employment by industry (Census)

Industry sector of employment, 2021

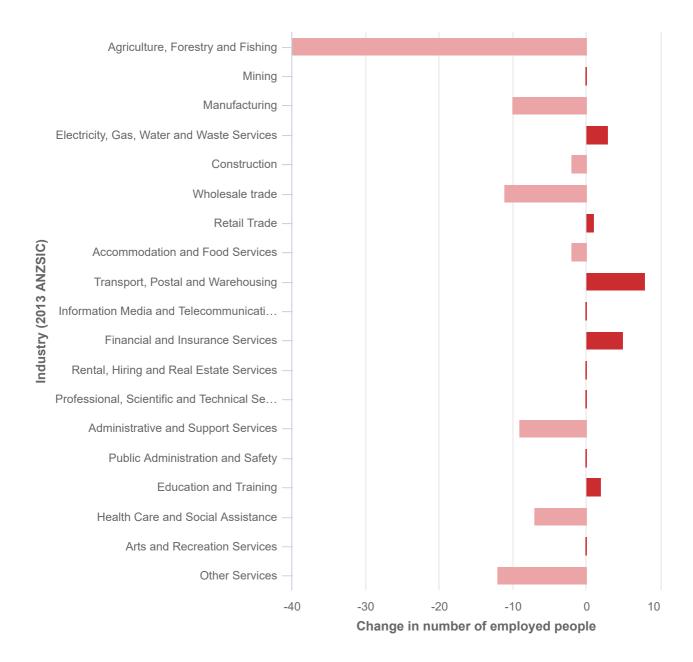
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in industry sector of employment, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Wudinna District Council in 2021 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (210 people or 37.6%)
- Education and Training (55 people or 9.9%)
- Retail Trade (46 people or 8.2%)

In combination, these three industries employed 311 people in total or 55.7% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, Regional SA employed 14.0% in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; 7.9% in Education and Training; and 9.5% in Retail Trade.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in agriculture, forestry and fishing (37.6% compared to 14.0%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed in wholesale trade (5.4% compared to 2.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in manufacturing (0.7% compared to 9.0%)
- A smaller percentage of persons employed in health care and social assistance (7.0% compared to 13.4%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Wudinna District Council decreased by 77 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Occupation of employment

There were more managers in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 than any other occupation.

The Wudinna District Council's occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as Educational Qualifications and Individual Income, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating the Wudinna District Council's socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Wudinna District Council - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Occupation	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Managers	180	31.9	16.7	218	33.9	16.9	-38
Professionals	58	10.3	13.1	62	9.6	12.7	-4
Technicians and Trades Workers	61	10.8	14.1	71	11.0	14.2	-10
Community and Personal Service Workers	41	7.3	12.6	49	7.6	11.1	-8
Clerical and Administrative Workers	46	8.1	9.9	53	8.2	10.4	-7
Sales Workers	39	6.9	8.3	42	6.5	9.0	-3
Machinery Operators And Drivers	38	6.7	8.1	39	6.1	8.4	-1
Labourers	81	14.3	15.1	103	16.0	15.7	-22
Not stated or inadequately described	21	3.7	2.0	7	1.1	1.6	+14
Total employed persons aged 15+	565	100.0	100.0	644	100.0	100.0	-79

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

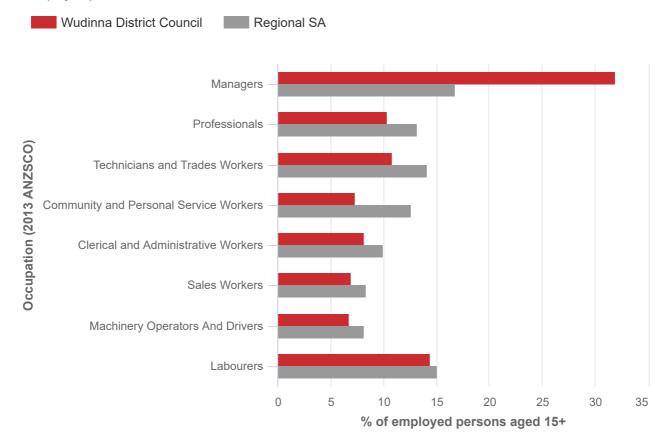
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e Workforce occupations by industry

e Local labour force occupations by industry

Occupation of employment, 2021

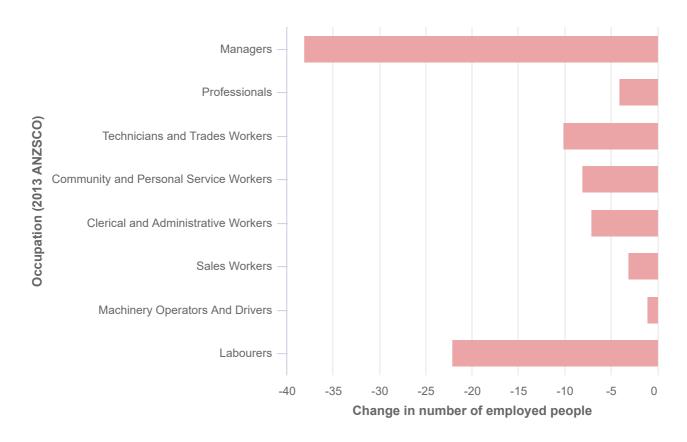
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in occupation of employment, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Wudinna District Council in 2021 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Managers (180 people or 31.9%)
- Labourers (81 people or 14.3%)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (61 people or 10.8%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 322 people in total or 57.0% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, Regional SA employed 16.7% in Managers; 15.1% in Labourers; and 14.1% in Technicians and Trades Workers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed as Managers (31.9% compared to 16.7%)
- A smaller percentage of persons employed as Community and Personal Service Workers (7.3% compared to 12.6%)
- A smaller percentage of persons employed as Technicians and Trades Workers (10.8% compared to 14.1%)
- A smaller percentage of persons employed as Professionals (10.3% compared to 13.1%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Wudinna District Council decreased by 79 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Method of travel to work

On Census day 2021 in the Wudinna District Council, 58.2% of people travelled to work in a private car, 0.0% took public transport and 11.3% rode a bike or walked. 18.2% worked at home.

The Wudinna District Council's commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

WARNING: Method of travel to work relates to Census day, which for the 2021 Census occurred during COVID-19 lockdowns for large parts of Australia. In lockdown, many occupations were required to work from home if possible, and some industries were closed, so people did not go to work. For this reason, these categories may have increased, with corresponding declines in other methods of travel. Use the data with caution when comparing over time. For more details, please refer to the data notes.

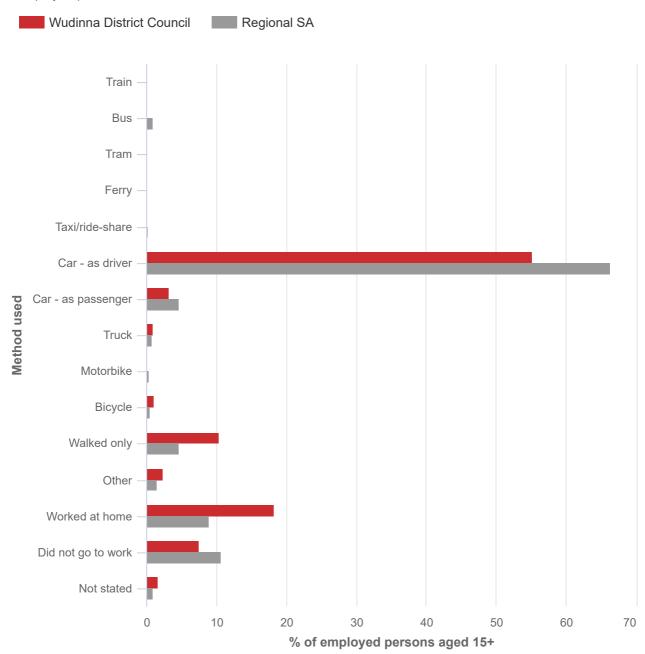
Method of travel to work

Wudinna District Council - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Train	0		0.1	0		0.2	0
Bus	0		0.8	5	0.8	0.8	-5
Tram	0		0.0	0		0.0	0
Ferry	0		0.0	0		0.0	0
Taxi/ride-share	0		0.1	0		0.1	0
Car - as driver	311	55.0	66.3	342	52.3	66.0	-31
Car - as passenger	18	3.2	4.6	11	1.7	4.6	+7
Truck	5	0.9	0.8	5	0.8	0.9	0
Motorbike	0		0.3	3	0.5	0.4	-3
Bicycle	6	1.1	0.4	4	0.6	0.5	+2
Walked only	58	10.3	4.6	82	12.5	4.9	-24
Other	13	2.3	1.5	14	2.1	1.6	-1
Worked at home	103	18.2	8.9	110	16.8	7.3	-7
Did not go to work	42	7.4	10.6	69	10.6	11.4	-27
Not stated	9	1.6	0.9	9	1.4	1.3	0
Total employed persons aged 15+	565	100.0	100.0	654	100.0	100.0	-89

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed

Method of travel to work, 2021

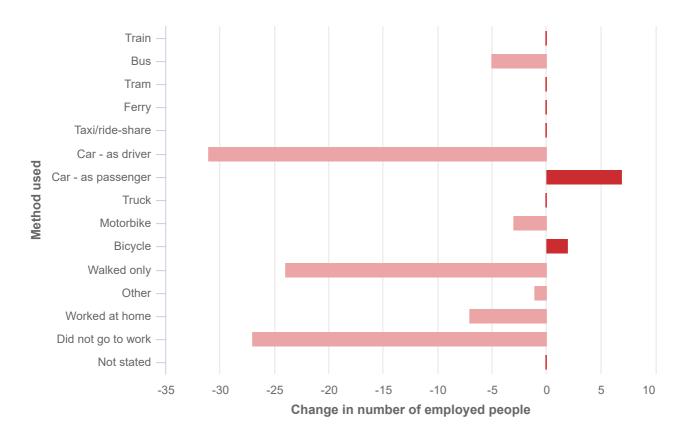
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in method of travel to work, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 0 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Wudinna District Council, compared with 334 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in the Wudinna District Council in 2021, compared to Regional SA, shows that 0.0% used public transport, while 58.2% used a private vehicle, compared with 0.9% and 70.9% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of persons who worked at home (18.2% compared to 8.9%)
- A larger percentage of persons who walked only (10.3% compared to 4.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (55.0% compared to 66.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did not go to work (7.4% compared to 10.6%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Wudinna District Council decreased by 89 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Disengagement by age

In 2021, 4.1% of 15 to 24 year olds in the Wudinna District Council were disengaged with employment and education, compared to 12.2% in Regional SA.

Engagement in employment and education looks at the level of participation by age and sex of the population in the labour market, or full or part-time education. A full time employed or full-time student would be "Fully engaged", while part-time students may be fully engaged if they are also employed, or partly engaged if they are not working. Engagement in the labour and education market is highly dependent on age. Retirees are generally disengaged, while stay-at-home parents are also likely to be disengaged. The rate of engagement, particularly in the younger and working age groups can be affected by access to strong employment and education markets and is a measure of socio-economic status and the level of welfare dependency in an area. For more detail on employment and educational characteristics associated with disengagement, please look at Employment Status, Qualifications and Educational Institution Attending.

Further reading: Using demographics to inform gender equality

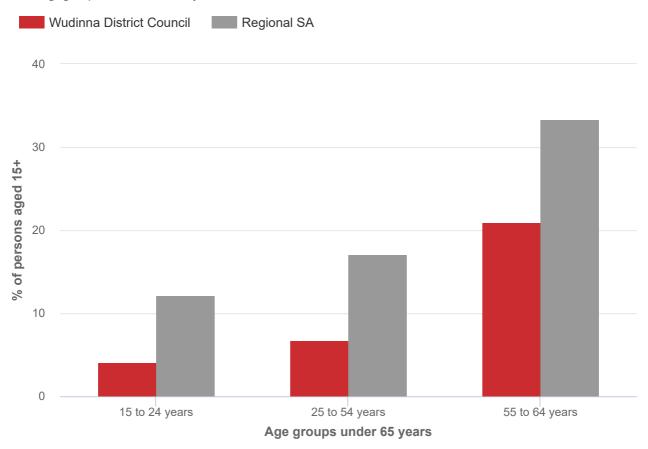
Workforce and educational engagement by age

Wudinna Distric aged 15+ (Usu	ct Council - Persons al residence)	2021		2016			Change	
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
15 to 24 years	Fully engaged	74	75.5	64.4	62	61.4	63.8	+12
15 to 24 years	Partially engaged	8	8.2	16.4	27	26.7	16.5	-19
15 to 24 years	Disengaged	4	4.1	12.2	8	7.9	13.0	-4
15 to 24 years	Undetermined/Not stated	12	12.2	7.0	4	4.0	6.7	+8
15 to 24 years	Total	98	100.0	100.0	101	100.0	100.0	-3
25 to 54 years	Fully engaged	233	60.2	48.3	243	53.9	47.3	-10
25 to 54 years	Partially engaged	98	25.3	26.5	132	29.3	25.8	-34
25 to 54 years	Disengaged	26	6.7	17.1	43	9.5	19.2	-17
25 to 54 years	Undetermined/Not stated	30	7.8	8.1	33	7.3	7.7	-3
25 to 54 years	Total	387	100.0	100.0	451	100.0	100.0	-64
55 to 64 years	Fully engaged	75	42.6	33.6	87	46.5	33.1	-12
55 to 64 years	Partially engaged	40	22.7	26.4	48	25.7	24.4	-8
55 to 64 years	Disengaged	37	21.0	33.4	36	19.3	35.1	+1
55 to 64 years	Undetermined/Not stated	24	13.6	6.6	16	8.6	7.5	+8
55 to 64 years	Total	176	100.0	100.0	187	100.0	100.0	-11
65 years and over	Fully engaged	30	13.2	5.8	34	15.4	5.2	-4
65 years and over	Partially engaged	23	10.1	8.3	24	10.9	7.6	-1
65 years and over	Disengaged	143	62.7	76.9	128	57.9	76.0	+15
65 years and over	Undetermined/Not stated	32	14.0	9.0	35	15.8	11.2	-3
65 years and over	Total	228	100.0	100.0	221	100.0	100.0	+7
Total aged	Fully engaged	412	46.3	34.9	426	44.4	35.6	-14
Total aged	Partially engaged	169	19.0	19.8	231	24.1	19.5	-62
Total aged	Disengaged	210	23.6	37.3	215	22.4	36.3	-5
Total aged	Undetermined/Not stated	98	11.0	8.0	88	9.2	8.5	+10
Total aged	Total	889	100.0	100.0	960	100.0	100.0	-71

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Disengaged persons by age, 2021

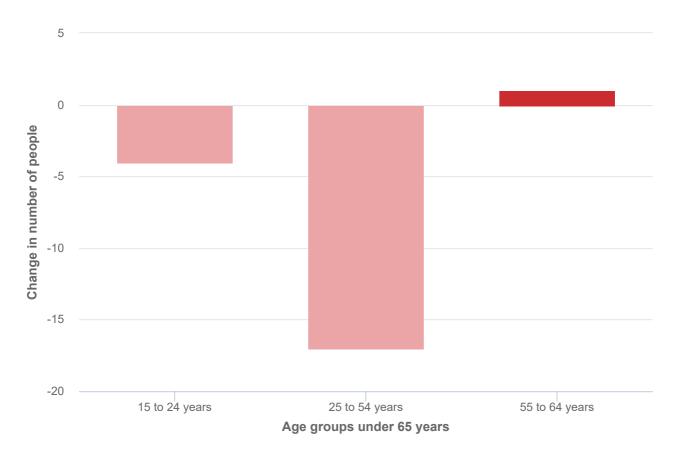
Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in disengaged persons by age, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The number of people aged 15 to 24 years in the Wudinna District Council in 2016 was 98, of this, 4.1% were disengaged and 8.2% were partially engaged, compared to 12.2% and 16.4% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people 15 to 24 years in the Wudinna District Council showed a decrease of -3.

The number of disengaged people aged 15 to 24 years showed a decrease of 4 or 50.0%.

housing monitor

Wudinna District Council

In Wudinna District Council 40.5% of the population reported doing some form of voluntary work in 2021. This was a greater proportion tha Regional SA.

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impaction the level of volunteering in Wudinna District Council include the <u>Age Structure</u> of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer numbers for the 2021 Census declined in many parts of Australia due to lockdowns and COVID-19 distanc measures.

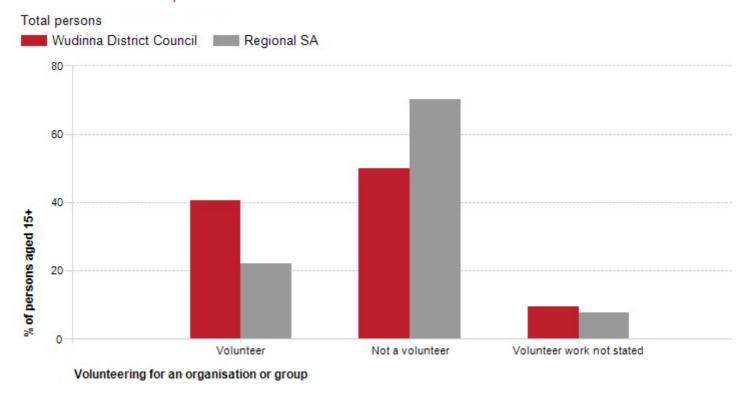
Volunteer work

community profile

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Website an electric	Manakan	0/	Regional SA	Neverlean	0/	Regional SA	00404-0
Volunteer status	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2016 to 2
Volunteer	361	40.5	22.0	451	46.4	27.8	
Not a volunteer	445	49.9	70.2	428	44.0	63.0	+
Volunteer work not stated	86	9.6	7.8	93	9.6	9.3	
Total persons aged 15+	892	100.0	100.0	972	100.0	100.0	-

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Volunteer work, 2021

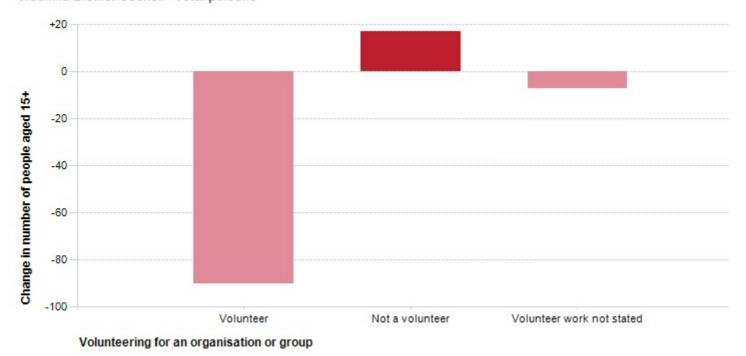


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Change in volunteer work, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Dominant groups

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regiona SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 40.5% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 22.0% for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Wudinna District Council decreased by 90 people between 2016 and 2021.

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Unpaid domestic work

In the Wudinna District Council 26% of the population over 15 did more than 14 hours of housework each week in 2021.

There has been increased interest in identifying, acknowledging and valuing the unpaid work that supports home and community life. The changing amount of time spent on unpaid housework in different Household Types and, particularly the distribution of this work within the household, can indicate the changing roles of males, females and older children in society. The level of unpaid domestic work in the Wudinna District Council may also be related to Household Income, as higher income households are able to outsource some of these tasks.

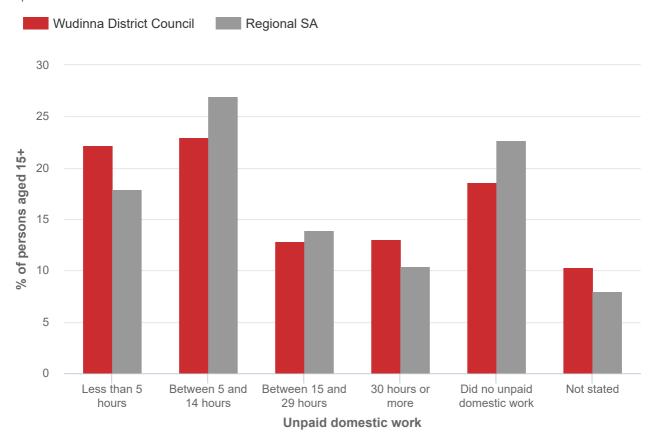
Unpaid domestic work

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021			2016			
Hours spent on unpaid domestic work	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021	
Did unpaid domestic work	634	71.1	69.3	681	70.1	69.8	-47	
Less than 5 hours	198	22.2	17.9	200	20.6	18.4	-2	
Between 5 and 14 hours	205	23.0	27.0	240	24.7	26.0	-35	
Between 15 and 29 hours	115	12.9	13.9	125	12.9	13.8	-10	
30 hours or more	116	13.0	10.4	116	11.9	11.5	0	
Did no unpaid domestic work	166	18.6	22.7	181	18.6	20.0	-15	
Not stated	92	10.3	8.0	110	11.3	10.2	-18	
Total persons aged 15+	892	100.0	100.0	972	100.0	100.0	-80	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Unpaid domestic work, 2021

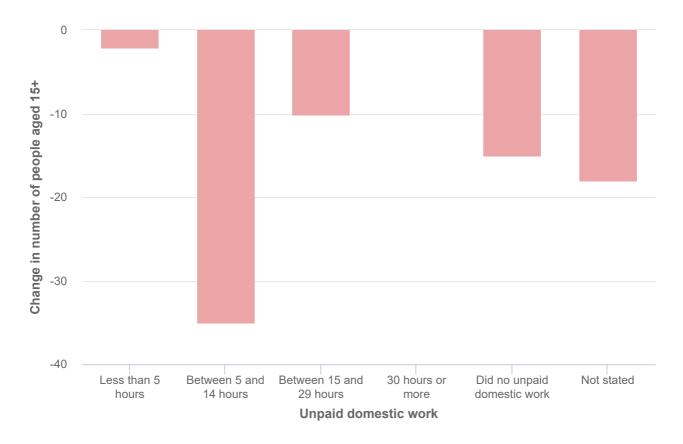
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid domestic work, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid domestic work performed by the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of persons who performed 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work per week.

Overall, 26% of the population reported performing 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work, compared with 24.4% for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population performing unpaid domestic work in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who did less than 5 hours of domestic work (22.2% compared to 17.9%)
- A larger percentage of persons who did 30 hours or more of domestic work (13.0% compared to 10.4%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who did no unpaid domestic work (18.6% compared to 22.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did between 5 and 14 hours of domestic work (23.0% compared to 27.0%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Unpaid care

In the Wudinna District Council, 94 carers were providing unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in 2021. This represents 10.5% of the population aged 15+.

The proportion of people providing unpaid care for the aged and disabled in the Wudinna District Council can be an important indicator of the level of demand for aged care services and facilities by local and state governments. An increasing proportion of carers among the population may indicate inadequate aged care provision, or the need for inhome support, or support for the carers themselves. The level of care provided by individuals is likely to be affected by Household Income, Age Structure and the ethnic makeup of the community (Language Spoken), as well as the sense of community cohesiveness.

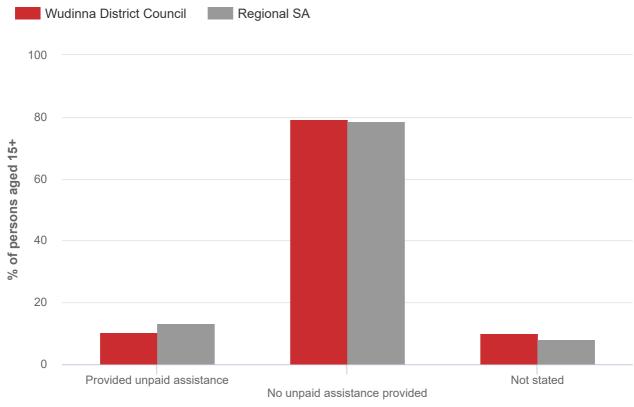
Unpaid care

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Provided unpaid assistance	94	10.5	13.2	92	9.5	12.2	+2
No unpaid assistance provided	711	79.4	78.8	781	80.3	77.6	-70
Not stated	90	10.1	8.1	99	10.2	10.3	-9
Total persons aged 15+	895	100.0	100.0	972	100.0	100.0	-77

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Unpaid care, 2021

Total persons

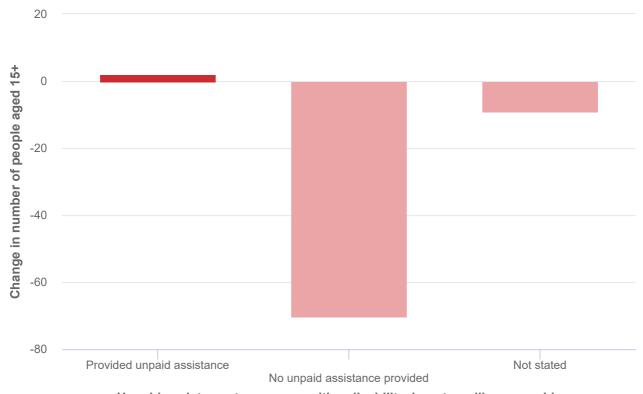


Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid care, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid care provided by the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who provided unpaid care either to family members or others.

Overall, 10.5% of the population provided unpaid care, compared with 13.2% for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in the Wudinna District Council increased by 2 between 2016 and 2021.

Unpaid childcare

In the Wudinna District Council 279 people (31.3% of people aged 15+) provided unpaid care to children in 2021. Of these, 85 people were caring for children other than their own.

The role of unpaid childcare in the Wudinna District Council is determined by many different factors. For example areas with high levels of unpaid child care may have a dominance of single income families with one significant earner, or there could be a lack of provision of paid child care in the area. The level to which people care for others children can also indicate the role of extended family (eg. grandparents caring for grandchildren, family day care).

The role of unpaid child care is a complex one so this topic should be viewed in conjunction with several others, including Household Type, Employment, Household Income and Educational Attendance.

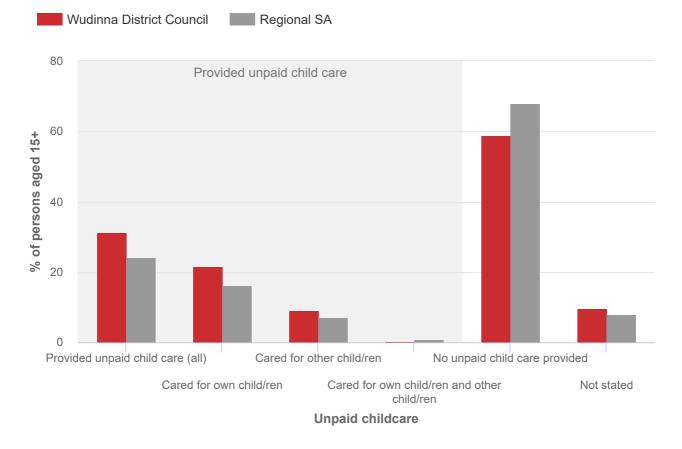
Unpaid childcare

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021			2016			
Unpaid child care	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021	
Provided unpaid child care (all)	279	31.3	24.3	304	31.3	26.2	-25	
Cared for own child/ren	194	21.7	16.2	219	22.6	17.4	-25	
Cared for other child/ren	82	9.2	7.2	78	8.0	7.9	+4	
Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren	3	0.3	0.8	7	0.7	0.9	-4	
No unpaid child care provided	526	59.0	67.9	570	58.8	64.3	-44	
Not stated	87	9.8	7.8	96	9.9	9.5	-9	
Total persons aged 15+	892	100.0	100.0	970	100.0	100.0	-78	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Unpaid childcare, 2021

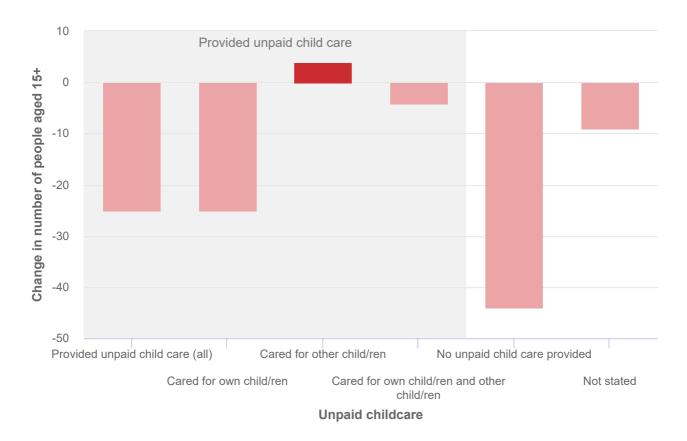
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid childcare, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid child care provided by the population in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who provided unpaid child care either to their own or to other children. Overall, 31.3% of the population provided unpaid child care, compared with 24.3% for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population providing unpaid child care in the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage who provided unpaid childcare for own child/ren (21.7% compared to 16.2%)
- A larger percentage who provided unpaid childcare for other child/ren (9.2% compared to 7.2%)
- A smaller percentage who did not provide care for children (59.0% compared to 67.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid child care for their own and/or other people's children in Wudinna District Council decreased by 25 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Individual income

In the Wudinna District Council, 7.4% of the population earned an income of \$2,000 or more per week in 2021.

Individual Income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the Wudinna District Council. The amount of income an individual receives is linked to a number of factors including employment status, age (as for instance students and retirees often receive a lower income), qualifications and type of employment.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Individual Income Quartiles.

Weekly individual income

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021	
Weekly gross income	Number	%	Regional SA %
Negative Income/ Nil income	44	4.9	6.4
\$1 - \$149	25	2.8	3.2
\$150 - \$299	43	4.8	5.7
\$300 - \$399	60	6.7	10.8
\$400 - \$499	92	10.3	10.8
\$500 - \$649	67	7.5	8.9
\$650 - \$799	59	6.6	8.2
\$800 - \$999	87	9.8	8.7
\$1,000 - \$1,249	86	9.6	8.7
\$1,250 - \$1,499	76	8.5	5.7
\$1,500 - \$1,749	55	6.2	4.6
\$1,750 - \$1,999	35	3.9	3.1
\$2,000 - \$2,999	54	6.1	4.3
\$3,000 - \$3,499	5	0.6	0.8
\$3,500 or more	7	0.8	1.3
Not stated	97	10.9	8.8
Total persons aged 15+	892	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Weekly individual income, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of individual income levels in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people earning a high income (those earning \$2,000 per week or more) and a lower proportion of low income people (those earning less than \$500 per week).

Overall, 7.4% of the population earned a high income, and 29.6% earned a low income, compared with 6.5% and 36.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the Wudinna District Council's individual incomes and Regional SA's individual incomes were:

- A larger percentage of persons who earned \$1,250 \$1,499 (8.5% compared to 5.7%)
- A larger percentage of persons who earned \$2,000 \$2,999 (6.1% compared to 4.3%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned \$300 \$399 (6.7% compared to 10.8%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned \$650 \$799 (6.6% compared to 8.2%)

Individual income quartiles

In the Wudinna District Council, the 'medium highest' income quartile was the largest group in 2021, comprising 28% of people aged 15 and over.

the Wudinna District Council's income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the area's economic opportunities and socio-economic status. Individual income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the income profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Individual Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Individual income quartiles

Wudinna District Council - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	158	20.0	26.0	169	19.0	23.9	-11
Medium lowest	205	25.8	29.2	239	26.9	29.4	-34
Medium highest	220	27.7	24.7	232	26.1	25.7	-12
Highest group	210	26.5	20.0	248	27.9	20.9	-38
Total persons aged 15+	795	100.0	100.0	890	100.0	100.0	-95

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

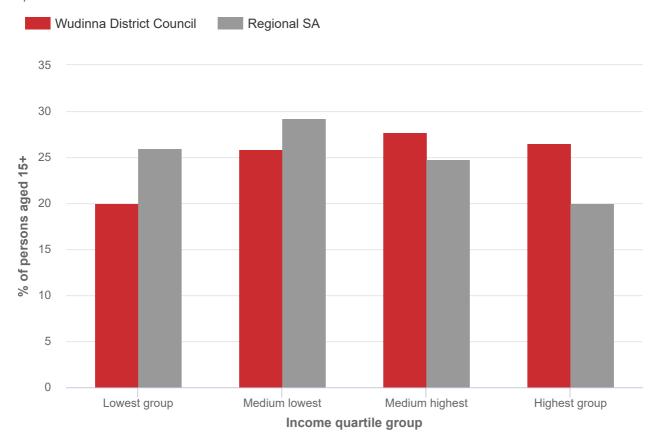
Individual income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia - Total persons aged 15+	Weekly income by Census year								
Individual quartile ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001				
Lowest group	\$0 to \$377	\$0 to \$319	\$0 to \$270	\$0 to \$211	\$0 to \$181				
Medium lowest	\$378 to \$733	\$320 to \$600	\$271 to \$533	\$212 to \$433	\$182 to \$345				
Medium highest	\$734 to \$1,328	\$601 to \$1,106	\$534 to \$980	\$434 to \$792	\$346 to \$622				
Highest group	\$1,321 and over	\$1,107 and over	\$981 and over	\$793 and over	\$623 and over				

- e Workforce individual income quartiles by industry
- e Local labour force individual income quartiles by industry

Individual income quartiles, 2021

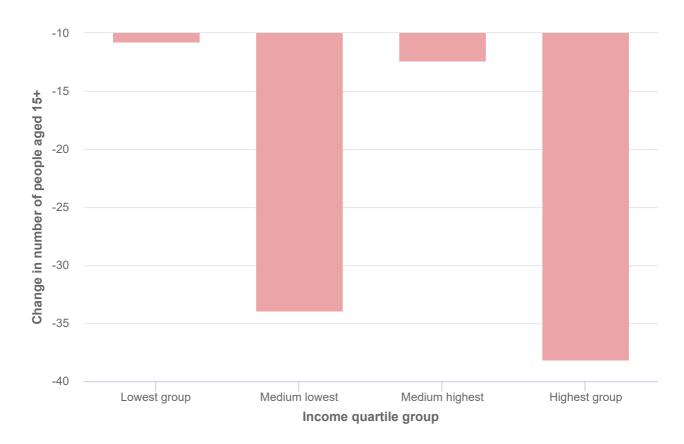
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in individual income quartiles, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of the population by income quartile in Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was greater proportion of persons in the highest income quartile and a lesser proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Wudinna District Council in persons between 2016 and 2021 was in the highest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -38 persons.

Household income

In the Wudinna District Council, 14.0% of households earned an income of \$3,000 or more per week in 2021.

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. the Wudinna District Council's Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the Wudinna District Council. It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with Age and Household Composition.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

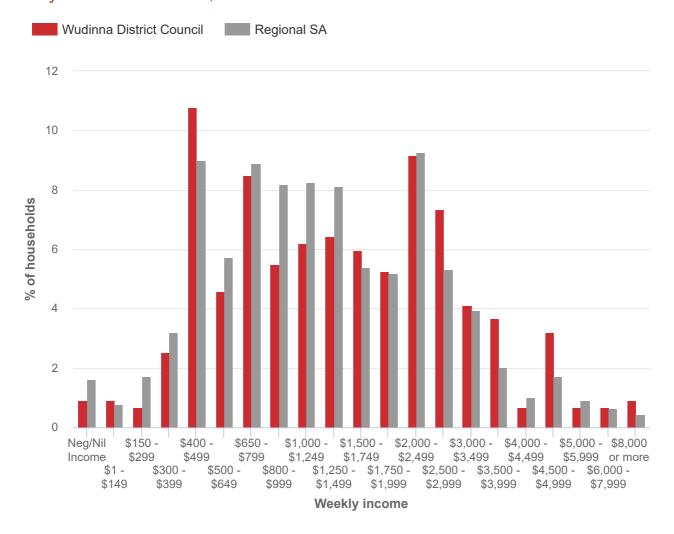
Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

Wudinna District Council - Total households (Enumerated)		2021	
Weekly income	Number	%	Regional SA %
Neg/Nil Income	4	0.9	1.6
\$1 - \$149	4	0.9	0.8
\$150 - \$299	3	0.7	1.7
\$300 - \$399	11	2.5	3.2
\$400 - \$499	47	10.8	9.0
\$500 - \$649	20	4.6	5.7
\$650 - \$799	37	8.5	8.9
\$800 - \$999	24	5.5	8.2
\$1,000 - \$1,249	27	6.2	8.3
\$1,250 - \$1,499	28	6.4	8.1
\$1,500 - \$1,749	26	6.0	5.4
\$1,750 - \$1,999	23	5.3	5.2
\$2,000 - \$2,499	40	9.2	9.3
\$2,500 - \$2,999	32	7.3	5.3
\$3,000 - \$3,499	18	4.1	4.0
\$3,500 - \$3,999	16	3.7	2.0
\$4,000 - \$4,499	3	0.7	1.0
\$4,500 - \$4,999	14	3.2	1.7
\$5,000 - \$5,999	3	0.7	0.9
\$6,000 - \$7,999	3	0.7	0.6
\$8,000 or more	4	0.9	0.4
Not stated	49	11.2	8.7
Total households	436	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Weekly household income, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of high income households (those earning \$3,000 per week or more) and a lower proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$800 per week).

Overall, 14.0% of the households earned a high income and 28.9% were low income households, compared with 10.7% and 30.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the household incomes of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of households who earned Not stated (11.2% compared to 8.7%)
- A larger percentage of households who earned \$2,500 \$2,999 (7.3% compared to 5.3%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$800 \$999 (5.5% compared to 8.2%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$1,000 \$1,249 (6.2% compared to 8.3%)

Household income quartiles

In the Wudinna District Council, the 'lowest' quartile was the largest group in 2021, comprising 30% of households with income.

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Qualifications** and **Occupation**, it helps to reveal the Wudinna District Council's socio-economic status and economic opportunities. Household income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is a powerful and objective way of looking at income data and in particular, how it is changing.

A detailed explanation of how Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Household income quartiles

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	115	29.9	31.1	123	27.0	29.3	-8
Medium lowest	84	21.8	28.0	118	25.9	27.9	-34
Medium highest	93	24.3	23.3	119	26.2	24.1	-26
Highest group	93	24.1	17.6	95	20.9	18.7	-2
Total Households	387	100.0	100.0	457	100.0	100.0	-70

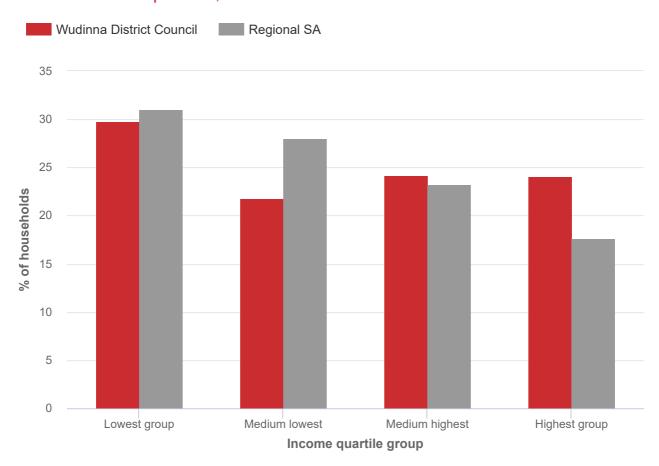
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia	Weekly incor	Weekly income by Census year							
Household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	1991		
Lowest group	\$0 to \$756	\$0 to \$667	\$0 to \$554	\$0 to \$488	\$0 to \$375	\$0 to \$294	\$0. † 8 \$2. 7 8		
Medium lowest	\$757 to \$1,452	\$668 to \$1,203	\$555 to \$1,042	\$489 to \$885	\$376.to \$675	\$295 to \$552	\$279 to \$505		
Medium highest	\$1,453 to \$2,494	\$1,204 to \$2,104	\$1,043 to \$1,869	\$886 to \$1,466	\$676 to \$1,157	\$553 to \$933	\$506 to \$848		
Highest group	\$2,495 and over	\$2,105 and over	\$1,870 and over	\$1,467 and over	\$1,158 and over	\$934 and over	\$849 and over		

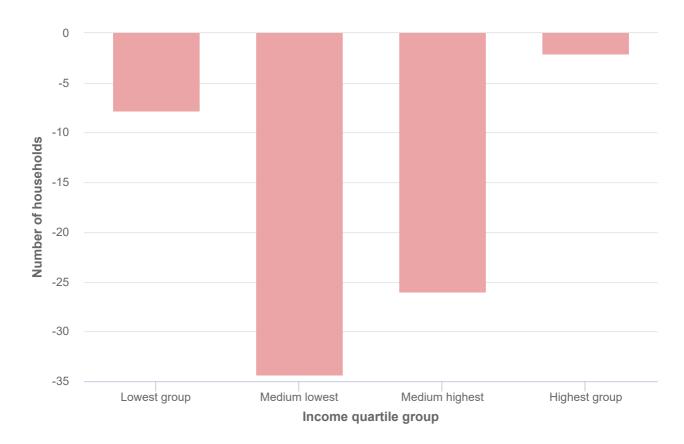
Household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in household income quartile, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was greater proportion of households in the highest income quartile and a lesser proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021 was in the medium lowest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -34 households.

Equivalised household income

Assuming all households were the same size, the 'lowest' quartile was the largest income group in the Wudinna District Council in 2021.

While Household Income is a useful measure, it is difficult to tell if changes over time and between geographic areas are due to actual changes in income levels, or due to changes in household size and composition. For example, an increase in lower income households could be due to job losses in key economic sectors, or simply due to decreasing household size as adult children leave home.

Equivalised Household Income puts all households on an equal footing independent of household size and composition to enable a true comparison between areas and over time. It is an indicator of the income resource available to a household of standard size and is the best measure of the changing economic fortunes of households living in the Wudinna District Council.

A detailed explanation of how Equivalised Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in **specific** data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Equivalised household income quartiles

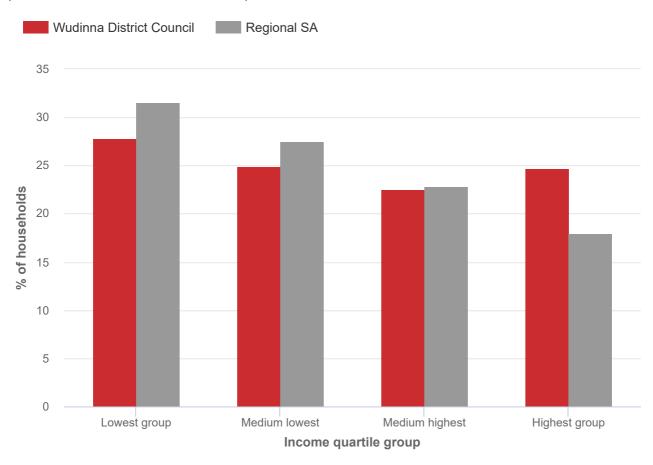
Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	100	27.8	31.6	118	27.7	29.7	-18
Medium lowest	90	24.9	27.5	101	23.6	27.5	-11
Medium highest	81	22.6	22.9	105	24.5	23.8	-24
Highest group	89	24.7	18.0	104	24.2	19.0	-15
Total Households	362	100.0	100.0	430	100.0	100.0	-68

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Equivalised household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia	Weekly income by Census year								
Equivalised household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001				
Lowest group	\$0 to \$541	\$0 to \$468	\$0 to \$395	\$0 to \$332	\$0 to \$268				
Medium lowest	\$542 to \$939	\$469 to \$768	\$396 to \$689	\$333 to \$554	\$269 to \$437				
Medium highest	\$940 to \$1,487	\$769 to \$1,226	\$690 to \$1,101	\$555 to \$880	\$438 to \$690				
Highest group	\$1,488 and over	\$1,227 and over	\$1,102 and over	\$881 and over	\$691 and over				

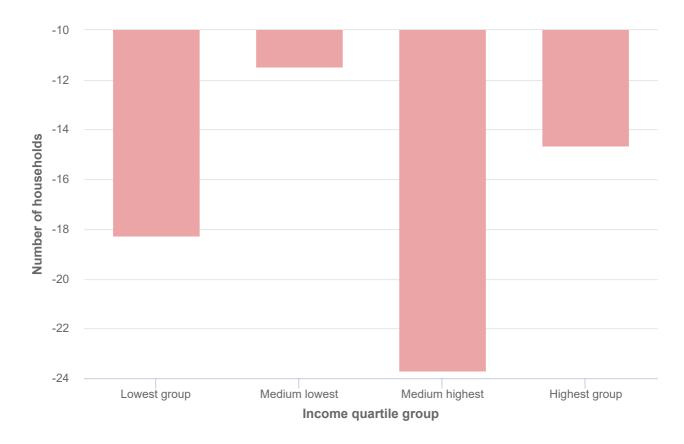
Equivalised household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in equivalised household income guartiles, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Equivalised income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Because the data is equivalised, households of different size and composition are placed on an equal footing.

Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a greater proportion of households in the highest equivalised income quartile, and a lesser proportion in the lowest equivalised income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021 was in the medium highest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -24 households.

Household type

In the Wudinna District Council, 25.6% of households were made up of couples with children in 2021, compared with 21.2% in Regional SA.

The Wudinna District Council's household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, the Wudinna District Council's Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households without Children, Households Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

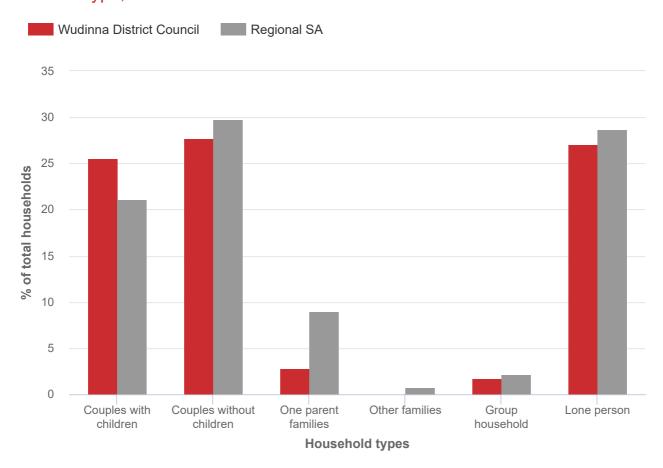
If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Household type

Wudinna District Council - Total households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Households by type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	118	25.6	21.2	138	25.9	22.8	-20
Couples without children	128	27.8	29.8	147	27.6	29.6	-19
One parent families	13	2.8	9.0	24	4.5	9.0	-11
Other families	0		0.8	3	0.6	0.7	-3
Group household	8	1.7	2.2	7	1.3	2.2	+1
Lone person	125	27.1	28.7	150	28.2	27.9	-25
Other not classifiable household	37	8.0	4.4	30	5.6	4.4	+7
Visitor only households	32	6.9	4.0	33	6.2	3.4	-1
Total households	461	100.0	100.0	532	100.0	100.0	-71

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

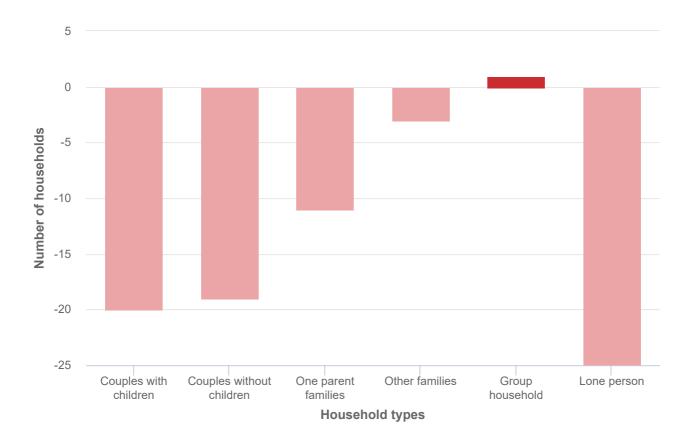
Household type, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household type, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 25.6% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 2.8% were one-parent families, compared with 21.2% and 9.0% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a lower proportion of lone person households and a lower proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 27.1% compared to 28.7% in Regional SA while the proportion of couples without children was 27.8% compared to 29.8% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Wudinna District Council decreased by 71 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Households with children

There are 73 couples with young children in the Wudinna District Council in 2021, comprising 15.8% of households.

Households with Children require different services and facilities than other household types, and their needs change as both adults and children age. When many families in an area are at the same stage in their individual lifecycles, it creates a suburb lifecycle. Knowing where a suburb is in a cycle of change helps planners make evidence-based decisions about the demand for services both now and in the future.

For Households with Children in the Wudinna District Council, life stage is based on the age of children in the household. The age of the parent(s) is not taken into account.

- Young children: Children aged under 15 only
- **Mixed age children:** One or more children under 15 and one or more children over 15 (must have 2 or more children)
- Older children: Children aged 15 and over only

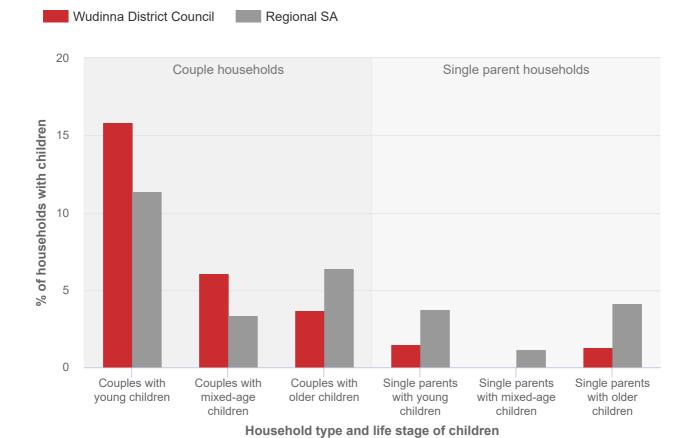
To continue building the story, the Wudinna District Council's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

Households with children by life stage

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Households with children	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	118	25.6	21.2	138	25.9	22.8	-20
Couples with young children	73	15.8	11.4	101	19.0	12.6	-28
Couples with mixed-age children	28	6.1	3.4	12	2.3	3.4	+16
Couples with older children	17	3.7	6.4	25	4.7	6.7	-8
Single parents with children	13	2.8	9.0	24	4.5	9.0	-11
Single parents with young children	7	1.5	3.8	10	1.9	3.9	-3
Single parents with mixed-age children	0		1.1	6	1.1	1.2	-6
Single parents with older children	6	1.3	4.1	8	1.5	4.0	-2
Total households with children	131	28.4	30.2	162	30.5	31.8	-31
Total households	461	100.0	100.0	532	100.0	100.0	-71

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

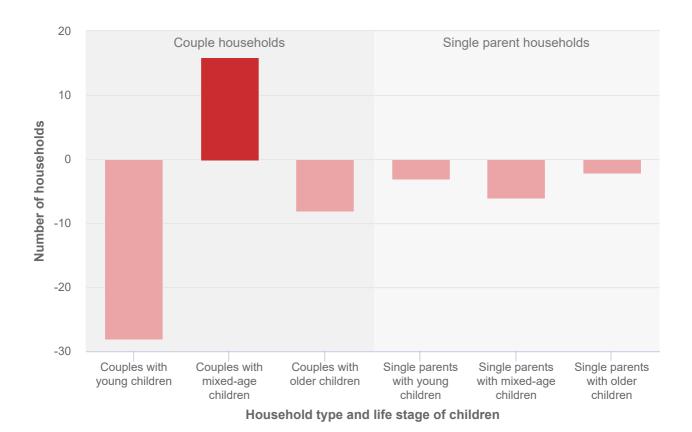
Households with children, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in households with children, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the families with children in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of couples with young children, and a smaller proportion of couples with older children.

Overall, 15.8% of total households with children were couple with young children, and 3.7% were couples with older children, compared with 11.4% and 6.4% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a smaller proportion of single parent households with young children and a smaller proportion of single parent households with older children. Overall, the proportion of single parent households with young children was 1.5% compared to 3.8% in Regional SA while the proportion of single parent households with older children was 1.3% compared to 4.1% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households with children decreased by 31 households or 19.1%.

There were no major differences between 2016 and 2021 in Wudinna District Council.

Households without children

In the Wudinna District Council, older couples without children account for 13% of total households in 2021.

Households without Children include couples without children and lone person households. They require different services depending on the age of the people in the households. For example young couples who have not had children (yet) compared to older "empty nester" couples whose children may have left home.

For Households without Children in the Wudinna District Council, life stage is based on the age of the household reference person (usually person 1 on the Census form):

Young: Aged 15-44Middle-aged: Aged 45-64Older: Aged 65 and over

To continue building the story, the Wudinna District Council's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

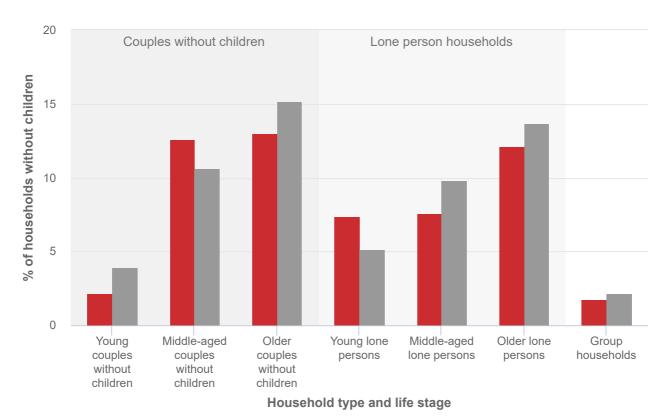
Households without children by life stage

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Households without children	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples without children	128	27.8	29.8	147	27.6	29.6	-19
Young couples without children	10	2.2	4.0	21	3.9	4.0	-11
Middle-aged couples without children	58	12.6	10.7	77	14.5	11.8	-19
Older couples without children	60	13.0	15.2	49	9.2	13.8	+11
Lone person households	125	27.1	28.7	150	28.2	27.9	-25
Young lone persons	34	7.4	5.2	31	5.8	5.6	+3
Middle-aged lone persons	35	7.6	9.8	48	9.0	10.1	-13
Older lone persons	56	12.1	13.7	71	13.3	12.2	-15
Group households	8	1.7	2.2	7	1.3	2.2	+1
Total households without children	261	56.6	60.7	304	57.1	59.7	-43
Total households	461	100.0	100.0	532	100.0	100.0	-71

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Households without children, 2021

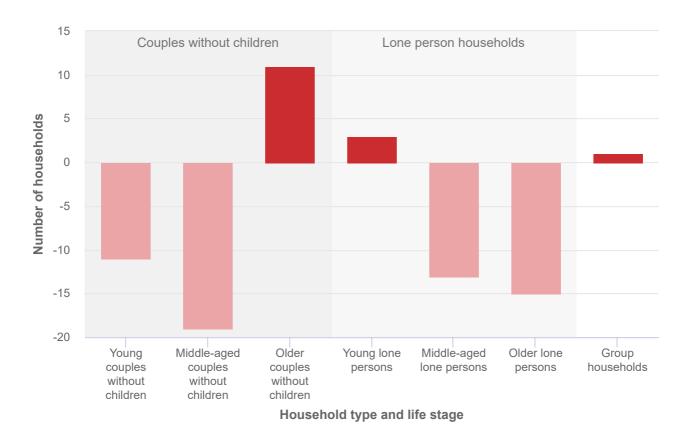




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in households without children, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the households without children in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of young couples without children, a larger proportion of middle-aged couples without children, and a smaller proportion of older couples without children.

In addition, there were a larger proportion of young lone person households, a smaller proportion of middle-aged lone person households, and a smaller proportion of older lone person households.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households without children decreased by 43.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Household size

In 2021, 31% of households in the Wudinna District Council contained only one person, compared with 31.3% in Regional SA, with the most dominant household size being 2 persons per household.

The size of households in general follows the life-cycle of families. Households are usually small at the stage of relationship formation (early marriage), and then increase in size with the advent of children. They later reduce in size again as these children reach adulthood and leave home. Household size can also be influenced by a lack (or abundance) of affordable housing. Overseas migrants and indigenous persons often have a tradition of living with extended family members which significantly affects household size.

Household size in Australia has generally declined since the 1970s, but the rate of decline has slowed in recent years.

An increasing household size in an area may indicate a lack of affordable housing opportunities for young people, an increase in the birth rate or an increase in family formation in the area. A declining household size may indicate children leaving the area when they leave home, an increase in retirees settling in the area, or an attraction of young singles and couples to the area.

For greater insight, the Wudinna District Council's Household Size data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Summary, Age Structure, Dwelling Type, Household Income and Language Spoken at Home.

Household size

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Number of persons usually resident	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
1 person	126	30.5	31.3	155	32.6	30.3	-29
2 persons	152	36.8	38.7	169	35.6	38.4	-17
3 persons	43	10.4	12.0	49	10.3	12.3	-6
4 persons	50	12.1	10.7	57	12.0	11.5	-7
5 persons	35	8.5	5.0	38	8.0	5.3	-3
6 or more persons	7	1.7	2.3	7	1.5	2.2	0
Total classifiable households	413	100.0	100.0	475	100.0	100.0	-62

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Household size - Summary

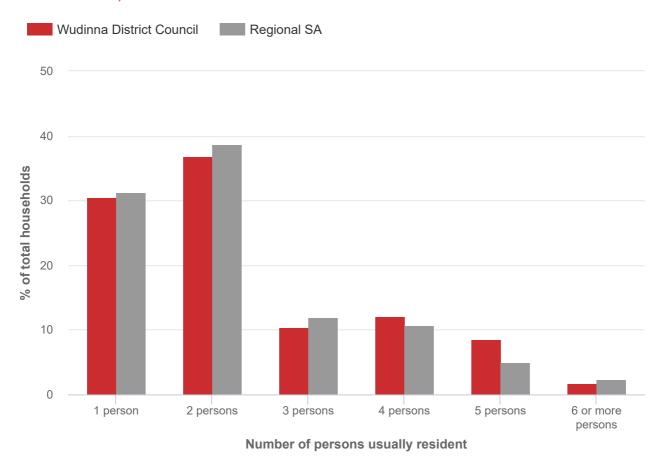
Wudinna District Council - Enumerated	2021				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	483			537			-54
Persons in occupied private dwellings	1,120			1,245			-125
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.32		2.24	2.32		2.28	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

The 'Dwellings' table is enumerated data.

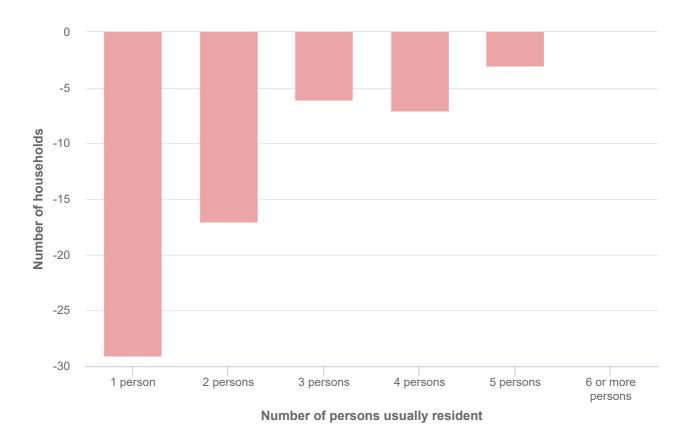
Household size, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household size, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of persons usually resident in a household in the Wudinna District Council compared with Regional SA shows that there were a lower proportion of lone person households, and a higher proportion of larger households (those with 4 persons or more). Overall there were 30.5% of lone person households, and 22.3% of larger households, compared with 31.3% and 18.0% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences in the household size for the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of households with 5 persons usually resident (8.5% compared to 5.0%)
- A larger percentage of households with 4 persons usually resident (12.1% compared to 10.7%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 2 persons usually resident (36.8% compared to 38.7%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 3 persons usually resident (10.4% compared to 12.0%)

Emerging groups

The number of households in Wudinna District Council decreased by 62 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Family blending

In 2021, the Wudinna District Council had 2.4% of couple families with children in step families and 8.7% in blended families.

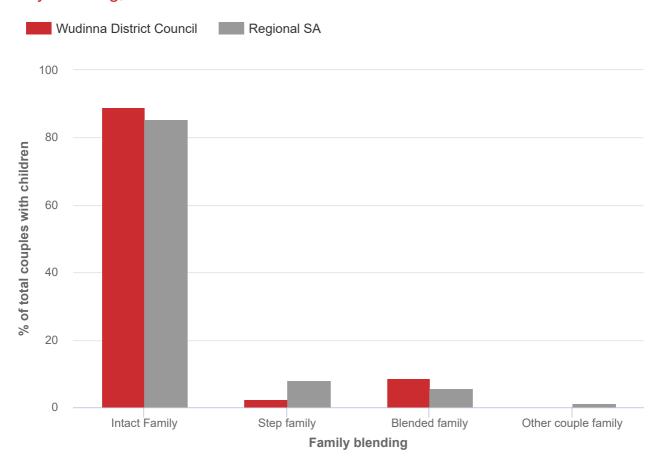
Information on blended and intact families can be an indicator of the level of family breakup and repartnering within the area, and a potential indicator of socio-economic disadvantage. Family blending only applies to couple families with children. For information more broadly about household and family types, including single-parent families, please see Household Type, Households with Children, and Households without Children.

Family blending

Wudinna District Council - Total couples with children (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Family blending by type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Intact Family	112	88.9	85.5	125	94.0	85.9	-13
Step family	3	2.4	7.9	4	3.0	7.7	-1
Blended family	11	8.7	5.5	4	3.0	5.4	+7
Other couple family	0		1.1	0		0.9	0
Total couples with children	126	100.0	100.0	133	100.0	100.0	-7

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

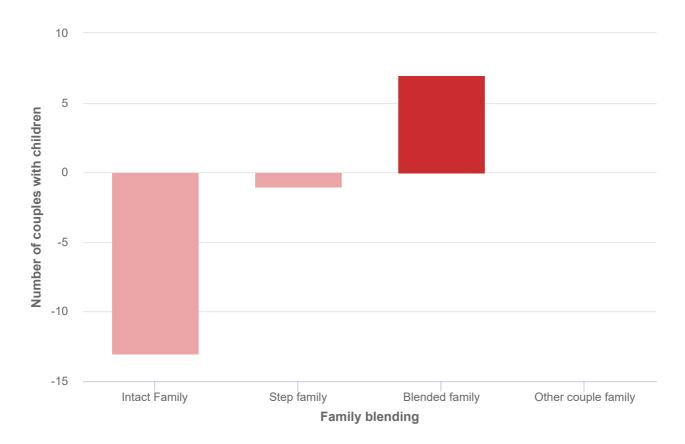
Family blending, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in family blending, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the family blending in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of step families as well as a lower proportion of blended families. Overall, 2.4% of total couple families with children were step families, and 8.7% were blended families, compared with 7.9% and 5.5% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a lower proportion of other families and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of other families was 0.0% compared to 1.1% in Regional SA while the proportion of intact families was 88.9% compared to 85.5% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of couple families with children in Wudinna District Council decreased by 7 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Dwelling type

In the Wudinna District Council, 3.3% of the dwellings were medium or high density, compared to 11% in Regional SA.

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of the Wudinna District Council's residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in the Wudinna District Council.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Dwelling structure

Wudinna District Council - Dwellings (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Separate house	574	93.8	86.5	618	90.7	86.1	-44
Medium density	20	3.3	10.6	15	2.2	10.5	+5
High density	0		0.2	0		0.1	0
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	7	1.1	1.7	27	4.0	1.8	-20
Other	3	0.5	0.3	17	2.5	0.8	-14
Not stated	8	1.3	0.7	4	0.6	0.6	+4
Total Private Dwellings	612	100.0	100.0	681	100.0	100.0	-69

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Dwelling type

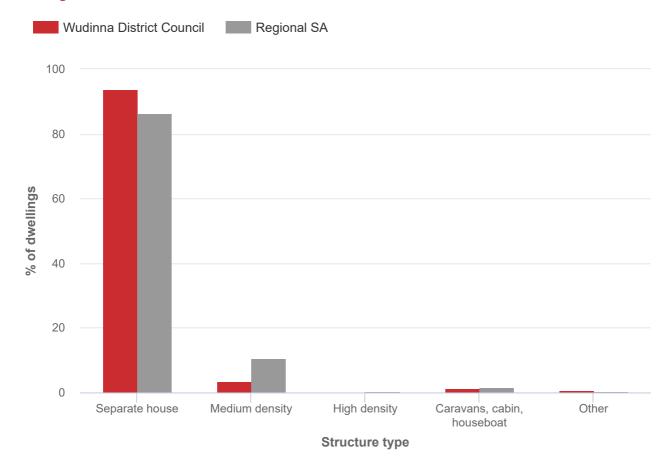
Wudinna District Council	2021				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	483	78.7	79.2	537	76.7	77.7	-54
Unoccupied private dwellings	128	20.8	20.5	154	22.0	21.9	-26
Non private dwellings	3	0.5	0.4	9	1.3	0.4	-6
Total dwellings	614	100.0	100.0	700	100.0	100.0	-86

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

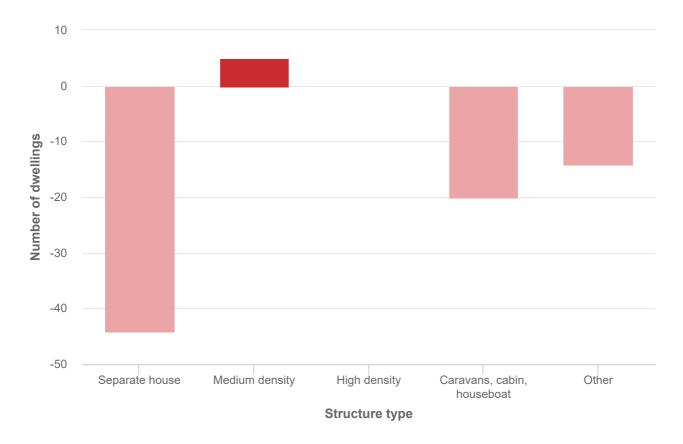
Dwelling structure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in dwelling structure, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 574 separate houses in the area, 20 medium density dwellings, and no high density dwellings. In addition, there were 7 caravans/cabins/houseboats in the area.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 shows that 93.8% of all dwellings were separate houses; 3.3% were medium density dwellings, and 0% were in high density dwellings, compared with 86.5%, 10.6%, and 0.2% in the Regional SA respectively.

In 2021, a total of 78.7% of the dwellings in the Wudinna District Council were occupied on Census night, compared to 79.2% in Regional SA. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 20.8%, which is larger compared to that found in Regional SA (20.5%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in the Wudinna District Council decreased by 86 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Dwellings with 3 bedrooms were the most common in the Wudinna District Council in 2021.

The Number of Bedrooms in a dwelling is an indicator of the size of dwellings, and when combined with **Dwelling Type** information, provides insight into the role the Wudinna District Council plays in the housing market. For example, an area of high density dwellings that are predominantly 1-2 bedroom are likely to attract students, single workers and young couples, whereas a high density area with dwellings that are predominantly 2-3 bedroom may attract more empty nesters and some families.

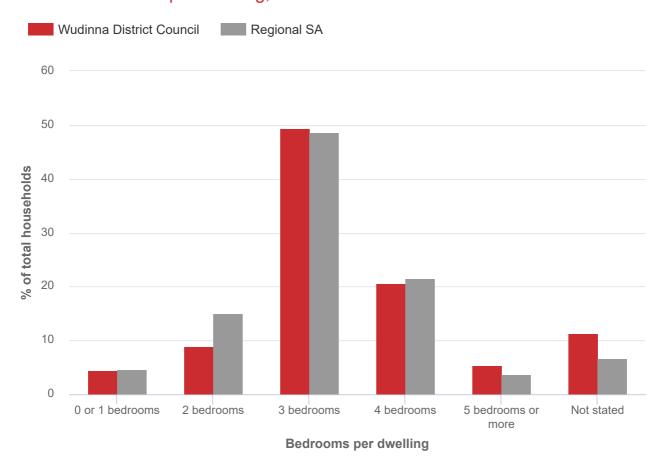
In combination with **Household Type** and **Household Size**, the Number of Bedrooms can also indicate issues around housing affordability, overcrowding and other socio-economic factors.

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Number of bedrooms	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 or 1 bedrooms	22	4.5	4.6	24	4.5	4.1	-2
2 bedrooms	43	8.8	15.0	69	13.0	15.4	-26
3 bedrooms	240	49.4	48.6	255	47.9	49.8	-15
4 bedrooms	100	20.6	21.5	111	20.9	20.0	-11
5 bedrooms or more	26	5.3	3.7	25	4.7	3.3	+1
Not stated	55	11.3	6.6	48	9.0	7.5	+7
Total households	486	100.0	100.0	532	100.0	100.0	-46

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

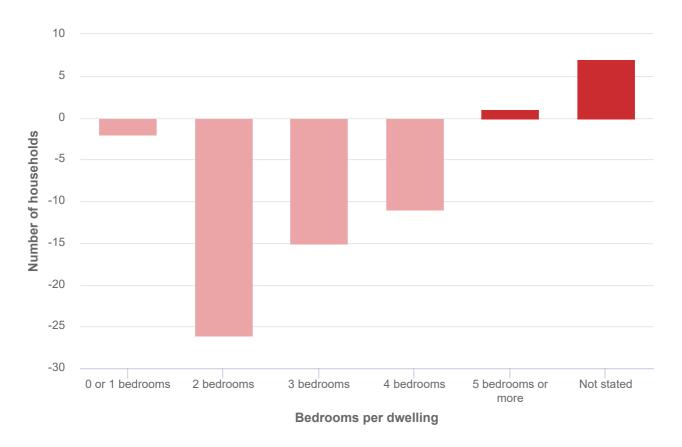
Number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of bedrooms in dwellings in Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a higher proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.

Overall, 13.4% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and 25.9% of 4 or more bedroom dwellings, compared with 19.6% and 25.2% for Regional SA respectively.

The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of 5 or more bedroom dwellings (5.3% compared to 3.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (8.8% compared to 15.0%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Internet connection

In 2016, 111 households in the Wudinna District Council (20.9%) did not not have an internet connection at the dwelling.

Please note: For the 2021 Census, the ABS dropped the question regarding household internet connection. This page shows data for the 2016 and previous Censuses only.

An internet connection is now an important utility for most households in Australia. It is increasingly required for accessing essential information and taking part in the digital economy. Australia-wide in 2016, nearly 80% of all households had internet access. However, this decreases with age – seniors are less likely to have internet access at home. The lack of internet access is likely to indicate a level of disadvantage and could be related to socio-economic factors, age, or geographical isolation.

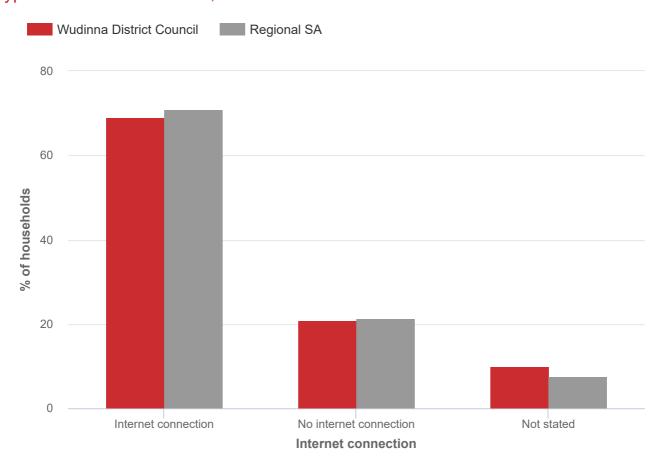
Internet connectivity in the Wudinna District Council should be looked at in conjunction with Household Type and Age Structure, as well as Education Levels.

Type of internet connection

Wudinna District Council - Households	2016				Change		
Connection type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2011 to 2016
Internet connection	368	69.2	70.9	325	64.5	64.8	+42
No internet connection	111	20.9	21.4	161	32.0	28.8	-51
Not stated	53	10.0	7.7	17	3.5	6.4	+35
Total households	532	100.0	100.0	505	100.0	100.0	+27

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

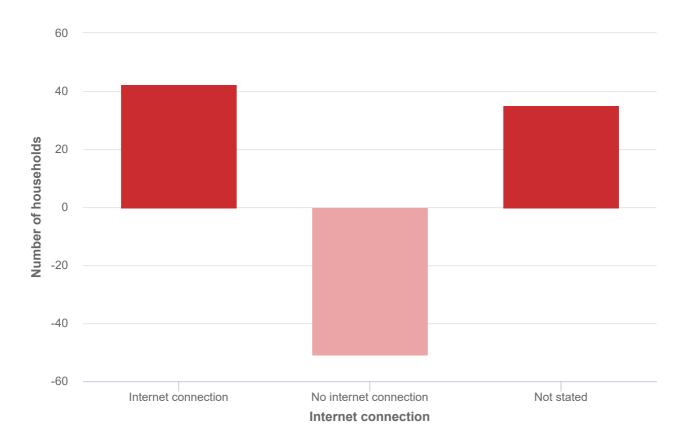
Type of internet connection, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in type of internet connection, 2011 to 2016

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the type of internet connection of households in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of households with an internet connection

Overall 69.2% of households had an internet connection, compared with 70.9% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016 the number of households with an internet connection increased by 43.

Number of cars per household

Analysis of car ownership in 2021, indicates 59% of households in the Wudinna District Council had access to two or more motor vehicles, compared to 55% in Regional SA.

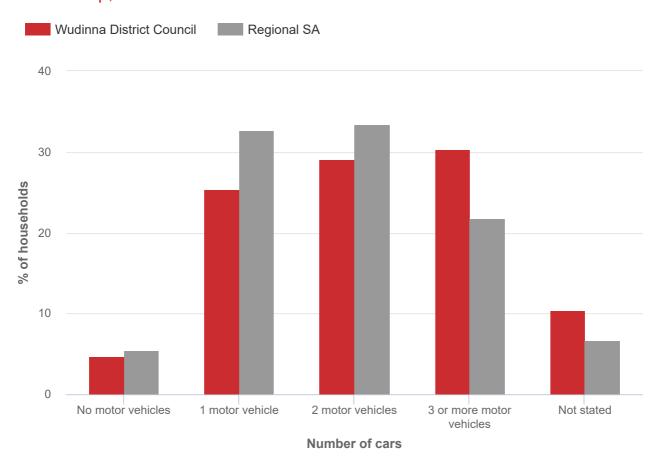
The ability of the population to access services and employment is strongly influenced by access to transport. The number of motor vehicles per household in the Wudinna District Council quantifies access to private transport and will be influenced by Age Structure and Household Type, which determine the number of adults present; access to Public Transport; distance to shops, services, employment and education; and Household Income. Depending on these factors, car ownership can be seen as a measure of advantage or disadvantage, or a neutral socio-economic measure, which impacts on the environment and quality of life.

Car ownership

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Number of cars	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
No motor vehicles	23	4.7	5.4	23	4.3	5.6	0
1 motor vehicle	124	25.4	32.8	126	23.5	32.2	-2
2 motor vehicles	142	29.1	33.5	175	32.6	33.5	-33
3 or more motor vehicles	148	30.3	21.7	158	29.5	20.1	-10
Not stated	51	10.5	6.7	54	10.1	8.7	-3
Total households	488	100.0	100.0	536	100.0	100.0	-48

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

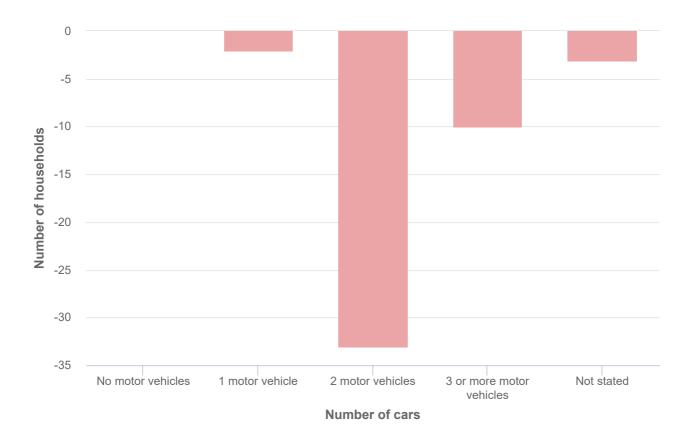
Car ownership, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in car ownership, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the car ownership of the households in the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that 84.8% of the households owned at least one car, while 4.7% did not, compared with 88.0% and 5.4% respectively in Regional SA.

Of those that owned at least one vehicle, there was a smaller proportion who owned just one car; a smaller proportion who owned two cars; and a larger proportion who owned three cars or more.

Overall, 25.4% of the households owned one car; 29.1% owned two cars; and 30.3% owned three cars or more, compared with 32.8%; 33.5% and 21.7% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

Housing tenure

In the Wudinna District Council, 63% of households were purchasing or fully owned their home, 15.4% were renting privately, and 3.4% were in social housing in 2021.

The Wudinna District Council's Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in the Wudinna District Council, Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

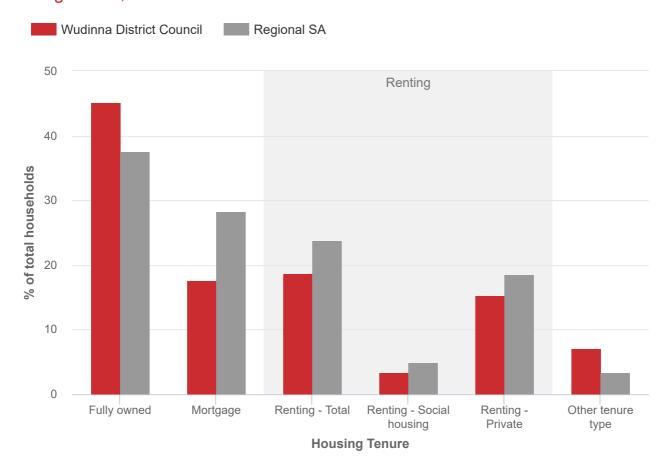
Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Housing tenure

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Tenure type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Fully owned	215	45.3	37.6	241	44.8	35.5	-26
Mortgage	84	17.7	28.4	98	18.2	29.3	-14
Renting - Total	89	18.7	23.8	105	19.5	24.2	-16
Renting - Social housing	16	3.4	5.0	16	3.0	5.6	0
Renting - Private	73	15.4	18.5	89	16.5	18.3	-16
Renting - Not stated	0		0.2	0		0.3	0
Other tenure type	34	7.2	3.4	40	7.4	3.2	-6
Not stated	53	11.2	6.8	54	10.0	7.8	-1
Total households	475	100.0	100.0	538	100.0	100.0	-63

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

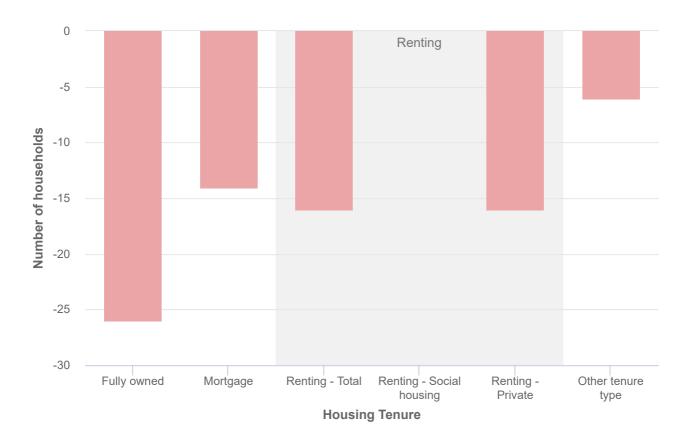
Housing tenure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing tenure, 2016 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of the Wudinna District Council in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a smaller proportion who were renters.

Overall, 45.3% of households owned their dwelling; 17.7% were purchasing, and 18.7% were renting, compared with 37.6%, 28.4% and 23.8% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the Wudinna District Council between 2016 and 2021.

The total number of households in Wudinna District Council decreased by 63 between 2016 and 2021.

Housing loan repayments

In the Wudinna District Council, 3.8% of households with a mortgage were making high loan repayments of \$2,600 or more per month in 2021.

Mortgage repayments are directly related to house prices in the Wudinna District Council, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress households in the community are under. In mortgage belt areas it is expected that households will be paying a higher proportion of their income on their housing compared to well-established areas. First home buyer areas are also likely to have larger mortgages than upgrader areas where households move in with equity from elsewhere.

Mortgage payment levels are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of mortgage payments over time, go to Housing Loan Quartiles.

Please note, interest rates at the 2021 Census were at a record low in Australia. The first interest rate rises by the Reserve Bank began an upward cycle from May 2022. Please use mortgage payment data with caution as data from the 2021 Census pre-dates all official rate rises in the current cycle.

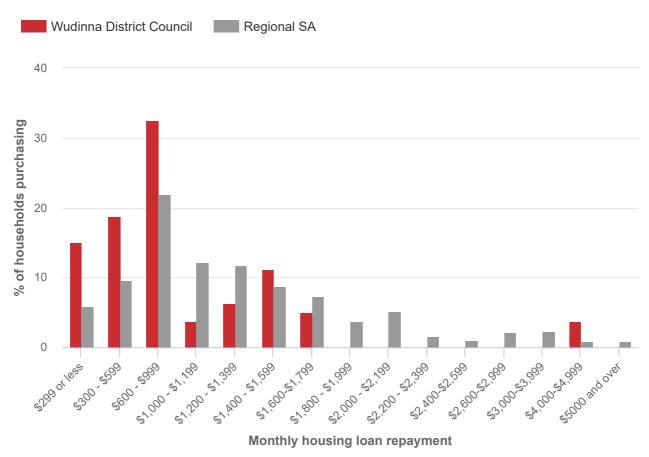
Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Monthly housing loan repayments

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)		2021	
Monthly repayment amount	Number	%	Regional SA %
\$299 or less	12	15.0	5.8
\$300 - \$599	15	18.8	9.6
\$600 - \$999	26	32.5	21.9
\$1,000 - \$1,199	3	3.8	12.2
\$1,200 - \$1,399	5	6.3	11.7
\$1,400 - \$1,599	9	11.3	8.7
\$1,600-\$1,799	4	5.0	7.4
\$1,800 - \$1,999	0		3.8
\$2,000 - \$2,199	0		5.1
\$2,200 - \$2,399	0		1.6
\$2,400-\$2,599	0		1.0
\$2,600-\$2,999	0		2.1
\$3,000-\$3,999	0		2.3
\$4,000-\$4,999	3	3.8	0.9
\$5000 and over	0		0.8
Not stated	3	3.8	5.2
Total	80	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed

Monthly housing loan repayments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the monthly housing loan repayments of households in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2,600 per month or more), and a larger proportion of households with low mortgage repayments (less than \$1,200 per month).

Overall, 3.8% of households were paying high mortgage repayments, and 70.0% were paying low repayments, compared with 6.1% and 49.4% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences between the household loan repayments of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of \$600 \$999 (32.5% compared to 21.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of \$299 or less (15.0% compared to 5.8%)
- A larger percentage of \$300 \$599 (18.8% compared to 9.6%)
- A smaller percentage of \$1,000 \$1,199 (3.8% compared to 12.2%)

Housing loan quartiles

In the Wudinna District Council, the 'lowest group' was the largest quartile, comprising of 69% of households with mortgages in 2021.

Mortgage repayments in the Wudinna District Council are directly related to house prices, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with **Household Income** data it may also indicate the level of housing stress in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the mortgage payment profile of a community over time

A detailed explanation of how Housing Loan Repayment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes

Please note, interest rates at the 2021 Census were at a record low in Australia. The first interest rate rises by the Reserve Bank began an upward cycle from May 2022. Please use mortgage payment data with caution as data from the 2021 Census pre-dates all official rate rises in the current cycle.

Housing loan quartiles

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Loan repayment quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2011 to 2021
Lowest group	53	69.3	40.8	68	71.3	35.8	-16
Medium lowest	12	15.8	28.3	15	15.8	29.9	-3
Medium highest	8	11.0	18.3	7	8.2	20.6	+1
Highest group	3	3.9	12.6	4	4.7	13.6	-2
Total households with stated mortgage repayments	77	100.0	100.0	96	100.0	100.0	-20

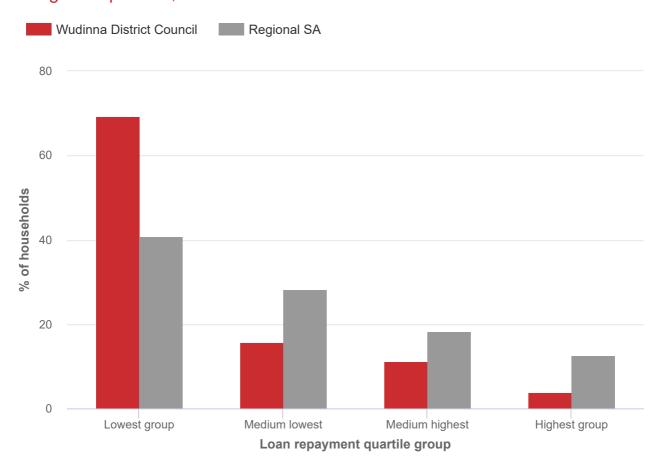
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Housing loan - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from loan repayment data for South Australia Monthly housing loan repayments by Census year

Housing loan repayment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$1,023	\$0 to \$964	\$0 to \$936	\$0 to \$670	\$0 to \$488
Medium lowest	\$1,024 to \$1,499	\$965.to \$1,470	\$937 to \$1,478	\$671 to \$1,038	\$489 to \$701
Medium highest	\$1,500 to \$2,073	\$1,471 to \$2,051	\$1,479 to \$2,094	\$1,039 to \$1,477	\$702 to \$966
Highest group	\$2,074 and over	\$2,052 and over	\$2,095 and over	\$1,478 and over	\$967 and over

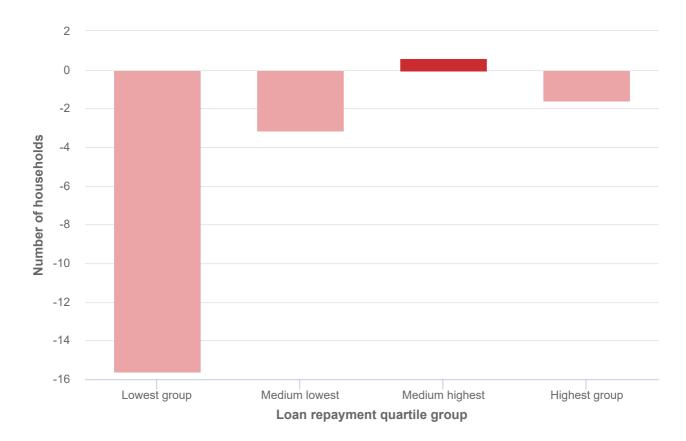
Housing loan quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing loan quartiles, 2011 to 2021

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Housing loan repayment quartiles allow us to compare relative repayment liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by housing loan repayment quartiles in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest repayment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest repayment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households with a mortgage in the Wudinna District Council decreased by 96 between 2011 and 2021. The most significant change in the Wudinna District Council during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -16 households.

Housing rental payments

In the Wudinna District Council, 0.0% of renting households were paying \$450 or more per week in rent in 2021.

Rental payments can be a better measure of the cost of housing in the Wudinna District Council than mortgage repayments because they are not contingent on length of occupancy or equity in the dwelling.

High rental payments may indicate desirable areas with mobile populations who prefer to rent, or a housing shortage, or gentrification. Low rental payments may indicate public housing (check **Tenure Type**), or areas where low income households move by necessity for a lower cost of living.

Rental payments are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of rental payments over time, go to Housing Rental Quartiles.

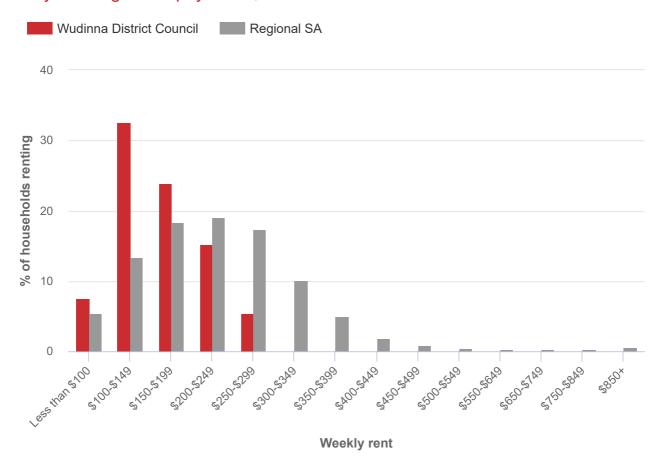
Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Weekly housing rental payments

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2021		
Weekly rental amount	Number	%	Regional SA %
Less than \$100	7	7.6	5.4
\$100-\$149	30	32.6	13.3
\$150-\$199	22	23.9	18.4
\$200-\$249	14	15.2	19.1
\$250-\$299	5	5.4	17.3
\$300-\$349	0		10.1
\$350-\$399	0	 	4.9
\$400-\$449	0		1.9
\$450-\$499	0	 	0.8
\$500-\$549	0		0.5
\$550-\$649	0		0.3
\$650-\$749	0		0.3
\$750-\$849	0		0.2
\$850+	0		0.6
Not stated	14	15.2	6.8
Total households renting	92	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Weekly housing rental payments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the weekly housing rental payments of households in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high rental payments (\$450 per week or more), and a larger proportion of households with low rental payments (less than \$250 per week).

Overall, 0.0% of households were paying high rental payments, and 79.3% were paying low payments, compared with 2.7% and 56.3% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences between the housing rental payments of the Wudinna District Council and Regional SA were:

- A larger percentage of \$100-\$149 (32.6% compared to 13.3%)
- A larger percentage of \$150-\$199 (23.9% compared to 18.4%)
- A smaller percentage of \$250-\$299 (5.4% compared to 17.3%)
- A smaller percentage of \$300-\$349 (0.0% compared to 10.1%)

Housing rental quartiles

In the Wudinna District Council, the 'lowest group' was the largest quartile, comprising 60% of renting households in 2016.

Rental payments in the Wudinna District Council are indicative of its residential role and function and are directly related to the value of residential property. When viewed with **Household Income** data they may also indicate the level of 'housing stress' in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the rental costs of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Rental Payment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in **specific data** notes.

Housing rental quartiles

Wudinna District Council - Households (Enumerated)	2016		2016			Change	
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2016
Lowest group	54	60.1	47.6	54	60.1	47.6	0
Medium lowest	34	37.5	32.4	34	37.5	32.4	0
Medium highest	2	2.3	14.2	2	2.3	14.2	0
Highest group	0		5.8	0		5.8	0
Total households with stated rent	91	100.0	100.0	91	100.0	100.0	0

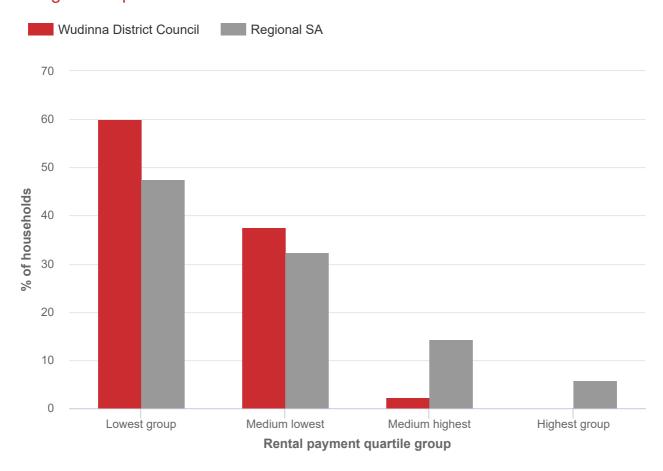
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Housing rental - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from rental payment data for South Australia	Weekly housing rental payments by Census year				
Rental payment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$214	\$0 to \$186	\$0 to \$144	\$0 to \$105	\$0 to \$73
Medium lowest	\$215 to \$304	\$187.to \$272	\$145 to \$228	\$106 to \$157	\$74 to \$118
Medium highest	\$305 to \$381	\$273 to \$341	\$229 to \$302	\$158 to \$209	\$119 to \$160
Highest group	\$382 and over	\$342 and over	\$303 and over	\$210 and over	\$161 and over

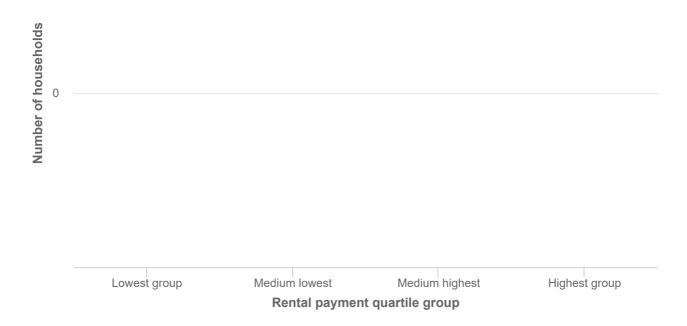
Housing rental quartiles for 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing rental quartiles, 2016 to 2016

Wudinna District Council



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Rental payment quartiles allow us to compare relative rental liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by rental payment quartiles in the Wudinna District Council compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest payment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest payment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households renting their dwelling in Wudinna District Council remained stable 0 between 2016 and 2016. The most significant change during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed no change of 0 households.

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Migration summary

Between 2016 and 2021, Australia-wide, 53.1% of people (aged 5 and over) did not change address over 5 years, while 35.3% moved within Australia, and 5.4% moved from overseas.

In the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region, a higher rate of people did not change address (60.4%), while a lower rate (29.3%) moved from elsewhere in Australia, and a lower rate (1.3%) moved from overseas. A total of 10,289 people, or 62.5% of those who moved within Australia, moved within the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

Migration, or residential mobility, together with births and deaths are significant components of population change in Australia. Migration is the most volatile component of population change and can be affected by changing housing and economic opportunities such as housing affordability issues or the mining boom. The three main types of migration are overseas migration, interstate migration and within-state migration, of which within-state is the most common and largely involves moves between neighbouring areas within an urban or regional setting.

Looking at the level and type of migration in the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region can indicate whether the population is sedentary and likely to be in the area for a long time (and perhaps have significant ties to the community), or transient, and likely to move on. Related topics which can be viewed to get a clearer picture of population mobility include Age Structure (young adults are likely to move more often) and Housing Tenure (generally renters move more often while home ownership indicates a more stable population).

This table shows the broad trends of movement between the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and the states/territories of Australia, and from overseas over the 5 years from 2016-2021. For more detail on local movements within the state, please refer to the Migration by age by location page.

Migration between the area and other States/Territories

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

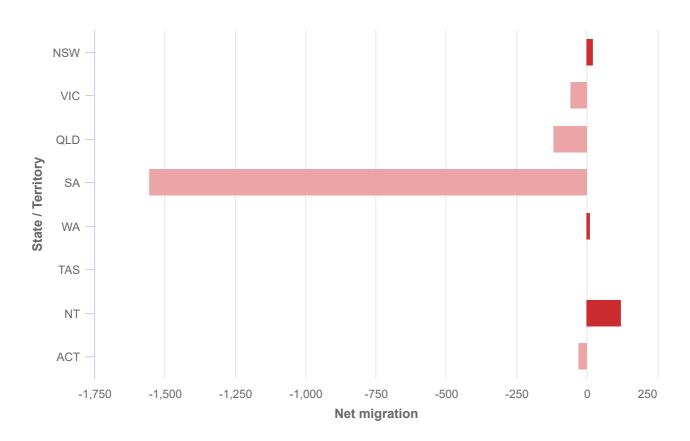
State / Territory	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
New South Wales	143	121	22
Victoria	143	198	-55
Queensland	245	363	-118
South Australia	2,804	4,357	-1,553
Western Australia	251	239	12
Tasmania	36	34	2
Northern Territory	225	104	121
Australian Capital Territory	5	31	-26
From Overseas	727		

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Population movement by State/Territory

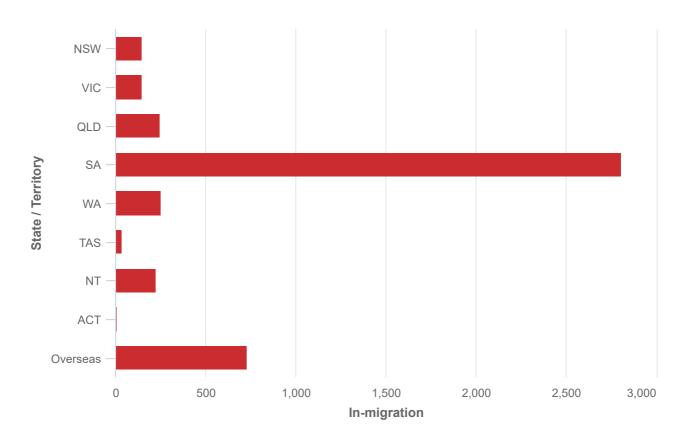
RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

In-migration by State/Territory

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Migration by age

In 2021, the age group with the highest net migration to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region was persons aged 25 to 34 years.

The age structure of people who move into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region is strongly influenced by the residential role and function of the area and can influence demand for particular services. For instance, inner city areas near employment, education and entertainment tend to attract many young people in their late teens and early twenties, who move out in their late twenties and thirties to start families in suburban areas. Rural areas tend to lose young people and gain older families and retirees.

Understanding the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region's attraction to different age groups helps to plan services for the community as well as advocating with other levels of government and private enterprise to provide infrastructure, employment opportunities and facilities which may help to retain age groups which are otherwise leaving the area.

To see annual migration patterns (outside the Census), please refer to the Annual migration by location page. Note - please use this with caution as currently the annual migration numbers are based on pre-Census change-of-address records and may not match the numbers on this page from the 2021 Census

Migration by age group 2021

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

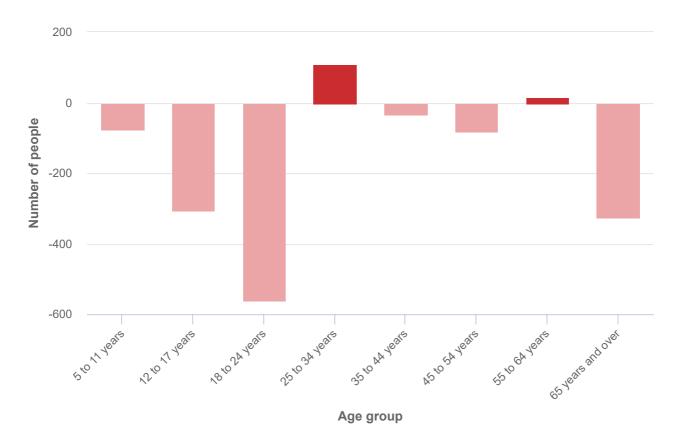
Age group	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
5 to 11 years	+422	-496	-74
12 to 17 years	+177	-483	-306
18 to 24 years	+332	-891	-559
25 to 34 years	+944	-835	+109
35 to 44 years	+538	-571	-33
45 to 54 years	+439	-520	-81
55 to 64 years	+409	-392	+17
65 years and over	+268	-593	-325
Total population	+3,529	-4,781	-1,252

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Net migration by age group 2021

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residents data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Migration by age and location

Between 2016 and 2021, the LGA with the highest net migration to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region (+77) was from Alice Springs, whilst the highest net loss (-127) was to Charles Sturt.

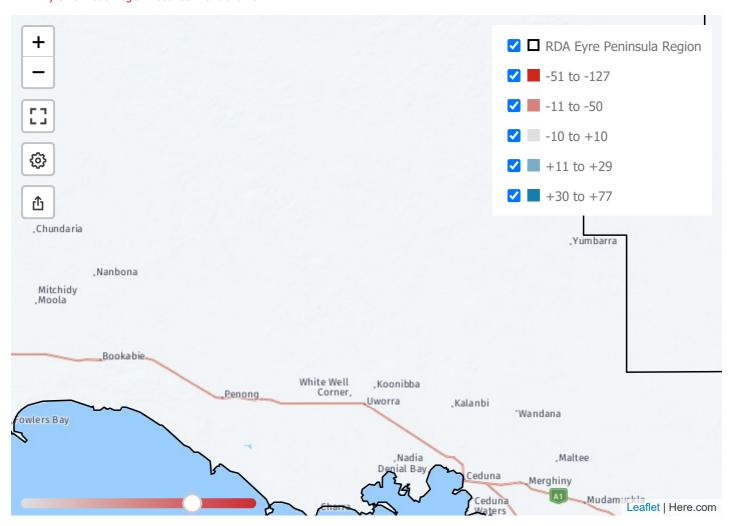
The age structure of people who move into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region is strongly influenced by the residential role and function of the area and can influence demand for particular services. For instance, inner city areas near employment, education and entertainment tend to attract many young people in their late teens and early twenties, who move out in their late twenties and thirties to start families in suburban areas. Rural areas tend to lose young people and gain older families and retirees.

Understanding the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region's attraction to different age groups helps to plan services for the community as well as advocating with other levels of government and private enterprise to provide infrastructure, employment opportunities and facilities which may help to retain age groups which are otherwise leaving the area.

To see annual migration patterns (outside the Census), please refer to the Annual migration by location page. Note - please use this with caution as currently the annual migration numbers are based on pre-Census change-of-address records and may not match the numbers on this page from the 2021 Census

Map of net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region - between 2016 and 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region - between 2016 and 2021

LGA	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
Alice Springs	93	16	+77
Wakefield	29	0	+29
Katherine	17	0	+17
Flinders Ranges	43	29	+14
Coober Pedy	26	15	+11
Broome	14	3	+11
Coorong	14	3	+11
Dundas	10	0	+10
Mornington Peninsula	10	0	+10
Port Hedland	10	3	+7

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

NOTE: Data shown in the table and map excludes any Local Government Areas which have a population movement of fewer than 10 persons into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

Annual Migration By Location

For the year ending 30 June 2022, the LGA with the highest net migration (+18) to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region was from Onkaparinga. The highest net loss (-58) was to Port Augusta.

Migration, or residential mobility, together with births and deaths are significant components of population change in Australia. Migration is the most volatile component of population change and can be affected by changing housing and economic opportunities such as housing affordability issues or changes in employment patterns.

This page looks specifically at internal migration, and includes annual data collected since the last Census to look at migration patterns in the most recent time periods. This is helpful to see likely affects on future population growth and where people are moving with the wider region. The data is sourced from the ABS - "Regional Internal Migration Estimates" collection, which is a part of the annual Estimated Resident Population update, and shows movement between all LGAs in Australia. The table shows in and out movements, while the map shows the net total movement between the area of interest and each LGA in the specified time period.

Migration data should be viewed in conjunction with age structure, occupation and household type information to get an appreciation of why people are moving as well as where. Cultural diversity is also an important related topic, as some areas function as first settlement locations of migrants, while others get secondary overseas migration.

Map of net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region: Total: July 2021 - June 2022



Source: ABS, Regional Internal Migration Estimates (RIME) by LGA, unpublished data, 2021-2022

Net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region: Total: July 2021 - June 2022

LGA	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
Onkaparinga	119	101	+18
Coober Pedy	19	9	+10
Brisbane	37	27	+10
Fraser Coast	14	4	+10
Gladstone	16	6	+10
Wakefield	13	3	+10
Unley	21	12	+9
Loxton Waikerie	12	3	+9
Barossa	21	13	+8
Toowoomba	11	3	+8
Total all LGAs	2,410	2,660	-250

Source: ABS, Regional Internal Migration Estimates (RIME) by LGA, unpublished data, 2021-2022

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

NOTE: Data shown in the table and map excludes any Local Government Areas that have a population movement of less than 5 people into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

Residential building approvals

In the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region there were 12 residential dwellings approved to be built in the financial year 2023-2024 FYTD (July).

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region's building approvals are used as a leading indicator of the general level of residential development, economic activity, employment and investment. Residential building activity depends on many factors that vary with the state of the economy including interest rates, availability of mortgage funds, government spending, and business investment. Large financial changes or shocks, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008/09 can be observed in the data. However, the number of building approvals can fluctuate substantially from year to year simply as a result of the short-term nature of many construction projects, and the cyclical nature of the industry.

Residential building approvals

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region		Number			Annual change		
Year (ending June 30)	Houses	Other	Total	Houses	Other	Total	
2023-2024 FYTD (July)	12	0	12	-180	-14	-194	
2022-2023	192	14	206	+27	+14	+41	
2021-2022	165	0	165	-45	-3	-48	
2020-2021	210	3	213	+93	-21	+72	
2019-2020	117	24	141	-5	+18	+13	
2018-2019	122	6	128	-4	+6	+2	
2017-2018	126	0	126	+3	-3	0	
2016-2017	123	3	126	-79	-4	-83	
2013-2014	407	12	419	+108	-4	+104	
2012-2013	299	16	315	+39	+4	+43	
2011-2012	260	12	272	+36	-6	+30	
2010-2011	224	18	242	-135	+6	-129	
2009-2010	359	12	371	-39	+6	-33	
2008-2009	398	6	404	-20	-48	-68	
2007-2008	418	54	472	+120	+50	+170	
2006-2007	298	4	302	-1	-35	-36	
2005-2006	299	39	338	+46	-1	+45	
2004-2005	253	40	293	-6	-8	-14	
2003-2004	259	48	307	+55	+36	+91	
2002-2003	204	12	216	-125	-21	-146	
2001-2002	329	33	362				

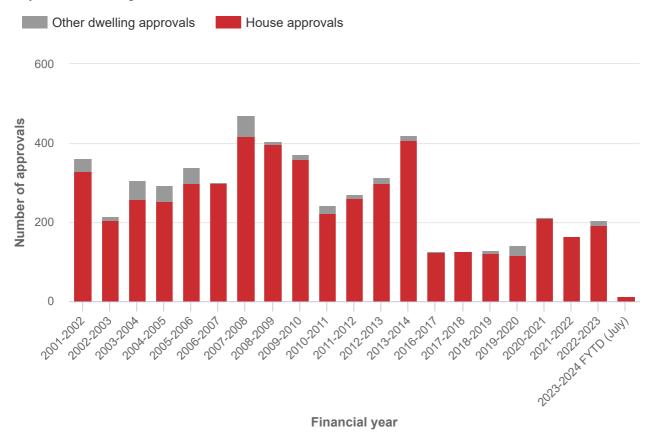
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u> (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e Building approvals benchmarked to South Australia and Australia

Residential building approvals

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients

In May 2023 there were 4,105 JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients in the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

This new dataset released by the Department of Social Services is updated monthly. This represents the number of people who are eligible recipients of JobSeeker allowance (generally aged 22+) and youth allowance (excluding students, generally aged 21 and under). To be eligible for JobSeeker, which replaced Newstart allowance in March 2020, participants must be unemployed and looking for work, though certain activity criteria have been relaxed during the COVID-19 period.

JobSeeker rates are a good updated measure of socio-economic disadvantage in an area, and should be looked at in conjunction with 2016 Census SEIFA indexes, employment status, income and education levels. They can also provide an indication of which areas within your region are most affected by the impacts of COVID-19 containment measures.

JobSeeker data are shown for Local Government Areas, and SA2s which have a significant population within the LGA or region.

JobSeeker

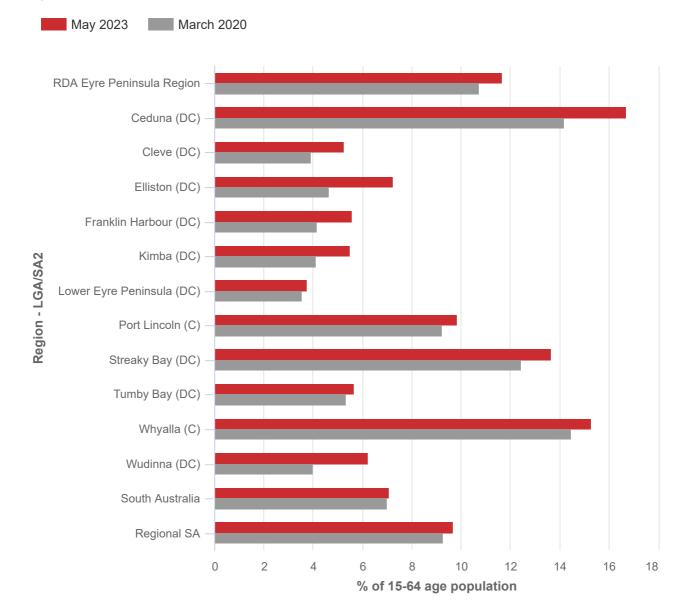
Current month	May 2023		March 2020		
Region - LGA/SA2	JobSeeker and youth allowance recipients	% of 15-64 age population	JobSeeker and Youth allowance recipients	% of 15-64 age population	Change
RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	4,105	11.6	3,781	10.7	+324
Ceduna (DC)	344	16.7	292	14.2	+52
Cleve (DC)	56	5.2	41	3.9	+14
Elliston (DC)	45	7.2	29	4.6	+16
Franklin Harbour (DC)	39	5.6	29	4.1	+10
Kimba (DC)	31	5.5	23	4.1	+8
Lower Eyre Peninsula (DC)	136	3.8	128	3.5	+8
Port Lincoln (C)	877	9.8	824	9.2	+53
Streaky Bay (DC)	173	13.7	157	12.4	+16
Tumby Bay (DC)	83	5.6	78	5.3	+5
Whyalla (C)	2,060	15.3	1,948	14.4	+112
Wudinna (DC)	48	6.2	31	4.0	+17
South Australia	79,310	7.1	78,431	7.0	+879
Regional SA	22,600	9.7	21,620	9.3	+980

Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via <u>data.gov.au</u>. Compiled and presented by .id - informed decisions

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

JobSeeker March 2020 to May 2023, RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and benchmarks

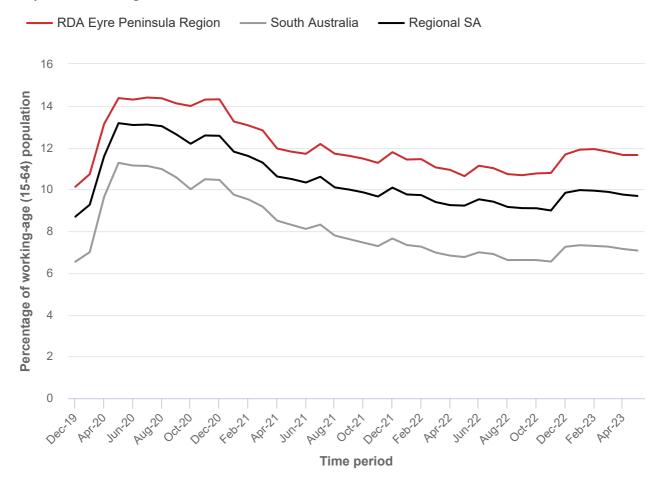
Total JobSeeker



Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via data.gov.au. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

JobSeeker rate over time, RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and benchmarks

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via data.gov.au. Compiled and presented by \underline{id} (informed decisions)

SEIFA by Local Government Area

SEIFA Index of Disadvantage for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region in 2021 was 938.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, single parent families, low skilled occupations, poor English proficiency), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage (with population close to the middle). This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy, because it highlights the areas of most need.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, high rent, large dwellings), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure. Often the IRSAD index will show a more "spread out" distribution with a greater range of scores from very high to very low, due to its ability to measure advantage above the average level.

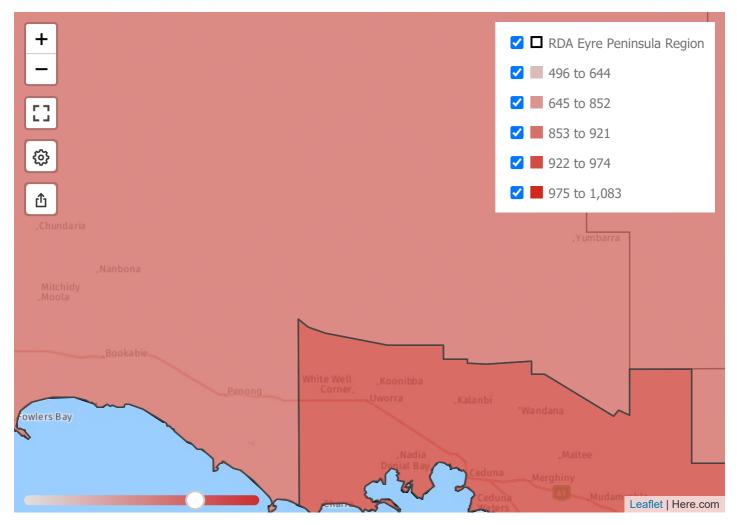
SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage or (in the case of IRSAD only) a *higher* level of advantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage on both indexes, and a lack of advantage on the IRSAD.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities in 2021. It's meant to give a broad indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher. This applies a comparison to suburbs even when the index concerned doesn't relate to a suburb.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

2021 Local Government Areas



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by $\underline{\mathsf{id}}$ (informed decisions).

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Local Government Areas in South Australia

2021 Local Government Area	2021 Index
Burnside	1,083
Adelaide Hills	1,081
Walkerville	1,076
Mitcham	1,075
Unley	1,067
Prospect	1,054
Roxby Downs	1,048
Holdfast Bay	1,047
Norwood Payneham and St Peters	1,039
Mount Barker	1,037
Lower Eyre Peninsula	1,033
Tea Tree Gully	1,030
Light	1,027
Grant	1,026
Robe	1,023
Campbelltown (SA)	1,021
Kimba	1,020
West Torrens	1,015
Barossa	1,014
Wudinna	1,009

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

About the community profile

Demographic change across Australia is recorded by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the Census collections every five years. Population experts .id (informed decisions) analyse and convert these raw figures into stories of place to inform council staff, community groups, investors, business, students and the general public.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile provides demographic analysis for the Region and its suburbs based on results from the 2021, 2016, 2011, 2006 and 2001 Australian Census of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures such as the annual Estimated Resident Population (ERP).

Suburb boundaries and Census questions change over time, but .id manages the data to ensure that there is an accurate time series provided for the current geographic boundaries. You can read more about this in the **Geography Notes** section.

Results for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region include population, age structure, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, income, qualifications, occupations, employment, unemployment, disability, disadvantage, volunteering, childcare, family structure, household structure, housing tenure, mortgage and rental payments, and the size and type of the dwellings people live in.

The community profile presents this information in clear maps, tables and charts with concise factual commentary to answer three important questions:

- 1. What are the characteristics of the people who live here?
- 2. How are they changing?
- 3. How do they compare to other areas?

This provides the basis for making evidence-based decisions about how to provide services for the community as it changes.

You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from Australian Bureau of Statistics data, analysed and presented by population experts and funded by the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.