

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

2021 Census Results
District Council of Streaky Bay

Comparison year: 2016
Benchmark area: Regional SA



community profile

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Welcome to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Estimated Resident Population for 2022 is 58,966, with a population density of 0.25 persons per square km.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile provides demographic analysis for the Region and smaller areas within it based on results from the 2021, 2016, 2011, 2006 and 2001 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures.

Population

58,966

ABS ERP 2022

Land area

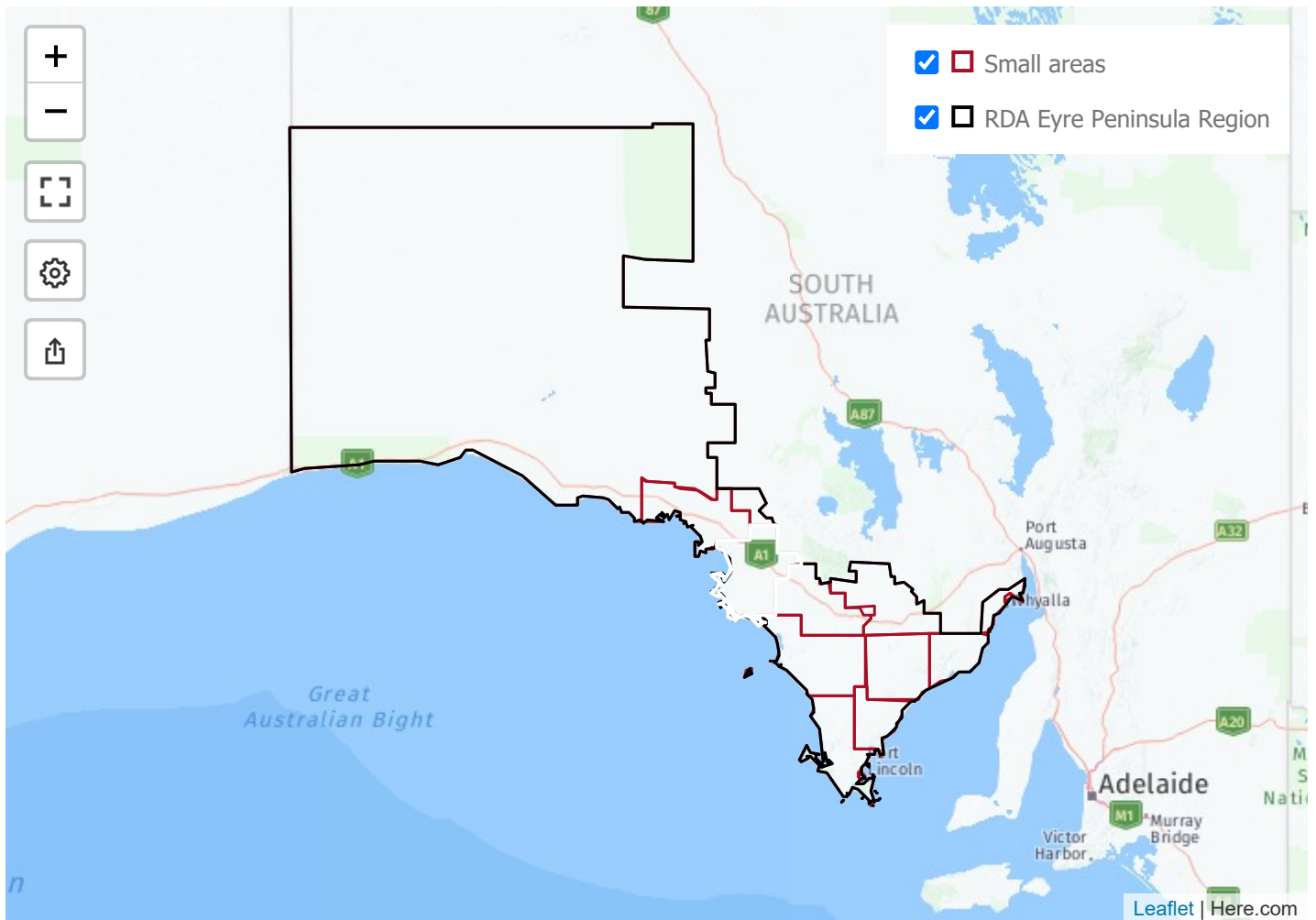
234,937

square km

Population density

0.25

persons per square km



Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

News

[more >](#)

Economic spotlight on Greater Melbourne

Spotlight on Melbourne's economic outlook and the role local councils can play.

18 September 2023

Liveability and affordable, decent accommodation

Australians selected 'affordable decent housing' as the single biggest inhibitor – and opportunity – to advancing quality of life across the nation.

28 August 2023

2026 Census topic consultation

The ABS has opened the second phase of consultation on topics for Australia's next Census.

1 August 2023

Insights from the Living in Australia Survey

Three key insights from the Living in Australia 2023 liveability survey.

13 July 2023

District Council of Streaky Bay

Population highlights

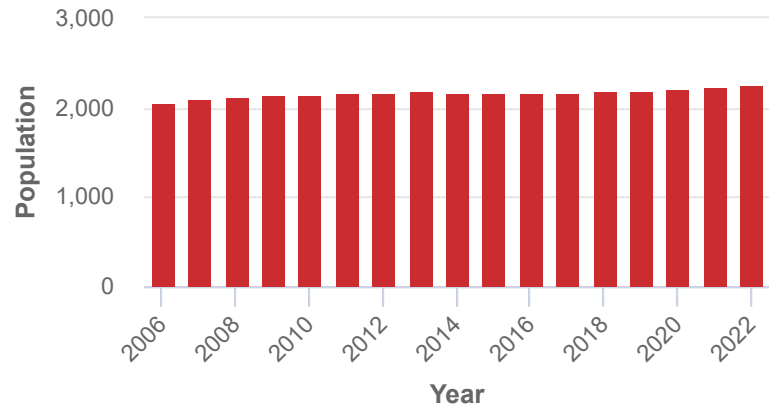
Population

2,257

ERP, 2022

▲ Grown by 16 from the previous year.

Estimated Resident Population District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0).
Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

2021 data with change from 2016 unless otherwise stated.

- ◀ No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- ▼ Decreased since previous Census

Median age

47 ▲ (2)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	43 ▲
Regional SA	47 ▲
South Australia	41 ▲

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population

2.0% ▲ (0.5%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	6.7% ▲
Regional SA	4.7% ▲
South Australia	2.4% ◀

Couples with children

21% ▼ (-2.4%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	21% ▼
Regional SA	21% ▼
South Australia	27% ◀▶

Older couples without children

14% ▲ (2.8%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	12% ▲
Regional SA	15% ▲
South Australia	12% ▲

Lone person households

24% ▼ (-1.9%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	29% ▲
Regional SA	29% ▲
South Australia	27% ▲

Medium and high density Housing

1% ▼ (-0.9%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	23% ◀▶
Regional SA	11% ◀▶
South Australia	22% ◀▶

Median weekly household income

\$1,115 ▲ (\$46)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	\$1,258 ▲
Regional SA	\$1,133 ▲
South Australia	\$1,470 ▲

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$249 ◀▶ (\$0)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	\$270 ▼
Regional SA	\$265 ▼
South Australia	\$346 ▲

Median weekly rent

\$250 ▲ (\$87)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	\$198 ▲
Regional SA	\$220 ▲
South Australia	\$300 ▲

Households renting

17% ▼ (-1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	30% ▲
Regional SA	24% ◀▶
South Australia	27% ◀▶

Households with a mortgage

22% ▼ (-0.7%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	27% ▼
Regional SA	28% ▼
South Australia	34% ▲

Overseas born

5% ◀▶ (0.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	11% ◀▶
Regional SA	12% ◀▶
South Australia	24% ▲

Language at home other than English

2% ◀▶ (0%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	5% ▲
Regional SA	5% ▲
South Australia	18% ▲

University attendance

1% ◀▶ (0.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	1% ◀▶
Regional SA	2% ◀▶
South Australia	5% ◀▶

University qualification

12% ▲ (1.7%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	11% ▲
Regional SA	11% ▲
South Australia	23% ▲

Trade qualification (certificate)

24% ▲ (1.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	25% ▲
Regional SA	24% ▲
South Australia	21% ▲

Unemployment rate

3.3% ▼ (-1.1%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	5.2% ▼
Regional SA	4.8% ▼
South Australia	5.4% ▼

Participation rate (population in labour force)

58% ▼ (-4%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	57% ◀▶
Regional SA	54% ◀▶
South Australia	60% ▲

Worked at home

15% ▲ (4.2%)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	7% ▲
Regional SA	9% ▲
South Australia	10% ▲

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2021

1000

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	938 ▲
Regional SA	946 ▲
South Australia	982 ▲

Homeless persons estimated 2021 *

06 ▲ (2)

Source: ABS, 2049.0 Estimating Homelessness, 2016

District Council of Streaky Bay

About the profile areas

The 2022 Estimated Resident Population for District Council of Streaky Bay is 2,257, with a population density of 0.36 persons per square km.

Important Statistics

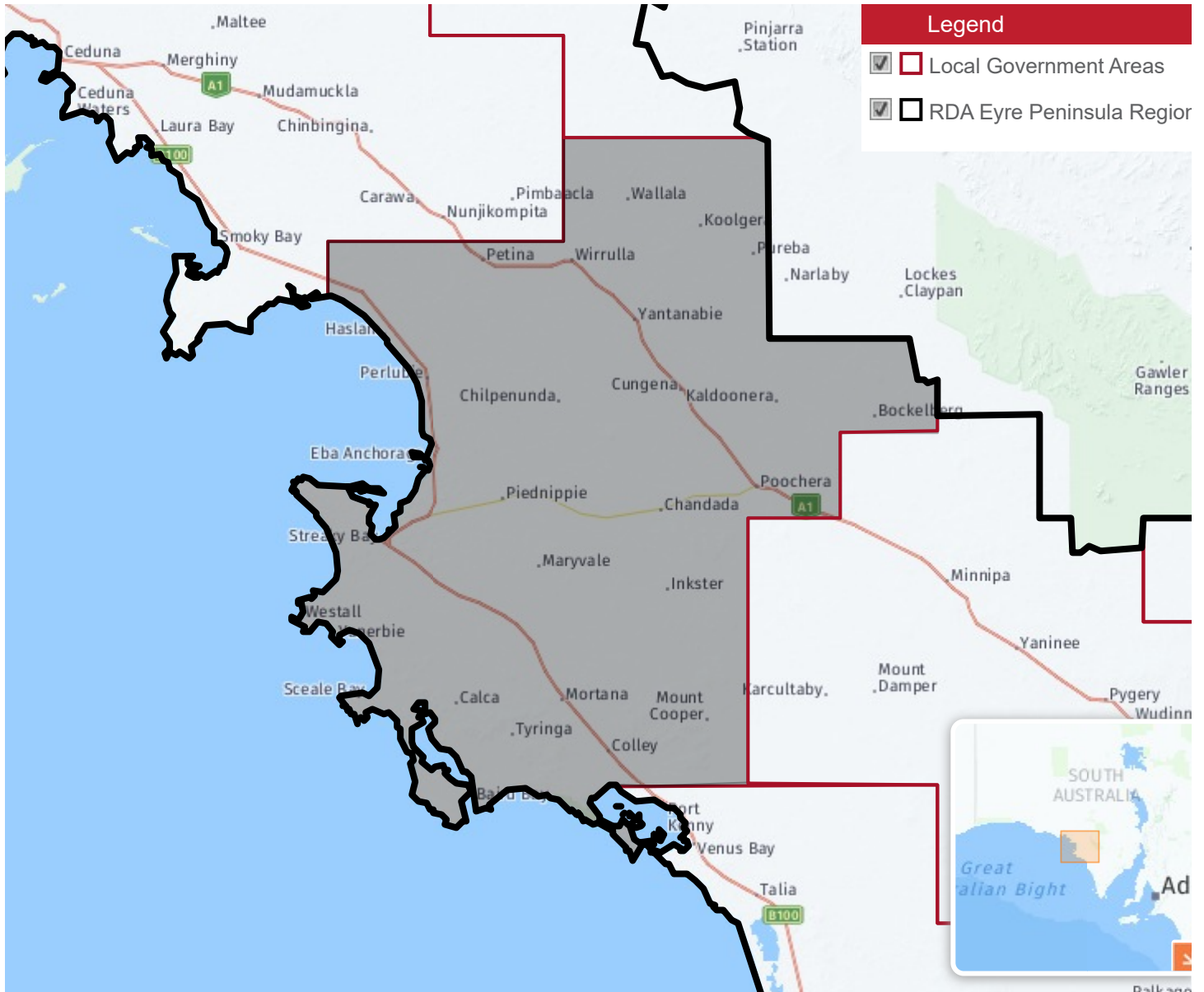
Population
2,257
2022 ABS ERP

Land area
6,226
square km

Population density
0.36
persons per square
km

Profile areas

District Council of Streaky Bay



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Major features Included areas

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District Council of Streaky Bay

Population and dwellings

The Census usual resident population of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 was 2,165, living in 1,395 dwellings with an average household size of 2.26.

There are a number of different ways of measuring the population of an area, all of which give an insight into the size of the place and its rate of growth over different time periods. The Census counts people where they are on the night of the Census (Enumerated population) and also by where they usually live (Usual residence). Both these populations are useful and form the basis for a range of characteristics collected in the Census.

However, the most accurate count of the total population is Estimated Resident Population, which factors in an estimate of those missed in the Census and those who were overseas on Census night. It is usually higher than either Census count, and is also updated annually after the Census, providing preliminary estimates for up to 5 years.

This page provides the three population counts for the District Council of Streaky Bay at the last Census, with comparisons to previous Census years for the Census counts only. The current estimate for the District Council of Streaky Bay at the most recent year available is shown at the top of the page. This figure is a preliminary estimate only and is subject to review after the next Census data are released. Please use with caution.

Also included are a range of sub-population groups and key statistics from the Census (Usual resident) population, such as citizens, employed persons and Indigenous population.

These figures all provide the context for the size of the population and growth rate within the District Council of Streaky Bay and should be looked at in conjunction with other basic demographic information, such as Age Structure, Dwelling Type and Household Size.

The data on this page are sourced from a variety of different tables and designed to give a range of population and dwelling numbers for the area.

Population

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons	2021			2016			Change
Population	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Estimated Resident Population	2,241	--	--	2,168	--	--	+73
Enumerated Population	2,240	--	--	2,126	--	--	+114
Usual Resident Population	2,165	--	--	2,074	--	--	+91

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Selected subpopulation categories

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total people (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Population group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Males	1,121	51.8	50.2	1,101	53.0	50.4	+20
Females	1,045	48.2	49.8	976	47.0	49.6	+69
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	44	2.0	4.7	32	1.5	4.1	+12
Australian citizens	1,929	89.1	89.3	1,880	90.5	88.9	+49
Eligible voters (citizens aged 18+)	1,509	69.7	70.8	1,434	69.0	69.2	+75
Population over 15	1,756	81.1	83.3	1,669	80.4	82.3	+87
Employed Population	979	96.7	95.2	982	95.6	93.4	-3
Overseas visitors (enumerated)	0	--	--	19	--	--	-19

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwellings

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Dwellings	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total dwellings	1,395	100.0	100.0	1,325	100.0	100.0	+70
Occupied private dwellings	974	69.8	79.2	895	67.5	77.7	+79
Population in non-private dwellings	48	--	--	64	--	--	-16
<i>Average household size (persons per dwelling)</i>	<i>2.26</i>	<i>--</i>	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.30</i>	<i>--</i>	<i>2.28</i>	<i>-0.04</i>

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

*Note that this is an estimate based on ERP at the SA1 level. It is subject to review after the next Census data release and may not match .id's population forecasts.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The population estimate for the District Council of Streaky Bay as of the 30th June 2022 is 2,257. Since the previous year, the population has grown by 0.71%. Population growth in Regional SA was 0.56%.

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the Australian Bureau of Statistics' official 2022 population figure for all Local Government Areas (LGAs) - but is subject to review after the next Census release. For areas smaller than LGAs, the ERP is derived from SA1 geographies based on population distribution from the previous Census. As such, these smaller geographies are subject to a greater level of revision each Census due to the change in actual numbers and in population distributions.

Populations are counted and estimated in various ways. The most comprehensive population count available in Australia is derived from the Census of Population and Housing conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics every five years. However the Census count is generally an under-estimate of the actual population, due to people missed in the Census and people overseas on Census night. To provide a more accurate population figure more frequently, the ABS also produces ERP numbers.

See [data notes](#) for a detailed explanation of different population types, how they are calculated and when to use each one.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Year (ending June 30)	Number	Change in number	Change in percent	Regional SA change in percent
2006	2,067	--	--	--
2007	2,100	+33	+1.60	+0.86
2008	2,126	+26	+1.24	+0.75
2009	2,140	+14	+0.66	+0.65
2010	2,157	+17	+0.79	+0.72
2011	2,175	+18	+0.83	+0.35
2012	2,170	-5	-0.23	+0.89
2013	2,194	+24	+1.11	+0.77
2014	2,180	-14	-0.64	+0.81
2015	2,164	-16	-0.73	+0.62
2016	2,168	+4	+0.18	+0.40
2017	2,173	+5	+0.23	+0.42
2018	2,183	+10	+0.46	+0.53
2019	2,196	+13	+0.60	+0.64
2020	2,219	+23	+1.05	+0.66
2021	2,241	+22	+0.99	+0.79
2022	2,257	+16	+0.71	+0.56

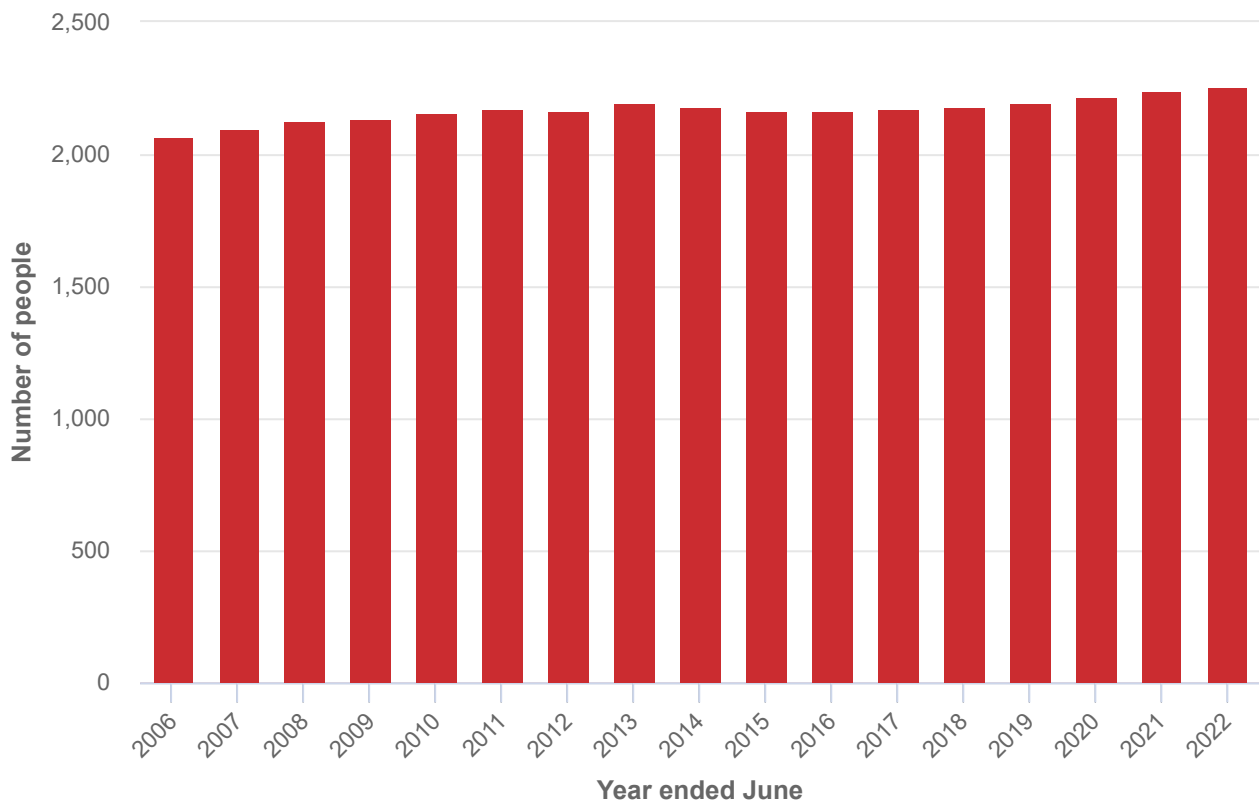
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

e [ERP benchmarked to South Australia and Australia](#)

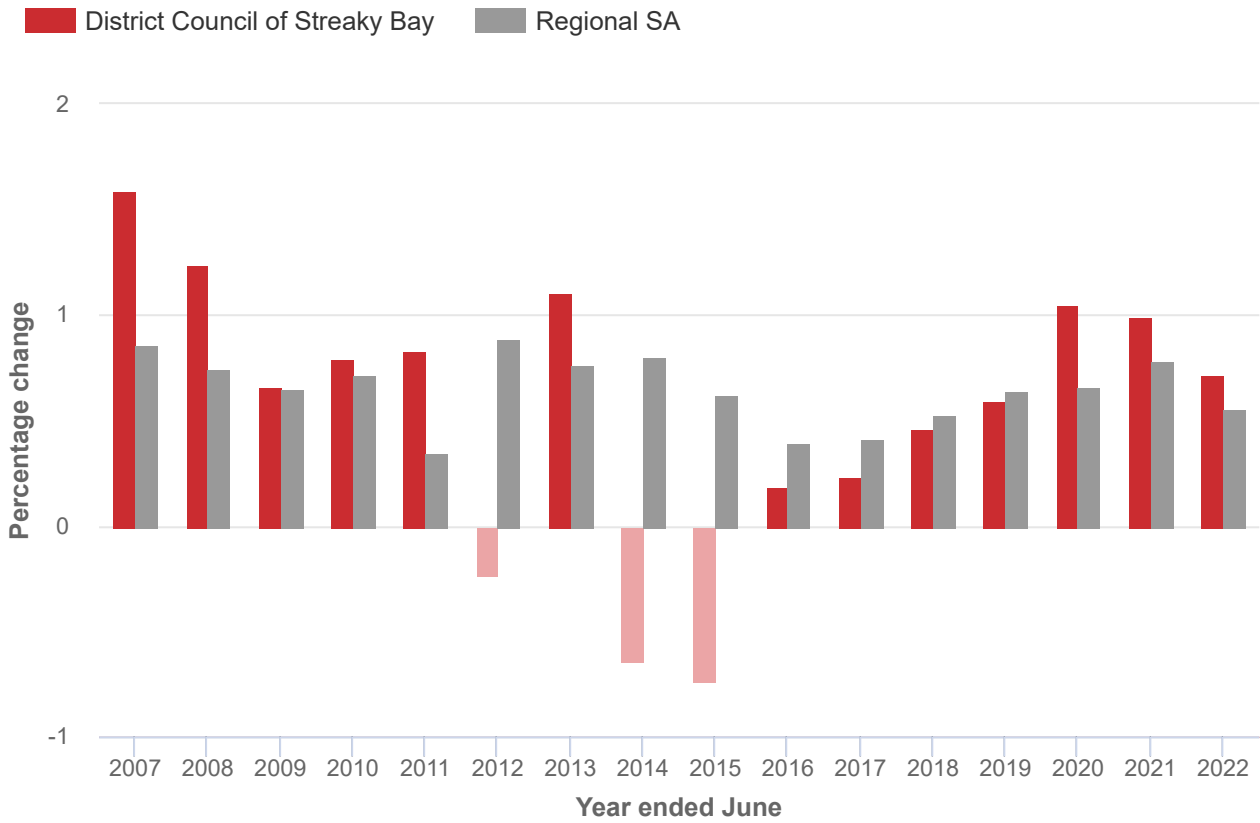
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

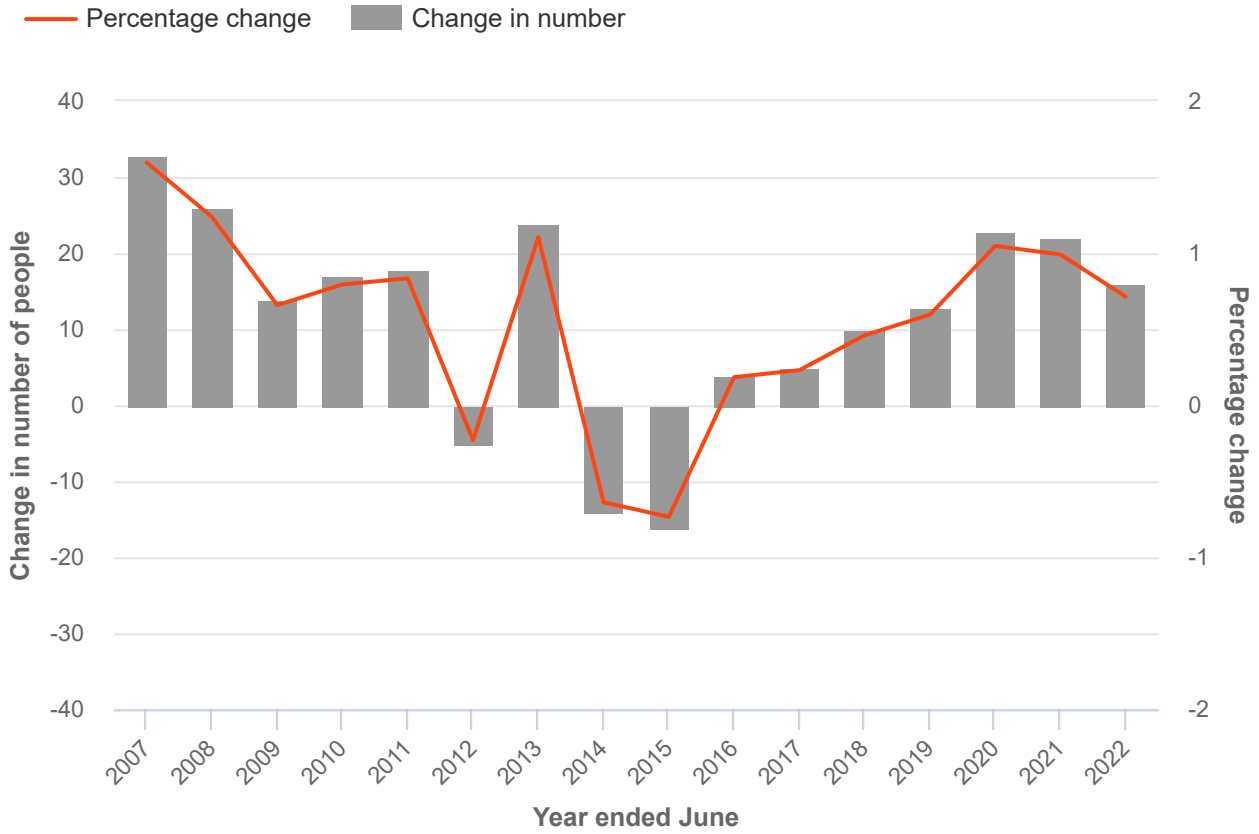
Percentage change in ERP - District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions)

Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Service age groups

In 2021, the District Council of Streaky Bay had higher proportion of children (under 18) and a higher proportion of persons aged 60 or older than Regional SA.

The Age Structure of the District Council of Streaky Bay provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of the District Council of Streaky Bay's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture the District Council of Streaky Bay's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

Age structure - Service age groups

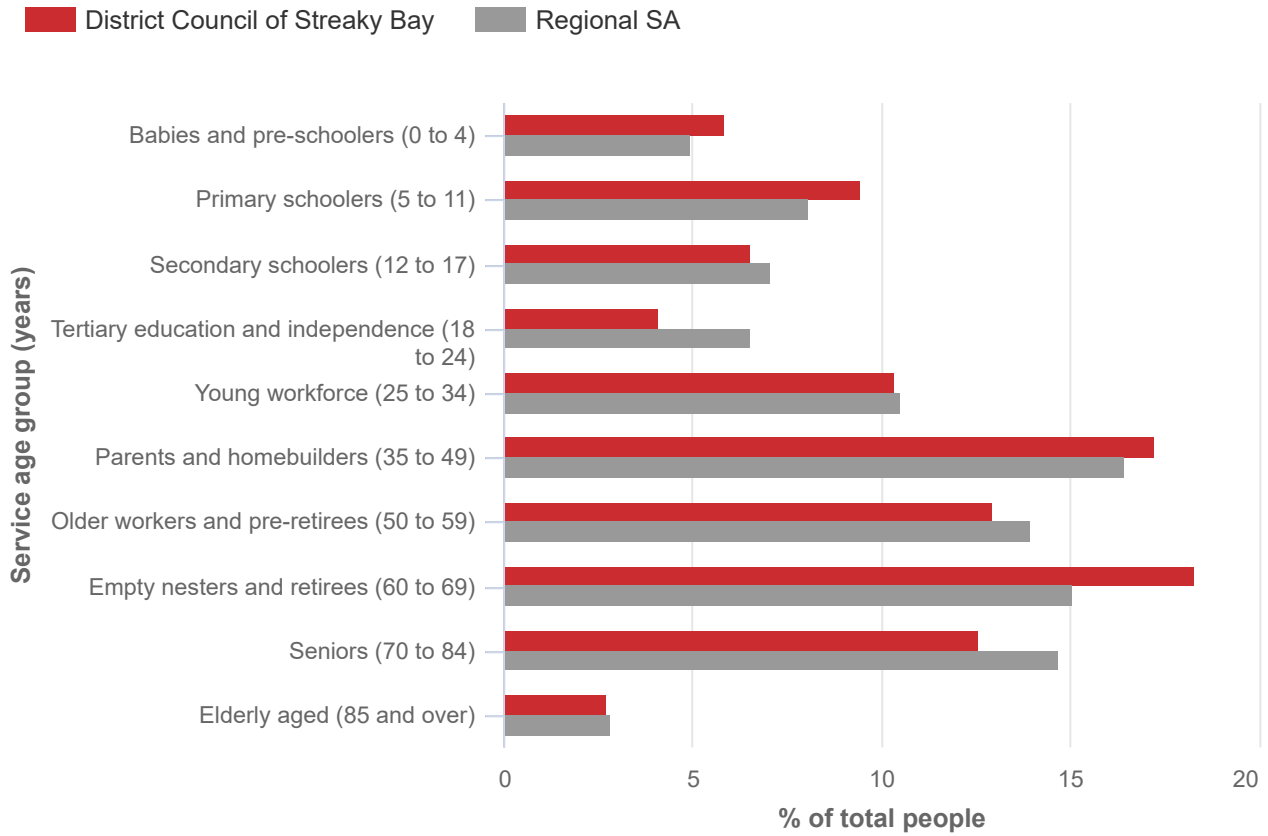
District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	126	5.8	4.9	132	6.4	5.5	-6
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	205	9.5	8.1	206	9.9	8.6	-1
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	141	6.5	7.0	135	6.5	7.2	+6
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	89	4.1	6.5	106	5.1	6.8	-17
Young workforce (25 to 34)	224	10.3	10.5	190	9.2	10.4	+34
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	373	17.2	16.4	380	18.3	17.8	-7
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	280	12.9	13.9	330	15.9	14.6	-50
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	396	18.3	15.1	339	16.4	14.4	+57
Seniors (70 to 84)	272	12.6	14.7	197	9.5	12.1	+75
Elderly aged (85 and over)	59	2.7	2.8	56	2.7	2.7	+3
Total	2,165	100.0	100.0	2,071	100.0	100.0	+94

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Age structure - service age groups, 2021

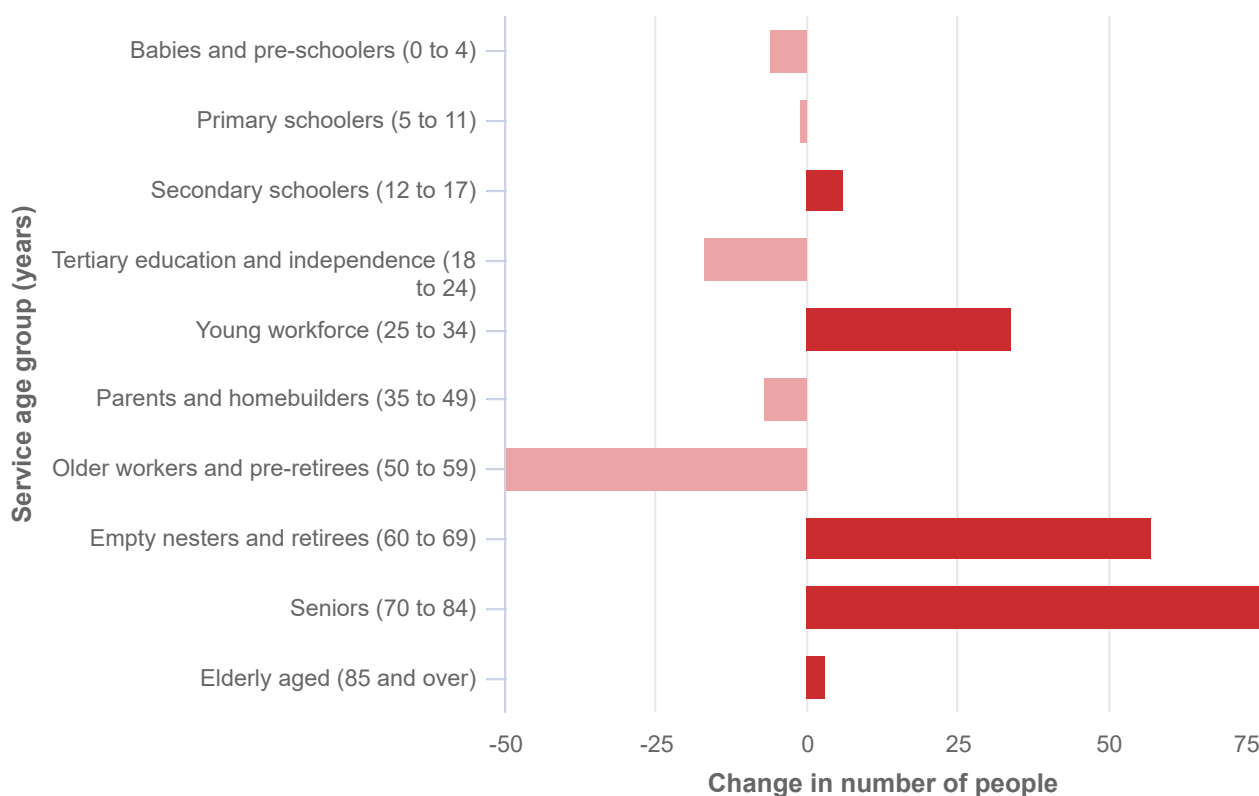
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - service age groups, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) as well as a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 21.8% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 33.6% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 20.0% and 32.6% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the age structure of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of 'Empty nesters and retirees' (18.3% compared to 15.1%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Primary schoolers' (9.5% compared to 8.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Tertiary education & independence' (4.1% compared to 6.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Seniors' (12.6% compared to 14.7%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, District Council of Streaky Bay's population increased by 94 people (4.5%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.89% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- Seniors (70 to 84) (+75 people)
- Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69) (+57 people)
- Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59) (-50 people)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Five year age groups

In 2021, the largest age group in the District Council of Streaky Bay was 65 to 69 year olds. The group that changed the most since 2016 was 65 to 69 year olds, increasing by 68 people.

The Age Structure of the District Council of Streaky Bay provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is also an indicator of the District Council of Streaky Bay's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Five year age groups present a classic age profile of the population. Each age group covers exactly five years, which enables direct comparison between each group.

To get a more complete picture the District Council of Streaky Bay's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

Age structure - Five year age groups

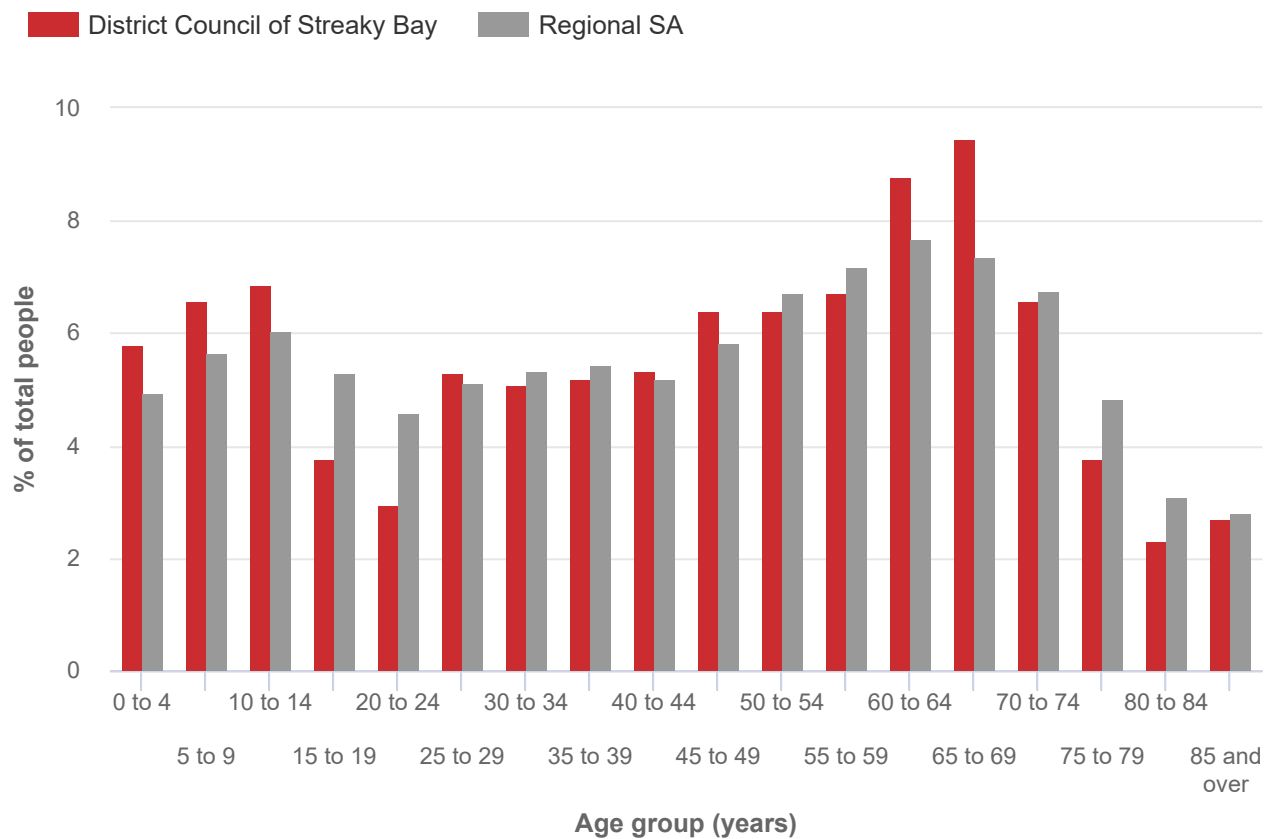
District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Five year age groups (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	126	5.8	4.9	132	6.3	5.5	-6
5 to 9	143	6.6	5.7	154	7.4	6.1	-11
10 to 14	149	6.9	6.1	126	6.1	6.0	+23
15 to 19	82	3.8	5.3	81	3.9	5.6	+1
20 to 24	64	2.9	4.6	89	4.3	4.8	-25
25 to 29	115	5.3	5.1	91	4.4	5.1	+24
30 to 34	111	5.1	5.4	100	4.8	5.3	+11
35 to 39	113	5.2	5.4	106	5.1	5.2	+7
40 to 44	116	5.3	5.2	136	6.5	5.9	-20
45 to 49	139	6.4	5.8	139	6.7	6.7	0
50 to 54	139	6.4	6.7	156	7.5	7.1	-17
55 to 59	146	6.7	7.2	177	8.5	7.5	-31
60 to 64	191	8.8	7.7	203	9.8	7.3	-12
65 to 69	206	9.5	7.4	138	6.6	7.1	+68
70 to 74	143	6.6	6.8	94	4.5	5.5	+49
75 to 79	82	3.8	4.8	66	3.2	3.9	+16
80 to 84	50	2.3	3.1	37	1.8	2.6	+13
85 and over	59	2.7	2.8	56	2.7	2.7	+3
Total population	2,174	100.0	100.0	2,081	100.0	100.0	+93

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Age structure - five year age groups, 2021

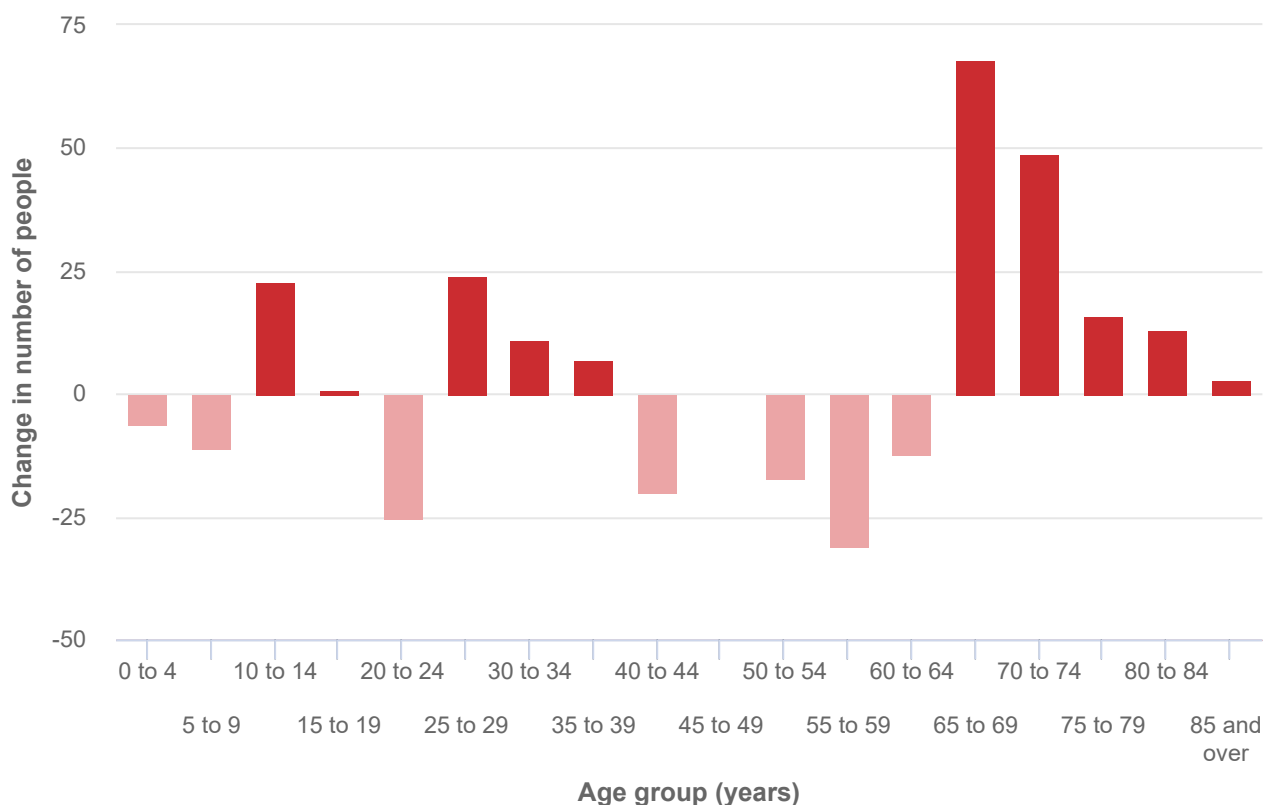
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - five year age groups, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the five year age groups of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (under 15) and a similar proportion of people in the older age groups (65+).

Overall, 19.2% of the population was aged between 0 and 15, and 24.8% were aged 65 years and over, compared with 16.7% and 24.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the age structure of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 65 to 69 (9.5% compared to 7.4%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 60 to 64 (8.8% compared to 7.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 20 to 24 (2.9% compared to 4.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 15 to 19 (3.8% compared to 5.3%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, District Council of Streaky Bay's population increased by 93 people (4.5%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.88% per year over the period.

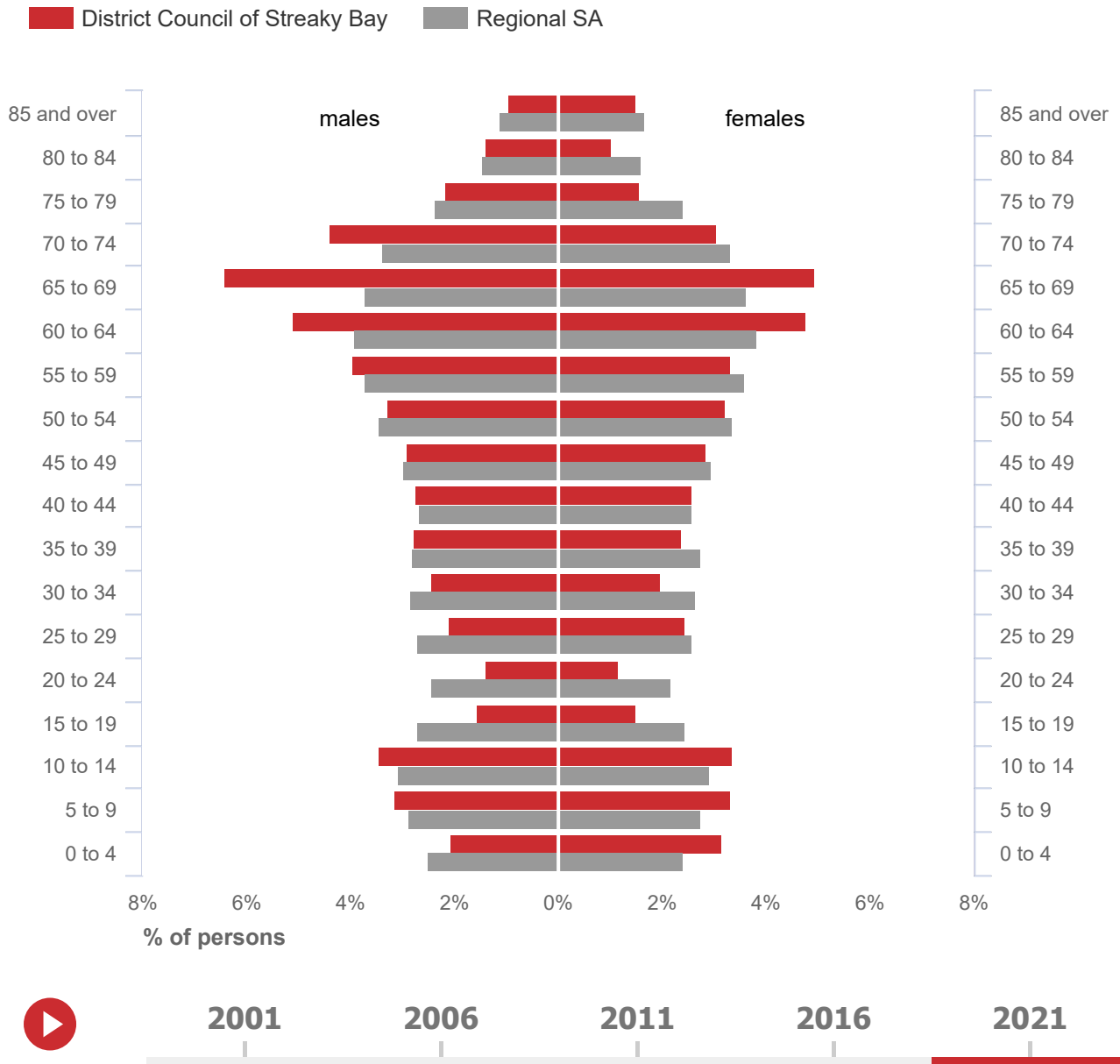
The largest change in age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 was in the age group:

- 65 to 69 (+68 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Age-sex pyramid

Age-sex pyramid, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), selected years between 1991-2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

The age-sex pyramid is a demographic tool which shows patterns of change in the age structure and sex ratio of an area over time. Its name comes from the traditional pyramid shape of an area which indicates a lot of children in large families, with a lower life expectancy and relatively few elderly. This shape is quite rare in developed nations like Australia. As nations and areas transition over time this shape turns into a column where there are less children a mix of ages including many elderly. Older areas with a lot of retirees or relatively few births may have a "reverse" pyramid formation where the largest proportion of the population is at the top of the chart. The sex ratio of males to females can also be seen - young areas are likely to have more males, while elderly areas generally have more females due to longer life expectancy.

The age-sex pyramid should be used in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types information to build up a picture of who is living in the area and how it is changing over time.

Further reading: [Using demographics to inform gender equality](#)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Ancestry

The three largest ancestries in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 were Australian, English and Irish.

Ancestry defines the cultural association and ethnic background of an individual going back three generations. Ancestry is a good measure of the total size of cultural groups in the District Council of Streaky Bay regardless of where they were born or what language they speak.

Ancestry data, should be combined with data on **Birthplace**, **Language Spoken at Home** and **Religion** for a more complete picture of the District Council of Streaky Bay's ethnic characteristics.

Please note that the "Australian Aboriginal" and "Torres Strait Islander" categories in this topic are not directly comparable from 2021 to previous years, due to a change in the wording of the question. In 2021, these options were marked boxes on the question rather than write-in options. The "Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Origin" question is still considered a more reliable count for this group, and can be found on the **Population summary** page.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of ancestry groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Ancestry - Ranked by size

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Ancestry	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Australian	1,003	46.3	40.5	954	46.1	42.1	+49
English	855	39.5	42.0	854	41.2	41.1	+1
Irish	245	11.3	7.7	233	11.3	7.8	+12
German	198	9.1	10.7	164	7.9	10.9	+34
Scottish	170	7.9	9.2	180	8.7	9.0	-10
Australian Aboriginal	36	1.7	4.3	6	0.3	1.2	+30
Italian	33	1.5	2.2	12	0.6	2.1	+21
Dutch	16	0.7	1.7	16	0.8	1.6	0
Greek	10	0.5	0.8	12	0.6	0.8	-2
New Zealander	10	0.5	0.4	9	0.4	0.3	+1

Excludes ancestries with fewer than 10 responses (multi-response).

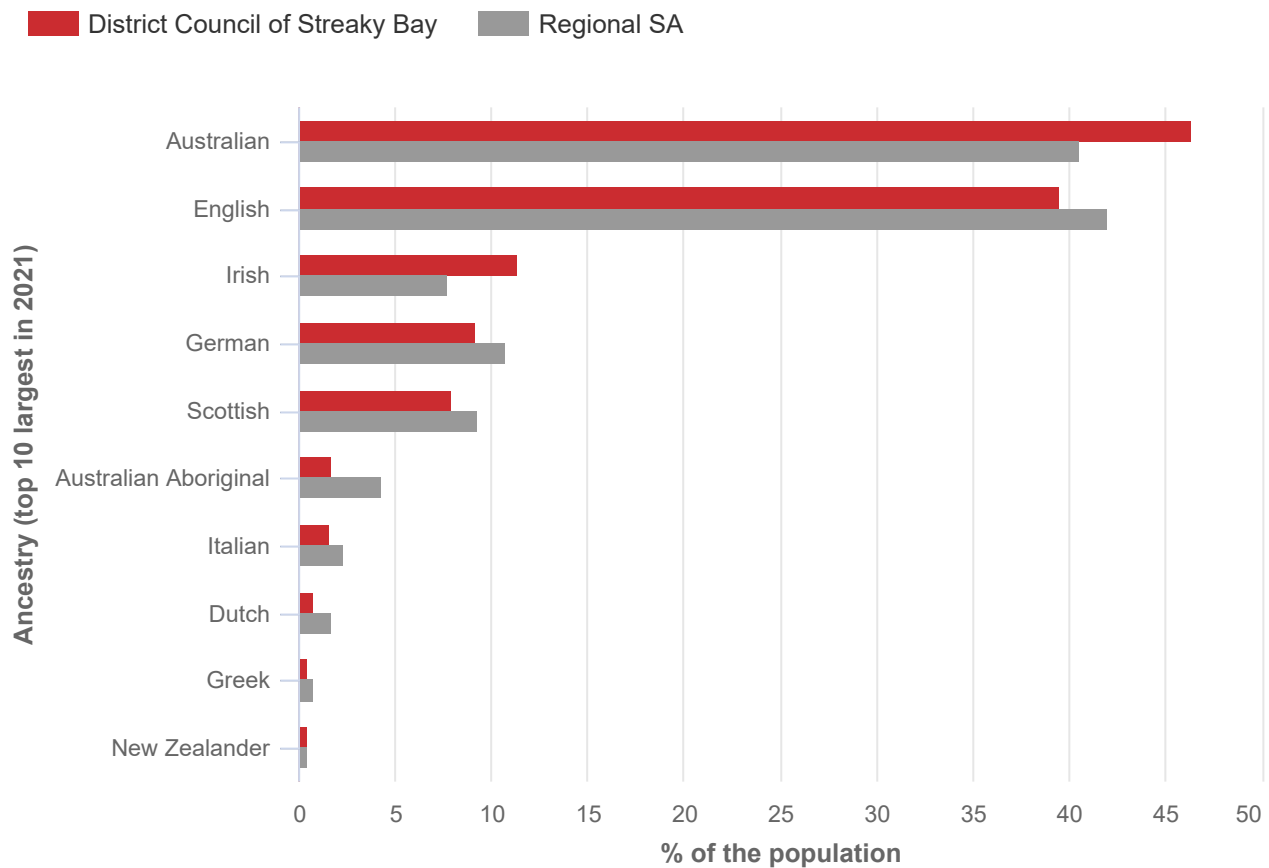
Ancestry - Totals

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Ancestry totals	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Not stated	175	6.5	5.6	158	6.2	6.1	+17
Total responses	2,697	--	--	2,560	--	--	+137
Total people	2,165	--	--	2,071	--	--	+94

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

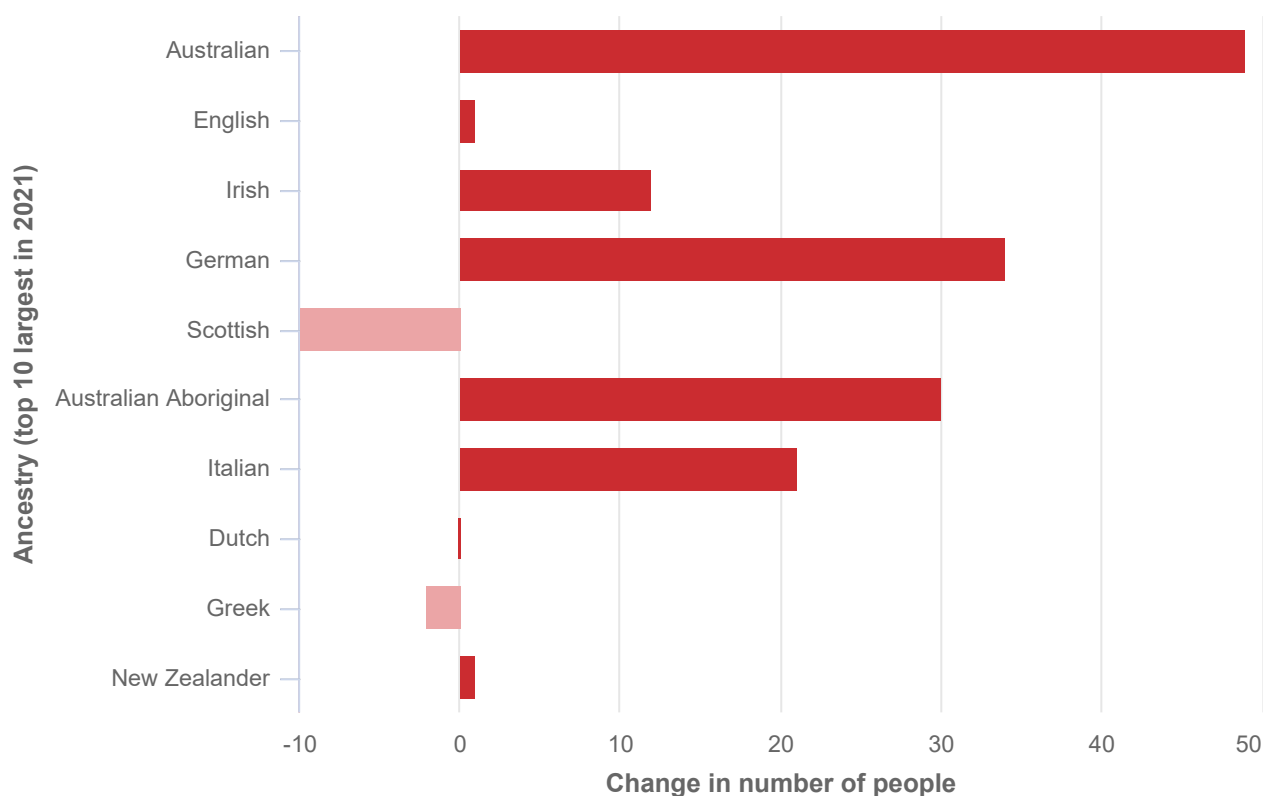
Ancestry, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in ancestry, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the ancestry responses of the population in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 shows that the top five ancestries nominated were:

- Australian (1,003 people or 46.3%)
- English (855 people or 39.5%)
- Irish (245 people or 11.3%)
- German (198 people or 9.1%)
- Scottish (170 people or 7.9%)

In combination these five ancestries account for 2,471 responses in total, or 114.13% of all responses.

The major differences between the ancestries of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of people with Australian ancestry (46.3% compared to 40.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of people with Irish ancestry (11.3% compared to 7.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people with Australian Aboriginal ancestry (1.7% compared to 4.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people with English ancestry (39.5% compared to 42.0%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Birthplace

In 2021, 5.1% of people in the District Council of Streaky Bay were born overseas, compared with 11.6% in Regional SA.

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in the District Council of Streaky Bay. The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, the District Council of Streaky Bay's Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total overseas born	110	5.1	11.6	104	5.0	11.2	+6
Australia	1,850	85.6	81.3	1,803	86.8	81.0	+47
Not stated	201	9.3	7.1	171	8.2	7.7	+30
Total Population	2,161	100.0	100.0	2,078	100.0	100.0	+83

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

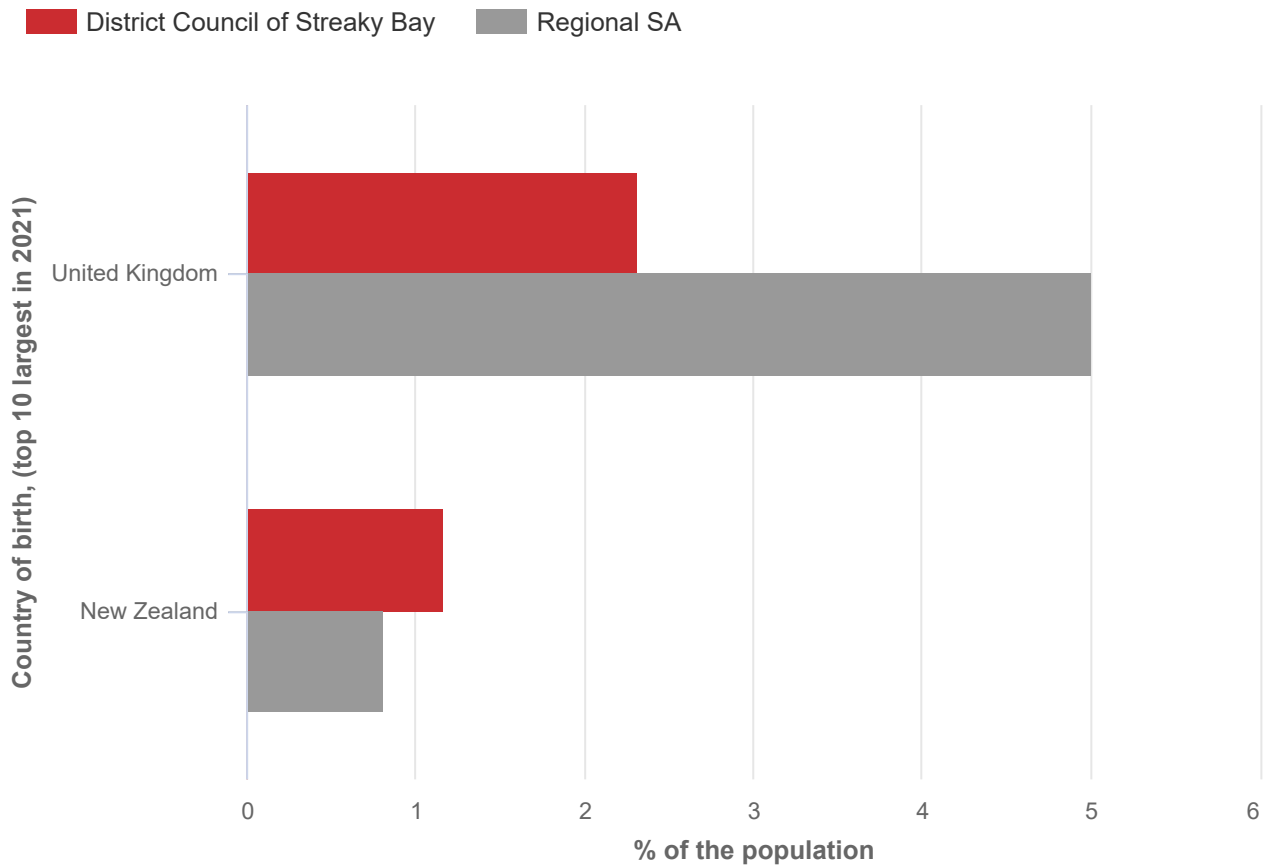
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Birthplace - Ranked by size

District Council of Streaky Bay - Overseas born (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
United Kingdom	50	2.3	5.0	43	2.1	5.1	+7
New Zealand	25	1.2	0.8	19	0.9	0.8	+6

Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

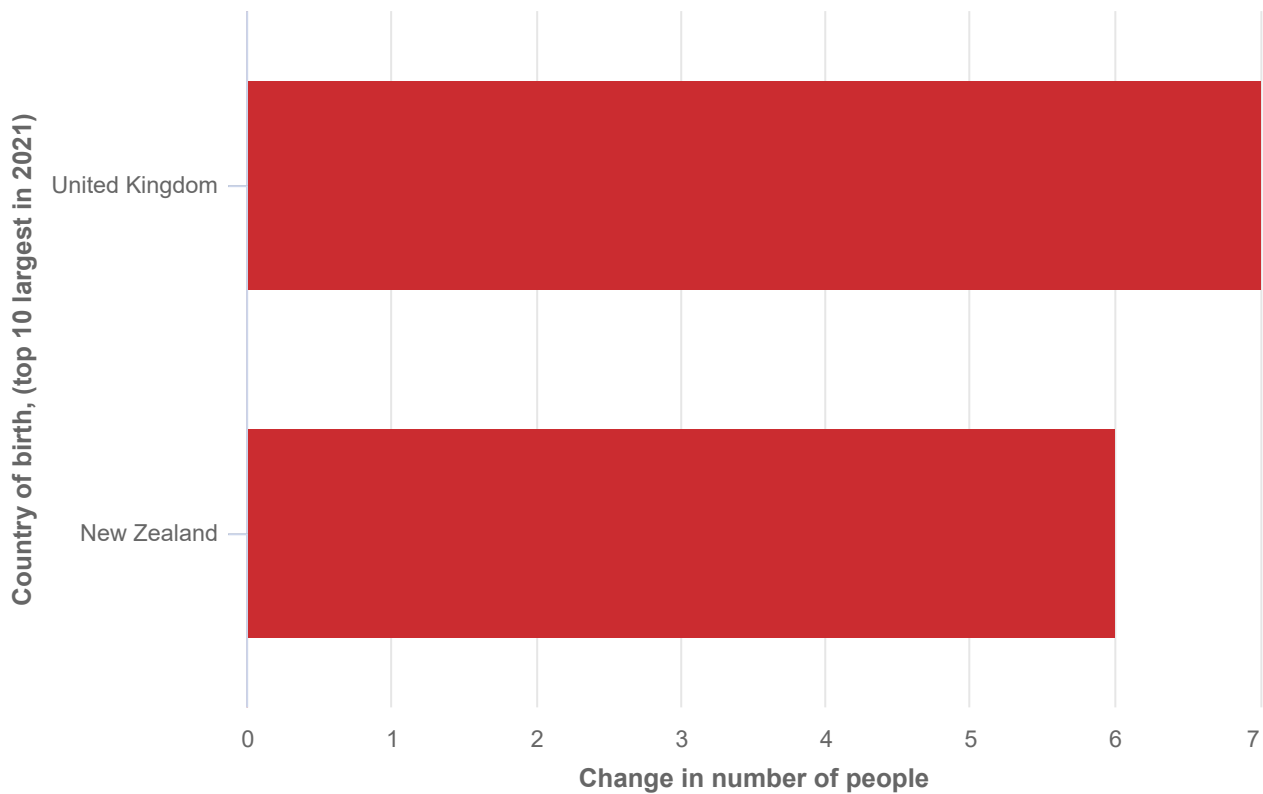
Birthplace, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in birthplace, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 5.1% of the population was born overseas, compared with 11.6% for Regional SA.

The major difference between the countries of birth of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA was:

- A *smaller* percentage of people born in United Kingdom (2.3% compared to 5.0%)

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people born overseas increased by 6 or 5.8%.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Overseas arrivals

110 people who were living in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 were born overseas, and 10% arrived in Australia within 5 years prior to 2021.

The Year of Arrival data records when the overseas born population arrived in Australia. The data shows the degree to which areas are 'ports' for new overseas arrivals and reveals the role of the District Council of Streaky Bay in housing the overseas-born. The number of recent overseas arrivals in an area is often determined by housing affordability, employment opportunities and pre-existing communities located in the area.

the District Council of Streaky Bay's Year of Arrival data, when used with Birthplace, Religion and Language Spoken at Home data, is a good indicator of the likely need for services in migrant communities.

Overseas arrivals

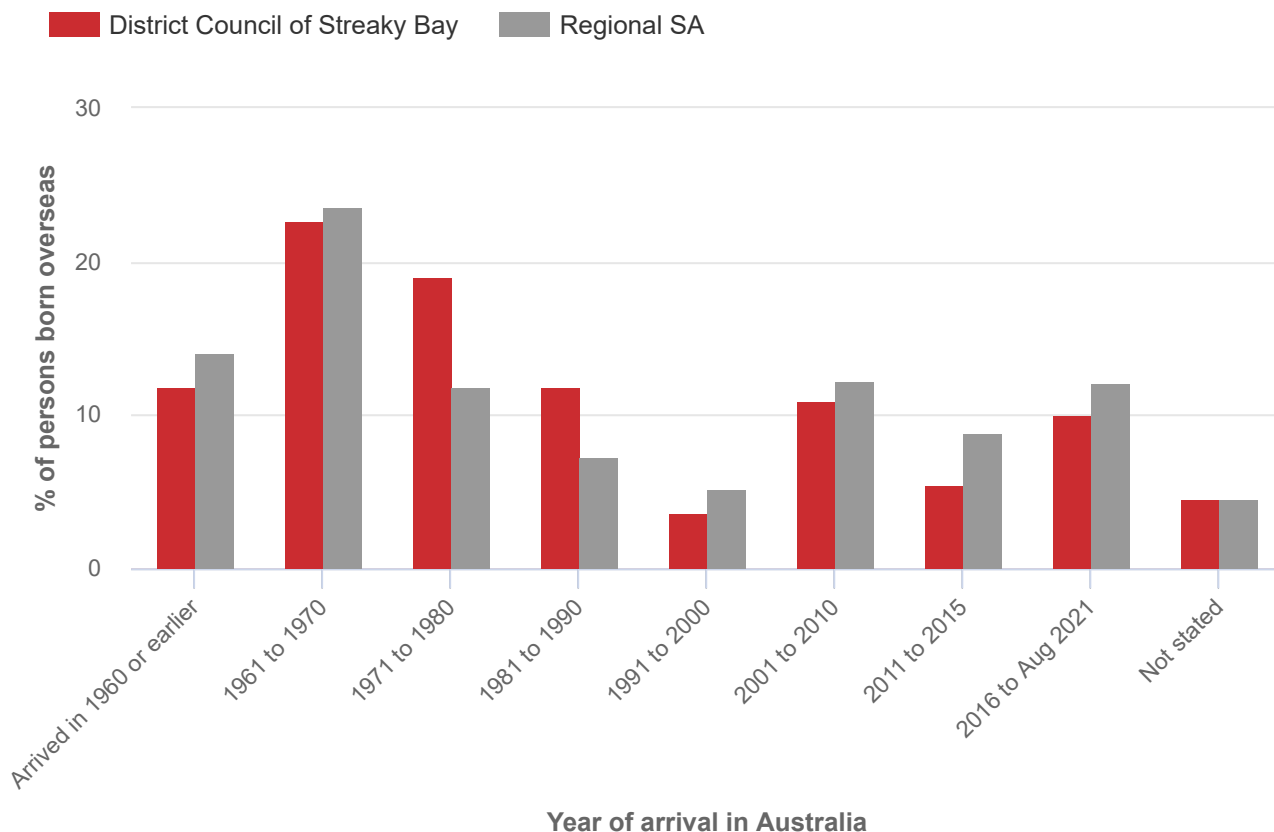
District Council of Streaky Bay - Overseas born (Usual residence)	2021		
Year of arrival in Australia	Number	%	Regional SA %
Arrived in 1960 or earlier	13	11.8	14.0
1961 to 1970	25	22.7	23.6
1971 to 1980	21	19.1	11.9
1981 to 1990	13	11.8	7.4
1991 to 2000	4	3.6	5.2
2001 to 2010	12	10.9	12.3
2011 to 2015	6	5.5	8.9
2016 to Aug 2021	11	10.0	12.2
Not stated	5	4.5	4.6
Total	110	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2021](#). Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Overseas arrivals, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the year of arrival for the overseas born population of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of people who arrived before 2001, and a smaller proportion of recent overseas arrivals (those who arrived between 2016 to Aug 2021).

Overall, 69.1% of the overseas born population arrived before 2001, and 10% arrived during or after 2016, compared with 62.0% and 12.2% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences in year of arrival data in the population between the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA are:

- A *larger* percentage of arrivals between 1971 to 1980 (19.1% compared to 11.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of arrivals between 1981 to 1990 (11.8% compared to 7.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between 2011 to 2015 (5.5% compared to 8.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between Arrived in 1960 or earlier (11.8% compared to 14.0%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Proficiency in English

In the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021, 4 people who spoke a language other than English at home reported difficulty speaking English.

Proficiency in English measures the self-assessed proficiency in spoken English of people who speak a language other than English at home. The data, when viewed with other ethnic and cultural indicators, such as **Ancestry**, **Country of Birth**, **Language Spoken at Home** and **Religion**, reflects the District Council of Streaky Bay's ethnic composition and how long the overseas born have been in Australia. This helps service providers determine whether they need to communicate with the local population in languages other than English.

Proficiency in English

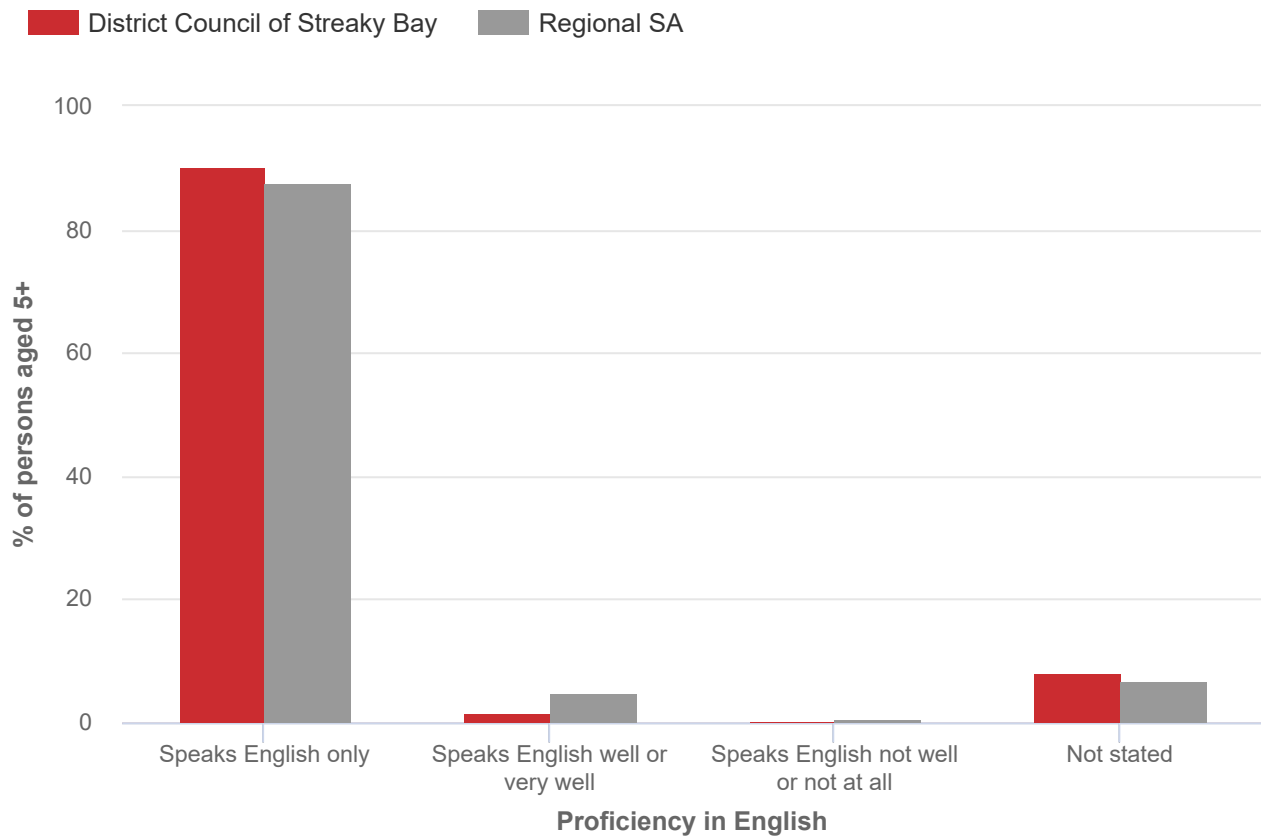
District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
English proficiency	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	1,953	90.1	87.7	1,897	91.8	87.9	+56
Speaks English well or very well	37	1.7	4.8	28	1.4	4.3	+9
Speaks English not well or not at all	4	0.2	0.7	0	0.0	0.8	+4
Not stated	173	8.0	6.7	142	6.9	6.9	+31
Total population	2,167	100.0	100.0	2,067	100.0	100.0	+100

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Proficiency in English, 2021

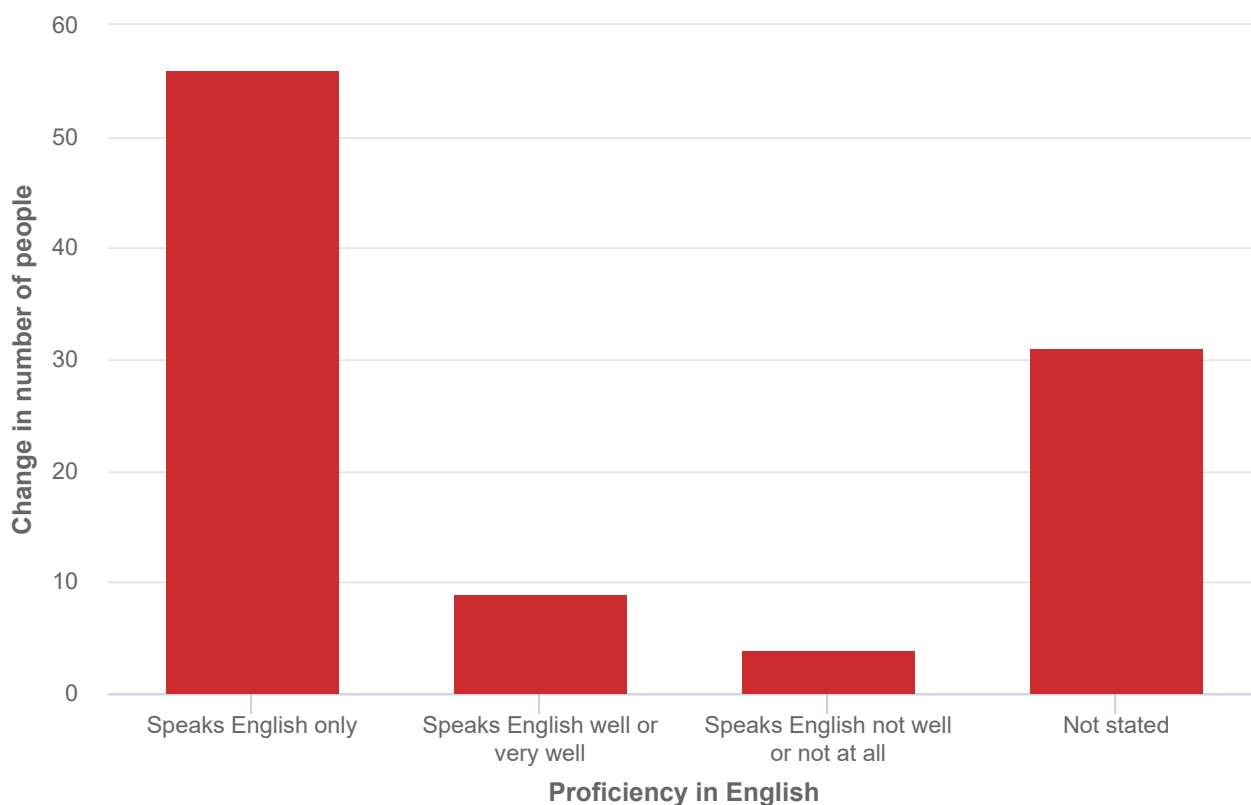
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in Proficiency in English, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the proficiency in English data of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who spoke English only, and a lower proportion of people who spoke another language and English not well or not at all.

Overall, 90.1% of people spoke English only, and 0.2% spoke another language and English not well or not at all, compared with 87.7% and 0.7% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in the proficiency in English of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 was in those speaking:

- Speaks English only (+56 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Language used at home

The District Council of Streaky Bay's language statistics show the proportion of the population who use a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with **Country of Birth** and **Proficiency in English** to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to ABS rules regarding perturbation of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Language used at home - Summary

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Language summary	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	1,953	90.2	87.7	1,897	91.5	87.9	+56
Non-English total	33	1.5	5.3	32	1.5	4.9	+1
Not stated	179	8.3	6.9	145	7.0	7.2	+34
Total Population	2,165	100.0	100.0	2,074	100.0	100.0	+91

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

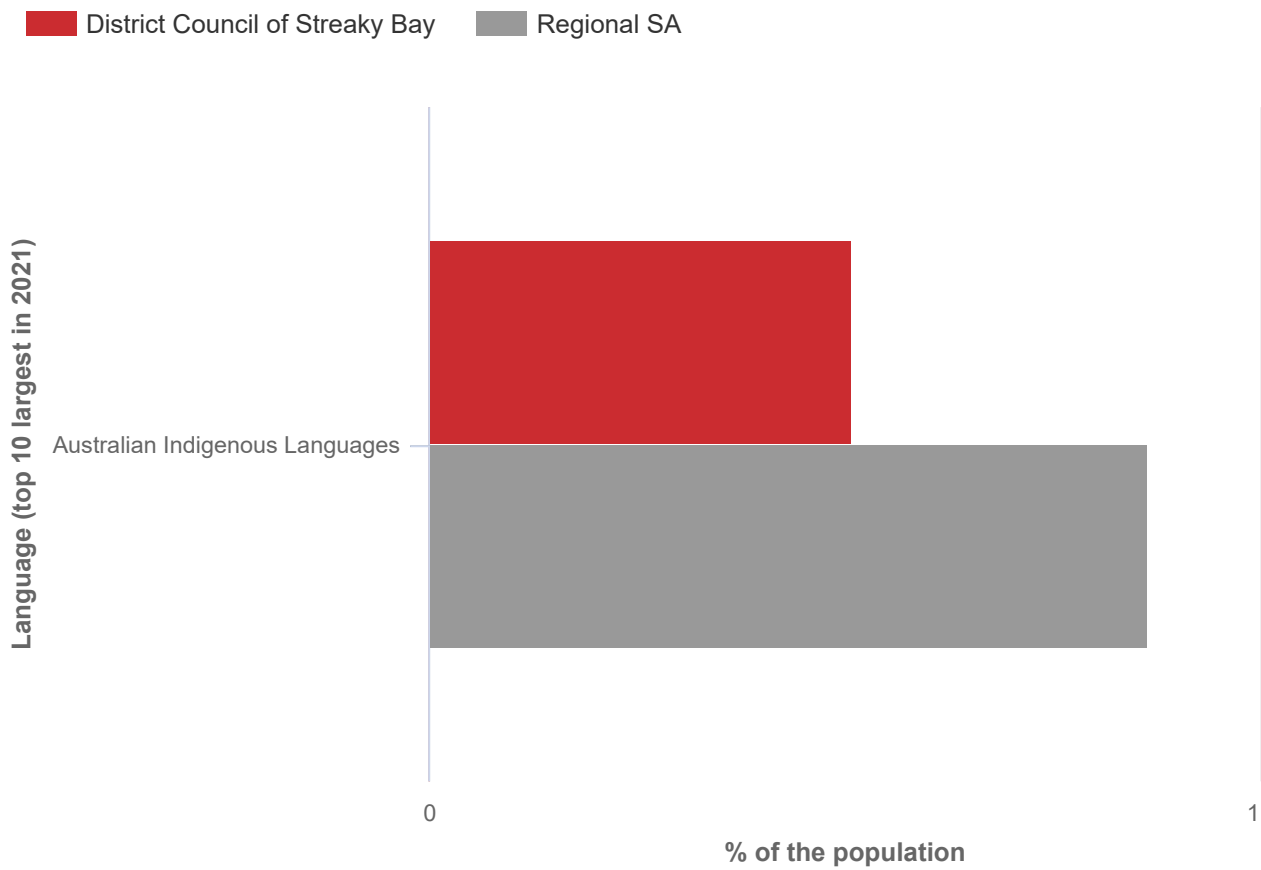
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Language used at home - Ranked by size

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Australian Indigenous Languages	11	0.5	0.9	5	0.2	0.7	+6

Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

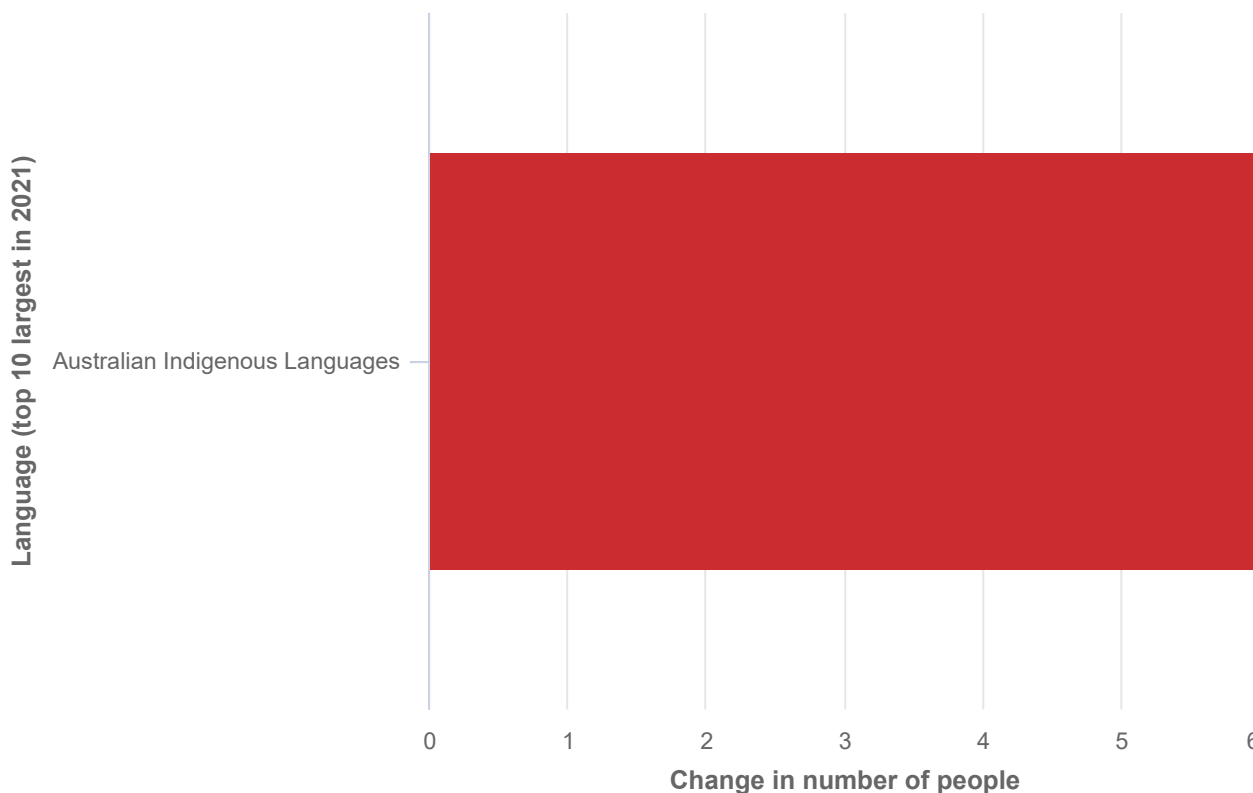
Language used at home, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in language used at home, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

The dominant language used at home, other than English, in the District Council of Streaky Bay was Australian Indigenous Languages, with 0.5% of the population, or 11 people using this language at home.

There were no major differences between District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA in 2021.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people who used a language other than English at home increased by 1 or 3.1%, and the number of people who used English only increased by 56 or 3.0%.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Religion

In the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021, the largest religious group was Western (Roman) Catholic (17.6% of all people), while 47.7% of people had no religion and 9.4% did not answer the question on religion.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as Country of Birth data and Language Spoken data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Religion - Summary

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Religion totals	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Christian total	879	41.1	40.9	1,194	57.5	52.5	-315
Non Christian total	29	1.4	2.0	25	1.2	1.8	+4
Non-classifiable religious belief	10	0.5	0.5	8	0.4	0.6	+2
No Religion/secular beliefs	1,021	47.7	47.8	653	31.5	35.3	+368
Not stated	202	9.4	8.9	195	9.4	9.8	+7
Total Population	2,141	100.0	100.0	2,075	100.0	100.0	+66

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Religion - Ranked by size

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Religion	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Western (Roman) Catholic	377	17.6	11.7	486	23.4	14.5	-109
Anglican	242	11.3	7.8	324	15.6	10.7	-82
Uniting Church	145	6.8	7.7	207	10.0	11.4	-62
Lutheran	50	2.3	5.3	75	3.6	6.5	-25
Christian,nfd	33	1.5	2.5	17	0.8	2.7	+16
Buddhism	13	0.6	0.6	10	0.5	0.6	+3
Presbyterian and Reformed	12	0.6	1.1	23	1.1	1.7	-11
Pentecostal	10	0.5	1.2	19	0.9	1.1	-9

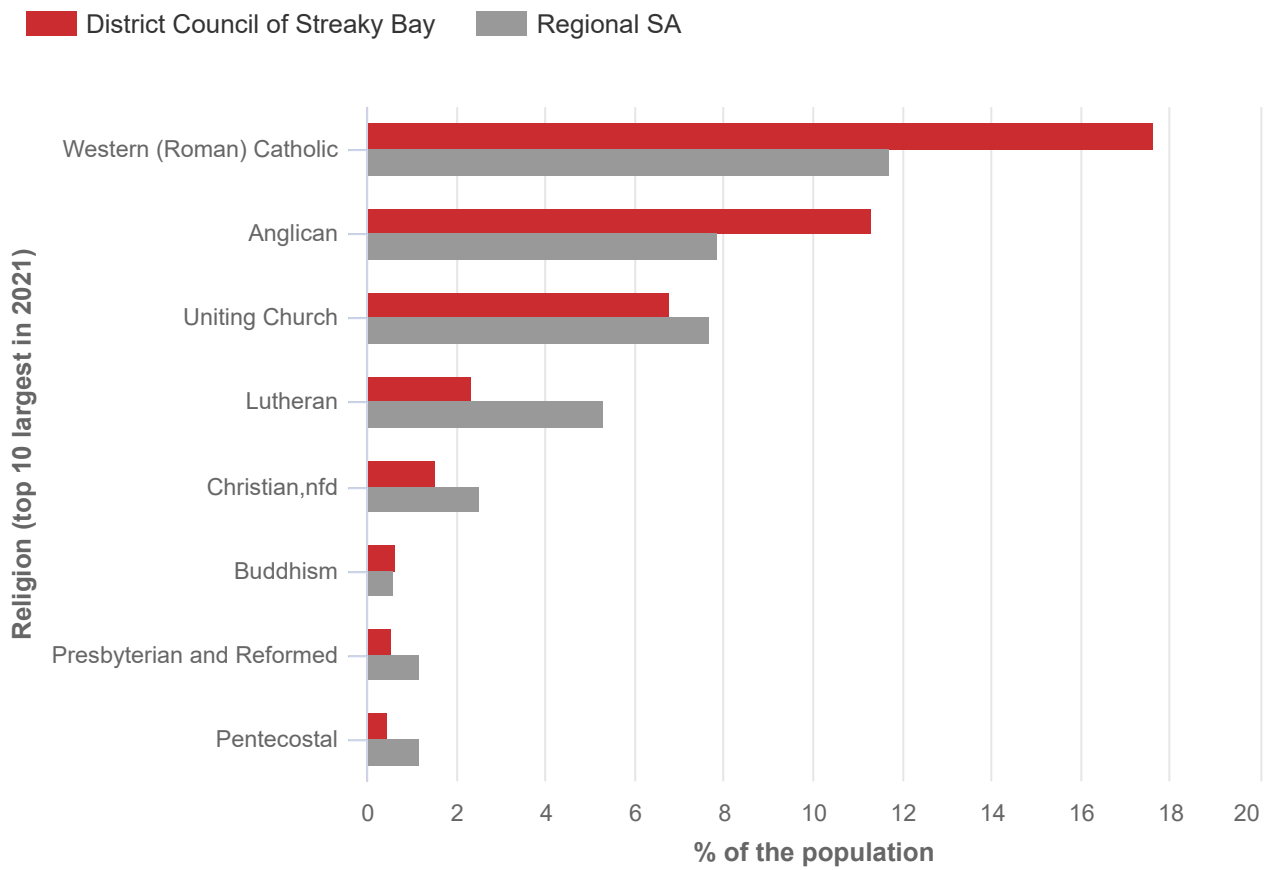
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

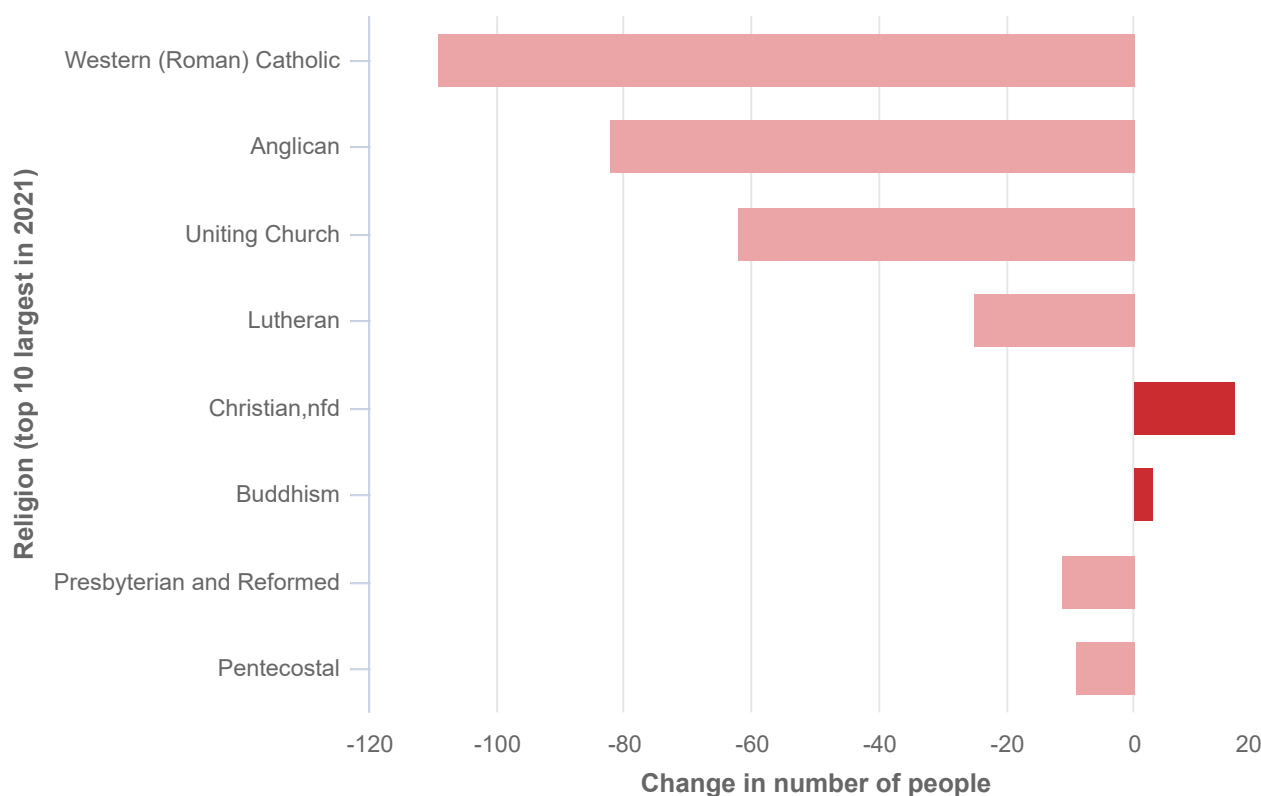
Religion, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in religion, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a similar proportion of people who professed a religion as well as a similar proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 42.4% of the population nominated a religion, and 47.7% said they had no religion, compared with 42.9% and 47.8% respectively for Regional SA.

The largest single religion in the District Council of Streaky Bay was Western (Roman) Catholic, with 17.6% of the population or 377 people as adherents.

The major differences between the religious affiliation for the population of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage who nominated Western (Roman) Catholic (17.6% compared to 11.7%)
- A *larger* percentage who nominated Anglican (11.3% compared to 7.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage who nominated Lutheran (2.3% compared to 5.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the religious affiliation of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021 were for those who nominated:

- Western (Roman) Catholic (-109 persons)
- Anglican (-82 persons)
- Uniting Church (-62 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay Qualifications

24.4% of people in District Council of Streaky Bay had a Vocational qualification in 2021, higher than Regional SA. This represents an increase of 40 people since 2016.

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as [Employment Status](#), [Income](#) and [Occupation](#), District Council of Streaky Bay's Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

[Learn more about planning education provision here.](#)

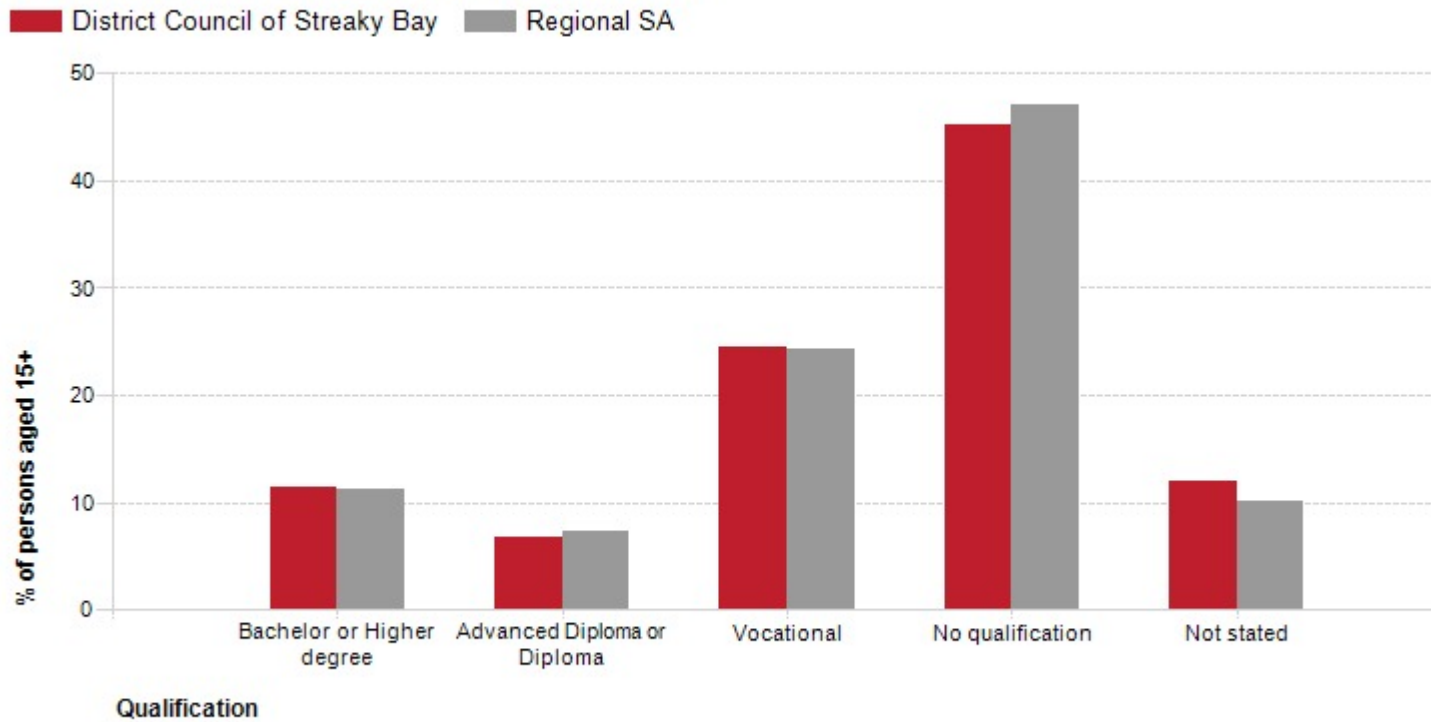
Highest qualification achieved

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	
Qualification level							2016 to 2021
Bachelor or Higher degree	200	11.5	11.3	162	9.8	9.3	+
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	119	6.8	7.3	95	5.8	6.8	+
Vocational	425	24.4	24.3	385	23.3	23.0	+
No qualification	785	45.1	47.1	822	49.8	48.7	-
Not stated	210	12.1	10.1	185	11.2	12.1	+
Total persons aged 15+	1,739	100.0	100.0	1,649	100.0	100.0	+

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

- [e Workforce qualifications by industry](#)
- [e Workforce field of qualifications by industry](#)
- [e Local labour force qualifications by industry](#)
- [e Local labour force field of qualifications by industry](#)

Highest qualification achieved, 2021

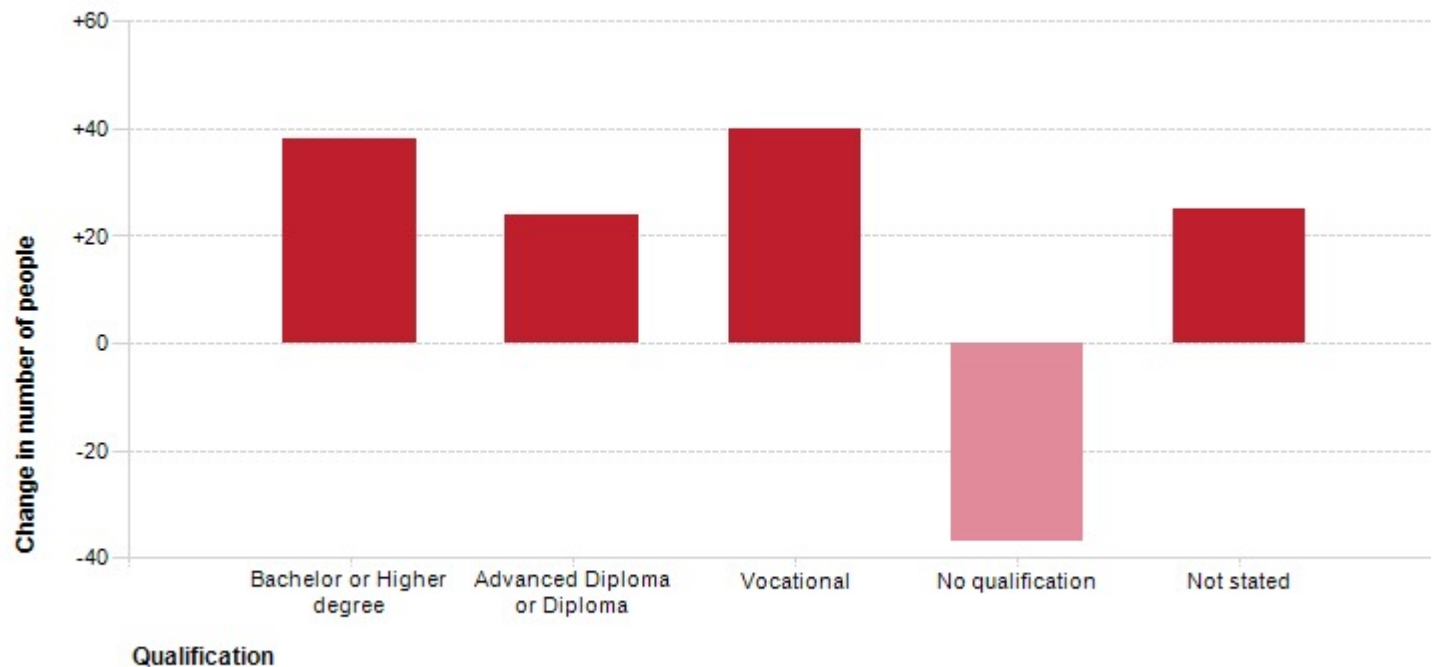


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data)
 Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Change in highest qualification achieved, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data)
 Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).



Dominant groups

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a similar proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma or Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a lower proportion of people with no formal qualifications. Overall, 42.8% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 45.1% had no qualifications, compared with 42.8% and 47.1% respectively for Regional SA.

The major difference between the qualifications held by the population of District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA is:

- A *smaller* percentage of persons with No qualifications (45.1% compared to 47.1%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

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District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Highest level of schooling

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 38.5% of people aged over 15 years had completed Year 12 schooling (or equivalent) as of 2021. This was greater than Regional SA.

the District Council of Streaky Bay's school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as Proficiency in English, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with Educational Qualifications it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

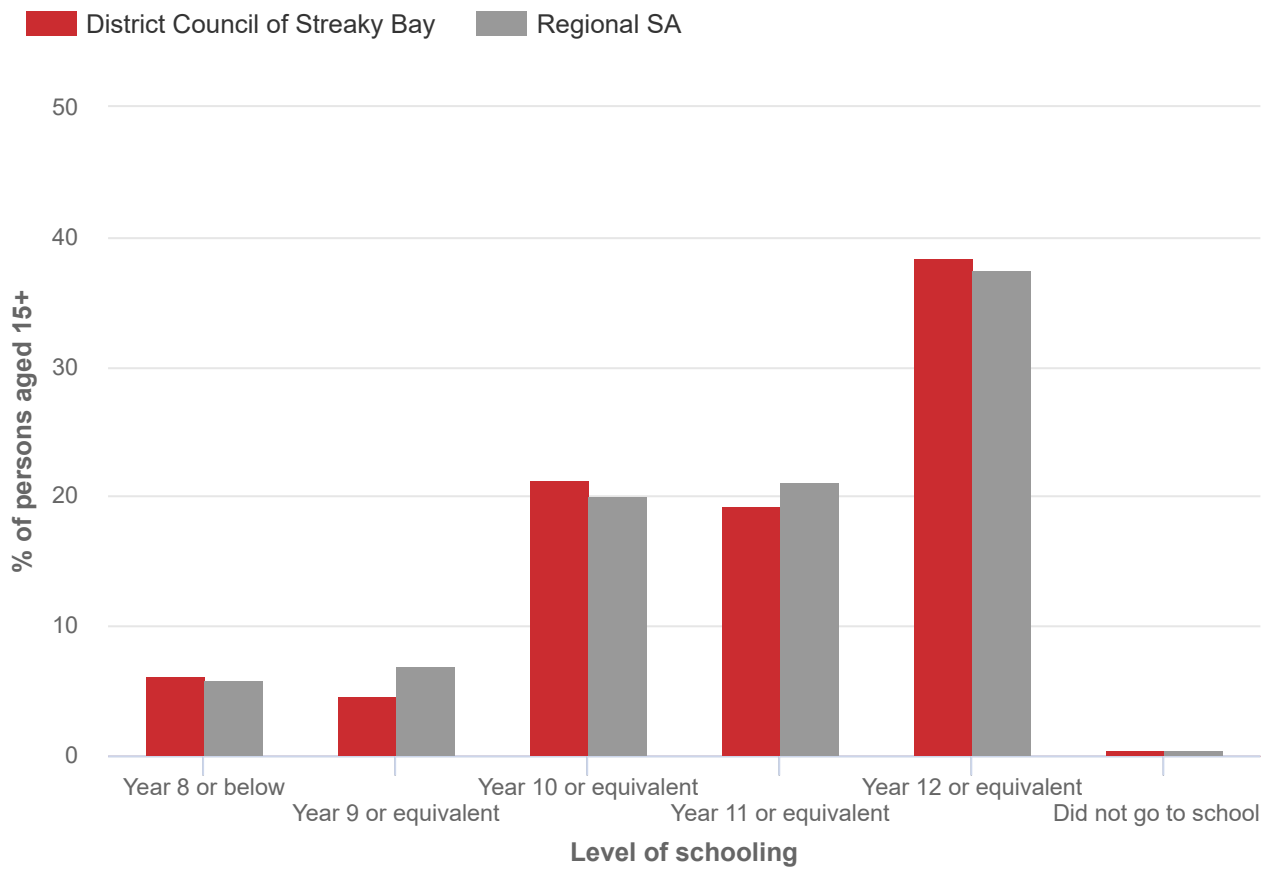
Highest level of secondary schooling completed

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Level of schooling	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Year 8 or below	109	6.2	5.8	115	6.9	7.2	-6
Year 9 or equivalent	82	4.7	6.9	83	5.0	7.2	-1
Year 10 or equivalent	372	21.2	20.0	340	20.5	20.2	+32
Year 11 or equivalent	338	19.3	21.2	343	20.7	21.3	-5
Year 12 or equivalent	674	38.5	37.6	596	36.0	33.4	+78
Did not go to school	8	0.5	0.5	4	0.2	0.4	+4
Not stated	168	9.6	8.1	175	10.6	10.2	-7
Total persons aged 15+	1,751	100.0	100.0	1,656	100.0	100.0	+95

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

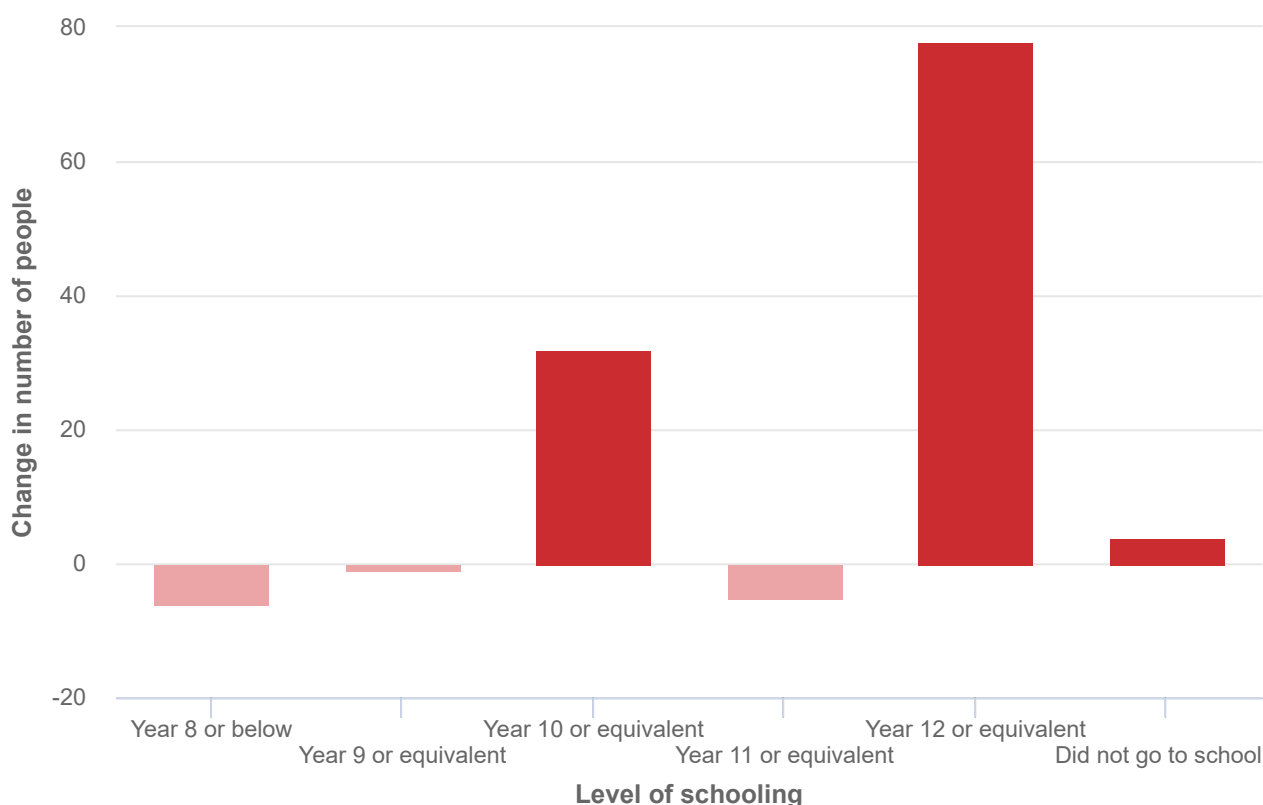
Highest level of schooling completed, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a higher proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 32.6% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 38.5% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 33.2% and 37.6% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (21.2% compared to 20.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 9 or equivalent (4.7% compared to 6.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 11 or equivalent (19.3% compared to 21.2%)

Emerging groups

The largest change in the level of schooling attained by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay, between 2016 and 2021 was:

- Year 12 or equivalent (+78 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Education institution attending

In 2021, 27 people in the District Council of Streaky Bay were attending university. This represents 1.2% of the population, compared to 1.5% in Regional SA.

The share of the District Council of Streaky Bay's population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

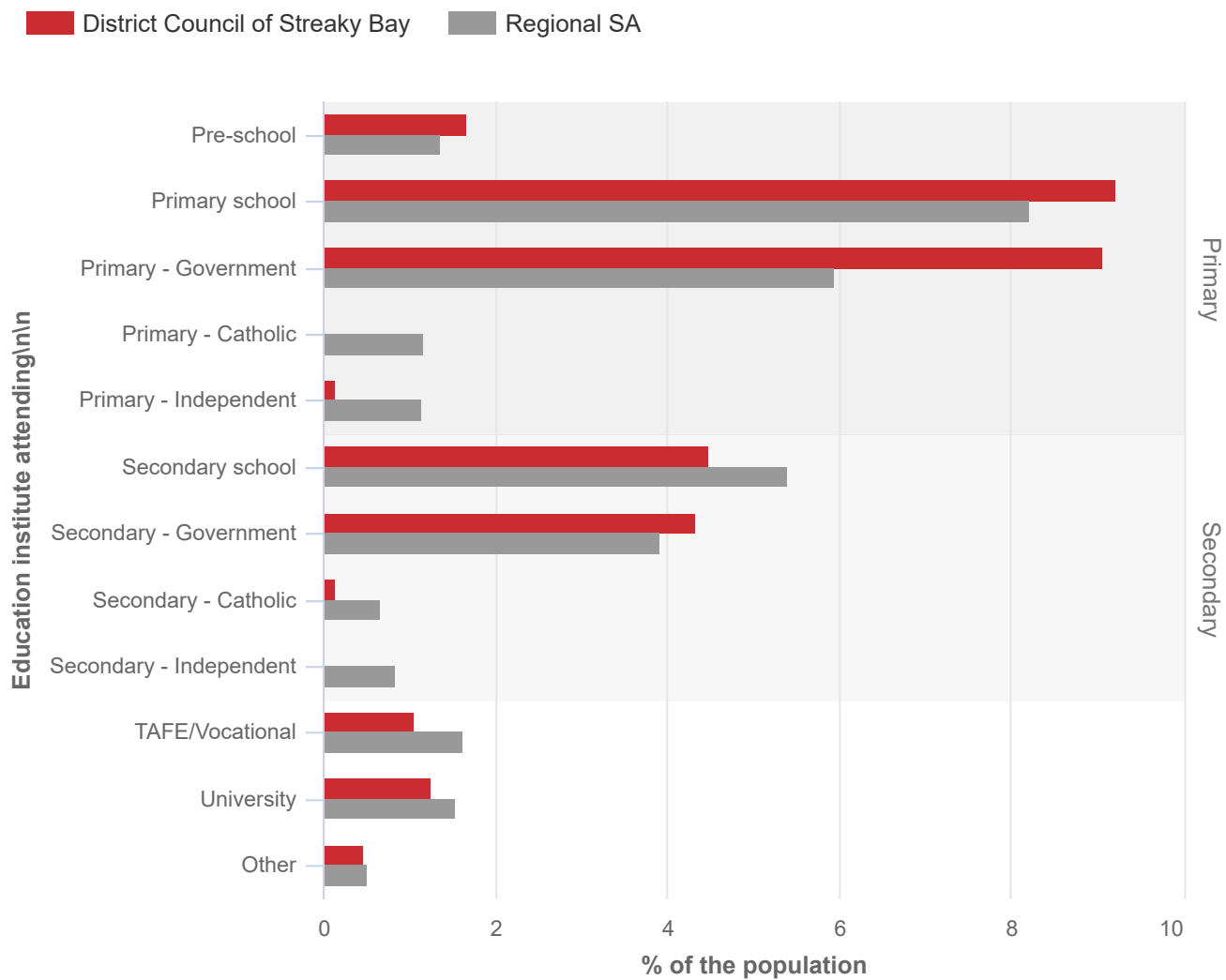
Education institution attending

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Type of institution	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Pre-school	36	1.7	1.4	38	1.8	1.1	-2
Primary school	200	9.2	8.2	210	10.1	8.7	-10
Primary - Government	197	9.1	5.9	210	10.1	6.4	-13
Primary - Catholic	0	--	1.1	0	--	1.1	0
Primary - Independent	3	0.1	1.1	0	--	1.2	+3
Secondary school	97	4.5	5.4	98	4.7	5.4	-1
Secondary - Government	94	4.3	3.9	92	4.4	4.0	+2
Secondary - Catholic	3	0.1	0.6	0	--	0.6	+3
Secondary - Independent	0	--	0.8	6	0.3	0.7	-6
TAFE/Vocational	23	1.1	1.6	24	1.1	1.5	-1
University	27	1.2	1.5	23	1.1	1.3	+4
Other	10	0.5	0.5	5	0.2	0.5	+5
Not attending	1,596	73.5	74.1	1,513	72.4	73.1	+83
Not stated	183	8.4	7.3	178	8.5	8.4	+5
Total	2,172	100.0	100.0	2,089	100.0	100.0	+83

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

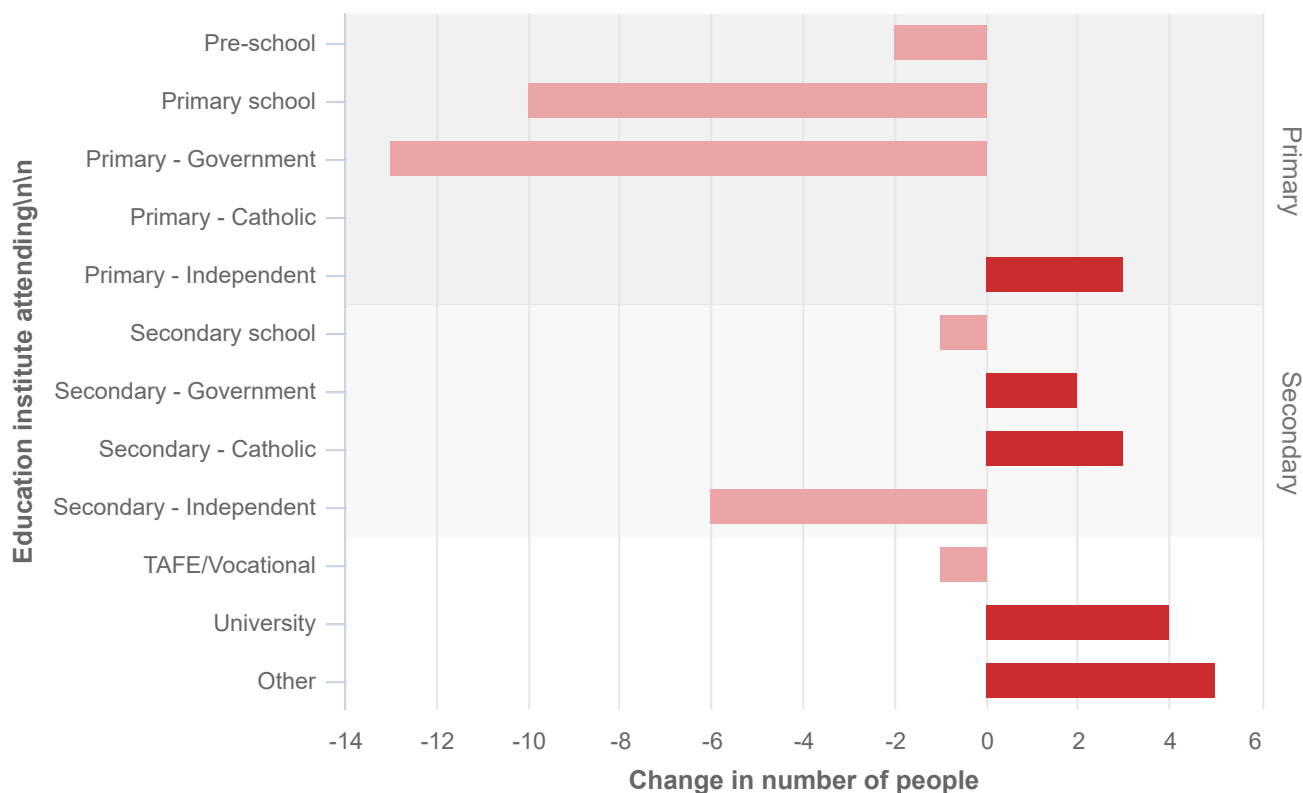
Education institution attending, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in education institution attending, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion attending primary school, a lower proportion attending secondary school, and a lower proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 9.2% of the population were attending primary school, 4.5% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 2.3% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.2%, 5.4% and 3.1% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons attending a Government primary school (9.1% compared to 5.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending a Catholic primary school (0.0% compared to 1.1%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, District Council of Streaky Bay's population increased by 83 people (+4.0%). This represents an average annual change of 0.78% per year over the period.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Need for assistance

In 2021, 90 people (or 4.2% of the population) in the District Council of Streaky Bay reported needing help in their day-to-day lives due to disability. This was a similar percentage to 2016.

the District Council of Streaky Bay's disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. the District Council of Streaky Bay's disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on Unpaid Care to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	Regional SA %	Number	% of total age group	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	0	--	1.6	0	--	1.3	0
5 to 9	0	--	5.0	7	4.5	3.9	-7
10 to 19	7	3.1	4.9	8	3.8	3.6	-1
20 to 59	14	1.5	3.7	6	0.6	3.7	+8
60 to 64	14	7.3	6.6	12	5.9	6.5	+2
65 to 69	3	1.5	7.5	6	4.3	8.0	-3
70 to 74	12	8.4	10.1	7	7.8	9.2	+5
75 to 79	8	10.1	14.1	7	12.1	13.0	+1
80 to 84	9	17.6	22.8	13	28.9	21.4	-4
85 and over	26	48.1	45.2	15	31.3	41.7	+11
Total persons needing assistance	90	4.2	7.0	78	3.8	6.2	+12

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

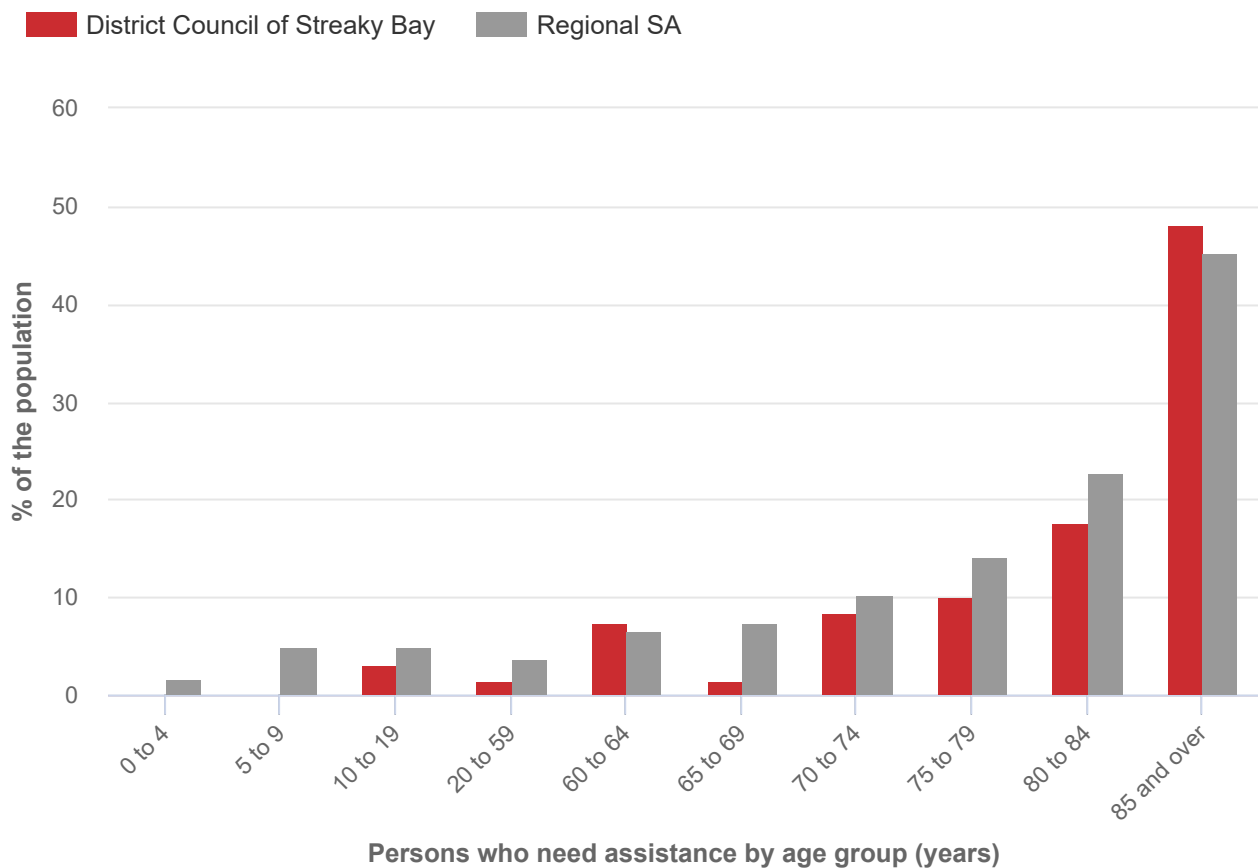
Need for assistance with core activities summary

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total persons needing assistance	90	4.2	7.0	78	3.8	6.2	+12
Total persons not needing assistance	1,890	87.6	85.8	1,836	88.5	85.8	+54
Not stated	177	8.2	7.1	161	7.8	7.9	+16
Total Population	2,157	100.0	100.0	2,075	100.0	100.0	+82

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

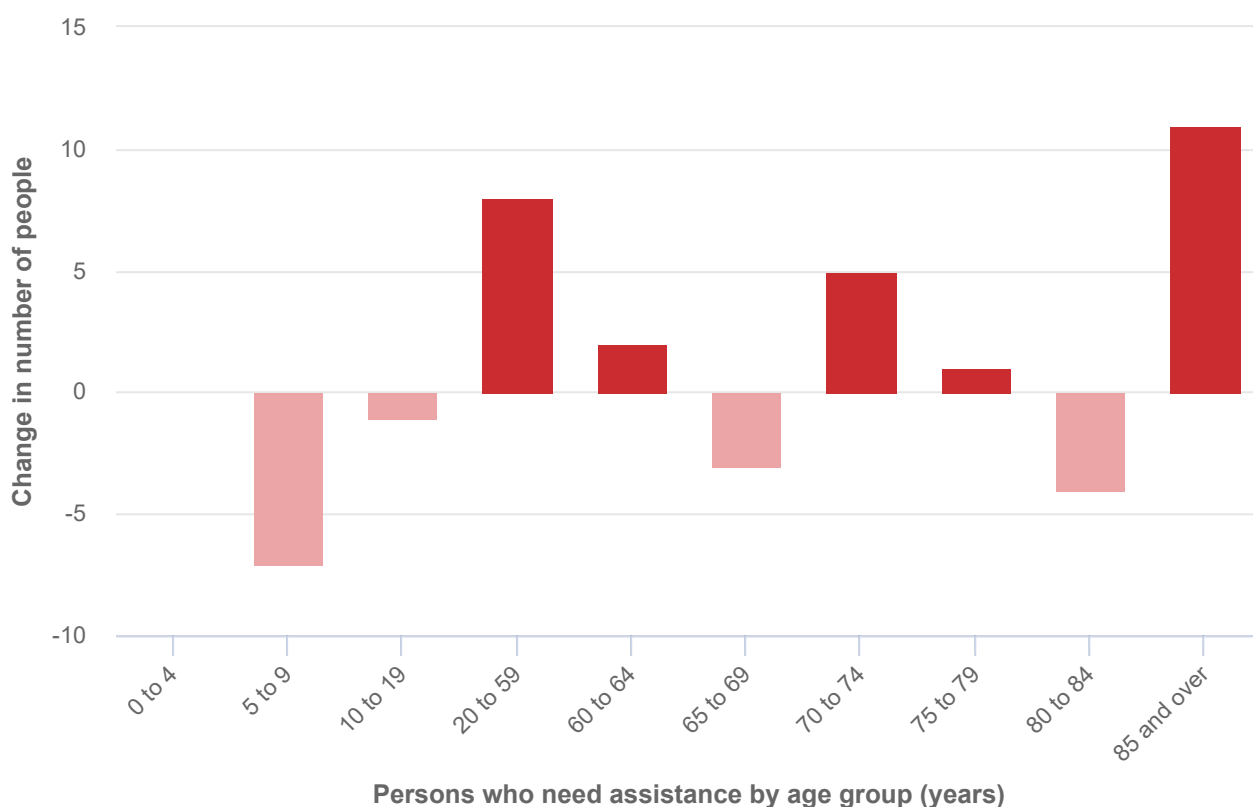
Need for assistance with core activities, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 4.2% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 7.0% for Regional SA.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 65 to 69 (1.5% compared to 7.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (17.6% compared to 22.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 5 to 9 (0.0% compared to 5.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (10.1% compared to 14.1%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Long term health conditions

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, the most common long-term health condition was arthritis, while 29.6% of the population reported one or more health conditions, a lower rate than in Regional SA (37.5%).

The 2021 Census looked for the first time at the level of incidence of selected long-term health conditions in the community. The Census question asked respondents if they have been diagnosed with a specific condition (or other condition) from a list of ten conditions plus "other". Combined, these ten conditions comprise approximately 60% of Australia's deaths, and even those which are not deadly contribute substantially to the burden of disease.

It is well known that socio-economic factors also contribute to morbidity and health outcomes, with lower-socio economic characteristics correlated with higher incidence of some health conditions. The inclusion of this topic in the Census enables these factors to be explored in more detail.

Also, in society, health conditions tend to increase with age. For these reasons, it is recommended that long-term health conditions data for be viewed at in conjunction with age structure, household income, educational qualifications, and need for assistance datasets, along with the SEIFA index of disadvantage.

Long term health conditions

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons (Usual residence)	2021		
Long-term health conditions	Number	%	Regional SA %
Arthritis	223	10.3	12.2
Asthma	141	6.5	9.6
Cancer (including remission)	66	3.1	3.6
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	16	0.7	1.0
Diabetes	99	4.6	6.7
Heart disease	84	3.9	5.5
Kidney disease	14	0.6	1.0
Lung condition	44	2.0	2.7
Mental health condition	122	5.6	9.9
Stroke	26	1.2	1.2
Other long-term health condition	120	5.6	8.3

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2021](#). Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

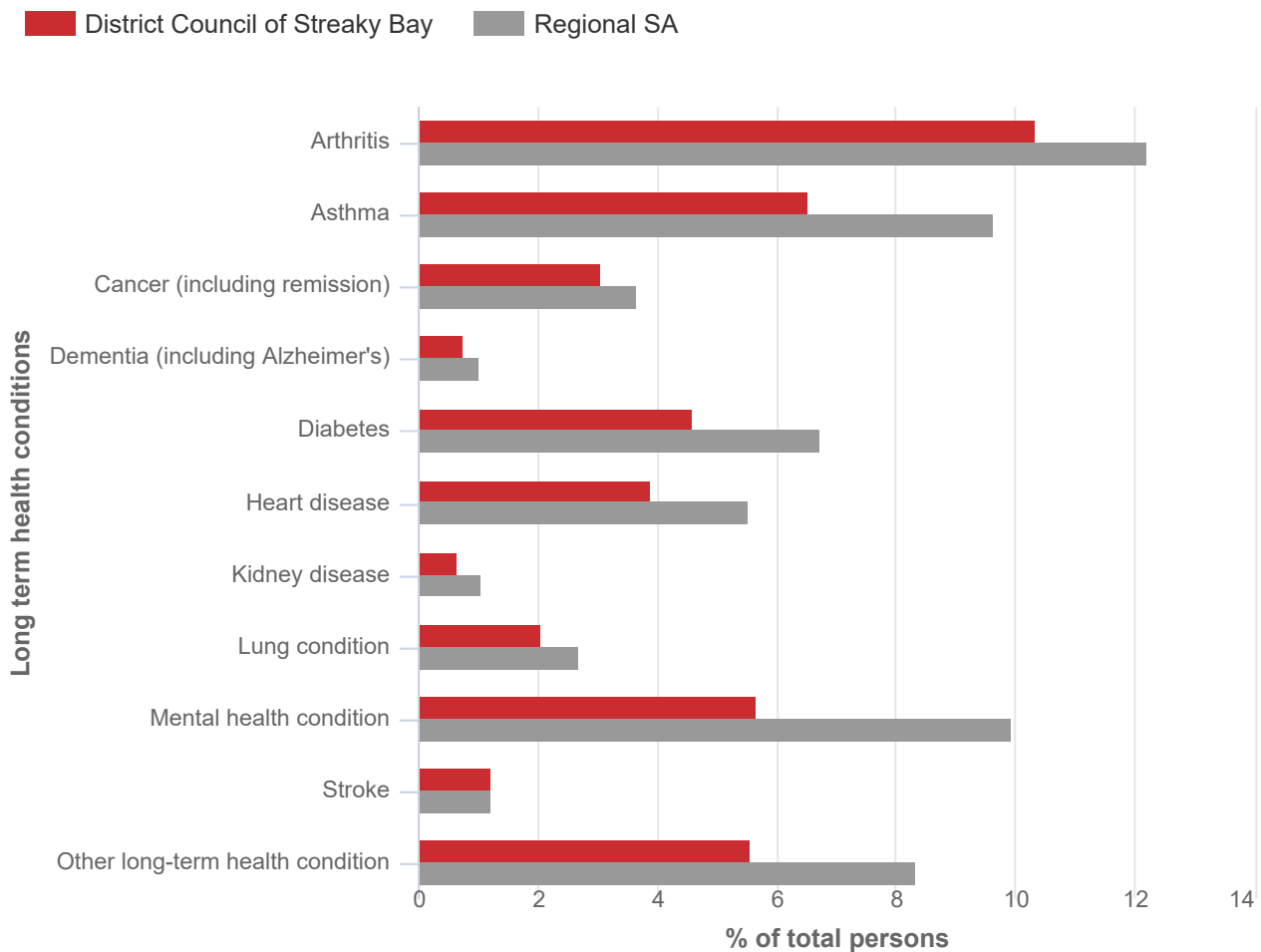
[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Long term health conditions - Summary

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons (Usual residence)	2021		
Long-term health conditions - Summary	Number	%	Regional SA %
Population with at least one long-term health condition	639	29.6	37.5
No long-term health conditions	1,303	60.3	53.1
Not stated	219	10.1	9.3
Total persons	2,161	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).
 Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions, all persons, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the long term health conditions of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people with a long-term health condition 29.6% compared to 37.5% in Regional SA.

The major differences in the long-term health conditions between the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA are:

- A *smaller* percentage with mental health condition (5.6% compared to 9.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage with asthma (6.5% compared to 9.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage with other long-term health condition (5.6% compared to 8.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage with diabetes (4.6% compared to 6.7%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Employment status

979 people living in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 were employed, of which 53% worked full-time and 40% part-time.

the District Council of Streaky Bay's employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or part-time employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including **Age Structure**, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (**Occupations, Industries, Qualifications**).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate - the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate - the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Please note that in the 2021 Census, due to the COVID pandemic and lockdowns in many areas, the proportion of people who were employed but away from work in the week before Census has increased. We have no information on whether these people were normally employed full or part time so this is shown separately.

Labour force status

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Labour force status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Total labour force (Participation rate)	1,012	57.7	54.1	1,027	61.8	54.4	-15
Not in the labour force	588	33.5	39.2	503	30.2	38.6	+85
Labour force status not stated	153	8.7	6.7	128	7.7	6.9	+25
Total persons aged 15+	1,753	100.0	100.0	1,663	100.0	100.0	+90

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment status

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons in the labour force (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Employment status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Employed	979	96.7	95.2	982	95.6	93.4	-3
Employed full-time	518	51.2	53.5	539	52.5	53.8	-21
Employed part-time	389	38.4	34.9	363	35.3	33.6	+26
Employed, away from work	72	7.1	6.7	80	7.8	6.0	-8
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	33	3.3	4.8	45	4.4	6.6	-12
Looking for full-time work	11	1.1	2.8	28	2.7	4.3	-17
Looking for part-time work	22	2.2	2.0	17	1.7	2.3	+5
Total labour force	1,012	100.0	100.0	1,027	100.0	100.0	-15

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

[e Annual employed resident totals](#)

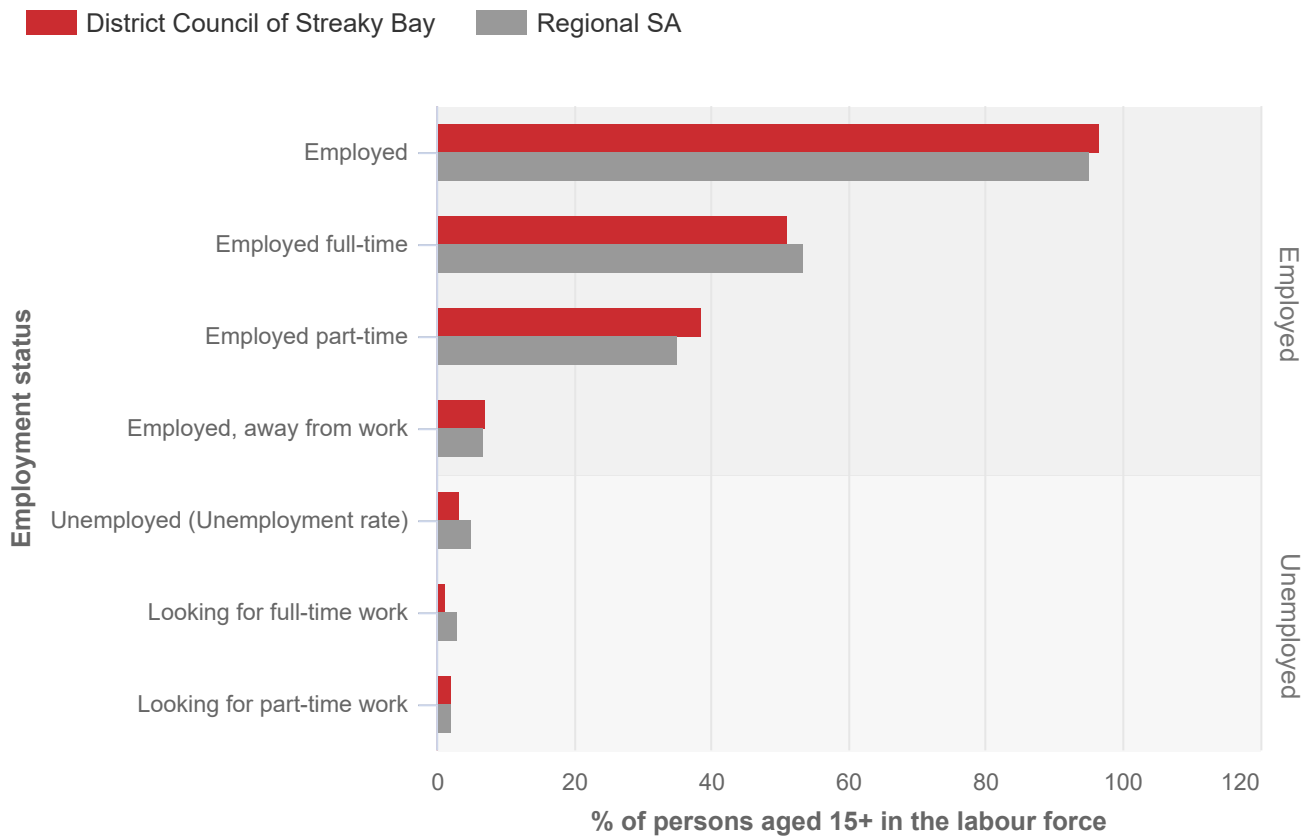
[e Quarterly unemployment totals](#)

[e Map of employment locations by industry](#)

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2021

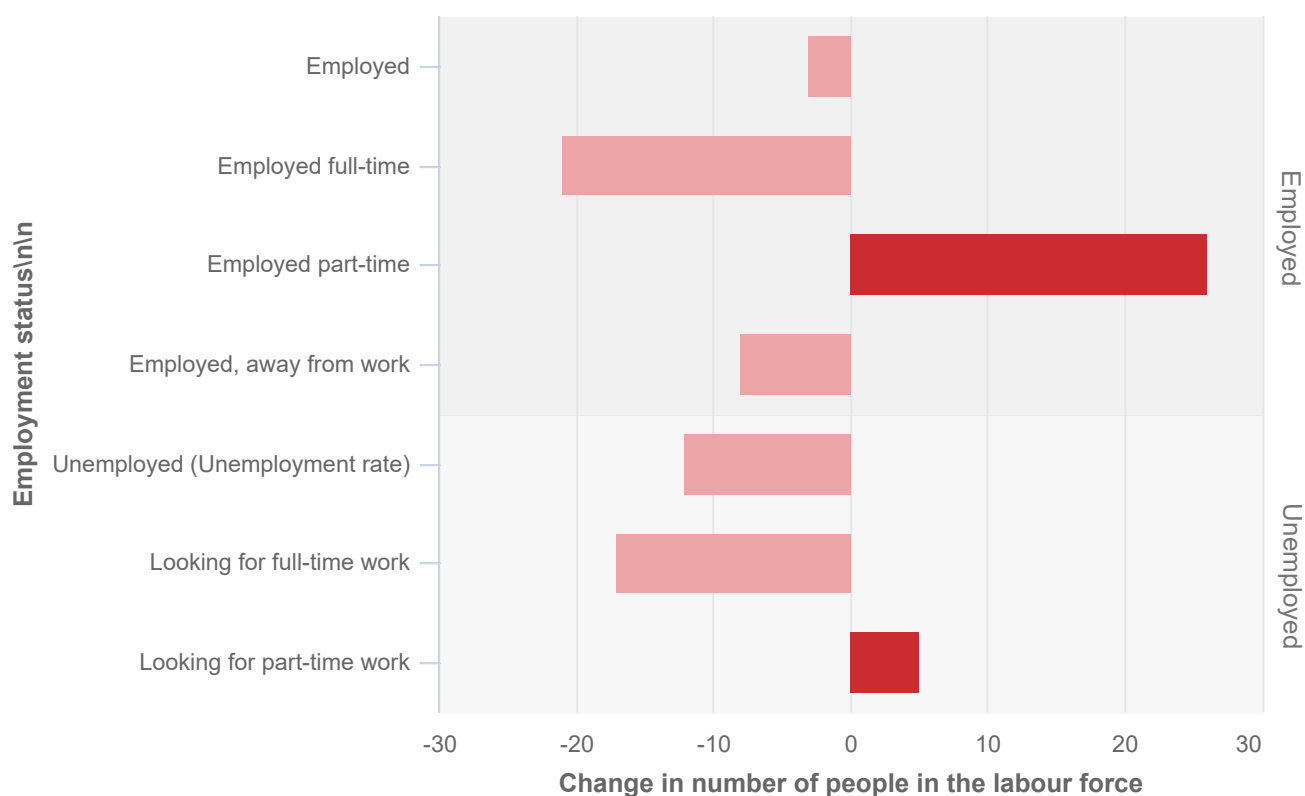
Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in employment status, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The size of the District Council of Streaky Bay's labour force in 2021 was 1,012, of which 389 were employed part-time and 518 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion in employment, and a lower proportion unemployed. Overall, 96.7% of the labour force was employed, and 3.3% unemployed, compared with 95.2% and 4.8% respectively for Regional SA.

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 shows that there was a higher proportion in the labour force (57.7%) compared with Regional SA (54.1%).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people employed in the District Council of Streaky Bay showed a decrease of 3, and the number unemployed showed a decrease of 12. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed a decrease of 15 or 1.5%.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Industry sector of employment

More District Council of Streaky Bay residents worked in agriculture, forestry and fishing than any other industry in 2021.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with **Residents Place of Work** data and **Method of Travel to Work**, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

District Council of Streaky Bay - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Industry sector	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	279	28.7	14.0	289	29.3	14.6	-10
Mining	23	2.4	2.8	16	1.6	2.8	+7
Manufacturing	20	2.1	9.0	34	3.4	9.4	-14
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	13	1.3	1.2	12	1.2	1.1	+1
Construction	88	9.0	7.9	71	7.2	7.0	+17
Wholesale trade	15	1.5	2.2	20	2.0	2.6	-5
Retail Trade	94	9.7	9.5	83	8.4	10.4	+11
Accommodation and Food Services	70	7.2	6.8	61	6.2	6.7	+9
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	38	3.9	4.0	29	2.9	4.1	+9
Information Media and Telecommunications	0	--	0.5	4	0.4	0.6	-4
Financial and Insurance Services	0	--	1.1	4	0.4	1.3	-4
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	3	0.3	0.8	6	0.6	1.0	-3
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	22	2.3	2.7	25	2.5	2.6	-3
Administrative and Support Services	30	3.1	3.5	21	2.1	3.3	+9
Public Administration and Safety	31	3.2	4.7	35	3.5	5.0	-4
Education and Training	89	9.1	7.9	84	8.5	7.6	+5
Health Care and Social Assistance	89	9.1	13.4	94	9.5	12.1	-5
Arts and Recreation Services	0	--	0.9	11	1.1	0.8	-11
Other Services	44	4.5	3.7	37	3.7	3.6	+7
Inadequately described or not stated	25	2.6	3.5	51	5.2	3.4	-26
Total employed persons aged 15+	973	100.0	100.0	987	100.0	100.0	-14

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e Full-time equivalent (FTE) local jobs by industry_(NIEIR modelled).

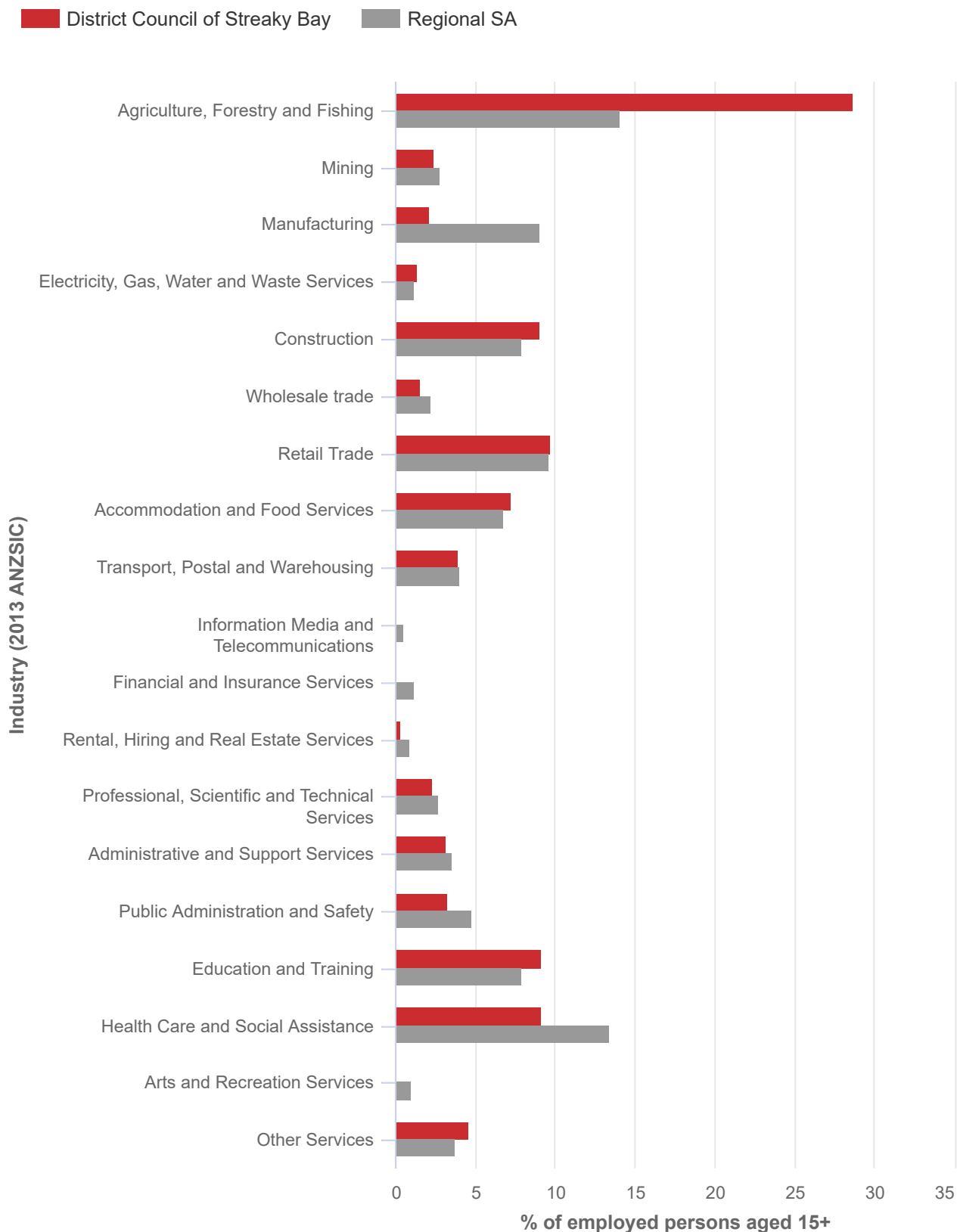
e Total local jobs by industry_(NIEIR modelled).

e Ratio of local jobs to employed residents by industry.

e Total employment by industry_(Census).

Industry sector of employment, 2021

Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in industry sector of employment, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (279 people or 28.7%)
- Retail Trade (94 people or 9.7%)
- Education and Training (89 people or 9.1%)

In combination, these three industries employed 462 people in total or 47.5% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, Regional SA employed 14.0% in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; 9.5% in Retail Trade; and 7.9% in Education and Training.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in agriculture, forestry and fishing (28.7% compared to 14.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in manufacturing (2.1% compared to 9.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in health care and social assistance (9.1% compared to 13.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in public administration and safety (3.2% compared to 4.7%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 14 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Occupation of employment

There were more managers in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 than any other occupation.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as **Educational Qualifications** and **Individual Income**, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating the District Council of Streaky Bay's socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

District Council of Streaky Bay - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Occupation	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Managers	260	26.7	16.7	261	26.6	16.9	-1
Professionals	137	14.1	13.1	115	11.7	12.7	+22
Technicians and Trades Workers	148	15.2	14.1	126	12.9	14.2	+22
Community and Personal Service Workers	69	7.1	12.6	73	7.4	11.1	-4
Clerical and Administrative Workers	90	9.2	9.9	89	9.1	10.4	+1
Sales Workers	68	7.0	8.3	77	7.9	9.0	-9
Machinery Operators And Drivers	63	6.5	8.1	59	6.0	8.4	+4
Labourers	140	14.4	15.1	160	16.3	15.7	-20
Not stated or inadequately described	8	0.8	2.0	20	2.0	1.6	-12
Total employed persons aged 15+	975	100.0	100.0	980	100.0	100.0	-5

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

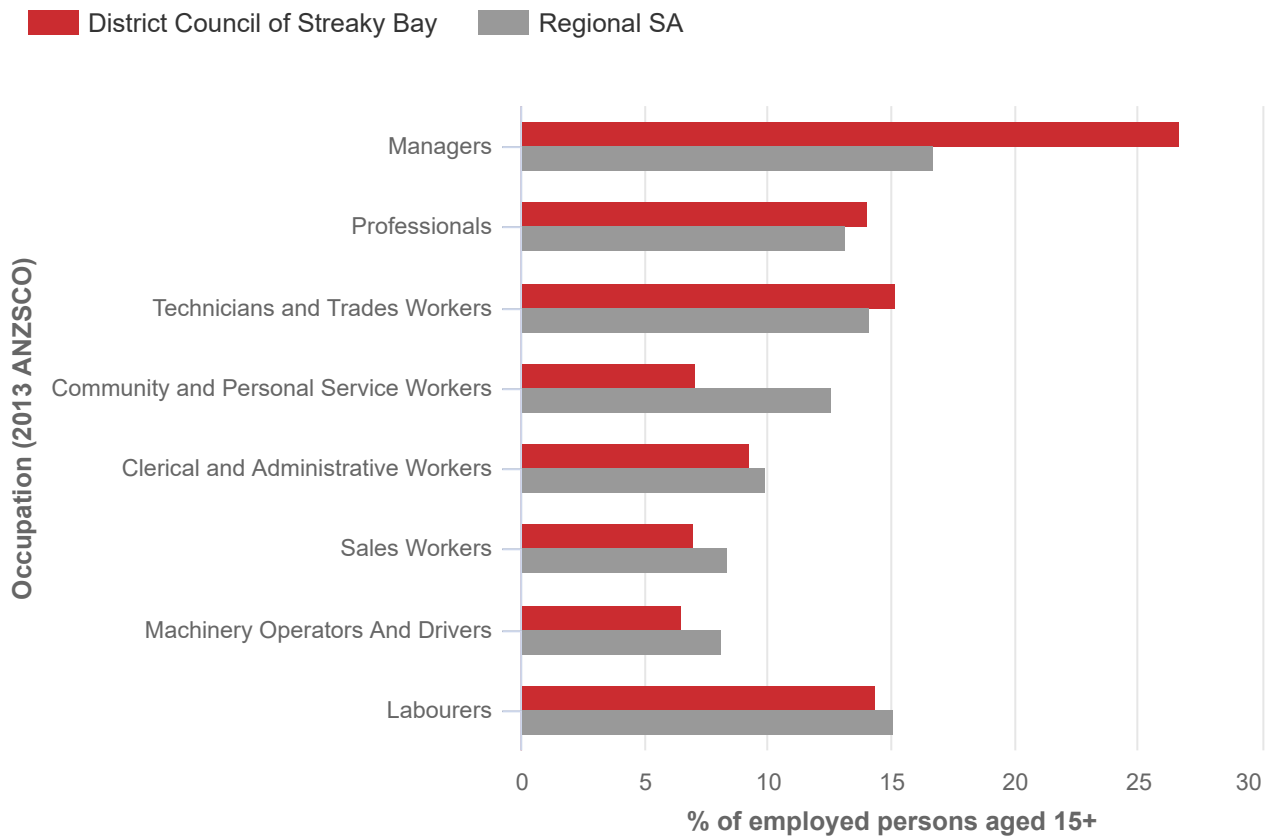
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

[e Workforce occupations by industry.](#)

[e Local labour force occupations by industry.](#)

Occupation of employment, 2021

Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in occupation of employment, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Managers (260 people or 26.7%)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (148 people or 15.2%)
- Labourers (140 people or 14.4%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 548 people in total or 56.2% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, Regional SA employed 16.7% in Managers; 14.1% in Technicians and Trades Workers; and 15.1% in Labourers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed as Managers (26.7% compared to 16.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Community and Personal Service Workers (7.1% compared to 12.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Machinery Operators And Drivers (6.5% compared to 8.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Sales Workers (7.0% compared to 8.3%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 5 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Method of travel to work

On Census day 2021 in the District Council of Streaky Bay, 61.7% of people travelled to work in a private car, 0.7% took public transport and 9.2% rode a bike or walked. 14.6% worked at home.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with **Residents Place of Work** data and **Car Ownership**.

WARNING: Method of travel to work relates to Census day, which for the 2021 Census occurred during COVID-19 lockdowns for large parts of Australia. In lockdown, many occupations were required to work from home if possible, and some industries were closed, so people did not go to work. For this reason, these categories may have increased, with corresponding declines in other methods of travel. Use the data with caution when comparing over time. For more details, please refer to the **data notes**.

Method of travel to work

District Council of Streaky Bay - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Train	0	--	0.1	0	--	0.2	0
Bus	7	0.7	0.8	5	0.5	0.8	+2
Tram	0	--	0.0	0	--	0.0	0
Ferry	0	--	0.0	0	--	0.0	0
Taxi/ride-share	0	--	0.1	0	--	0.1	0
Car - as driver	564	57.3	66.3	556	56.4	66.0	+8
Car - as passenger	43	4.4	4.6	46	4.7	4.6	-3
Truck	3	0.3	0.8	16	1.6	0.9	-13
Motorbike	3	0.3	0.3	0	--	0.4	+3
Bicycle	9	0.9	0.4	11	1.1	0.5	-2
Walked only	82	8.3	4.6	79	8.0	4.9	+3
Other	15	1.5	1.5	19	1.9	1.6	-4
Worked at home	144	14.6	8.9	103	10.5	7.3	+41
Did not go to work	102	10.4	10.6	129	13.1	11.4	-27
Not stated	12	1.2	0.9	21	2.1	1.3	-9
Total employed persons aged 15+	984	100.0	100.0	985	100.0	100.0	-1

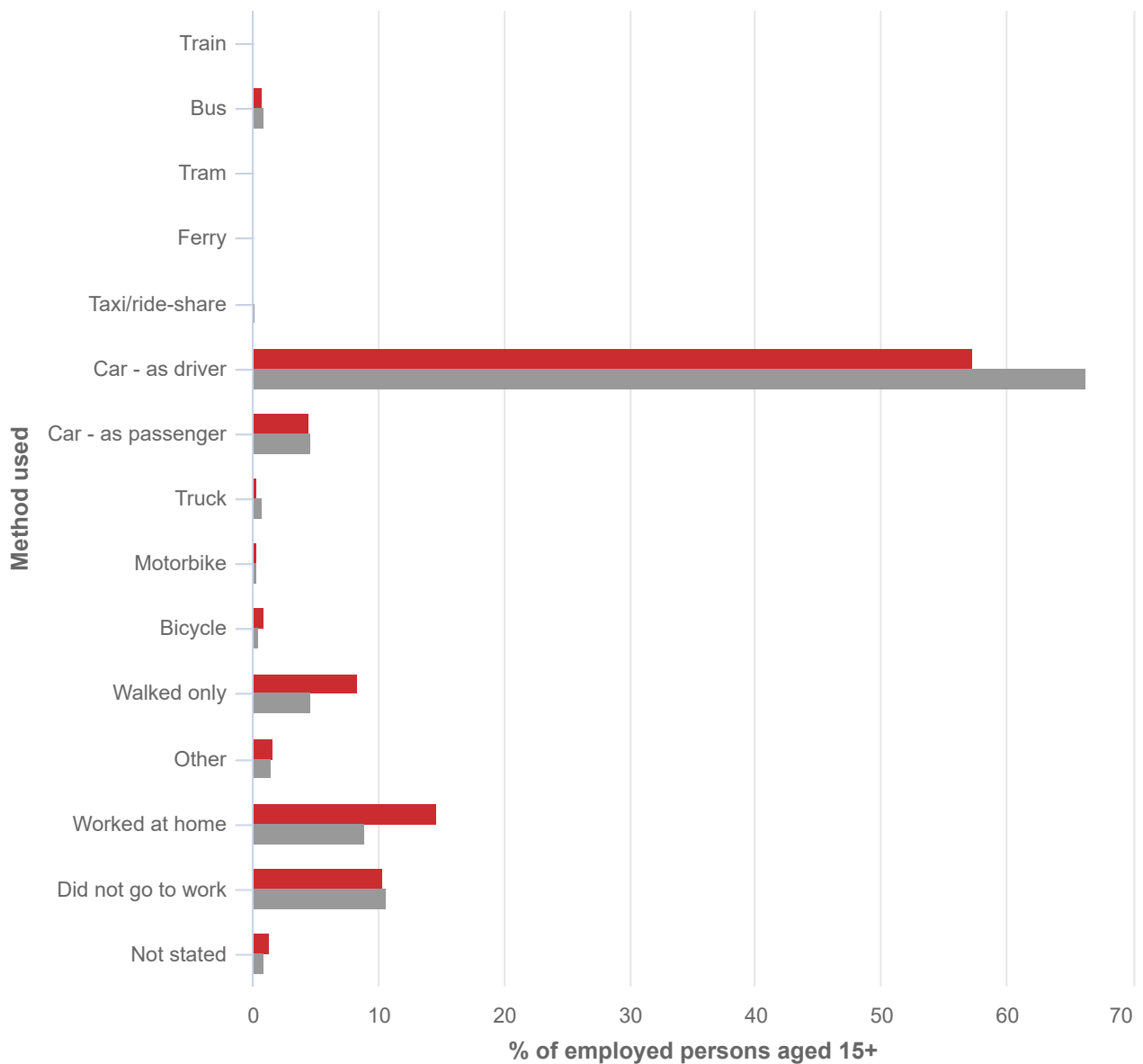
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Method of travel to work, 2021

Total employed persons

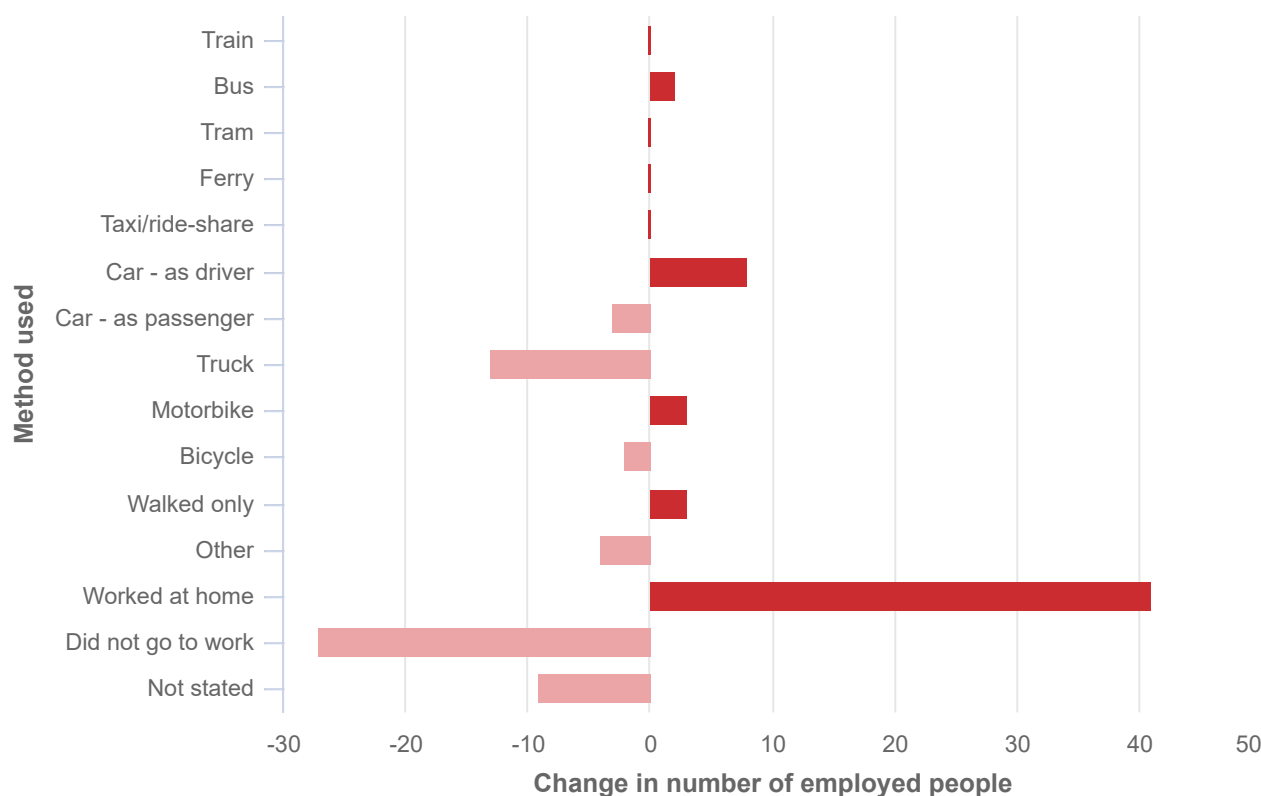
■ District Council of Streaky Bay
 ■ Regional SA



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in method of travel to work, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 7 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in District Council of Streaky Bay, compared with 613 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021, compared to Regional SA, shows that 0.7% used public transport, while 61.7% used a private vehicle, compared with 0.9% and 70.9% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who worked at home (14.6% compared to 8.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who walked only (8.3% compared to 4.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (57.3% compared to 66.3%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 1 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Disengagement by age

In 2021, 10.4% of 15 to 24 year olds in the District Council of Streaky Bay were disengaged with employment and education, compared to 12.2% in Regional SA.

Engagement in employment and education looks at the level of participation by age and sex of the population in the labour market, or full or part-time education. A full time employed or full-time student would be "Fully engaged", while part-time students may be fully engaged if they are also employed, or partly engaged if they are not working. Engagement in the labour and education market is highly dependent on age. Retirees are generally disengaged, while stay-at-home parents are also likely to be disengaged. The rate of engagement, particularly in the younger and working age groups can be affected by access to strong employment and education markets and is a measure of socio-economic status and the level of welfare dependency in an area. For more detail on employment and educational characteristics associated with disengagement, please look at [Employment Status](#), [Qualifications](#) and [Educational Institution Attending](#).

Further reading: [Using demographics to inform gender equality](#)

Workforce and educational engagement by age

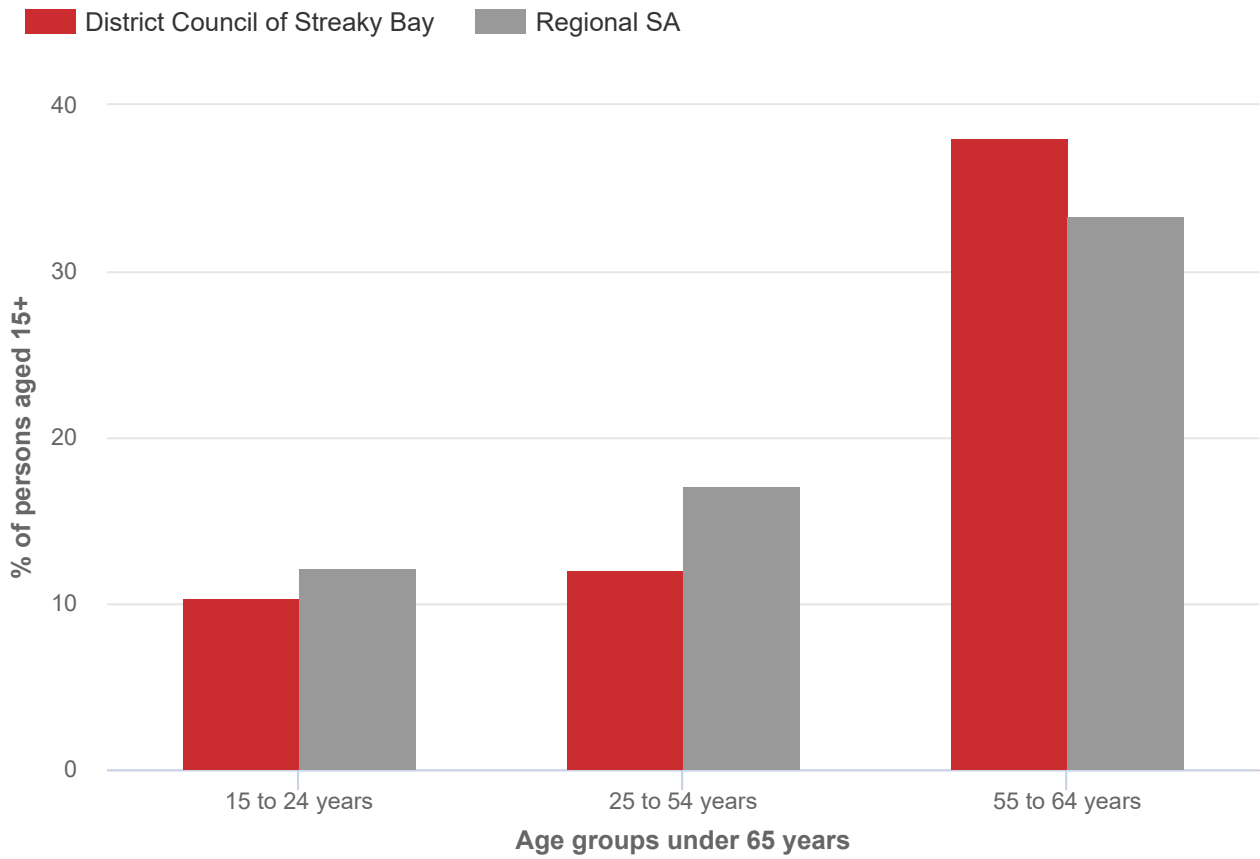
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021			2016			Change
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
15 to 24 years	Fully engaged	82	60.7	64.4	102	64.6	63.8	-20
15 to 24 years	Partially engaged	31	23.0	16.4	34	21.5	16.5	-3
15 to 24 years	Disengaged	14	10.4	12.2	14	8.9	13.0	0
15 to 24 years	Undetermined/Not stated	8	5.9	7.0	8	5.1	6.7	0
15 to 24 years	Total	135	100.0	100.0	158	100.0	100.0	-23
25 to 54 years	Fully engaged	353	48.4	48.3	372	50.9	47.3	-19
25 to 54 years	Partially engaged	227	31.1	26.5	211	28.9	25.8	+16
25 to 54 years	Disengaged	88	12.1	17.1	99	13.5	19.2	-11
25 to 54 years	Undetermined/Not stated	62	8.5	8.1	49	6.7	7.7	+13
25 to 54 years	Total	730	100.0	100.0	731	100.0	100.0	-1
55 to 64 years	Fully engaged	108	33.1	33.6	115	31.1	33.1	-7
55 to 64 years	Partially engaged	76	23.3	26.4	106	28.6	24.4	-30
55 to 64 years	Disengaged	124	38.0	33.4	115	31.1	35.1	+9
55 to 64 years	Undetermined/Not stated	18	5.5	6.6	34	9.2	7.5	-16
55 to 64 years	Total	326	100.0	100.0	370	100.0	100.0	-44
65 years and over	Fully engaged	50	9.2	5.8	34	8.5	5.2	+16
65 years and over	Partially engaged	78	14.3	8.3	43	10.8	7.6	+35
65 years and over	Disengaged	350	64.1	76.9	266	66.8	76.0	+84
65 years and over	Undetermined/Not stated	68	12.5	9.0	55	13.8	11.2	+13
65 years and over	Total	546	100.0	100.0	398	100.0	100.0	+148
Total aged 15+	Fully engaged	593	34.1	34.9	623	37.6	35.6	-30
Total aged 15+	Partially engaged	412	23.7	19.8	394	23.8	19.5	+18
Total aged 15+	Disengaged	576	33.2	37.3	494	29.8	36.3	+82
Total aged 15+	Undetermined/Not stated	156	9.0	8.0	146	8.8	8.5	+10
Total aged 15+	Total	1,737	100.0	100.0	1,657	100.0	100.0	+80

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Disengaged persons by age, 2021

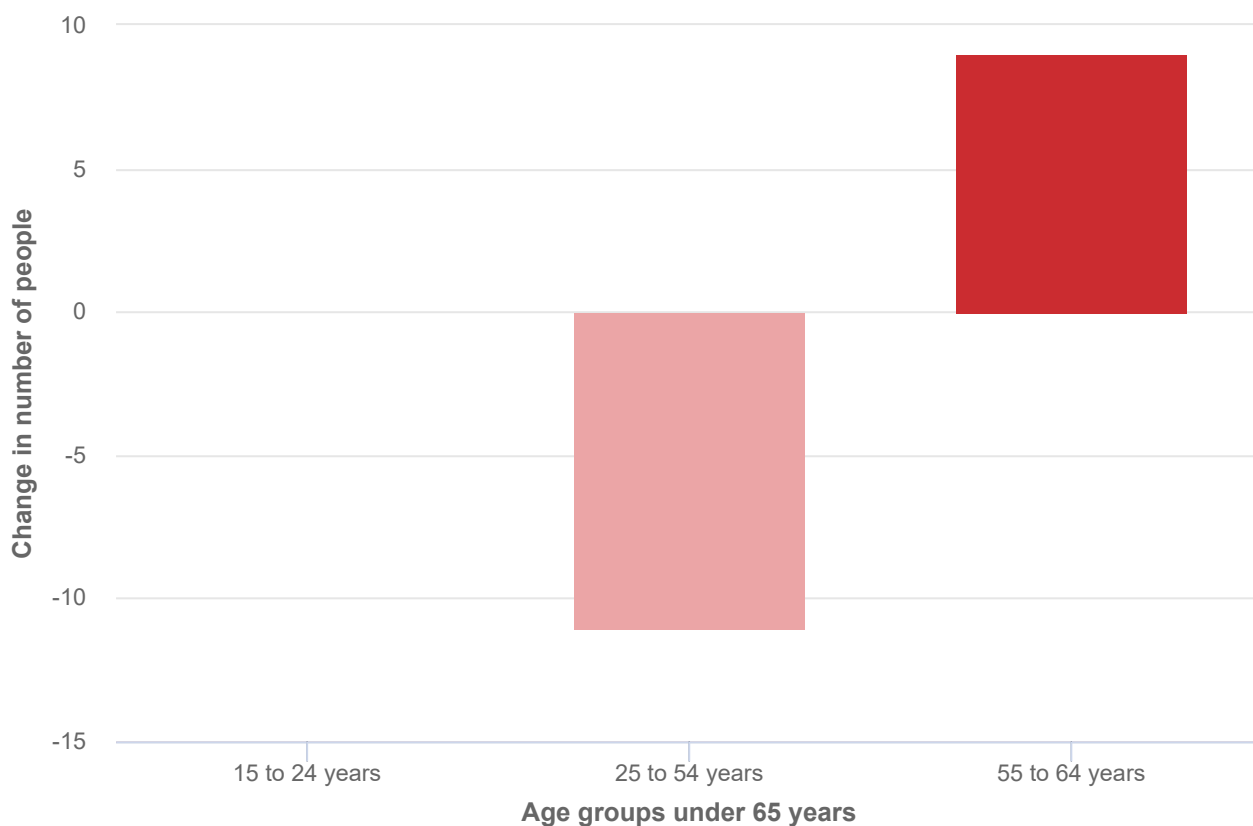
Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in disengaged persons by age, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The number of people aged 15 to 24 years in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2016 was 135, of this, 10.4% were disengaged and 23.0% were partially engaged, compared to 12.2% and 16.4% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people 15 to 24 years in the District Council of Streaky Bay showed a decrease of -23.

The number of disengaged people aged 15 to 24 years remained stable 0 or %.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Volunteer work

In District Council of Streaky Bay 35.2% of the population reported doing some form of voluntary work in 2021. This was a greater proportion than Regional SA.

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in District Council of Streaky Bay include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer numbers for the 2021 Census declined in many parts of Australia due to lockdowns and COVID-19 distancing measures.

Volunteer work

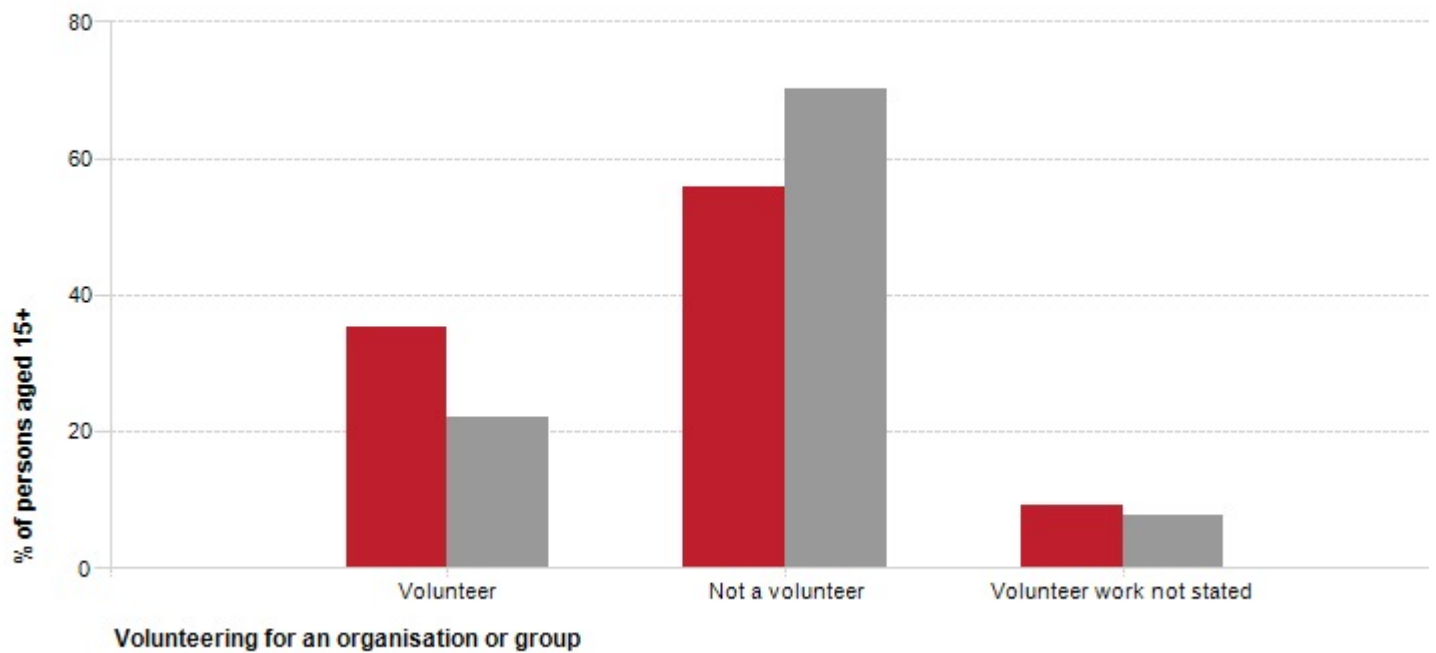
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Volunteer status	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Volunteer	617	35.2	22.0	677	40.7	27.8	-
Not a volunteer	977	55.7	70.2	814	48.9	63.0	+1
Volunteer work not stated	160	9.1	7.8	172	10.3	9.3	-
Total persons aged 15+	1,754	100.0	100.0	1,663	100.0	100.0	+

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Volunteer work, 2021

Total persons

■ District Council of Streaky Bay ■ Regional SA

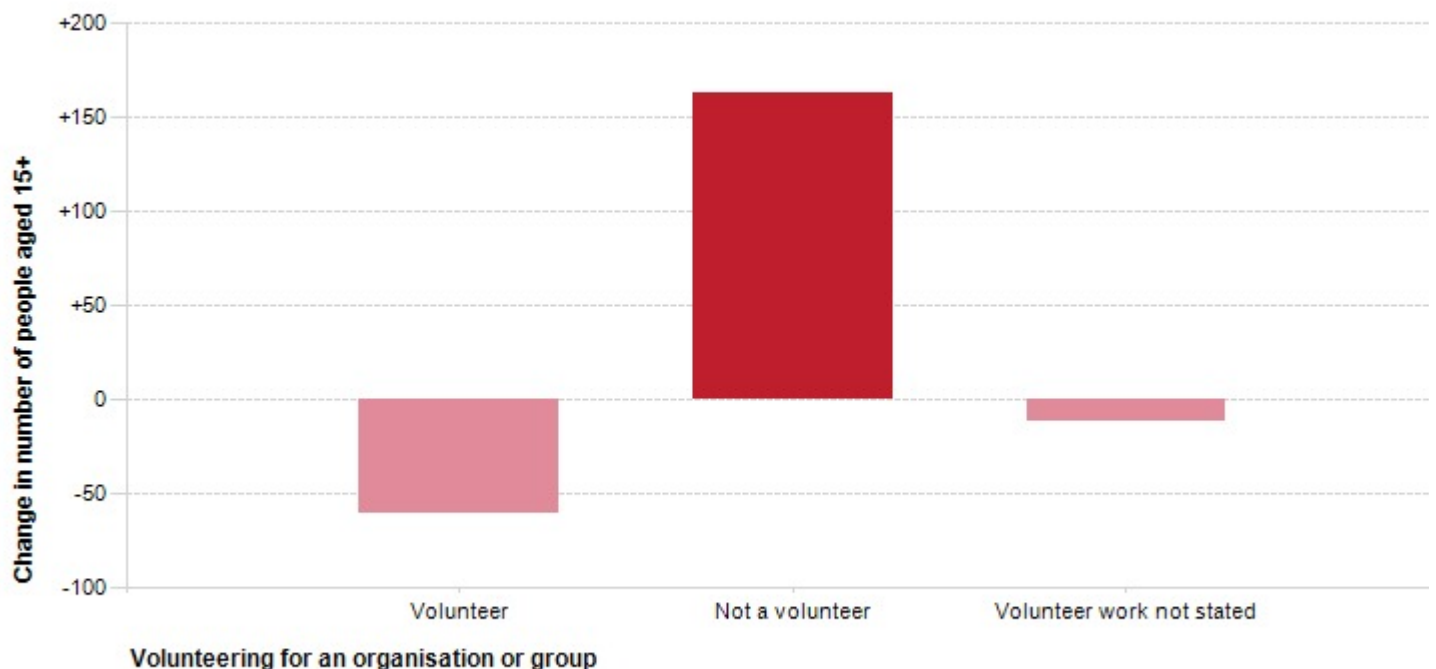


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, *Census of Population and Housing, 2021* (Usual residence data)
Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

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Change in volunteer work, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, *Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021* (Usual residence data)
Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

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Dominant groups

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group. Overall, 35.2% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 22.0% for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 60 people between 2016 and 2021.

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District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Unpaid domestic work

In the District Council of Streaky Bay 26% of the population over 15 did more than 14 hours of housework each week in 2021.

There has been increased interest in identifying, acknowledging and valuing the unpaid work that supports home and community life. The changing amount of time spent on unpaid housework in different Household Types and, particularly the distribution of this work within the household, can indicate the changing roles of males, females and older children in society. The level of unpaid domestic work in the District Council of Streaky Bay may also be related to Household Income, as higher income households are able to outsource some of these tasks.

Unpaid domestic work

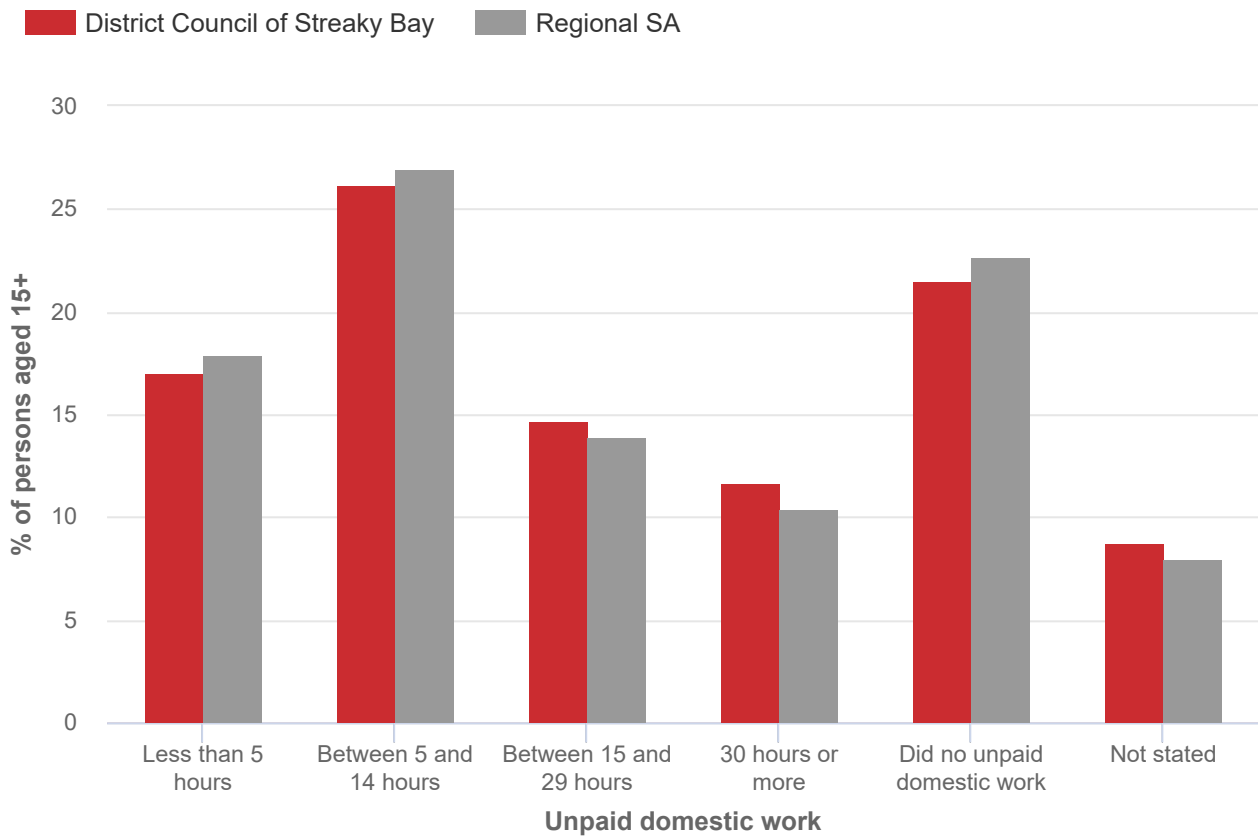
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Hours spent on unpaid domestic work	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Did unpaid domestic work	1,219	69.7	69.3	1,211	72.8	69.8	+8
Less than 5 hours	298	17.0	17.9	313	18.8	18.4	-15
Between 5 and 14 hours	459	26.2	27.0	441	26.5	26.0	+18
Between 15 and 29 hours	257	14.7	13.9	251	15.1	13.8	+6
30 hours or more	205	11.7	10.4	206	12.4	11.5	-1
Did no unpaid domestic work	376	21.5	22.7	265	15.9	20.0	+111
Not stated	154	8.8	8.0	187	11.2	10.2	-33
Total persons aged 15+	1,749	100.0	100.0	1,663	100.0	100.0	+86

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid domestic work, 2021

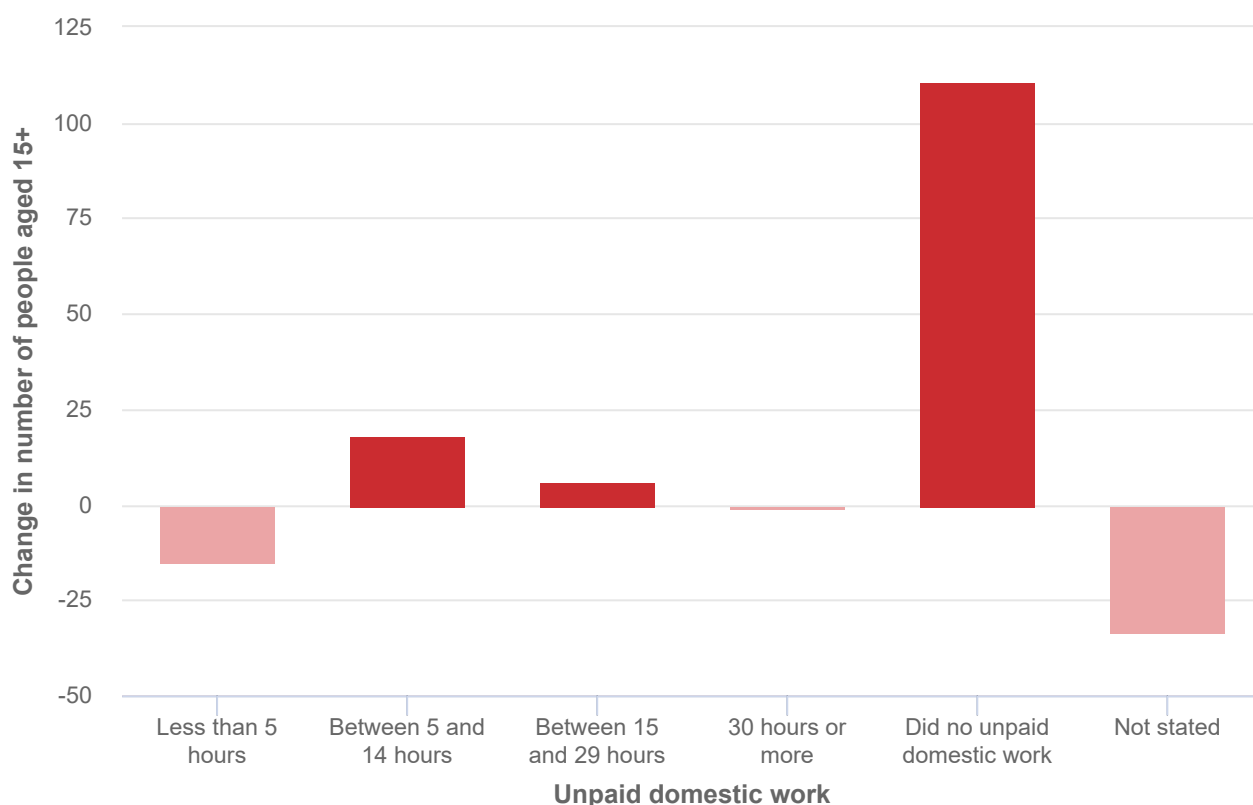
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid domestic work, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid domestic work performed by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of persons who performed 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work per week.

Overall, 26% of the population reported performing 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work, compared with 24.4% for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population performing unpaid domestic work in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who did 30 hours or more of domestic work (11.7% compared to 10.4%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who did between 15 and 29 hours of domestic work (14.7% compared to 13.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did no unpaid domestic work (21.5% compared to 22.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did less than 5 hours of domestic work (17.0% compared to 17.9%)

Emerging groups

The largest change in the number of people performing unpaid domestic work in the District Council of Streaky Bay, between 2016 and 2021 was those who:

- Did no unpaid domestic work (+111 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Unpaid care

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 205 carers were providing unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in 2021. This represents 11.7% of the population aged 15+.

The proportion of people providing unpaid care for the aged and disabled in the District Council of Streaky Bay can be an important indicator of the level of demand for aged care services and facilities by local and state governments. An increasing proportion of carers among the population may indicate inadequate aged care provision, or the need for in-home support, or support for the carers themselves. The level of care provided by individuals is likely to be affected by Household Income, Age Structure and the ethnic makeup of the community (Language Spoken), as well as the sense of community cohesiveness.

Unpaid care

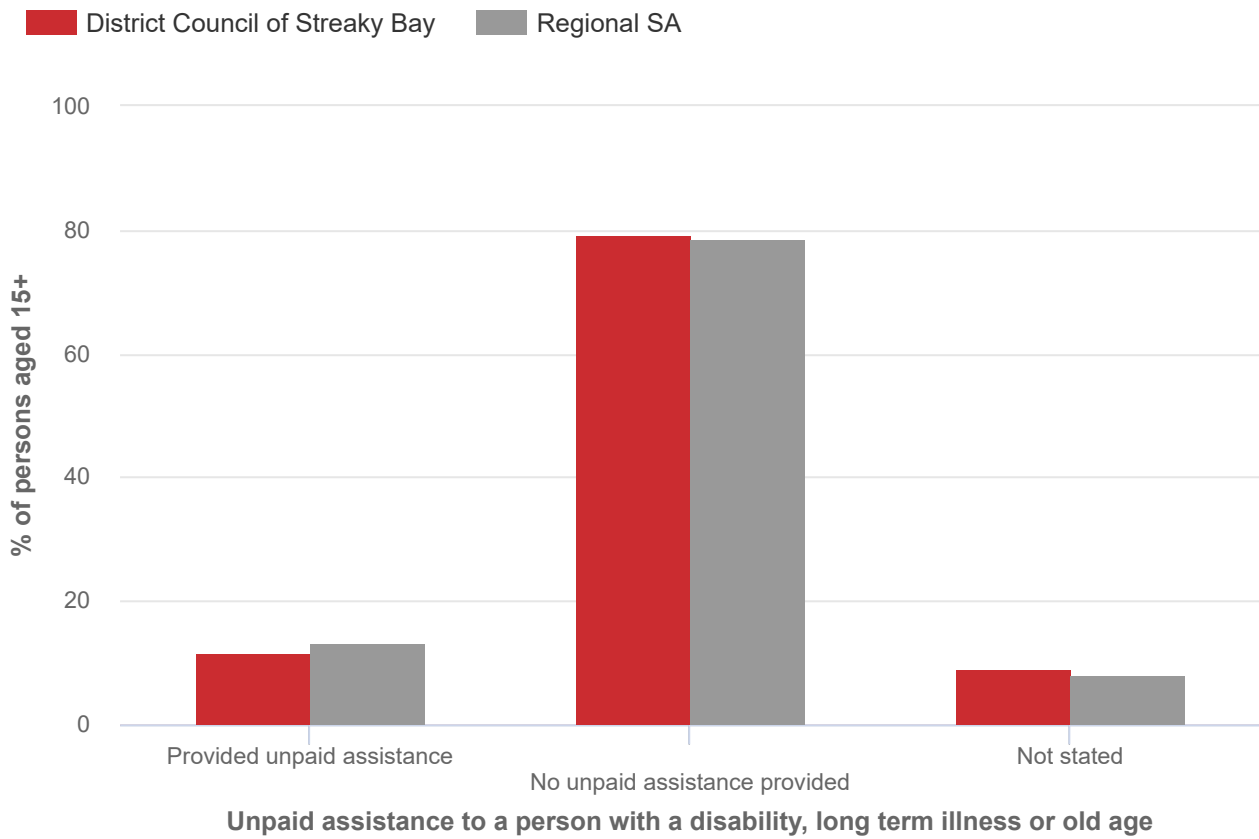
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Provided unpaid assistance	205	11.7	13.2	171	10.3	12.2	+34
No unpaid assistance provided	1,384	79.3	78.8	1,290	77.5	77.6	+94
Not stated	156	8.9	8.1	203	12.2	10.3	-47
Total persons aged 15+	1,745	100.0	100.0	1,664	100.0	100.0	+81

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid care, 2021

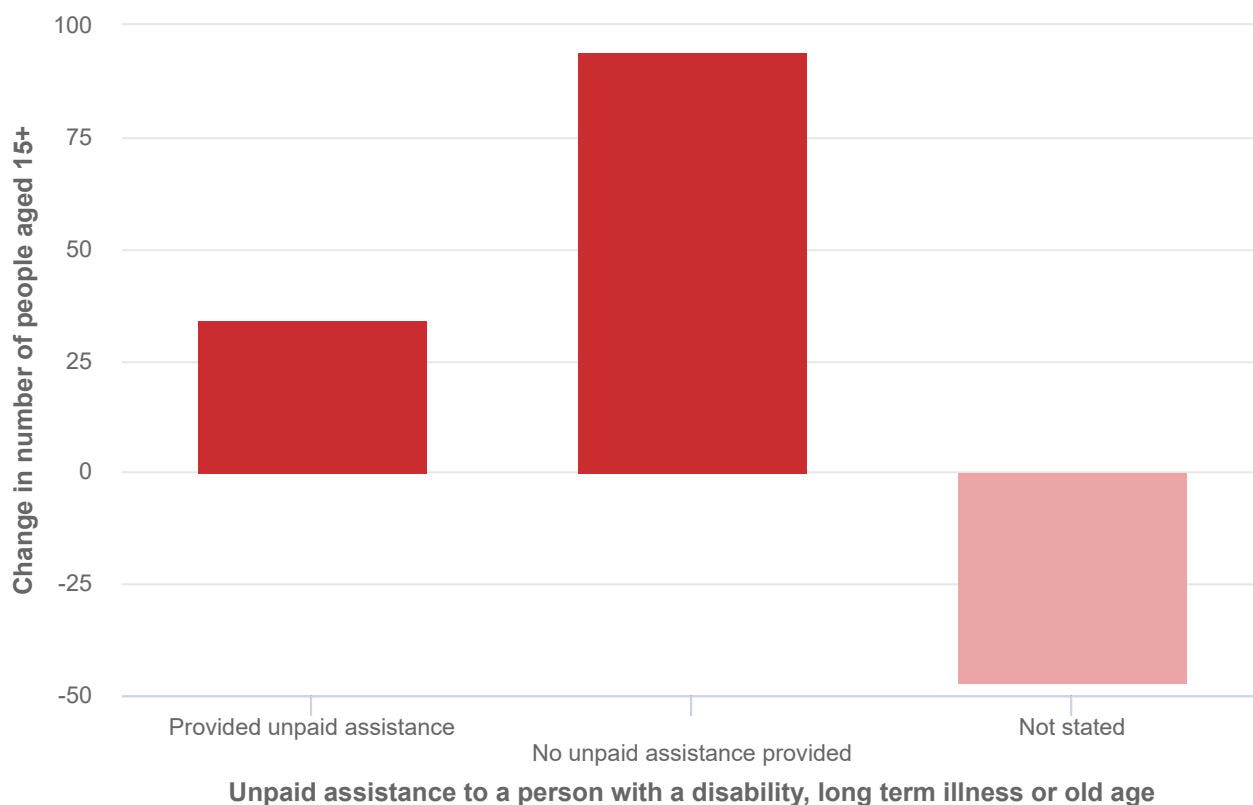
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid care, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid care provided by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people who provided unpaid care either to family members or others.

Overall, 11.7% of the population provided unpaid care, compared with 13.2% for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in the District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 34 between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Unpaid childcare

In the District Council of Streaky Bay 461 people (26.3% of people aged 15+) provided unpaid care to children in 2021. Of these, 137 people were caring for children other than their own.

The role of unpaid childcare in the District Council of Streaky Bay is determined by many different factors. For example areas with high levels of unpaid child care may have a dominance of single income families with one significant earner, or there could be a lack of provision of paid child care in the area. The level to which people care for others children can also indicate the role of extended family (eg. grandparents caring for grandchildren, family day care).

The role of unpaid child care is a complex one so this topic should be viewed in conjunction with several others, including Household Type, Employment, Household Income and Educational Attendance.

Unpaid childcare

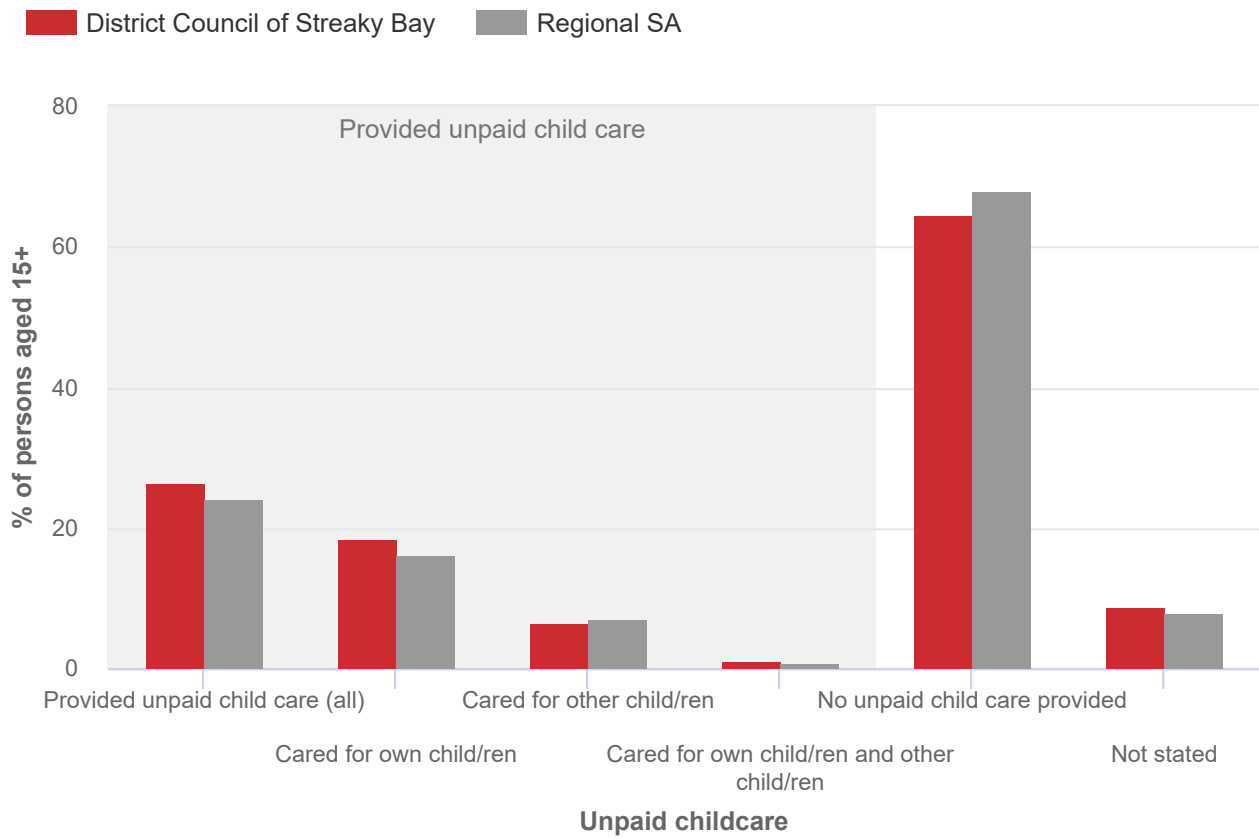
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Unpaid child care	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Provided unpaid child care (all)	461	26.3	24.3	435	26.2	26.2	+26
Cared for own child/ren	324	18.5	16.2	330	19.9	17.4	-6
Cared for other child/ren	117	6.7	7.2	96	5.8	7.9	+21
Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren	20	1.1	0.8	9	0.5	0.9	+11
No unpaid child care provided	1,133	64.7	67.9	1,055	63.5	64.3	+78
Not stated	156	8.9	7.8	171	10.3	9.5	-15
Total persons aged 15+	1,750	100.0	100.0	1,661	100.0	100.0	+89

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid childcare, 2021

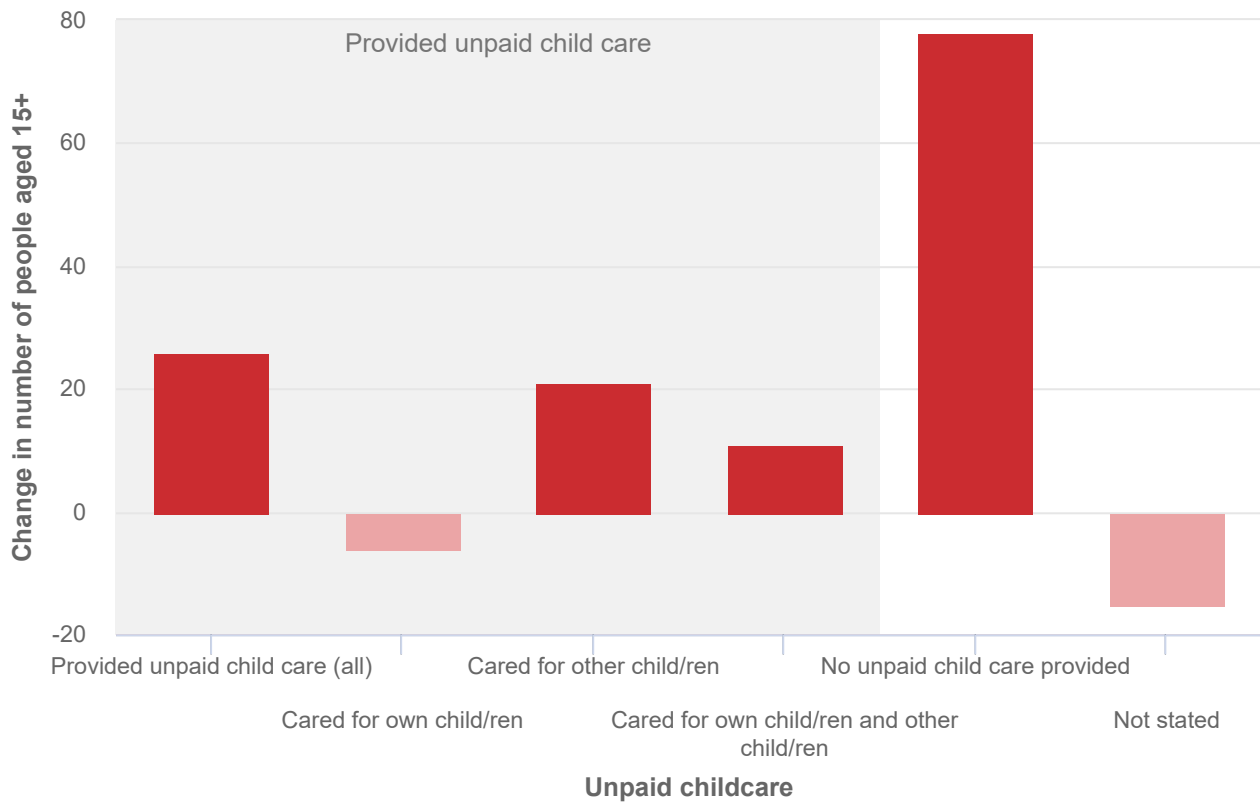
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid childcare, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid child care provided by the population in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of people who provided unpaid child care either to their own or to other children. Overall, 26.3% of the population provided unpaid child care, compared with 24.3% for Regional SA.

The major differences between the share of the population providing unpaid child care in the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage who provided unpaid childcare for own child/ren (18.5% compared to 16.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage who did not provide care for children (64.7% compared to 67.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid child care for their own and/or other people's children in District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 26 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest change in the number of people performing unpaid child care in the District Council of Streaky Bay, between 2016 and 2021 was those who:

- No unpaid child care provided (+78 persons)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Individual income

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 6.0% of the population earned an income of \$2,000 or more per week in 2021.

Individual Income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the District Council of Streaky Bay. The amount of income an individual receives is linked to a number of factors including employment status, age (as for instance students and retirees often receive a lower income), qualifications and type of employment.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Individual Income Quartiles.

Weekly individual income

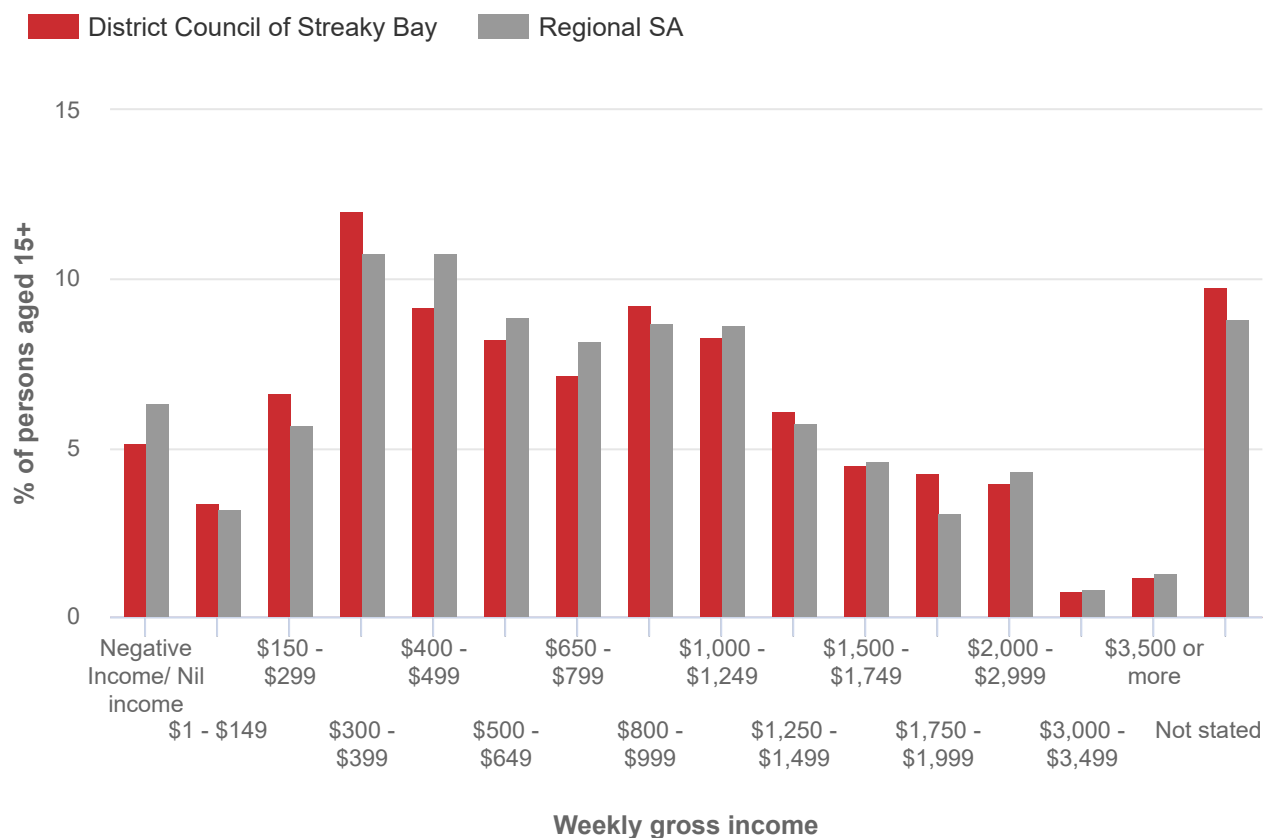
District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021		
Weekly gross income	Number	%	Regional SA %
Negative Income/ Nil income	89	5.1	6.4
\$1 - \$149	59	3.4	3.2
\$150 - \$299	115	6.6	5.7
\$300 - \$399	208	12.0	10.8
\$400 - \$499	159	9.2	10.8
\$500 - \$649	143	8.3	8.9
\$650 - \$799	124	7.2	8.2
\$800 - \$999	160	9.2	8.7
\$1,000 - \$1,249	144	8.3	8.7
\$1,250 - \$1,499	106	6.1	5.7
\$1,500 - \$1,749	78	4.5	4.6
\$1,750 - \$1,999	74	4.3	3.1
\$2,000 - \$2,999	69	4.0	4.3
\$3,000 - \$3,499	13	0.8	0.8
\$3,500 or more	21	1.2	1.3
Not stated	169	9.8	8.8
Total persons aged 15+	1,731	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2021](#). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Weekly individual income, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of individual income levels in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of people earning a high income (those earning \$2,000 per week or more) and a similar proportion of low income people (those earning less than \$500 per week).

Overall, 6.0% of the population earned a high income, and 36.4% earned a low income, compared with 6.5% and 36.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the District Council of Streaky Bay's individual incomes and Regional SA's individual incomes were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$300 - \$399 (12.0% compared to 10.8%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$1,750 - \$1,999 (4.3% compared to 3.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who earned \$400 - \$499 (9.2% compared to 10.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who earned Negative Income/ Nil income (5.1% compared to 6.4%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Individual income quartiles

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, the 'lowest' income quartile was the largest group in 2021, comprising 27% of people aged 15 and over.

the District Council of Streaky Bay's income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the area's economic opportunities and socio-economic status. Individual income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the income profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Individual Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in [specific data notes](#).

Individual income quartiles

District Council of Streaky Bay - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	425	27.2	26.0	330	22.1	23.9	+95
Medium lowest	417	26.7	29.2	422	28.3	29.4	-5
Medium highest	388	24.9	24.7	395	26.5	25.7	-7
Highest group	331	21.2	20.0	346	23.2	20.9	-16
Total persons aged 15+	1,562	100.0	100.0	1,495	100.0	100.0	+67

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Individual income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia - Total persons aged 15+

Weekly income by Census year

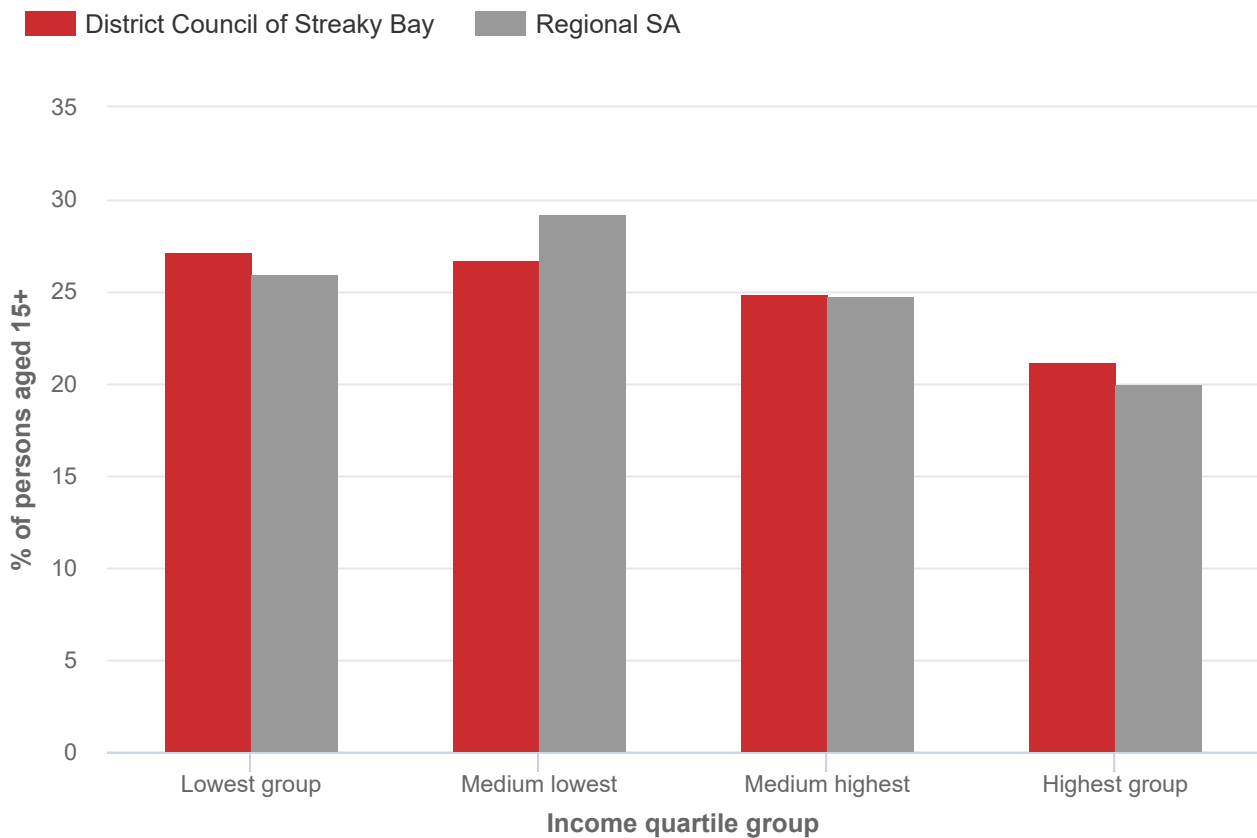
Individual quartile ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$377	\$0 to \$319	\$0 to \$270	\$0 to \$211	\$0 to \$181
Medium lowest	\$378 to \$733	\$320 to \$600	\$271 to \$533	\$212 to \$433	\$182 to \$345
Medium highest	\$734 to \$1,320	\$601 to \$1,106	\$534 to \$980	\$434 to \$792	\$346 to \$622
Highest group	\$1,321 and over	\$1,107 and over	\$981 and over	\$793 and over	\$623 and over

e [Workforce individual income quartiles by industry.](#)

e [Local labour force individual income quartiles by industry.](#)

Individual income quartiles, 2021

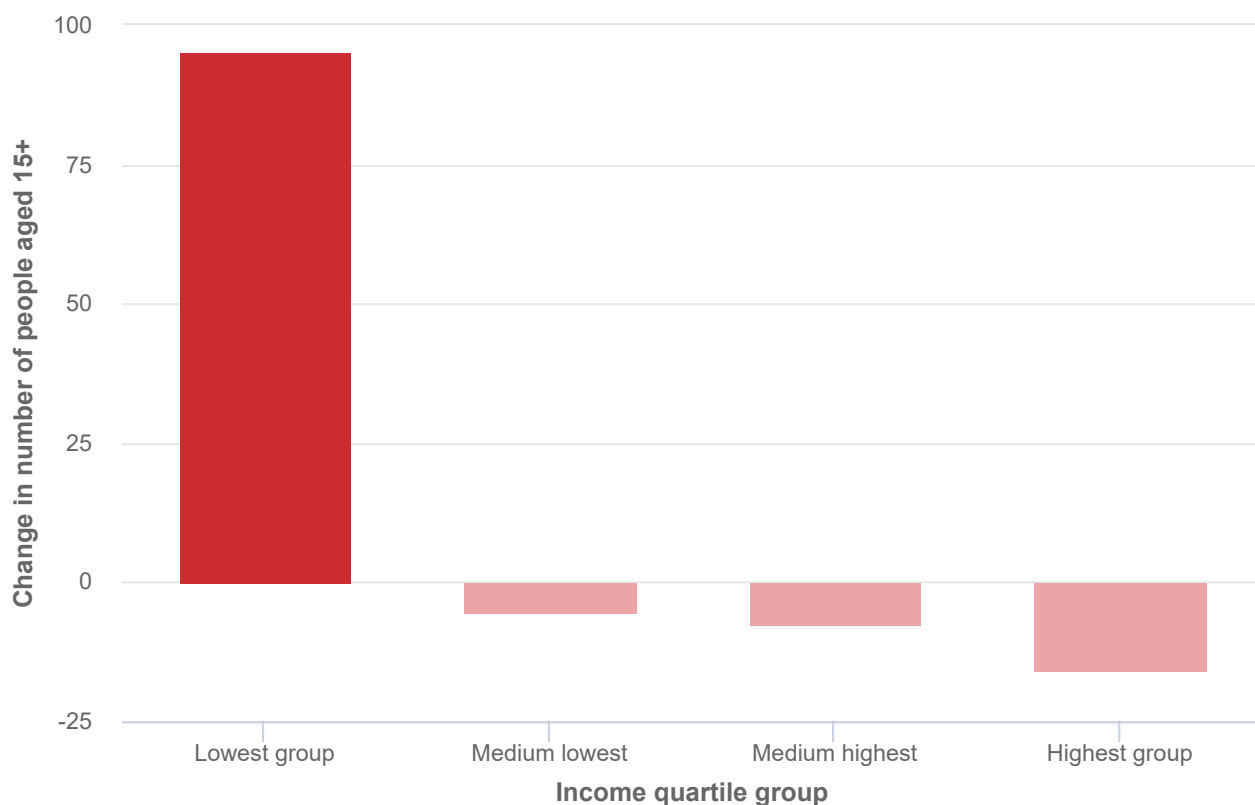
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing, 2021](#) (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Change in individual income quartiles, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of the population by income quartile in District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was greater proportion of persons in the highest income quartile as well as a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in District Council of Streaky Bay in persons between 2016 and 2021 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 95 persons.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Household income

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 9.4% of households earned an income of \$3,000 or more per week in 2021.

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. the District Council of Streaky Bay's Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as [Qualifications](#) and [Occupation](#), it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the District Council of Streaky Bay. It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with [Age](#) and [Household Composition](#).

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to [Household Income Quartiles](#).

[Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.](#)

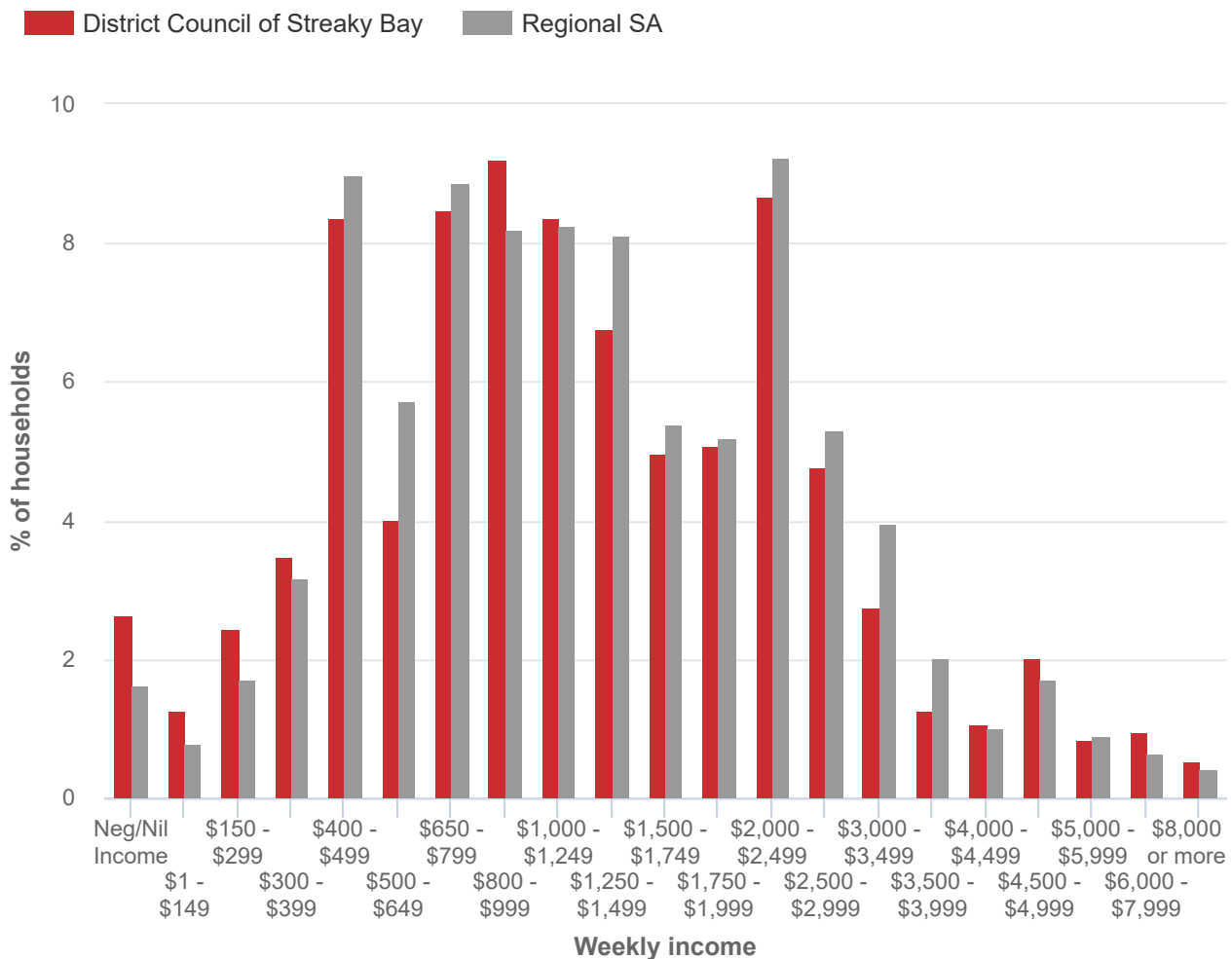
Weekly household income

Weekly income	2021		
	Number	%	Regional SA %
Neg/Nil Income	25	2.6	1.6
\$1 - \$149	12	1.3	0.8
\$150 - \$299	23	2.4	1.7
\$300 - \$399	33	3.5	3.2
\$400 - \$499	79	8.4	9.0
\$500 - \$649	38	4.0	5.7
\$650 - \$799	80	8.5	8.9
\$800 - \$999	87	9.2	8.2
\$1,000 - \$1,249	79	8.4	8.3
\$1,250 - \$1,499	64	6.8	8.1
\$1,500 - \$1,749	47	5.0	5.4
\$1,750 - \$1,999	48	5.1	5.2
\$2,000 - \$2,499	82	8.7	9.3
\$2,500 - \$2,999	45	4.8	5.3
\$3,000 - \$3,499	26	2.8	4.0
\$3,500 - \$3,999	12	1.3	2.0
\$4,000 - \$4,499	10	1.1	1.0
\$4,500 - \$4,999	19	2.0	1.7
\$5,000 - \$5,999	8	0.8	0.9
\$6,000 - \$7,999	9	1.0	0.6
\$8,000 or more	5	0.5	0.4
Not stated	113	12.0	8.7
Total households	944	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Weekly household income, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of high income households (those earning \$3,000 per week or more) and a similar proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$800 per week).

Overall, 9.4% of the households earned a high income and 30.7% were low income households, compared with 10.7% and 30.9% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences between the household incomes of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of households who earned Not stated (12.0% compared to 8.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$500 - \$649 (4.0% compared to 5.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$1,250 - \$1,499 (6.8% compared to 8.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$3,000 - \$3,499 (2.8% compared to 4.0%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Household income quartiles

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, the 'lowest' quartile was the largest group in 2021, comprising 32% of households with income.

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as [Qualifications](#) and [Occupation](#), it helps to reveal the District Council of Streaky Bay's socio-economic status and economic opportunities. Household income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is a powerful and objective way of looking at income data and in particular, how it is changing.

A detailed explanation of how Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in [specific data notes](#).

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households [here](#).

Household income quartiles

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	267	32.2	31.1	209	27.6	29.3	+58
Medium lowest	240	29.0	28.0	222	29.4	27.9	+18
Medium highest	188	22.6	23.3	188	24.8	24.1	0
Highest group	134	16.2	17.6	137	18.1	18.7	-3
Total Households	831	100.0	100.0	758	100.0	100.0	+73

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

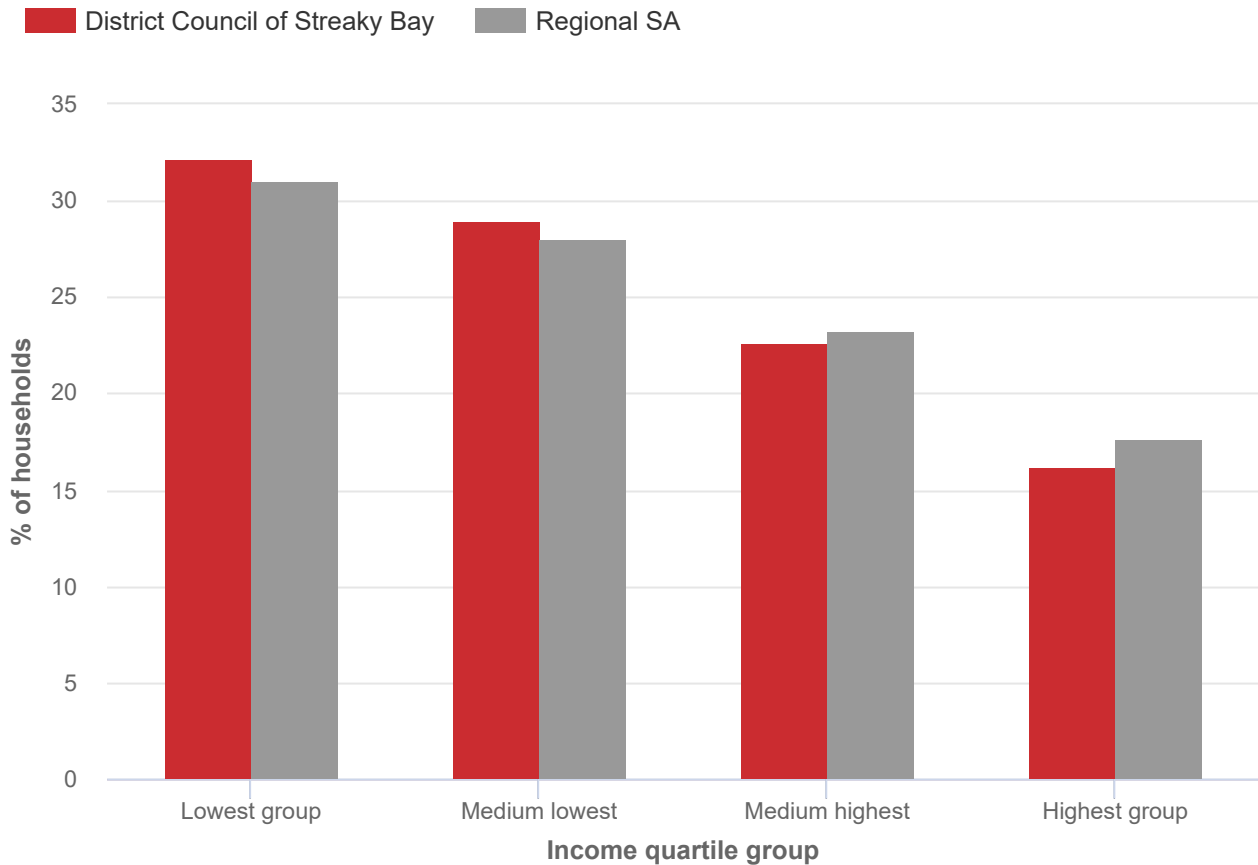
Household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia

Weekly income by Census year

Household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	1991
Lowest group	\$0 to \$756	\$0 to \$667	\$0 to \$554	\$0 to \$488	\$0 to \$375	\$0 to \$294	\$0 to \$278
Medium lowest	\$757 to \$1,452	\$668 to \$1,203	\$555 to \$1,042	\$489 to \$885	\$376 to \$675	\$295 to \$552	\$279 to \$505
Medium highest	\$1,453 to \$2,494	\$1,204 to \$2,104	\$1,043 to \$1,869	\$886 to \$1,466	\$676 to \$1,157	\$553 to \$933	\$506 to \$848
Highest group	\$2,495 and over	\$2,105 and over	\$1,870 and over	\$1,467 and over	\$1,158 and over	\$934 and over	\$849 and over

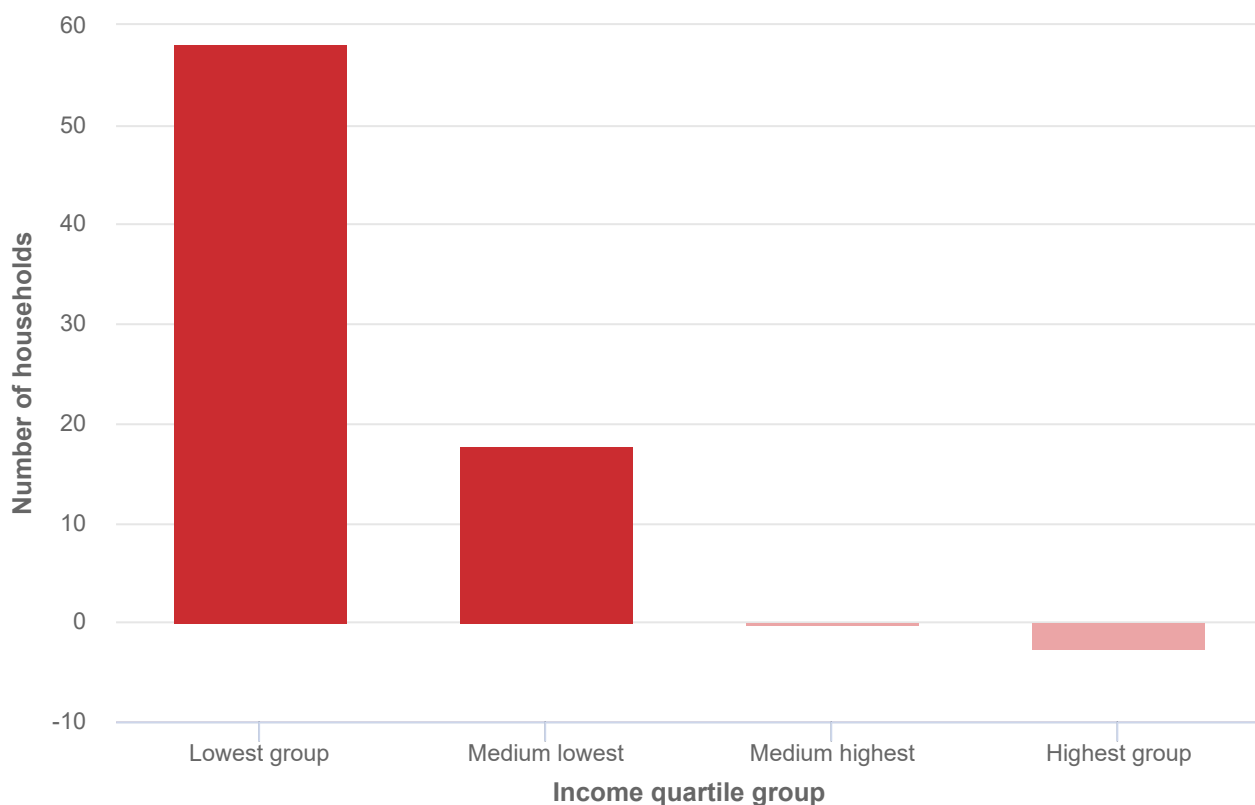
Household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household income quartile, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was lesser proportion of households in the highest income quartile and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 58 households.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Equivalised household income

Assuming all households were the same size, the 'lowest' quartile was the largest income group in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021.

While Household Income is a useful measure, it is difficult to tell if changes over time and between geographic areas are due to actual changes in income levels, or due to changes in household size and composition. For example, an increase in lower income households could be due to job losses in key economic sectors, or simply due to decreasing household size as adult children leave home.

Equivalised Household Income puts all households on an equal footing independent of household size and composition to enable a true comparison between areas and over time. It is an indicator of the income resource available to a household of standard size and is the best measure of the changing economic fortunes of households living in the District Council of Streaky Bay.

A detailed explanation of how Equivalised Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in [specific data notes](#).

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households [here](#).

Equivalised household income quartiles

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	238	34.2	31.6	204	29.1	29.7	+34
Medium lowest	183	26.2	27.5	187	26.6	27.5	-4
Medium highest	150	21.5	22.9	163	23.2	23.8	-13
Highest group	126	18.1	18.0	148	21.1	19.0	-22
Total Households	698	100.0	100.0	704	100.0	100.0	-5

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

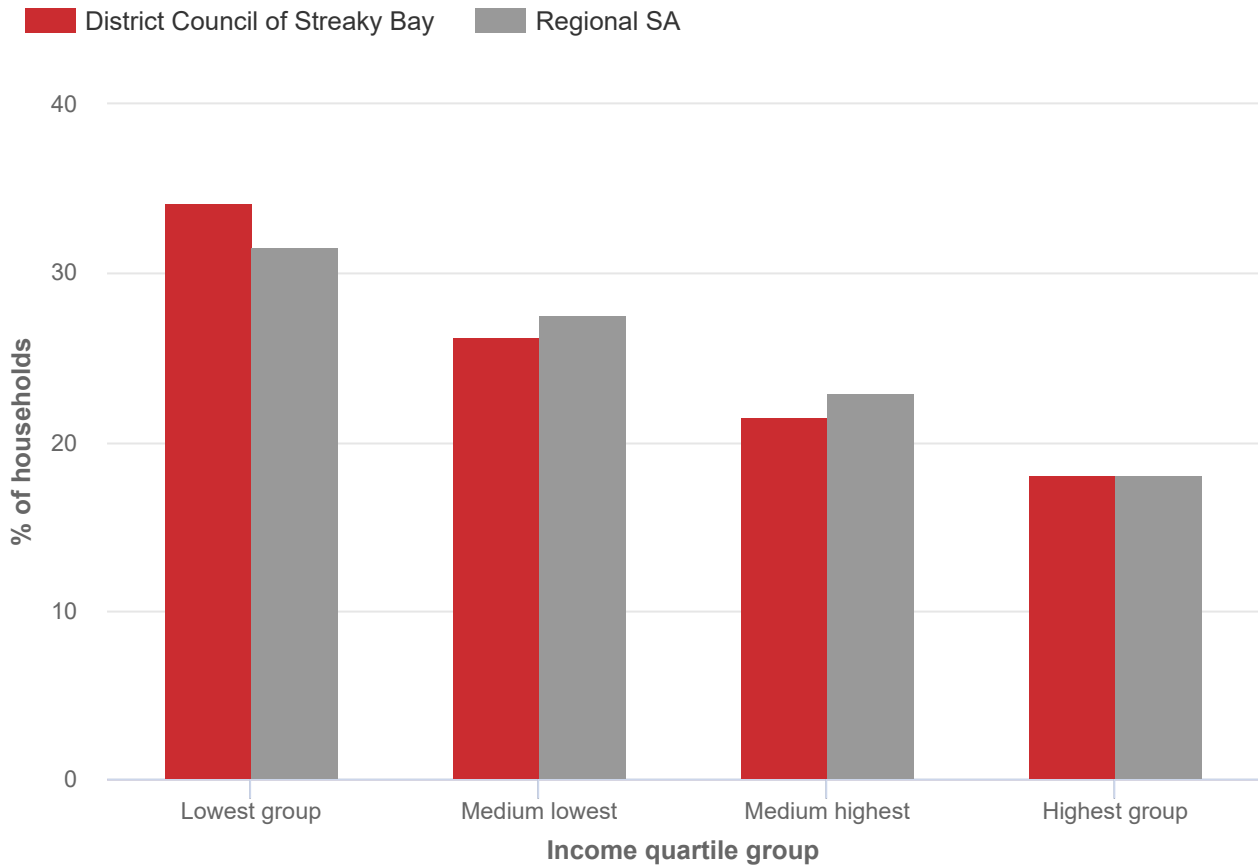
Equivalised household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for South Australia

Weekly income by Census year

Equivalised household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$541	\$0 to \$468	\$0 to \$395	\$0 to \$332	\$0 to \$268
Medium lowest	\$542 to \$939	\$469 to \$768	\$396 to \$689	\$333 to \$554	\$269 to \$437
Medium highest	\$940 to \$1,487	\$769 to \$1,226	\$690 to \$1,101	\$555 to \$880	\$438 to \$690
Highest group	\$1,488 and over	\$1,227 and over	\$1,102 and over	\$881 and over	\$691 and over

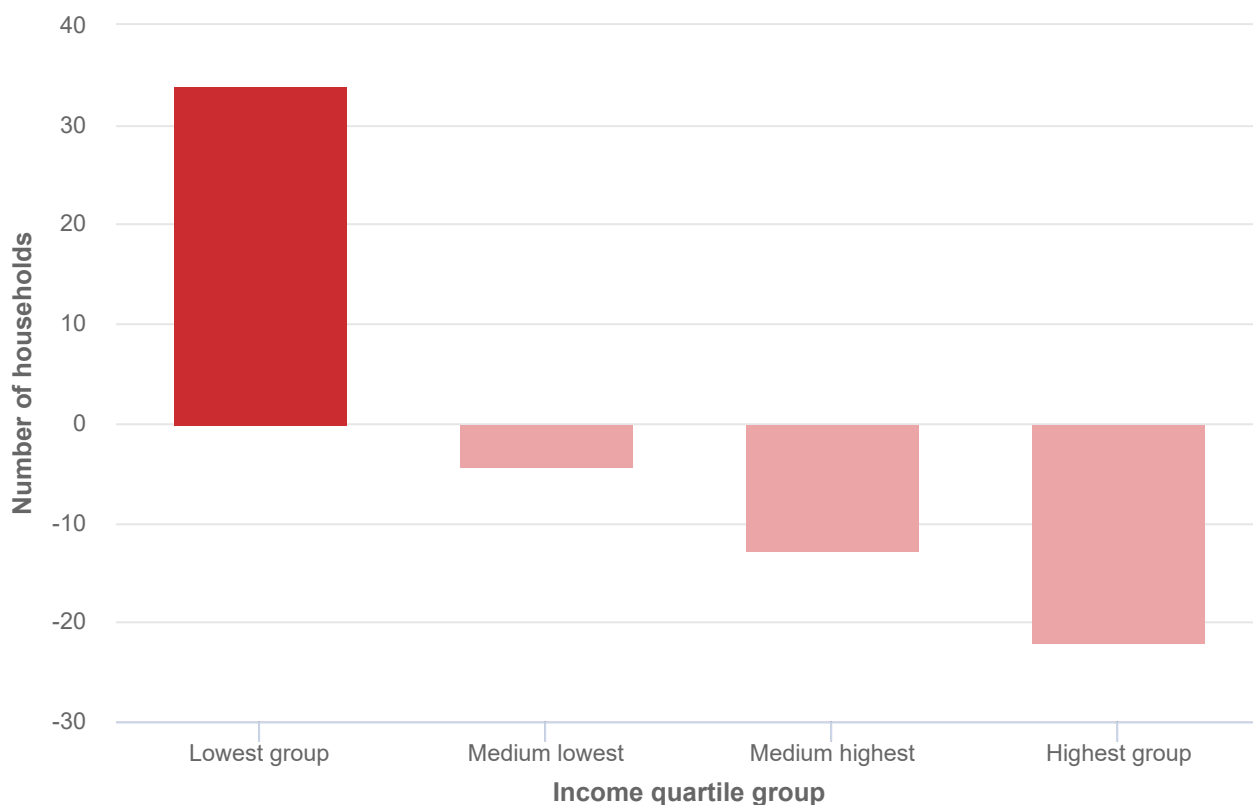
Equivalised household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in equivalised household income quartiles, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Equivalised income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Because the data is equivalised, households of different size and composition are placed on an equal footing.

Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a similar proportion of households in the highest equivalised income quartile, and a greater proportion in the lowest equivalised income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 34 households.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Household type

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 21.3% of households were made up of couples with children in 2021, compared with 21.2% in Regional SA.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, the District Council of Streaky Bay's Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households without Children, Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

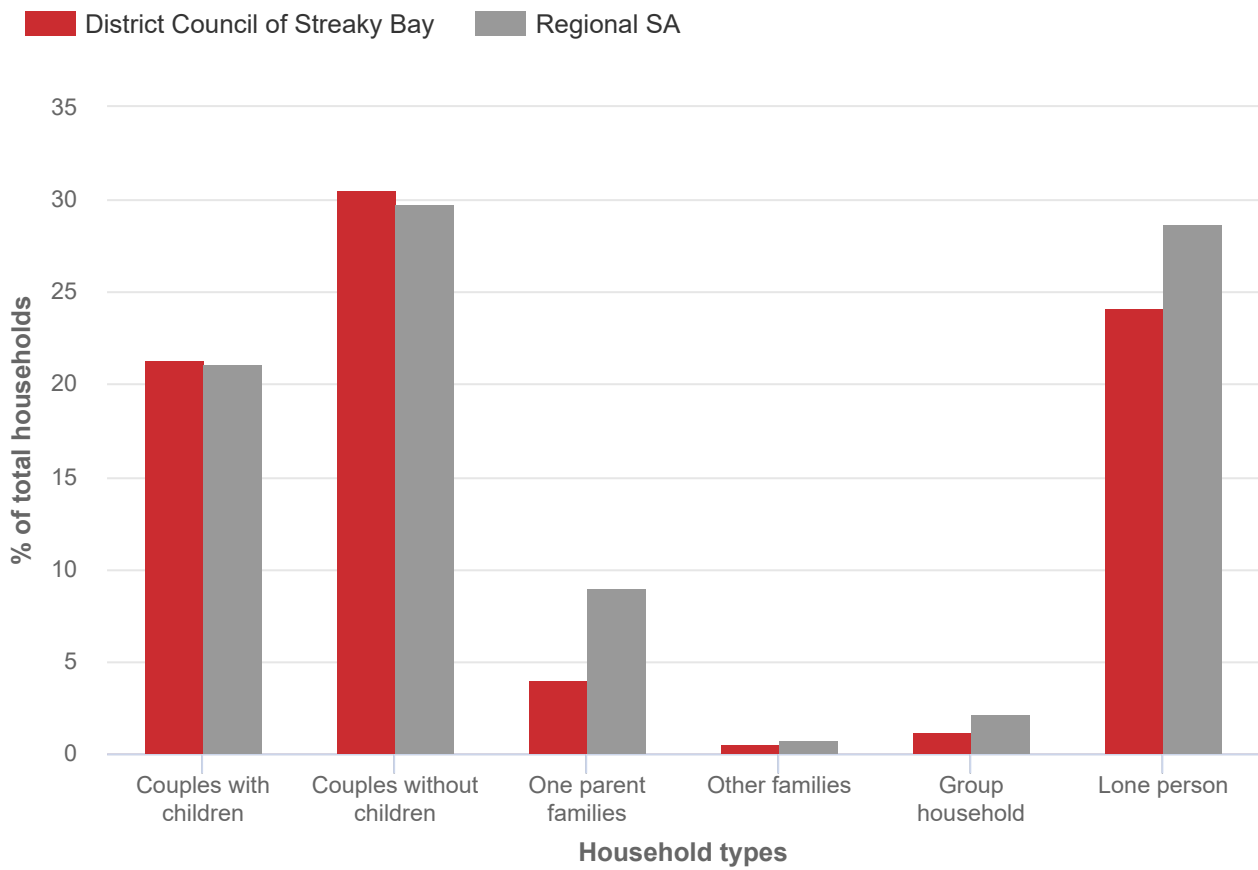
Household type

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Households by type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	207	21.3	21.2	211	23.7	22.8	-4
Couples without children	297	30.6	29.8	271	30.4	29.6	+26
One parent families	39	4.0	9.0	41	4.6	9.0	-2
Other families	5	0.5	0.8	4	0.4	0.7	+1
Group household	12	1.2	2.2	10	1.1	2.2	+2
Lone person	235	24.2	28.7	232	26.1	27.9	+3
Other not classifiable household	47	4.8	4.4	36	4.0	4.4	+11
Visitor only households	130	13.4	4.0	85	9.6	3.4	+45
Total households	972	100.0	100.0	890	100.0	100.0	+82

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

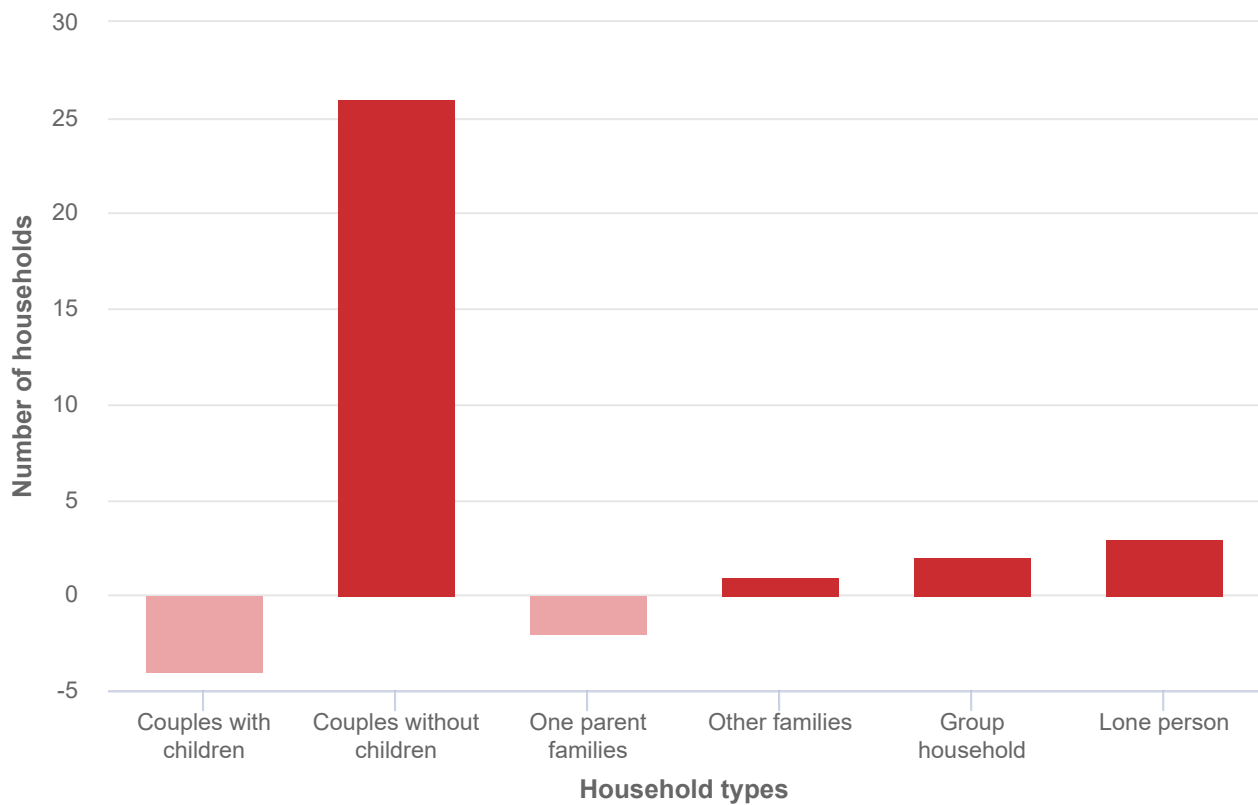
Household type, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household type, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a similar proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 21.3% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 4.0% were one-parent families, compared with 21.2% and 9.0% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a lower proportion of lone person households and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 24.2% compared to 28.7% in Regional SA while the proportion of couples without children was 30.6% compared to 29.8% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of households in District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 82 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Households with children

There are 142 couples with young children in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021, comprising 14.6% of households.

Households with Children require different services and facilities than other household types, and their needs change as both adults and children age. When many families in an area are at the same stage in their individual lifecycles, it creates a suburb lifecycle. Knowing where a suburb is in a cycle of change helps planners make evidence-based decisions about the demand for services both now and in the future.

For Households with Children in the District Council of Streaky Bay, life stage is based on the age of children in the household. The age of the parent(s) is not taken into account.

- **Young children:** Children aged under 15 only
- **Mixed age children:** One or more children under 15 and one or more children over 15 (must have 2 or more children)
- **Older children:** Children aged 15 and over only

To continue building the story, the District Council of Streaky Bay's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

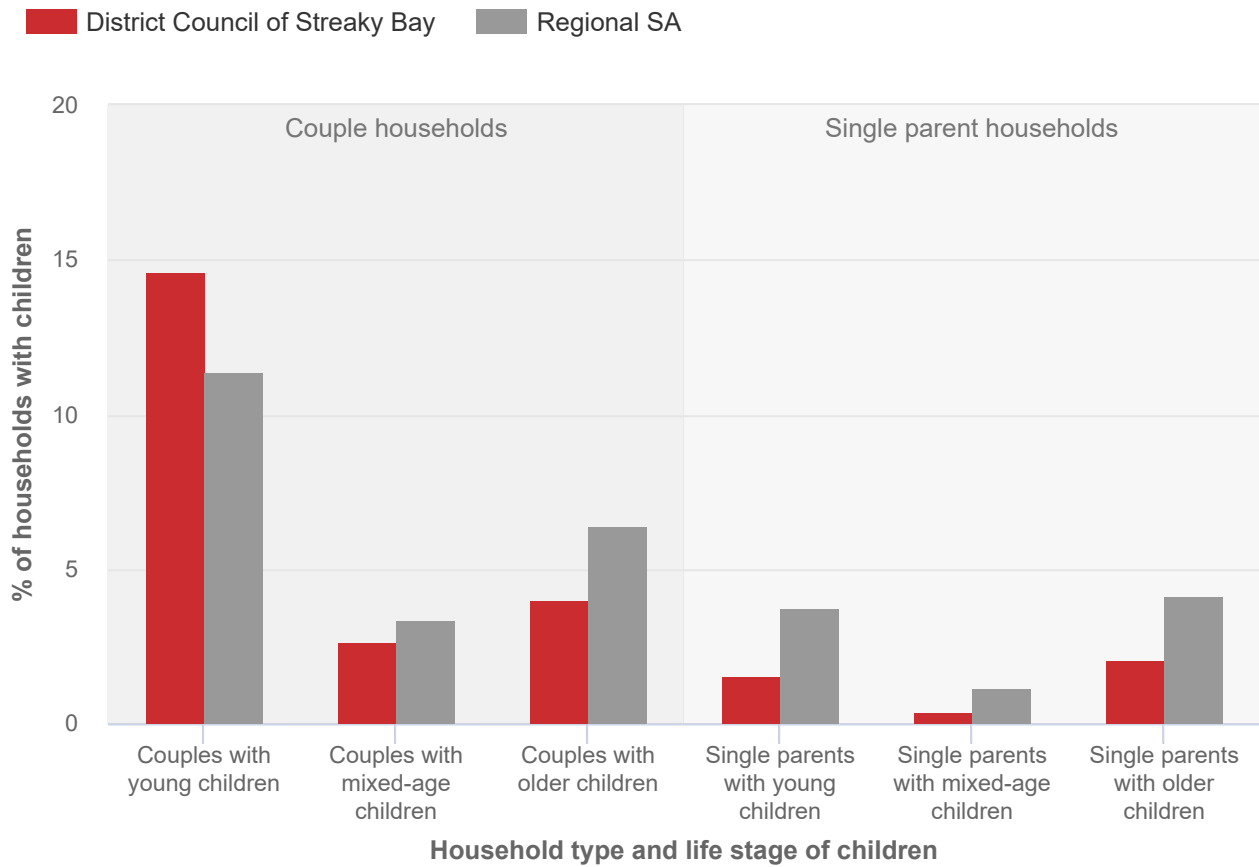
Households with children by life stage

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Households with children	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	207	21.3	21.2	211	23.7	22.8	-4
Couples with young children	142	14.6	11.4	137	15.4	12.6	+5
Couples with mixed-age children	26	2.7	3.4	29	3.3	3.4	-3
Couples with older children	39	4.0	6.4	45	5.1	6.7	-6
Single parents with children	39	4.0	9.0	41	4.6	9.0	-2
Single parents with young children	15	1.5	3.8	17	1.9	3.9	-2
Single parents with mixed-age children	4	0.4	1.1	4	0.4	1.2	0
Single parents with older children	20	2.1	4.1	20	2.2	4.0	0
Total households with children	246	25.3	30.2	252	28.3	31.8	-6
Total households	972	100.0	100.0	890	100.0	100.0	+82

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

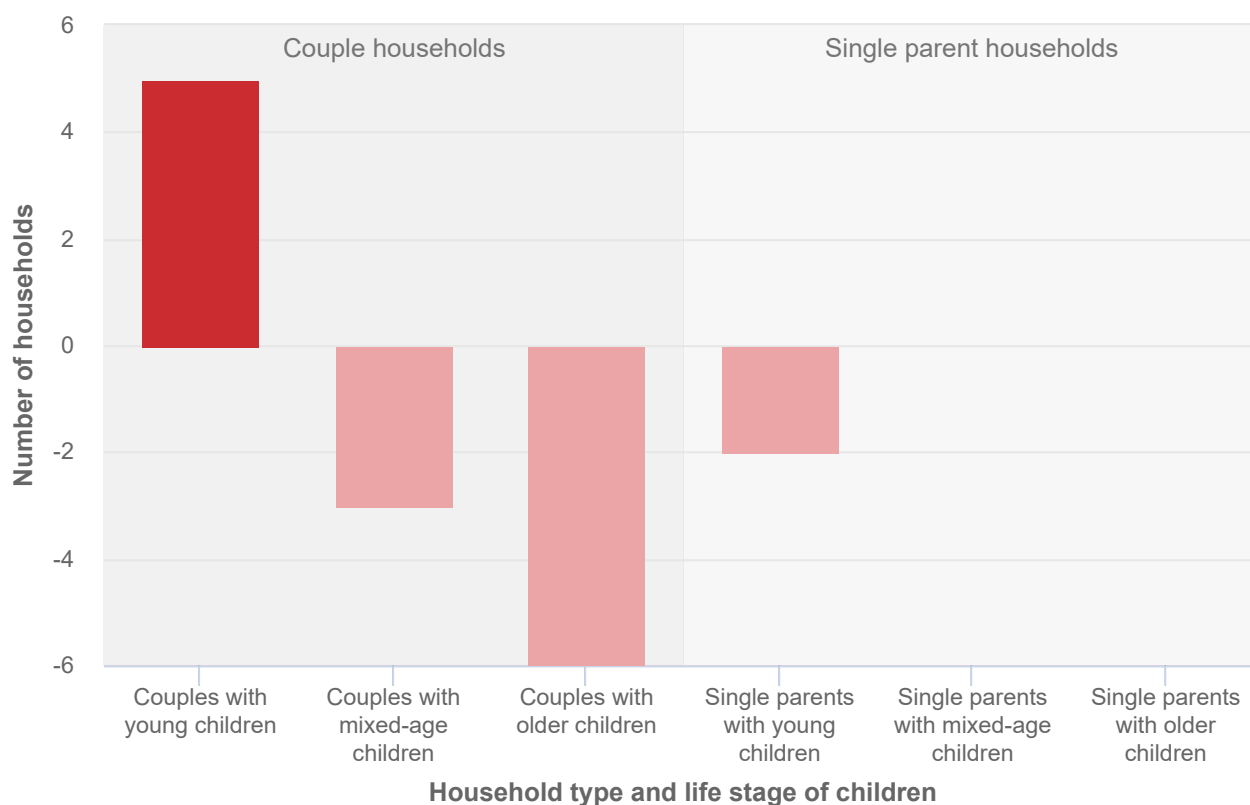
Households with children, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in households with children, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the families with children in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of couples with young children, and a smaller proportion of couples with older children.

Overall, 14.6% of total households with children were couple with young children, and 4.0% were couples with older children, compared with 11.4% and 6.4% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a smaller proportion of single parent households with young children and a smaller proportion of single parent households with older children. Overall, the proportion of single parent households with young children was 1.5% compared to 3.8% in Regional SA while the proportion of single parent households with older children was 2.1% compared to 4.1% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households with children decreased by 6 households or 2.4%.

There were no major differences between 2016 and 2021 in District Council of Streaky Bay.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Households without children

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, older couples without children account for 14% of total households in 2021.

Households without Children include couples without children and lone person households. They require different services depending on the age of the people in the households. For example young couples who have not had children (yet) compared to older "empty nester" couples whose children may have left home.

For Households without Children in the District Council of Streaky Bay, life stage is based on the age of the household reference person (usually person 1 on the Census form):

- **Young:** Aged 15-44
- **Middle-aged:** Aged 45-64
- **Older:** Aged 65 and over

To continue building the story, the District Council of Streaky Bay's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

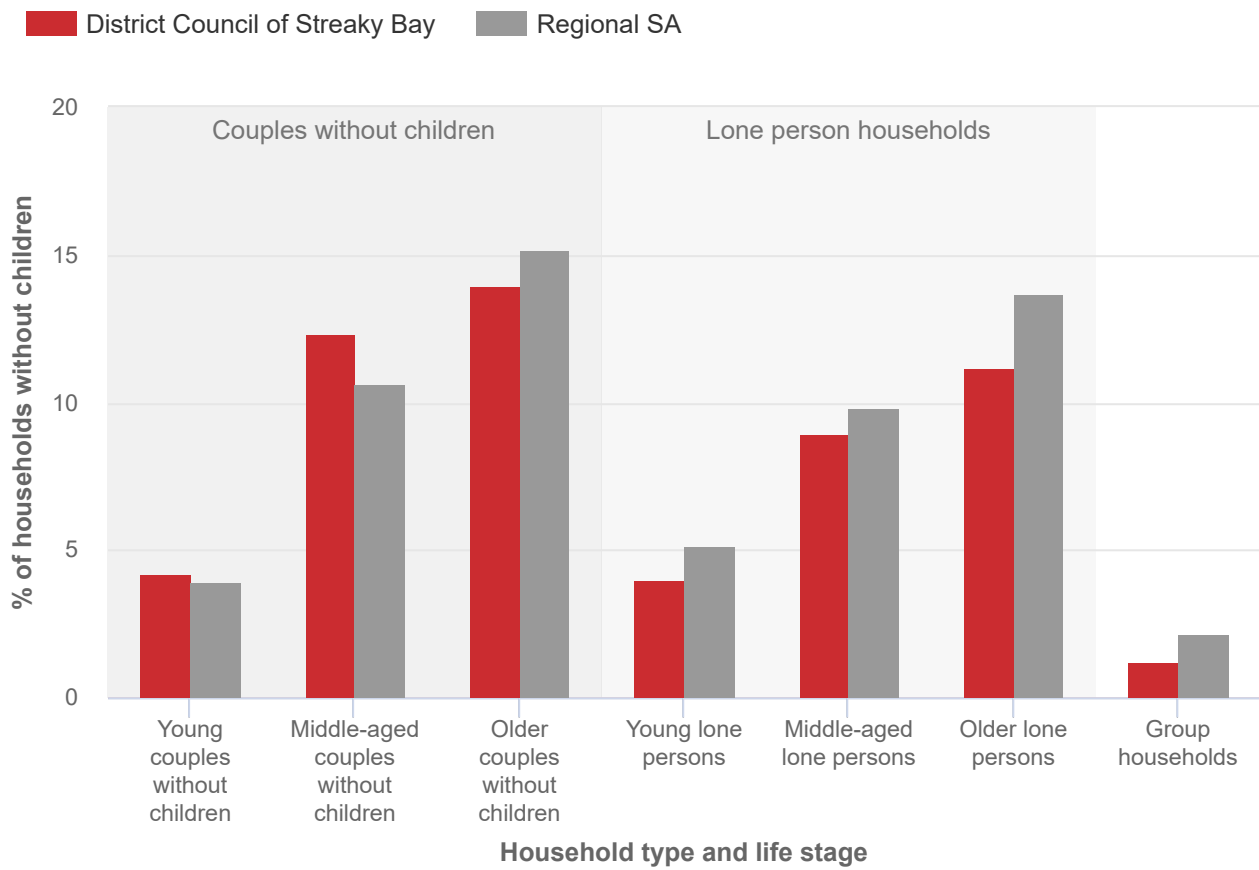
Households without children by life stage

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Households without children	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Couples without children	297	30.6	29.8	271	30.4	29.6	+26
Young couples without children	41	4.2	4.0	41	4.6	4.0	0
Middle-aged couples without children	120	12.3	10.7	130	14.6	11.8	-10
Older couples without children	136	14.0	15.2	100	11.2	13.8	+36
Lone person households	235	24.2	28.7	232	26.1	27.9	+3
Young lone persons	39	4.0	5.2	46	5.2	5.6	-7
Middle-aged lone persons	87	9.0	9.8	96	10.8	10.1	-9
Older lone persons	109	11.2	13.7	90	10.1	12.2	+19
Group households	12	1.2	2.2	10	1.1	2.2	+2
Total households without children	544	56.0	60.7	513	57.6	59.7	+31
Total households	972	100.0	100.0	890	100.0	100.0	+82

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

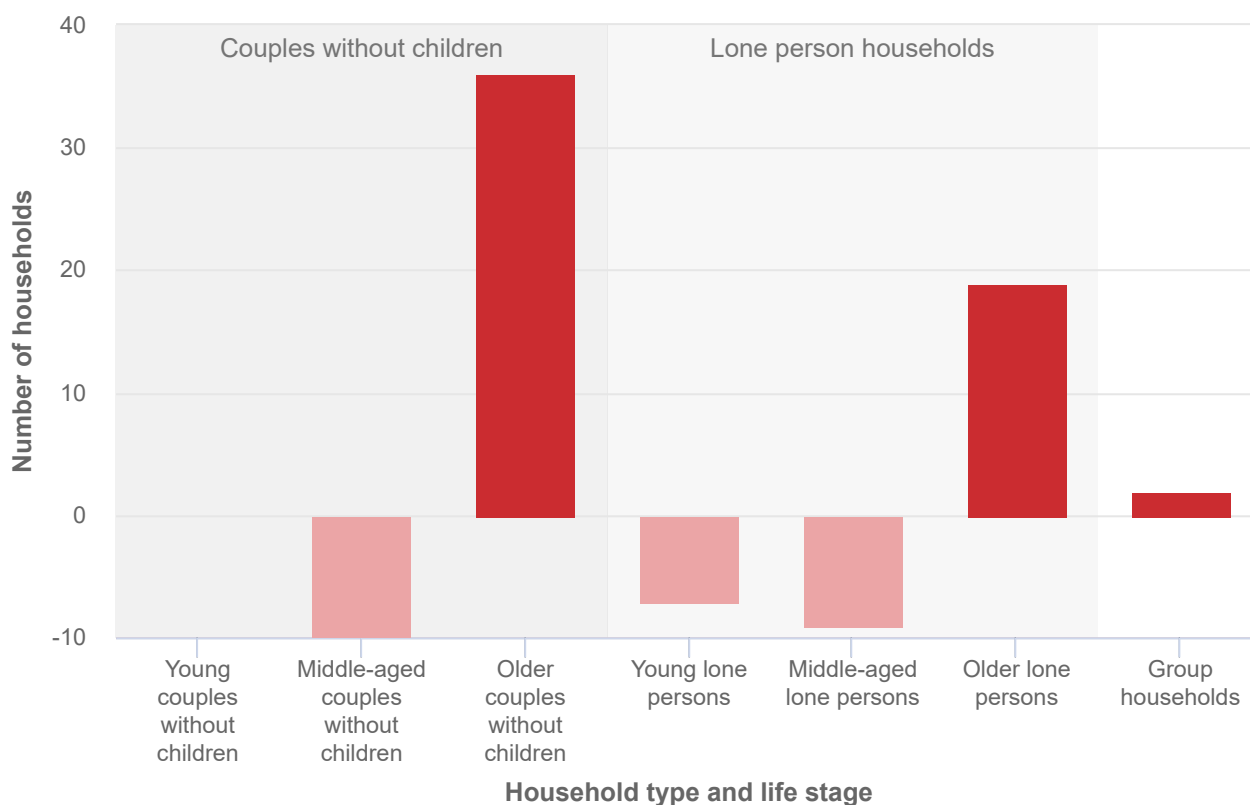
Households without children, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in households without children, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the households without children in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a similar proportion of young couples without children, a larger proportion of middle-aged couples without children, and a smaller proportion of older couples without children.

In addition, there were a smaller proportion of young lone person households, a smaller proportion of middle-aged lone person households, and a smaller proportion of older lone person households.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households without children increased by 31.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Household size

In 2021, 29% of households in the District Council of Streaky Bay contained only one person, compared with 31.3% in Regional SA, with the most dominant household size being 2 persons per household.

The size of households in general follows the life-cycle of families. Households are usually small at the stage of relationship formation (early marriage), and then increase in size with the advent of children. They later reduce in size again as these children reach adulthood and leave home. Household size can also be influenced by a lack (or abundance) of affordable housing. Overseas migrants and indigenous persons often have a tradition of living with extended family members which significantly affects household size.

Household size in Australia has generally declined since the 1970s, but the rate of decline has slowed in recent years.

An increasing household size in an area may indicate a lack of affordable housing opportunities for young people, an increase in the birth rate or an increase in family formation in the area. A declining household size may indicate children leaving the area when they leave home, an increase in retirees settling in the area, or an attraction of young singles and couples to the area.

For greater insight, the District Council of Streaky Bay's Household Size data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Summary, Age Structure, Dwelling Type, Household Income and Language Spoken at Home.

Household size

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Number of persons usually resident	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
1 person	231	29.2	31.3	229	29.5	30.3	+2
2 persons	324	41.0	38.7	317	40.9	38.4	+7
3 persons	82	10.4	12.0	78	10.1	12.3	+4
4 persons	85	10.7	10.7	91	11.7	11.5	-6
5 persons	57	7.2	5.0	42	5.4	5.3	+15
6 or more persons	12	1.5	2.3	19	2.4	2.2	-7
Total classifiable households	791	100.0	100.0	776	100.0	100.0	+15

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Household size - Summary

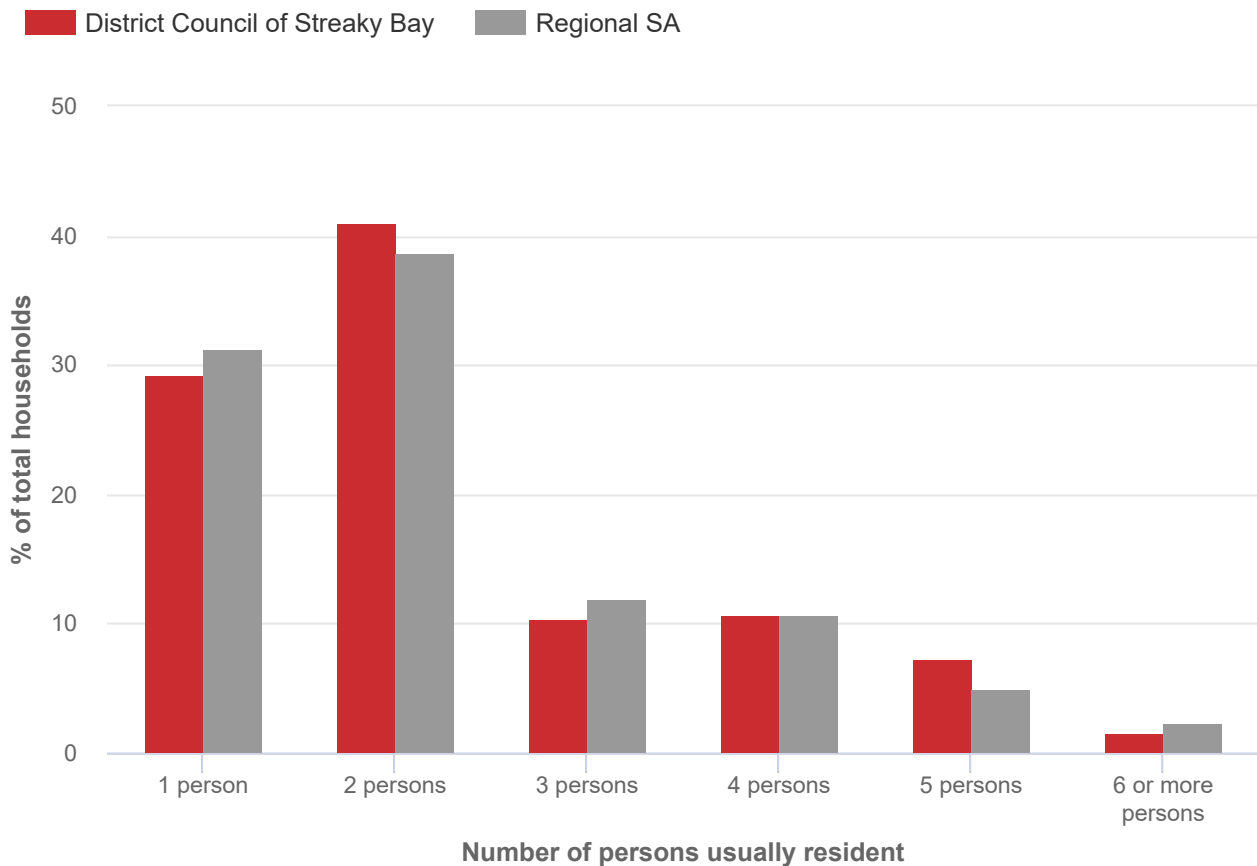
District Council of Streaky Bay - Enumerated	2021			2016			Change
Dwellings	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	974	--	--	895	--	--	+79
Persons in occupied private dwellings	2,197	--	--	2,056	--	--	+141
<i>Average household size (persons per dwelling)</i>	<i>2.26</i>	--	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.30</i>	--	<i>2.28</i>	<i>-0.04</i>

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

The 'Dwellings' table is enumerated data.

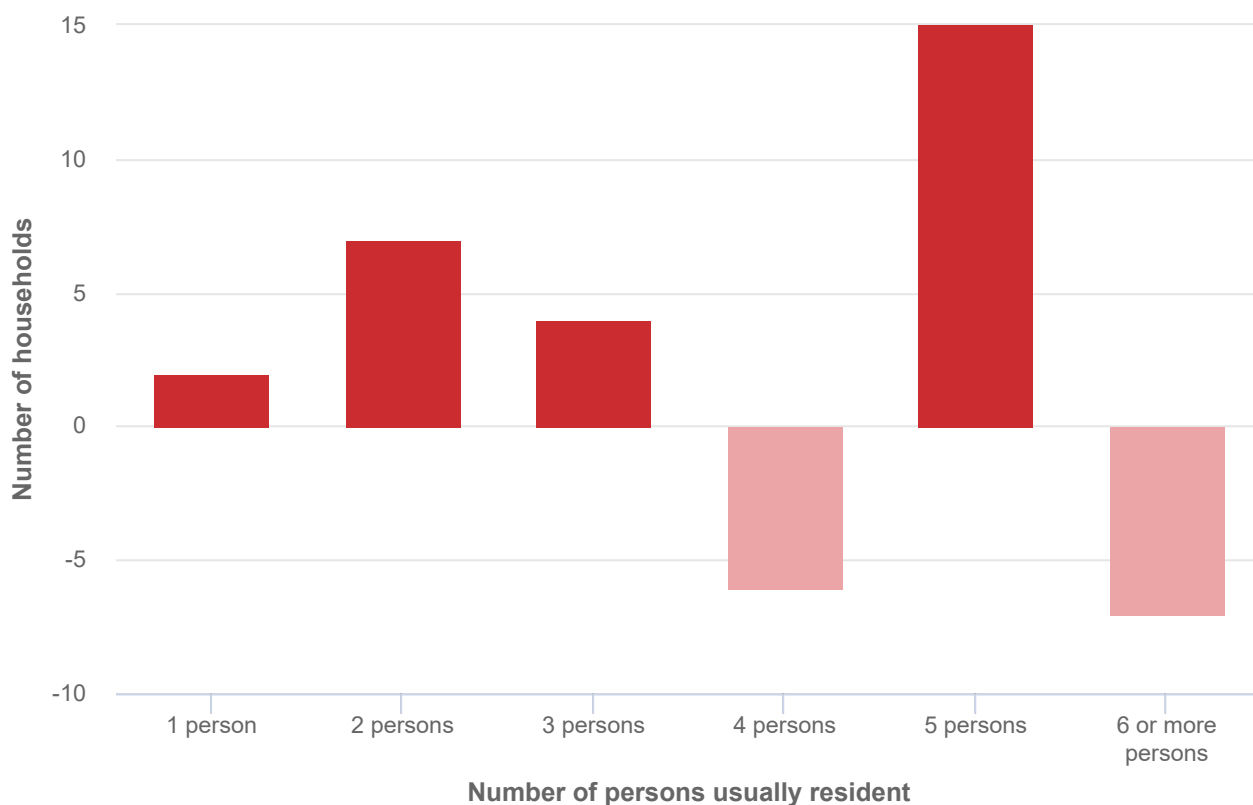
Household size, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household size, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of persons usually resident in a household in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared with Regional SA shows that there were a lower proportion of lone person households, and a higher proportion of larger households (those with 4 persons or more). Overall there were 29.2% of lone person households, and 19.5% of larger households, compared with 31.3% and 18.0% respectively for Regional SA.

The major differences in the household size for the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of households with 2 persons usually resident (41.0% compared to 38.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of households with 5 persons usually resident (7.2% compared to 5.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households with 1 person usually resident (29.2% compared to 31.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households with 3 persons usually resident (10.4% compared to 12.0%)

Emerging groups

The number of households in District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 15 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Family blending

In 2021, the District Council of Streaky Bay had 3.3% of couple families with children in step families and 5.1% in blended families.

Information on blended and intact families can be an indicator of the level of family breakup and repartnering within the area, and a potential indicator of socio-economic disadvantage. Family blending only applies to couple families with children. For information more broadly about household and family types, including single-parent families, please see Household Type, Households with Children, and Households without Children.

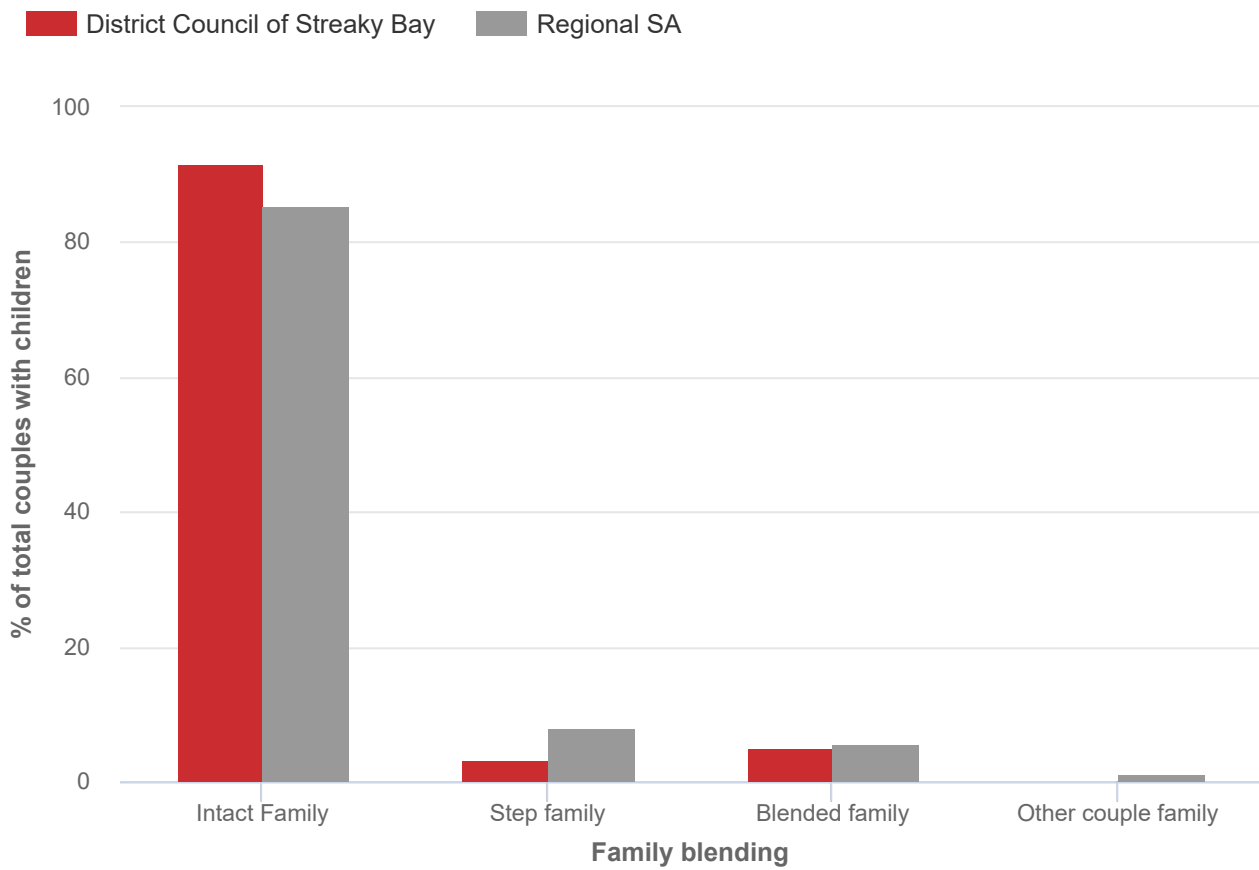
Family blending

District Council of Streaky Bay - Total couples with children (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Family blending by type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Intact Family	196	91.6	85.5	179	88.6	85.9	+17
Step family	7	3.3	7.9	14	6.9	7.7	-7
Blended family	11	5.1	5.5	9	4.5	5.4	+2
Other couple family	0	--	1.1	0	--	0.9	0
Total couples with children	214	100.0	100.0	202	100.0	100.0	+12

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

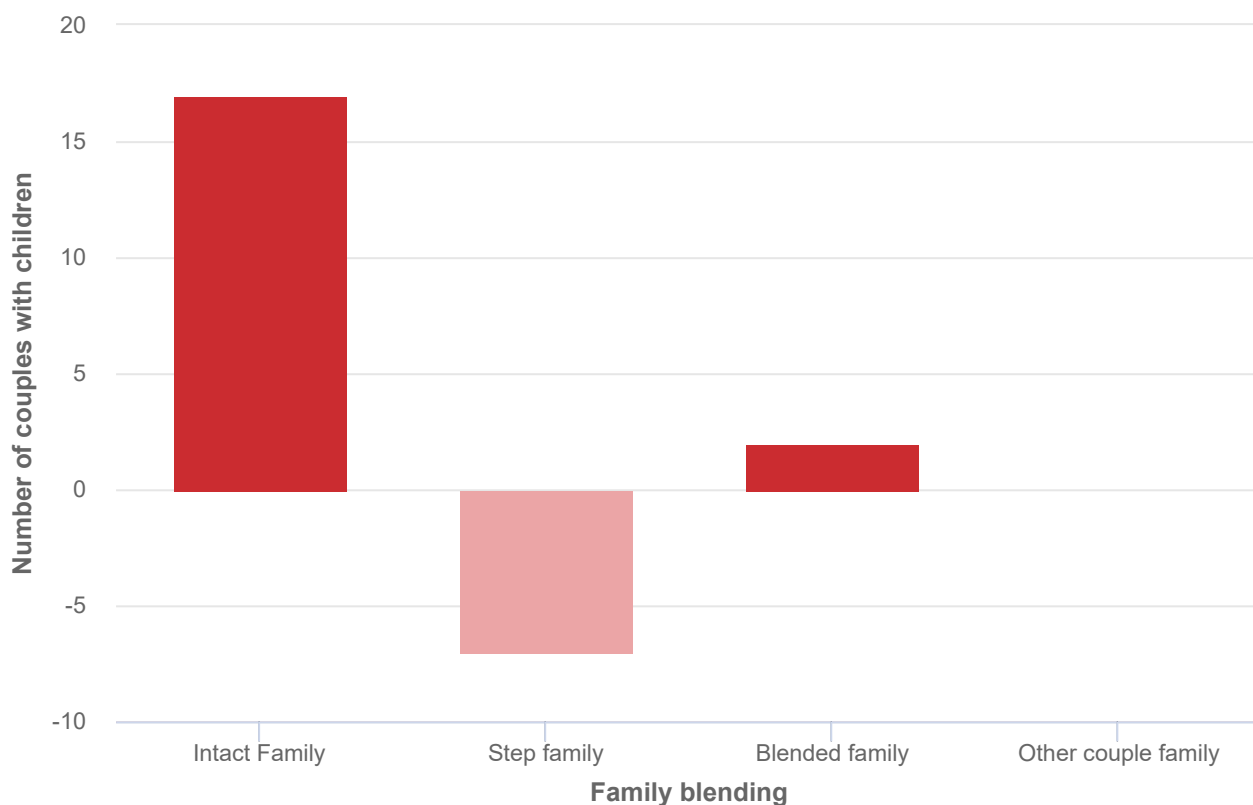
Family blending, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in family blending, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the family blending in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a lower proportion of step families as well as a lower proportion of blended families. Overall, 3.3% of total couple families with children were step families, and 5.1% were blended families, compared with 7.9% and 5.5% respectively for Regional SA.

There were a lower proportion of other families and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of other families was 0.0% compared to 1.1% in Regional SA while the proportion of intact families was 91.6% compared to 85.5% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The number of couple families with children in District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 12 between 2016 and 2021.

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Dwelling type

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 1.4% of the dwellings were medium or high density, compared to 11% in Regional SA.

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of the District Council of Streaky Bay's residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in the District Council of Streaky Bay.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, [learn more here](#).

Dwelling structure

District Council of Streaky Bay - Dwellings (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Dwelling type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Separate house	1,239	89.0	86.5	1,171	89.0	86.1	+68
Medium density	20	1.4	10.6	31	2.4	10.5	-11
High density	0	--	0.2	0	--	0.1	0
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	115	8.3	1.7	73	5.6	1.8	+42
Other	4	0.3	0.3	37	2.8	0.8	-33
Not stated	14	1.0	0.7	3	0.2	0.6	+11
Total Private Dwellings	1,392	100.0	100.0	1,315	100.0	100.0	+77

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021](#). Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Dwelling type

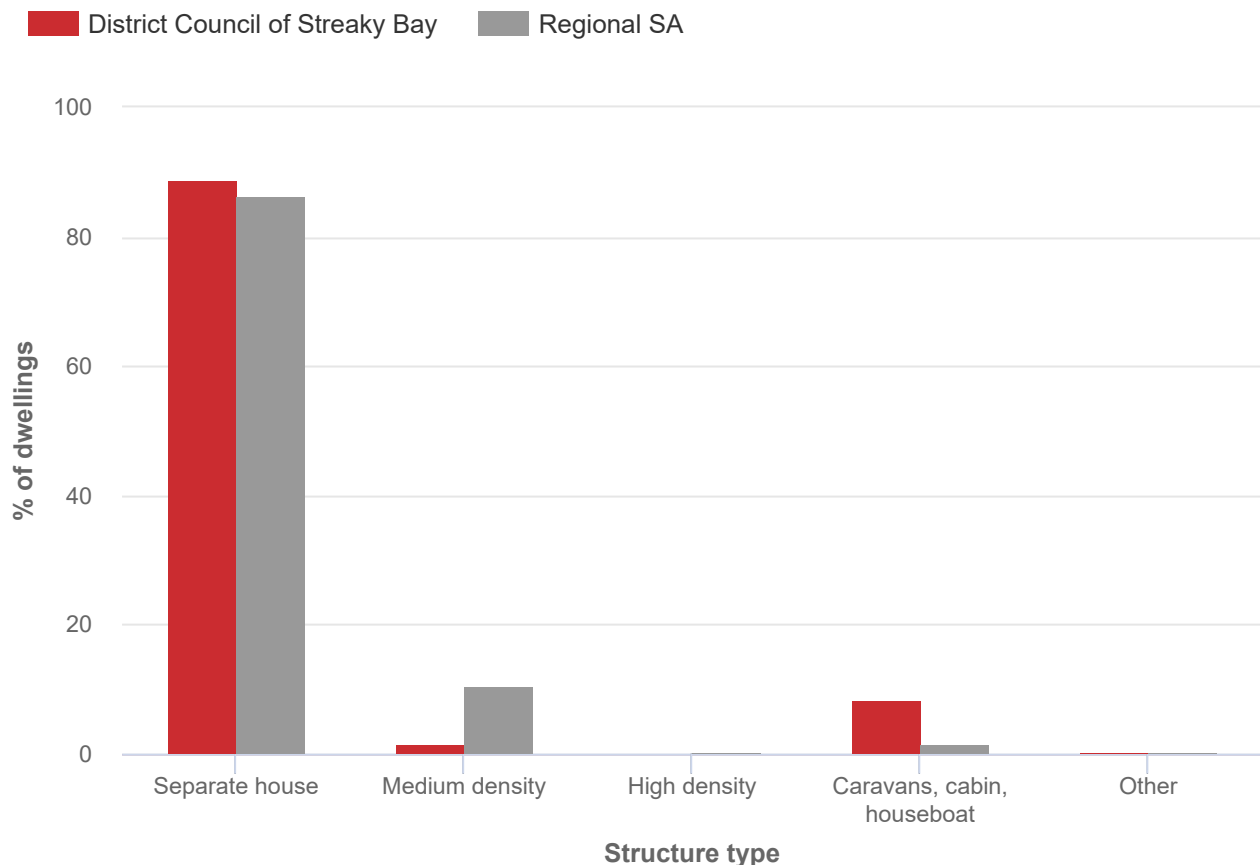
District Council of Streaky Bay	2021			2016			Change
Dwelling type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	974	69.8	79.2	895	68.0	77.7	+79
Unoccupied private dwellings	418	30.0	20.5	416	31.6	21.9	+2
Non private dwellings	3	0.2	0.4	5	0.4	0.4	-2
Total dwellings	1,395	100.0	100.0	1,316	100.0	100.0	+79

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

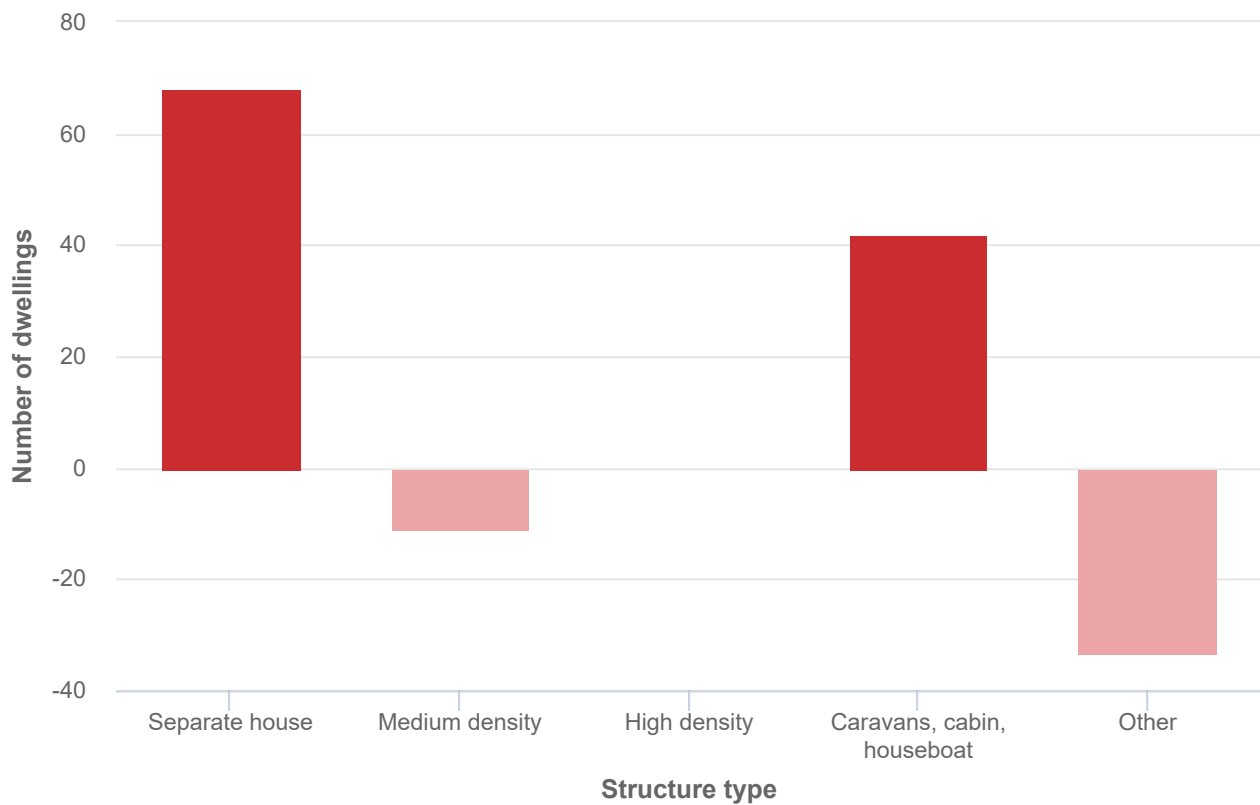
Dwelling structure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in dwelling structure, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 1,239 separate houses in the area, 20 medium density dwellings, and no high density dwellings. In addition, there were 115 caravans/cabins/houseboats in the area.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 shows that 89.0% of all dwellings were separate houses; 1.4% were medium density dwellings, and 0% were in high density dwellings, compared with 86.5%, 10.6%, and 0.2% in the Regional SA respectively.

In 2021, a total of 69.8% of the dwellings in the District Council of Streaky Bay were occupied on Census night, compared to 79.2% in Regional SA. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 30.0%, which is larger compared to that found in Regional SA (20.5%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in the District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 79 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest change in the type of dwellings found in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021 was:

- Separate house (+68 dwellings)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Dwellings with 3 bedrooms were the most common in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021.

The Number of Bedrooms in a dwelling is an indicator of the size of dwellings, and when combined with Dwelling Type information, provides insight into the role the District Council of Streaky Bay plays in the housing market. For example, an area of high density dwellings that are predominantly 1-2 bedroom are likely to attract students, single workers and young couples, whereas a high density area with dwellings that are predominantly 2-3 bedroom may attract more empty nesters and some families.

In combination with Household Type and Household Size, the Number of Bedrooms can also indicate issues around housing affordability, overcrowding and other socio-economic factors.

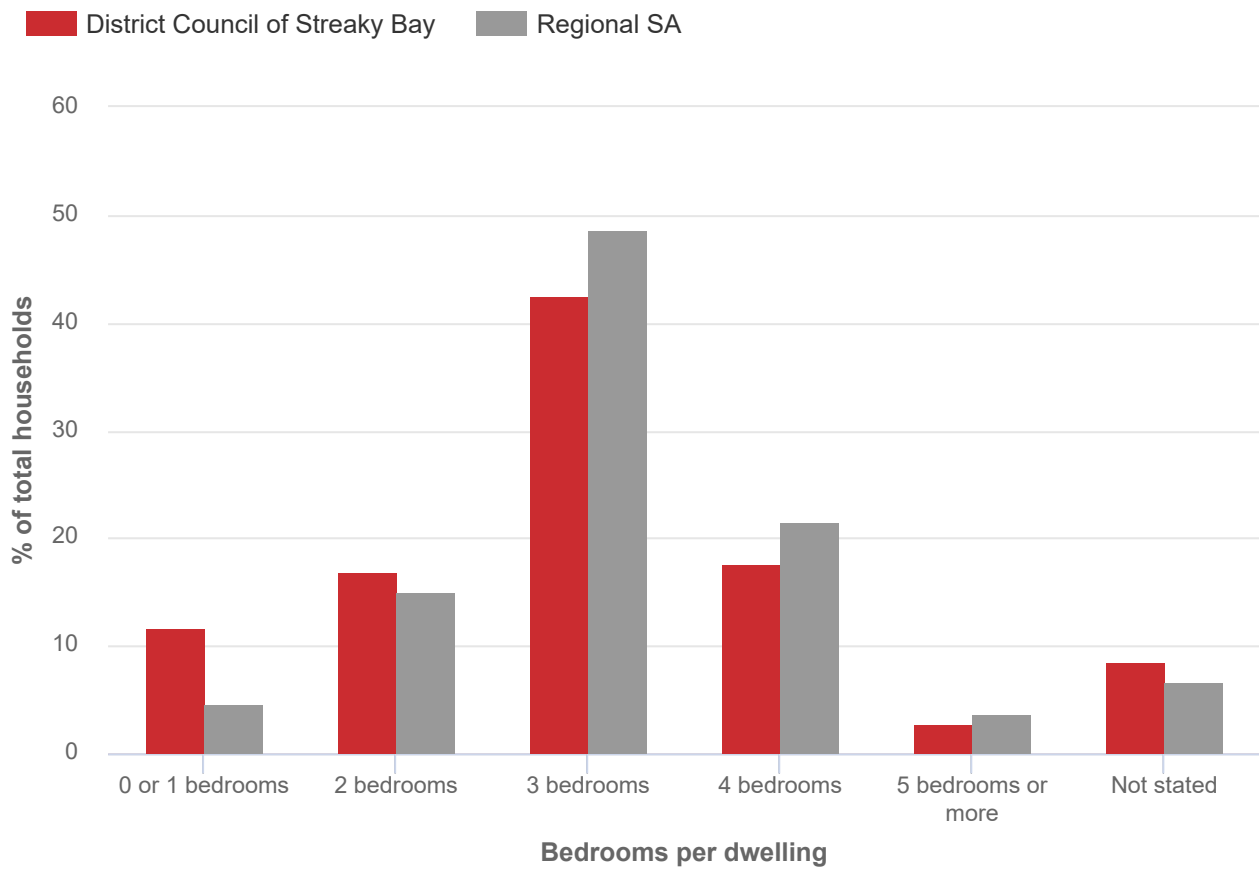
Number of bedrooms per dwelling

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Number of bedrooms	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
0 or 1 bedrooms	114	11.8	4.6	90	10.0	4.1	+24
2 bedrooms	163	16.8	15.0	129	14.4	15.4	+34
3 bedrooms	411	42.5	48.6	417	46.5	49.8	-6
4 bedrooms	170	17.6	21.5	158	17.6	20.0	+12
5 bedrooms or more	27	2.8	3.7	21	2.3	3.3	+6
Not stated	83	8.6	6.6	82	9.1	7.5	+1
Total households	968	100.0	100.0	897	100.0	100.0	+71

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

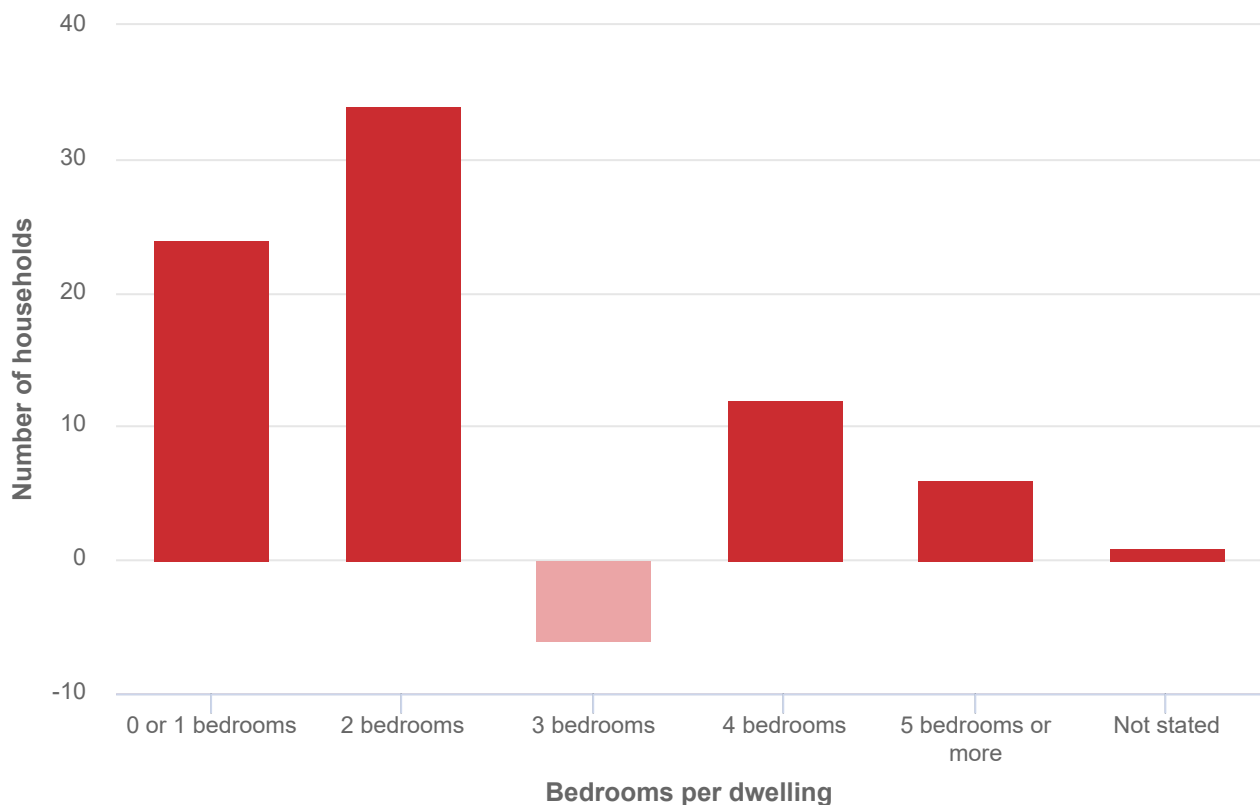
Number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of bedrooms in dwellings in District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.

Overall, 28.6% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and 20.4% of 4 or more bedroom dwellings, compared with 19.6% and 25.2% for Regional SA respectively.

The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of dwellings with 1 or no bedrooms (includes bedsitters) (11.8% compared to 4.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (16.8% compared to 15.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (42.5% compared to 48.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (17.6% compared to 21.5%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Internet connection

In 2016, 158 households in the District Council of Streaky Bay (17.6%) did not have an internet connection at the dwelling.

Please note: For the 2021 Census, the ABS dropped the question regarding household internet connection. This page shows data for the 2016 and previous Censuses only.

An internet connection is now an important utility for most households in Australia. It is increasingly required for accessing essential information and taking part in the digital economy. Australia-wide in 2016, nearly 80% of all households had internet access. However, this decreases with age – seniors are less likely to have internet access at home. The lack of internet access is likely to indicate a level of disadvantage and could be related to socio-economic factors, age, or geographical isolation.

Internet connectivity in the District Council of Streaky Bay should be looked at in conjunction with Household Type and Age Structure, as well as Education Levels.

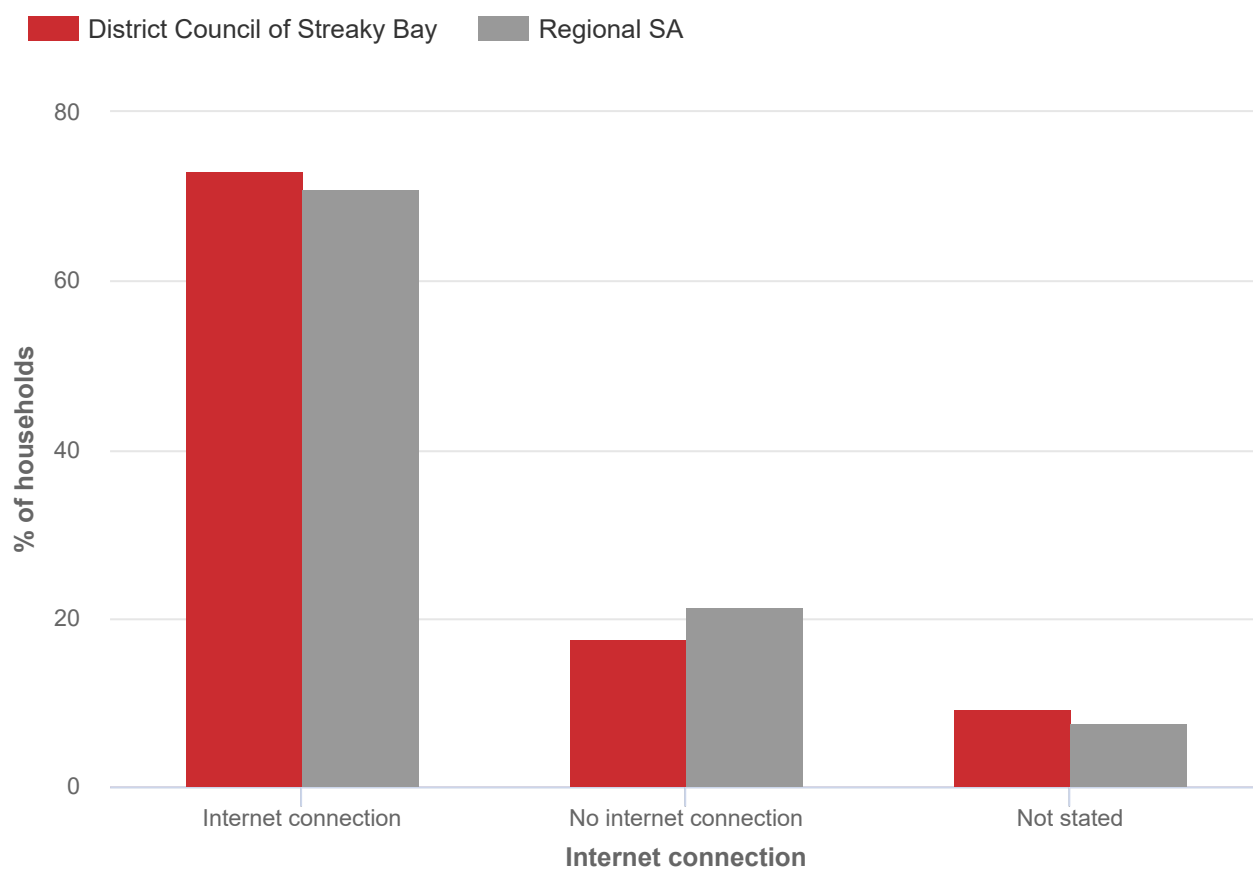
Type of internet connection

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households	2016			2011			Change
Connection type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2011 to 2016
Internet connection	656	73.1	70.9	575	65.6	64.8	+81
No internet connection	158	17.6	21.4	234	26.7	28.8	-76
Not stated	83	9.3	7.7	67	7.6	6.4	+16
Total households	897	100.0	100.0	876	100.0	100.0	+21

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

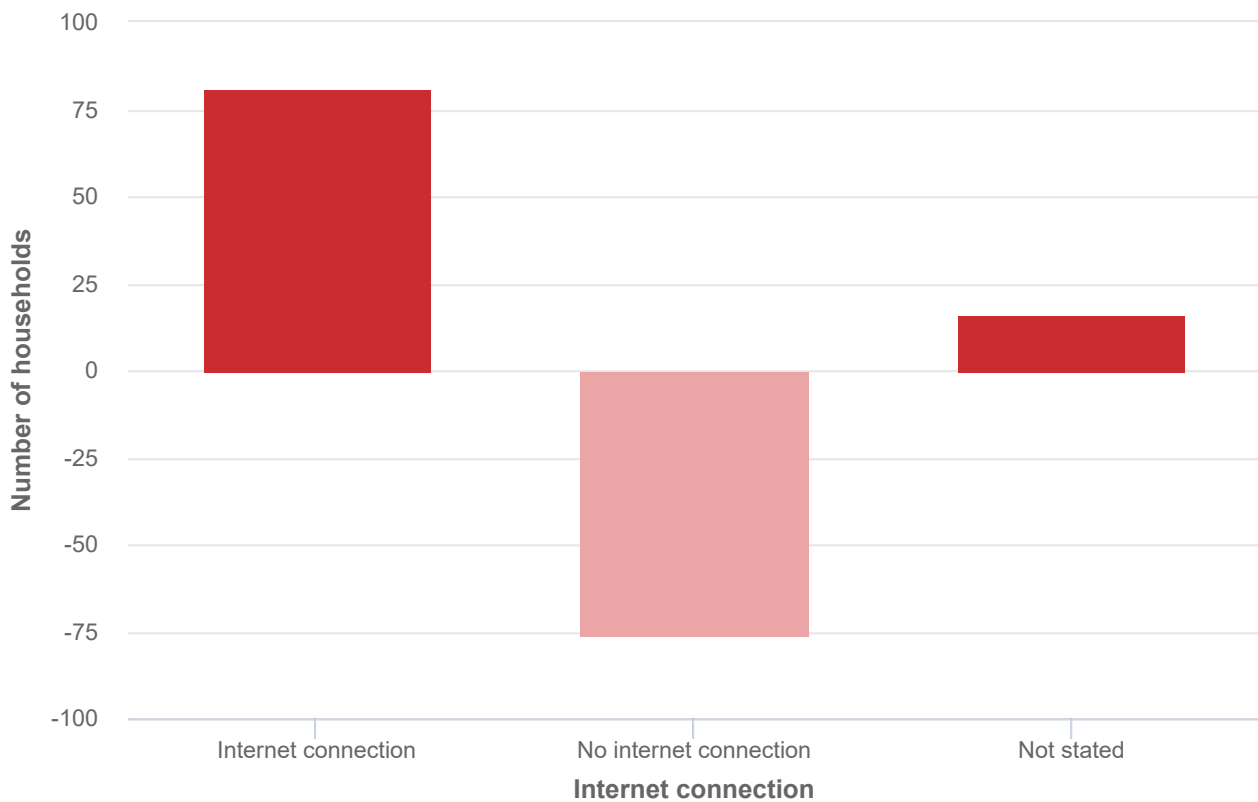
Type of internet connection, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in type of internet connection, 2011 to 2016

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the type of internet connection of households in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a higher proportion of households with an internet connection

Overall 73.1% of households had an internet connection, compared with 70.9% in Regional SA.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016 the number of households with an internet connection increased by 81.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Number of cars per household

Analysis of car ownership in 2021, indicates 57% of households in the District Council of Streaky Bay had access to two or more motor vehicles, compared to 55% in Regional SA.

The ability of the population to access services and employment is strongly influenced by access to transport. The number of motor vehicles per household in the District Council of Streaky Bay quantifies access to private transport and will be influenced by **Age Structure** and **Household Type**, which determine the number of adults present; access to **Public Transport**; distance to shops, services, employment and education; and **Household Income**. Depending on these factors, car ownership can be seen as a measure of advantage or disadvantage, or a neutral socio-economic measure, which impacts on the environment and quality of life.

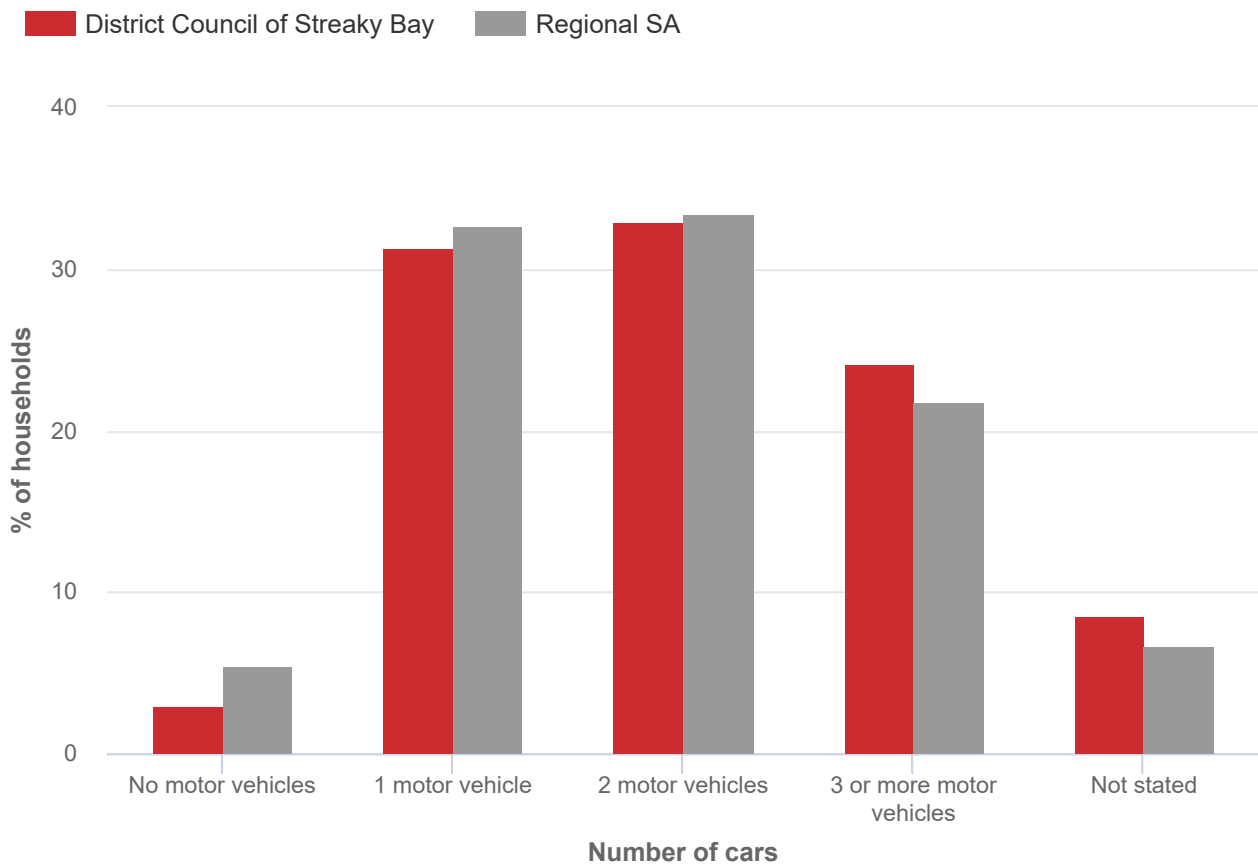
Car ownership

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Number of cars	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
No motor vehicles	29	3.0	5.4	23	2.6	5.6	+6
1 motor vehicle	306	31.3	32.8	259	29.1	32.2	+47
2 motor vehicles	322	33.0	33.5	318	35.7	33.5	+4
3 or more motor vehicles	236	24.2	21.7	206	23.1	20.1	+30
Not stated	84	8.6	6.7	85	9.5	8.7	-1
Total households	977	100.0	100.0	891	100.0	100.0	+86

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

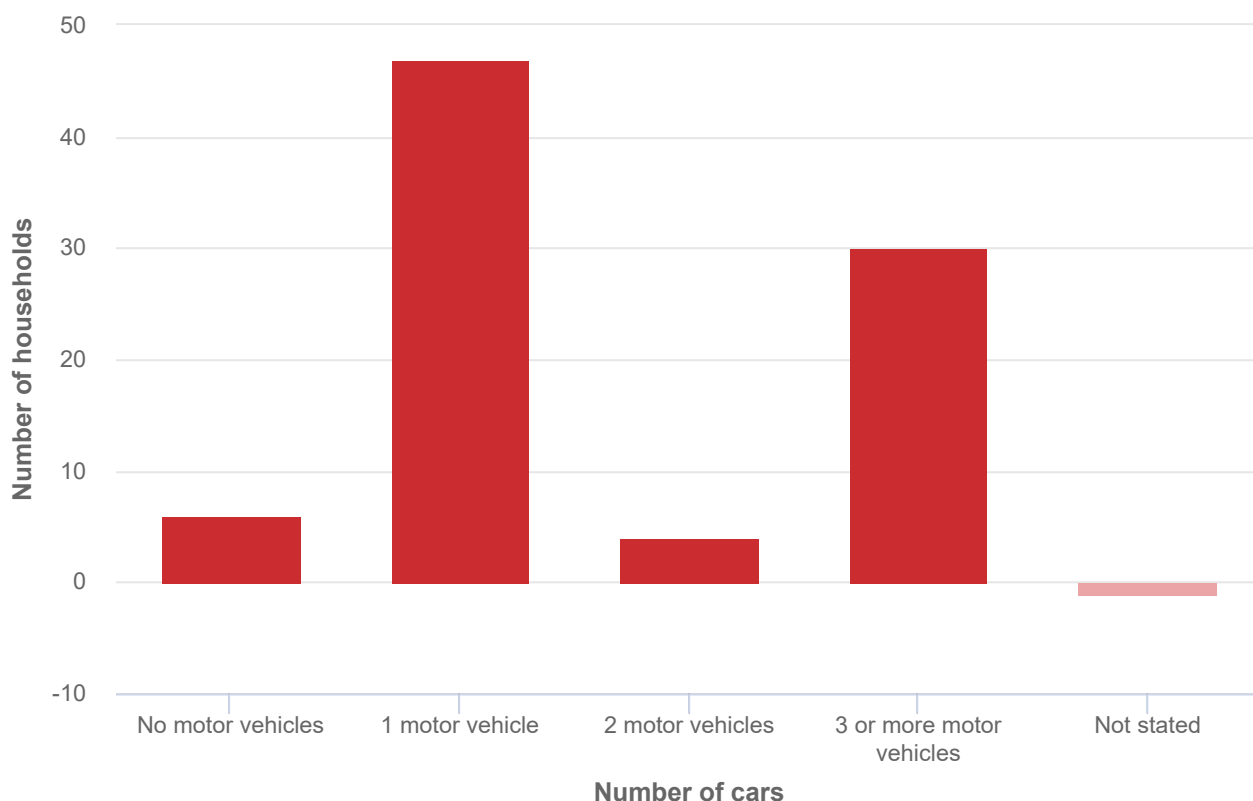
Car ownership, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in car ownership, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the car ownership of the households in the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that 88.4% of the households owned at least one car, while 3.0% did not, compared with 88.0% and 5.4% respectively in Regional SA.

Of those that owned at least one vehicle, there was a smaller proportion who owned just one car; a smaller proportion who owned two cars; and a larger proportion who owned three cars or more.

Overall, 31.3% of the households owned one car; 33.0% owned two cars; and 24.2% owned three cars or more, compared with 32.8%; 33.5% and 21.7% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Housing tenure

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 69% of households were purchasing or fully owned their home, 14.9% were renting privately, and 1.7% were in social housing in 2021.

The District Council of Streaky Bay's Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in the District Council of Streaky Bay, Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

Further reading: [How can Councils influence affordable housing.](#)

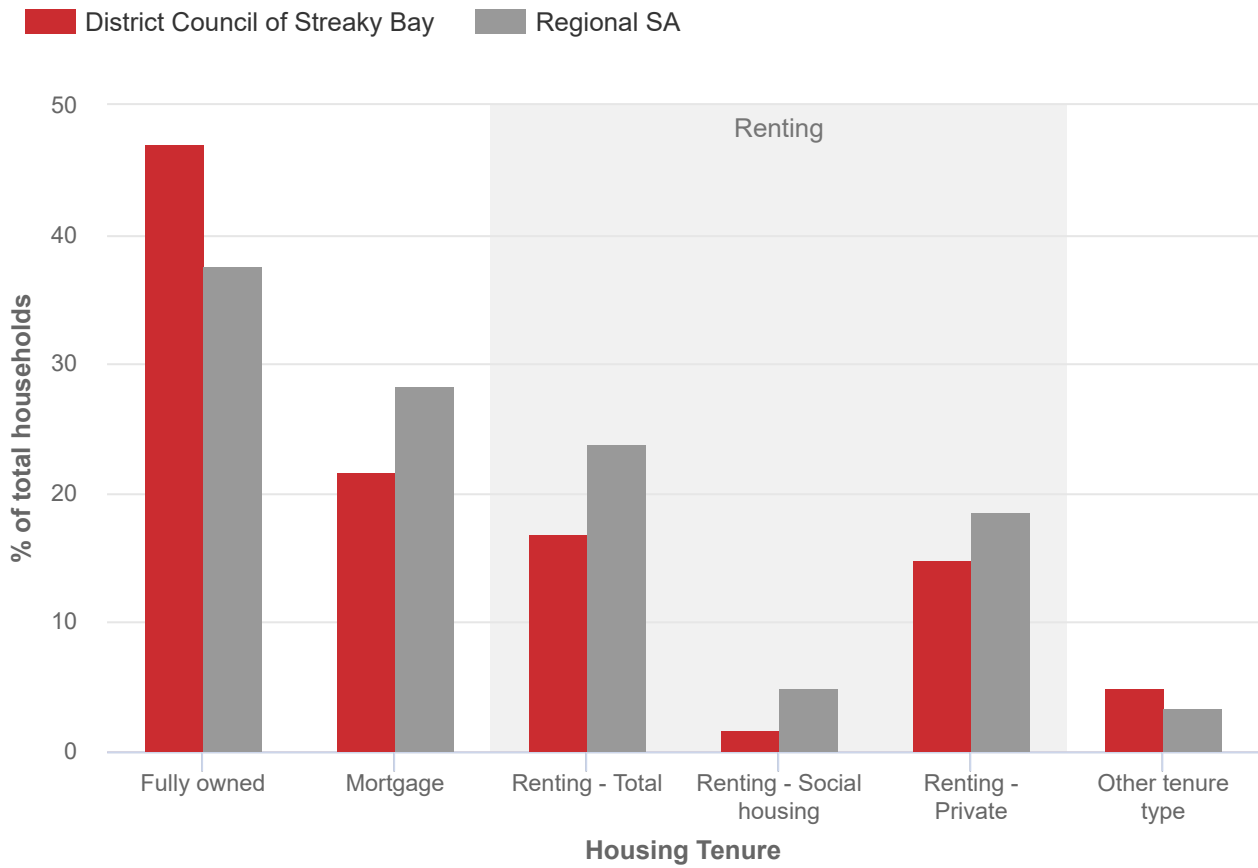
Housing tenure

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Tenure type	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Fully owned	460	47.1	37.6	409	45.6	35.5	+51
Mortgage	212	21.7	28.4	201	22.4	29.3	+11
Renting - Total	165	16.9	23.8	160	17.9	24.2	+5
Renting - Social housing	17	1.7	5.0	27	3.0	5.6	-10
Renting - Private	145	14.9	18.5	133	14.8	18.3	+12
Renting - Not stated	3	0.3	0.2	0	--	0.3	+3
Other tenure type	49	5.0	3.4	44	4.9	3.2	+5
Not stated	90	9.2	6.8	82	9.2	7.8	+8
Total households	976	100.0	100.0	896	100.0	100.0	+80

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Housing tenure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing tenure, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of the District Council of Streaky Bay in 2021 compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a smaller proportion who were renters.

Overall, 47.1% of households owned their dwelling; 21.7% were purchasing, and 16.9% were renting, compared with 37.6%, 28.4% and 23.8% respectively for Regional SA.

Emerging groups

The largest change in housing tenure categories for the households in the District Council of Streaky Bay between 2016 and 2021 was:

- Fully owned (+51 households)

The total number of households in District Council of Streaky Bay increased by 80 between 2016 and 2021.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Housing loan repayments

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 9.5% of households with a mortgage were making high loan repayments of \$2,600 or more per month in 2021.

Mortgage repayments are directly related to house prices in the District Council of Streaky Bay, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with **Household Income** data it may also indicate the level of housing stress households in the community are under. In mortgage belt areas it is expected that households will be paying a higher proportion of their income on their housing compared to well-established areas. First home buyer areas are also likely to have larger mortgages than upgrader areas where households move in with equity from elsewhere.

Mortgage payment levels are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of mortgage payments over time, go to **Housing Loan Quartiles**.

Please note, interest rates at the 2021 Census were at a record low in Australia. The first interest rate rises by the Reserve Bank began an upward cycle from May 2022. Please use mortgage payment data with caution as data from the 2021 Census pre-dates all official rate rises in the current cycle.

Further reading: [How can Councils influence affordable housing.](#)

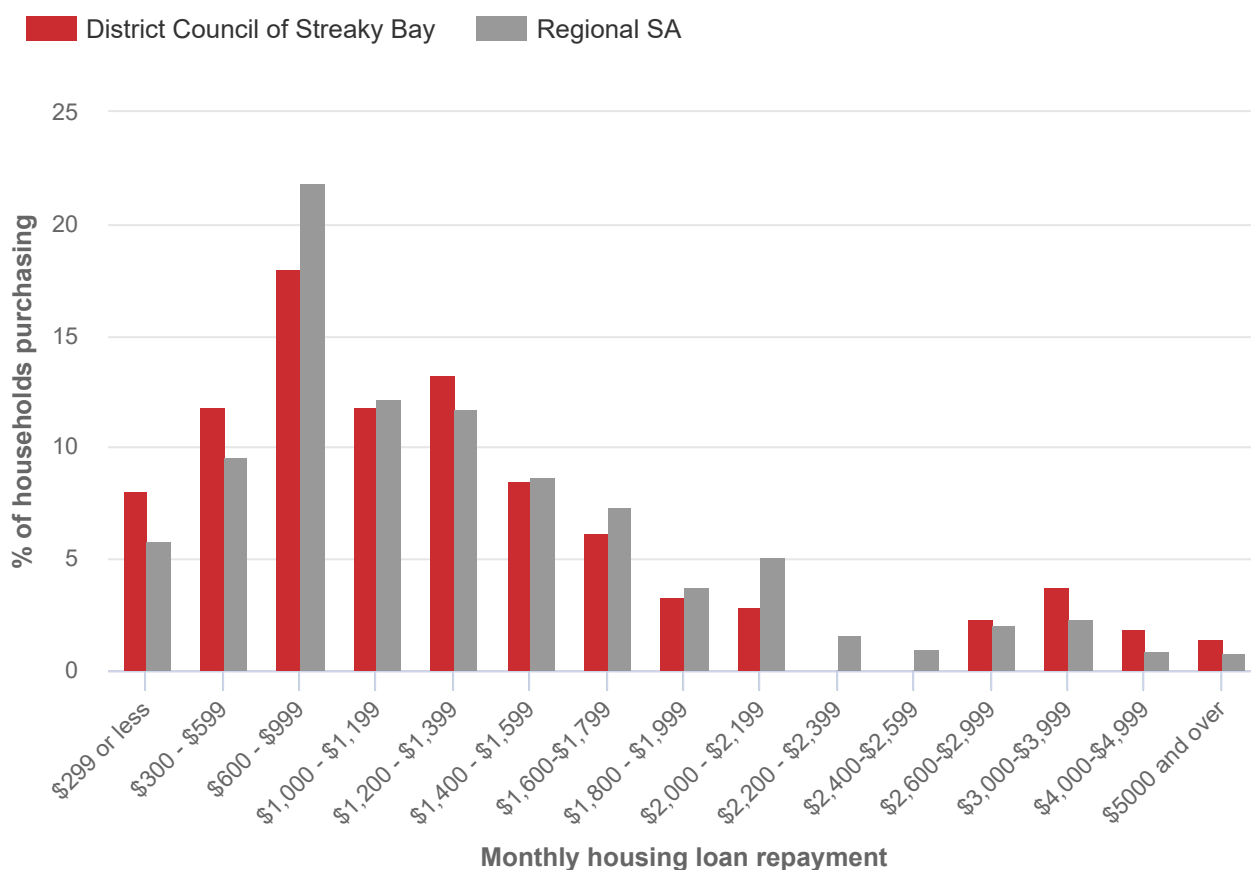
Monthly housing loan repayments

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021		
Monthly repayment amount	Number	%	Regional SA %
\$299 or less	17	8.1	5.8
\$300 - \$599	25	11.8	9.6
\$600 - \$999	38	18.0	21.9
\$1,000 - \$1,199	25	11.8	12.2
\$1,200 - \$1,399	28	13.3	11.7
\$1,400 - \$1,599	18	8.5	8.7
\$1,600-\$1,799	13	6.2	7.4
\$1,800 - \$1,999	7	3.3	3.8
\$2,000 - \$2,199	6	2.8	5.1
\$2,200 - \$2,399	0	--	1.6
\$2,400-\$2,599	0	--	1.0
\$2,600-\$2,999	5	2.4	2.1
\$3,000-\$3,999	8	3.8	2.3
\$4,000-\$4,999	4	1.9	0.9
\$5000 and over	3	1.4	0.8
Not stated	14	6.6	5.2
Total	211	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Monthly housing loan repayments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the monthly housing loan repayments of households in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2,600 per month or more), and a similar proportion of households with low mortgage repayments (less than \$1,200 per month).

Overall, 9.5% of households were paying high mortgage repayments, and 49.8% were paying low repayments, compared with 6.1% and 49.4% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences between the household loan repayments of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of \$300 - \$599 (11.8% compared to 9.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of \$299 or less (8.1% compared to 5.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$600 - \$999 (18.0% compared to 21.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$2,000 - \$2,199 (2.8% compared to 5.1%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Housing loan quartiles

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, the 'lowest group' was the largest quartile, comprising of 42% of households with mortgages in 2021.

Mortgage repayments in the District Council of Streaky Bay are directly related to house prices, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the mortgage payment profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Loan Repayment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in [specific data notes](#).

Please note, interest rates at the 2021 Census were at a record low in Australia. The first interest rate rises by the Reserve Bank began an upward cycle from May 2022. Please use mortgage payment data with caution as data from the 2021 Census pre-dates all official rate rises in the current cycle.

Housing loan quartiles

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Loan repayment quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	82	42.1	40.8	70	39.4	37.1	+13
Medium lowest	59	30.0	28.3	51	28.8	29.8	+8
Medium highest	31	15.9	18.3	32	18.1	19.8	-1
Highest group	23	12.1	12.6	24	13.7	13.3	-1
Total households with stated mortgage repayments	197	100.0	100.0	178	100.0	100.0	+19

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

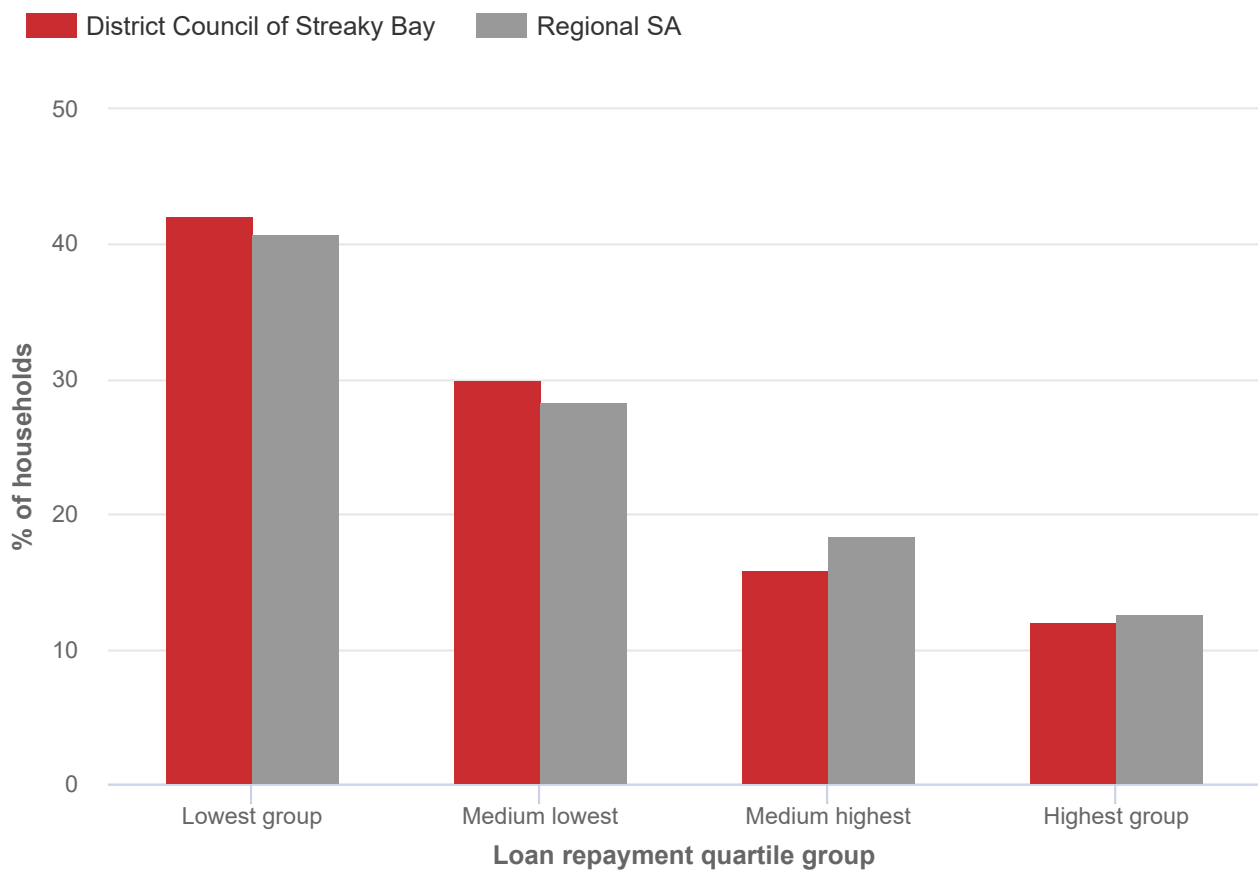
Housing loan - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from loan repayment data for South Australia

Monthly housing loan repayments by Census year

Housing loan repayment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$1,023	\$0 to \$964	\$0 to \$936	\$0 to \$670	\$0 to \$488
Medium lowest	\$1,024 to \$1,499	\$965 to \$1,470	\$937 to \$1,478	\$671 to \$1,038	\$489 to \$701
Medium highest	\$1,500 to \$2,073	\$1,471 to \$2,051	\$1,479 to \$2,094	\$1,039 to \$1,477	\$702 to \$966
Highest group	\$2,074 and over	\$2,052 and over	\$2,095 and over	\$1,478 and over	\$967 and over

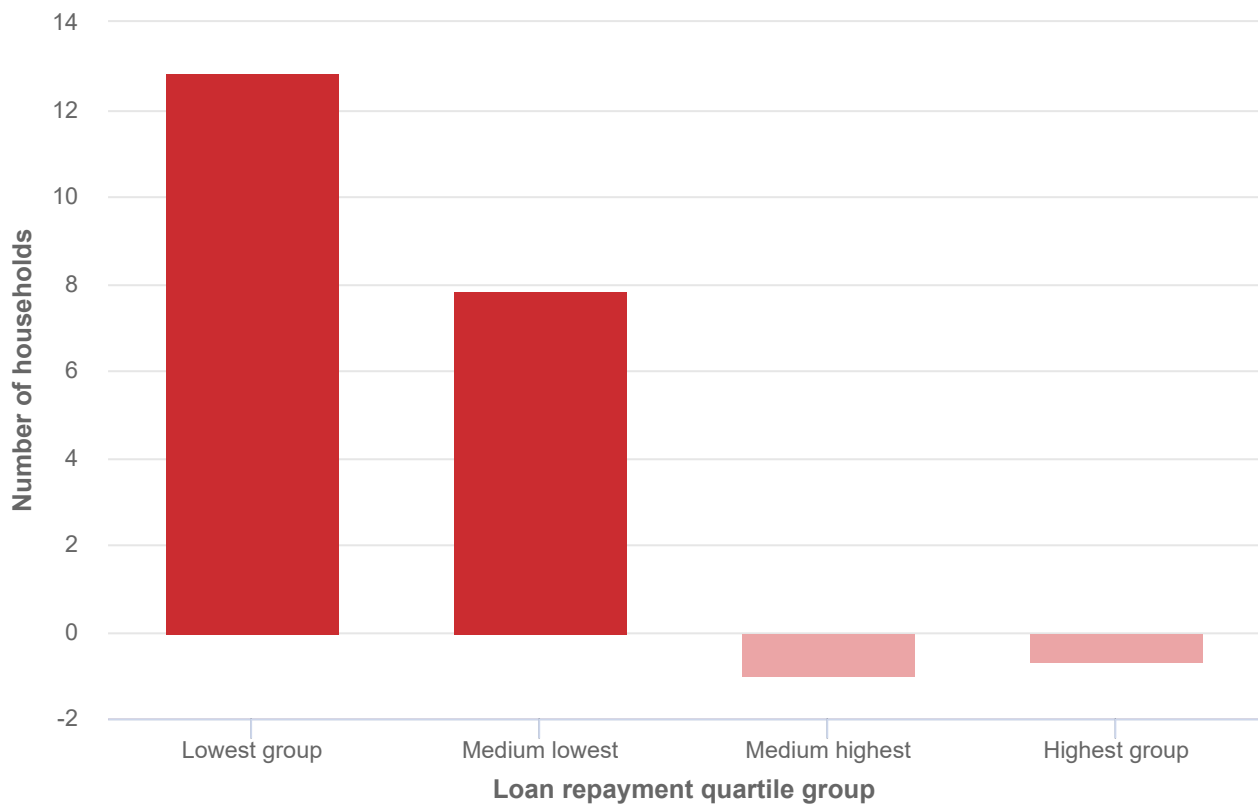
Housing loan quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing loan quartiles, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Housing loan repayment quartiles allow us to compare relative repayment liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by housing loan repayment quartiles in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest repayment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest repayment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households with a mortgage in the District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 178 between 2016 and 2021. The most significant change in the District Council of Streaky Bay during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 13 households.

District Council of Streaky Bay

Housing rental payments

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, 5.4% of renting households were paying \$450 or more per week in rent in 2021.

Rental payments can be a better measure of the cost of housing in the District Council of Streaky Bay than mortgage repayments because they are not contingent on length of occupancy or equity in the dwelling.

High rental payments may indicate desirable areas with mobile populations who prefer to rent, or a housing shortage, or gentrification. Low rental payments may indicate public housing (check **Tenure Type**), or areas where low income households move by necessity for a lower cost of living.

Rental payments are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of rental payments over time, go to **Housing Rental Quartiles**.

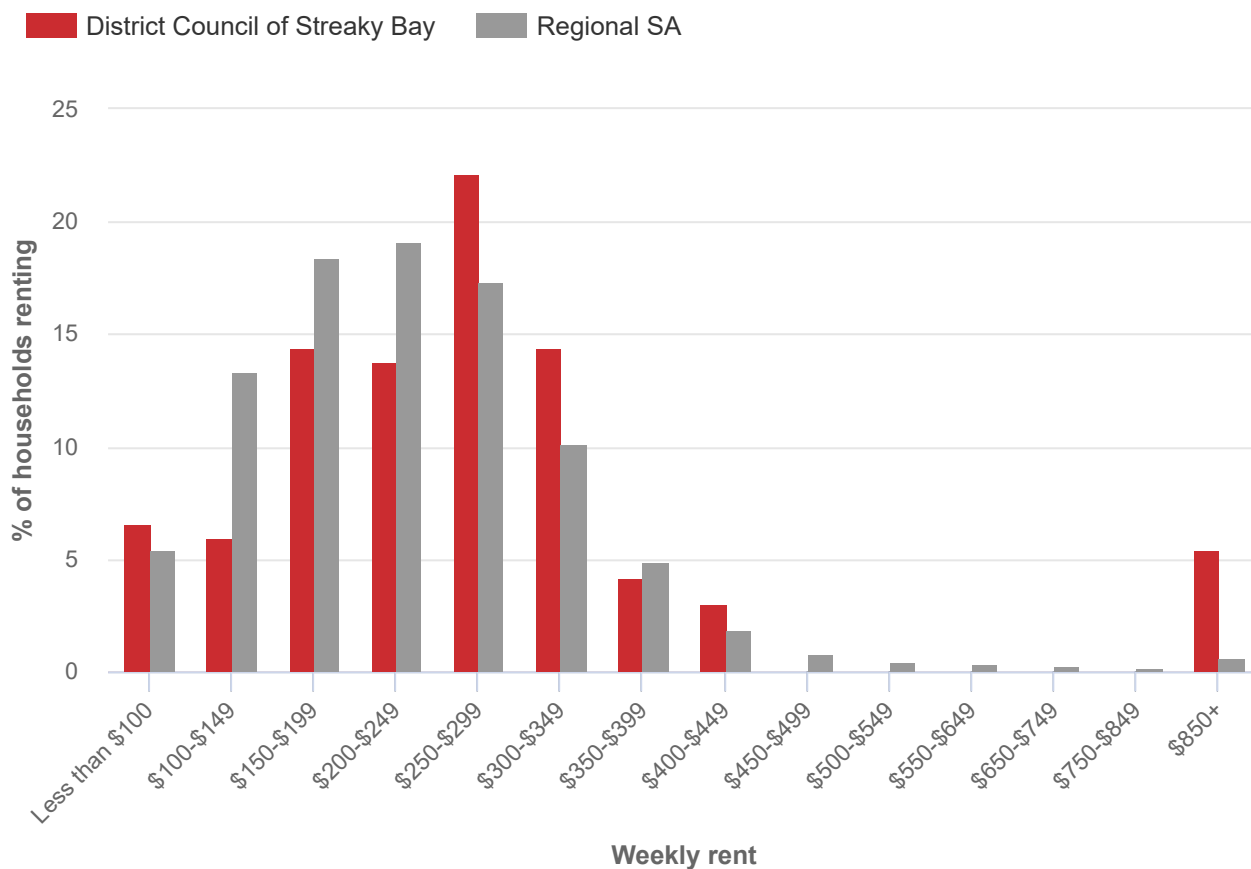
Further reading: [How can Councils influence affordable housing.](#)

Weekly housing rental payments

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021		
Weekly rental amount	Number	%	Regional SA %
Less than \$100	11	6.6	5.4
\$100-\$149	10	6.0	13.3
\$150-\$199	24	14.4	18.4
\$200-\$249	23	13.8	19.1
\$250-\$299	37	22.2	17.3
\$300-\$349	24	14.4	10.1
\$350-\$399	7	4.2	4.9
\$400-\$449	5	3.0	1.9
\$450-\$499	0	--	0.8
\$500-\$549	0	--	0.5
\$550-\$649	0	--	0.3
\$650-\$749	0	--	0.3
\$750-\$849	0	--	0.2
\$850+	9	5.4	0.6
Not stated	17	10.2	6.8
Total households renting	167	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2021](#). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Weekly housing rental payments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the weekly housing rental payments of households in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of households paying high rental payments (\$450 per week or more), and a smaller proportion of households with low rental payments (less than \$250 per week).

Overall, 5.4% of households were paying high rental payments, and 40.7% were paying low payments, compared with 2.7% and 56.3% respectively in Regional SA.

The major differences between the housing rental payments of the District Council of Streaky Bay and Regional SA were:

- A *larger* percentage of \$250-\$299 (22.2% compared to 17.3%)
- A *larger* percentage of \$850+ (5.4% compared to 0.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$100-\$149 (6.0% compared to 13.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$200-\$249 (13.8% compared to 19.1%)

District Council of Streaky Bay

Bay

Housing rental quartiles

In the District Council of Streaky Bay, the 'medium lowest group' was the largest quartile, comprising 37% of renting households in 2021.

Rental payments in the District Council of Streaky Bay are indicative of its residential role and function and are directly related to the value of residential property. When viewed with Household Income data they may also indicate the level of 'housing stress' in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the rental costs of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Rental Payment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in [specific data notes](#).

Housing rental quartiles

District Council of Streaky Bay - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Regional SA %	Number	%	Regional SA %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	51	34.6	46.1	76	48.7	47.6	-25
Medium lowest	55	36.8	33.9	58	37.2	32.4	-4
Medium highest	26	17.6	13.3	17	11.0	14.2	+9
Highest group	16	11.0	6.7	4	3.1	5.8	+12
Total households with stated rent	150	100.0	100.0	158	100.0	100.0	-8

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#) 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

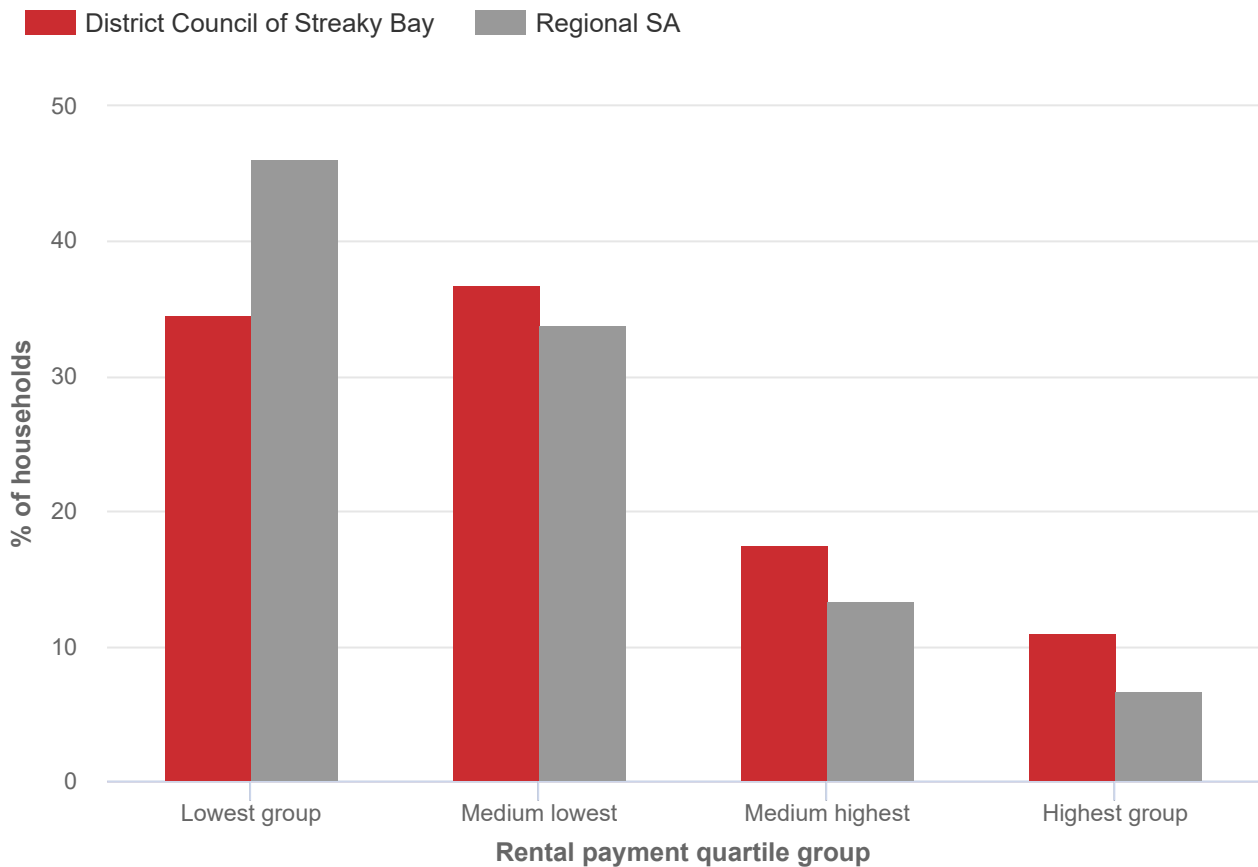
Housing rental - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from rental payment data for South Australia

Weekly housing rental payments by Census year

Rental payment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$214	\$0 to \$186	\$0 to \$144	\$0 to \$105	\$0 to \$73
Medium lowest	\$215 to \$304	\$187 to \$272	\$145 to \$228	\$106 to \$157	\$74 to \$118
Medium highest	\$305 to \$381	\$273 to \$341	\$229 to \$302	\$158 to \$209	\$119 to \$160
Highest group	\$382 and over	\$342 and over	\$303 and over	\$210 and over	\$161 and over

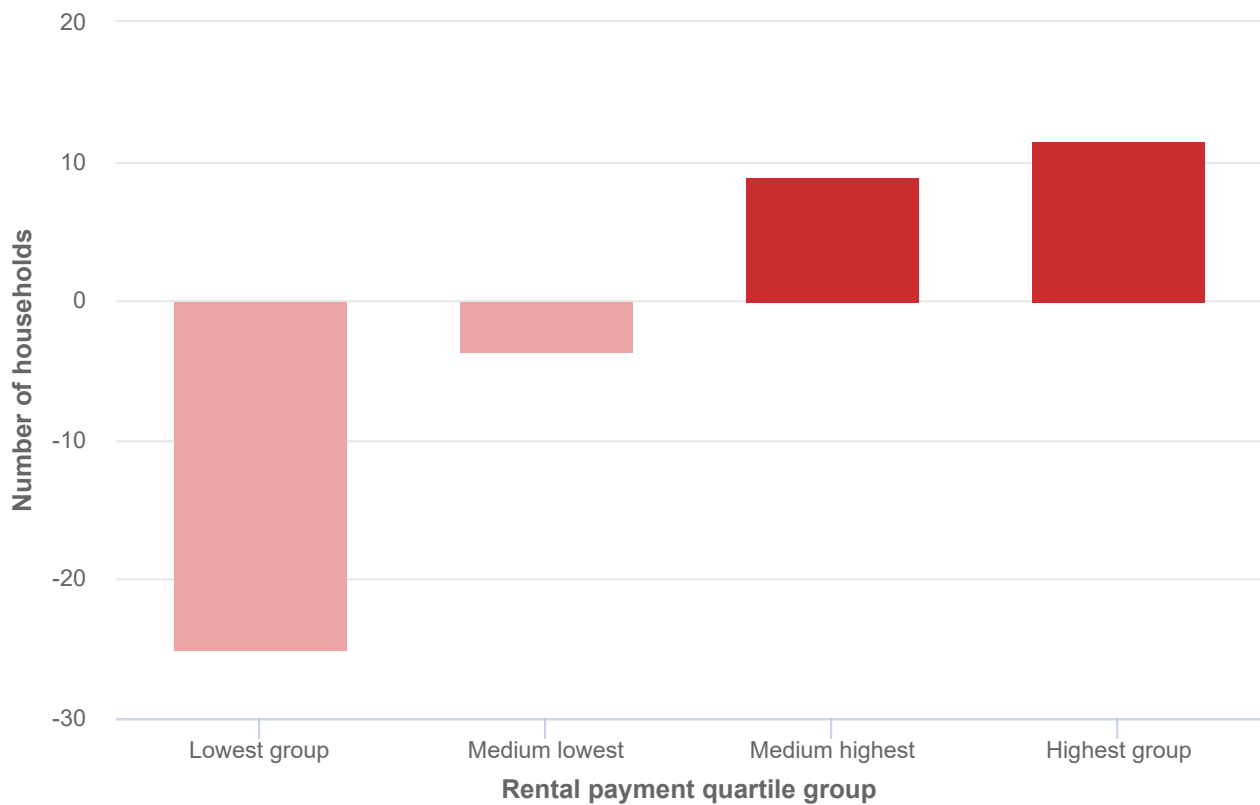
Housing rental quartiles for 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing rental quartiles, 2016 to 2021

District Council of Streaky Bay



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Rental payment quartiles allow us to compare relative rental liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by rental payment quartiles in the District Council of Streaky Bay compared to Regional SA shows that there was a larger proportion of households in the highest payment quartile, and a smaller proportion in the lowest payment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households renting their dwelling in District Council of Streaky Bay decreased by 8 between 2016 and 2021. The most significant change during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -25 households.

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Migration summary

Between 2016 and 2021, Australia-wide, 53.1% of people (aged 5 and over) did not change address over 5 years, while 35.3% moved within Australia, and 5.4% moved from overseas.

In the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region, a higher rate of people did not change address (60.4%), while a lower rate (29.3%) moved from elsewhere in Australia, and a lower rate (1.3%) moved from overseas. A total of 10,289 people, or 62.5% of those who moved within Australia, moved within the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

Migration, or residential mobility, together with births and deaths are significant components of population change in Australia. Migration is the most volatile component of population change and can be affected by changing housing and economic opportunities such as housing affordability issues or the mining boom. The three main types of migration are overseas migration, interstate migration and within-state migration, of which within-state is the most common and largely involves moves between neighbouring areas within an urban or regional setting.

Looking at the level and type of migration in the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region can indicate whether the population is sedentary and likely to be in the area for a long time (and perhaps have significant ties to the community), or transient, and likely to move on. Related topics which can be viewed to get a clearer picture of population mobility include **Age Structure** (young adults are likely to move more often) and **Housing Tenure** (generally renters move more often while home ownership indicates a more stable population).

This table shows the broad trends of movement between the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and the states/territories of Australia, and from overseas over the 5 years from 2016-2021. For more detail on local movements within the state, please refer to the [Migration by age by location](#) page.

Migration between the area and other States/Territories

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

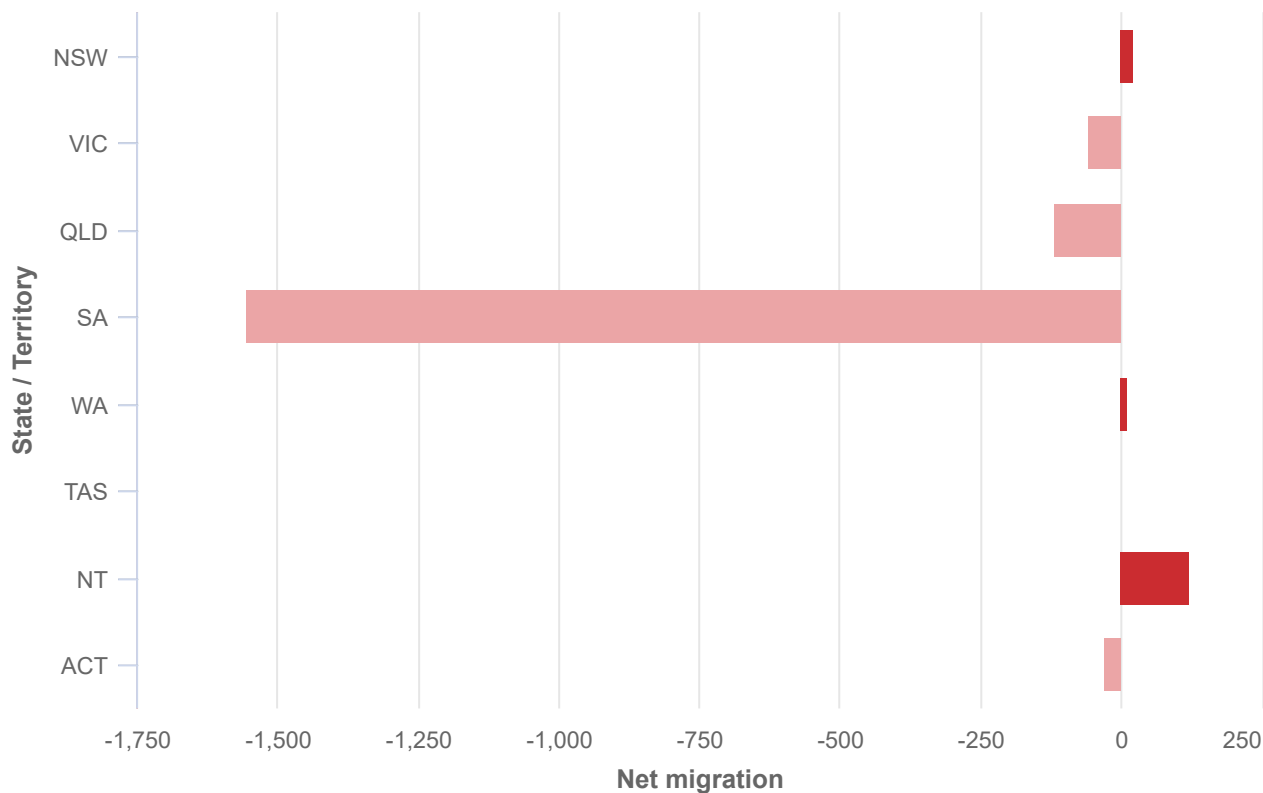
State / Territory	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
New South Wales	143	121	22
Victoria	143	198	-55
Queensland	245	363	-118
South Australia	2,804	4,357	-1,553
Western Australia	251	239	12
Tasmania	36	34	2
Northern Territory	225	104	121
Australian Capital Territory	5	31	-26
From Overseas	727	--	--

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Population movement by State/Territory

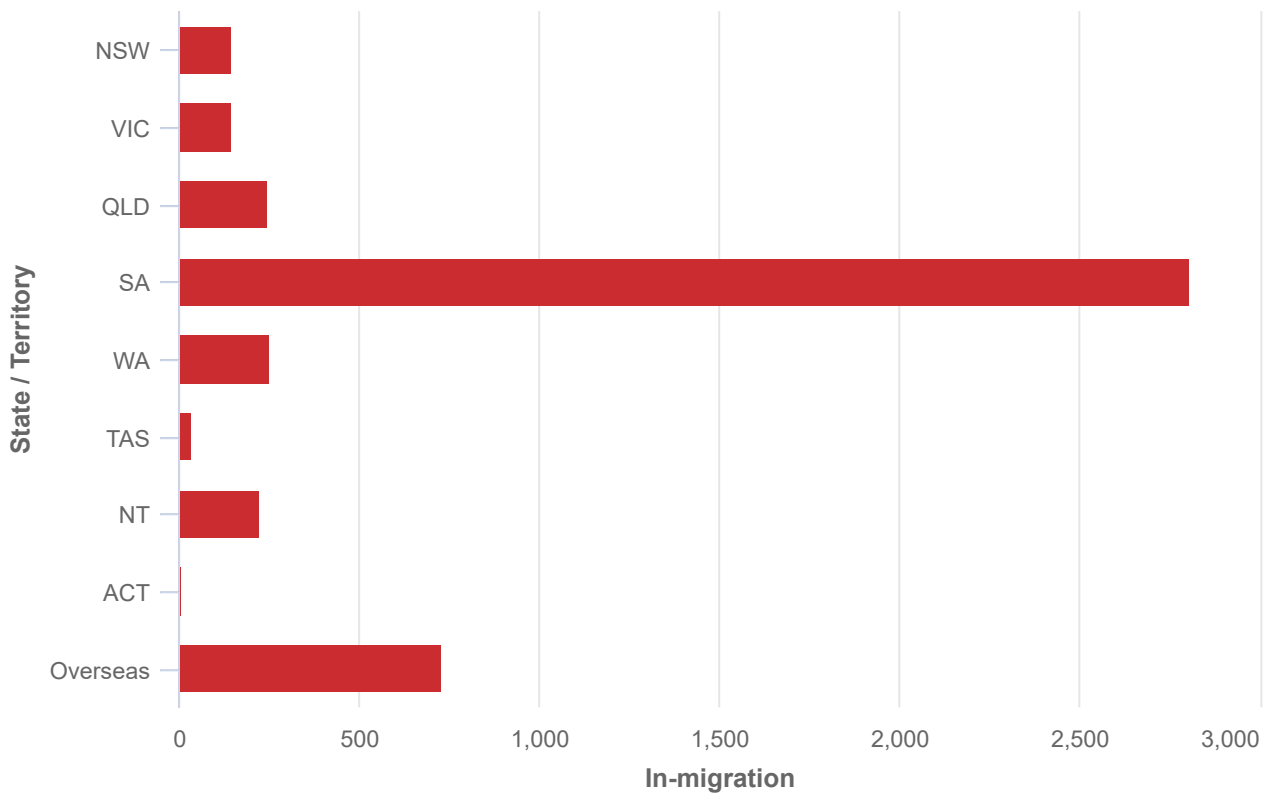
RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

In-migration by State/Territory

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Migration by age

In 2021, the age group with the highest net migration to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region was persons aged 25 to 34 years.

The age structure of people who move into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region is strongly influenced by the residential role and function of the area and can influence demand for particular services. For instance, inner city areas near employment, education and entertainment tend to attract many young people in their late teens and early twenties, who move out in their late twenties and thirties to start families in suburban areas. Rural areas tend to lose young people and gain older families and retirees.

Understanding the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region's attraction to different age groups helps to plan services for the community as well as advocating with other levels of government and private enterprise to provide infrastructure, employment opportunities and facilities which may help to retain age groups which are otherwise leaving the area.

To see annual migration patterns (outside the Census), please refer to the [Annual migration by location page](#). Note - please use this with caution as currently the annual migration numbers are based on pre-Census change-of-address records and may not match the numbers on this page from the 2021 Census

Migration by age group 2021

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

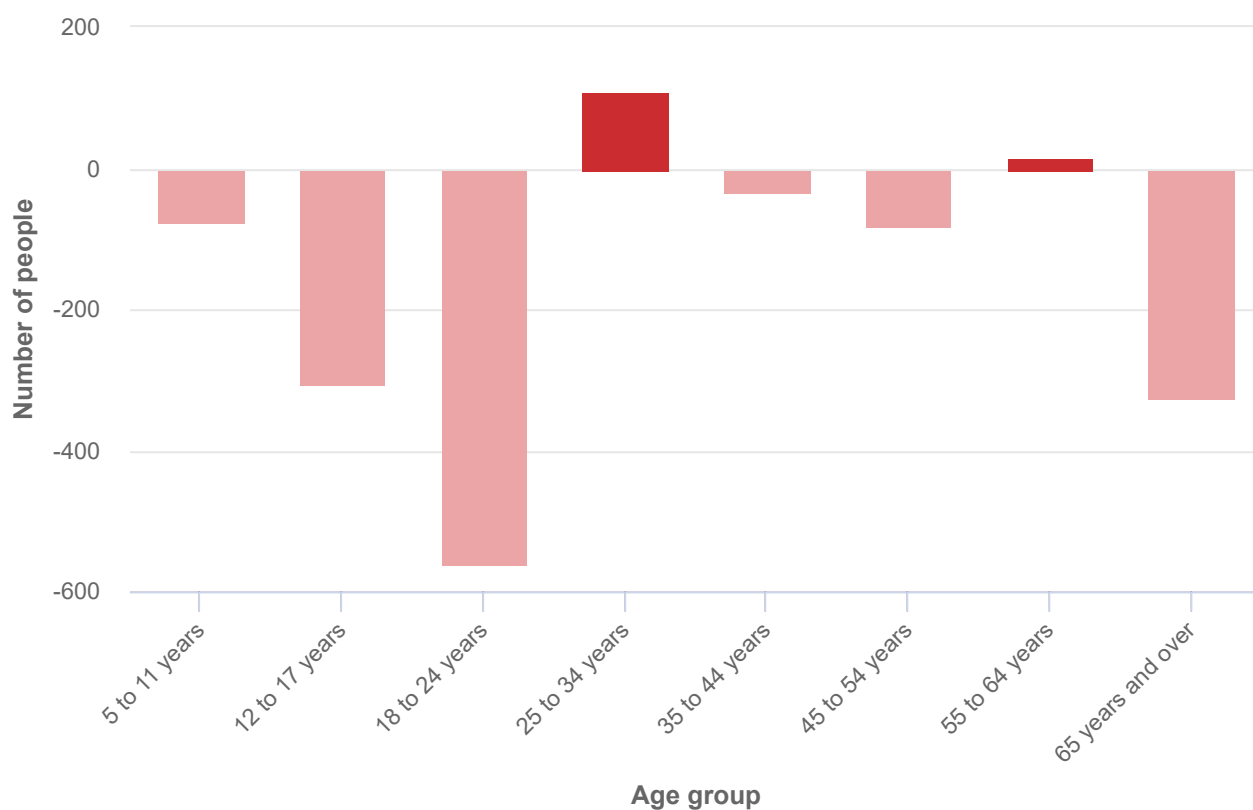
Age group	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
5 to 11 years	+422	-496	-74
12 to 17 years	+177	-483	-306
18 to 24 years	+332	-891	-559
25 to 34 years	+944	-835	+109
35 to 44 years	+538	-571	-33
45 to 54 years	+439	-520	-81
55 to 64 years	+409	-392	+17
65 years and over	+268	-593	-325
Total population	+3,529	-4,781	-1,252

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing](#), 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

Net migration by age group 2021

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing, 2021](#) (Usual residents data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Migration by age and location

Between 2016 and 2021, the LGA with the highest net migration to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region (+77) was from Alice Springs, whilst the highest net loss (-127) was to Charles Sturt.

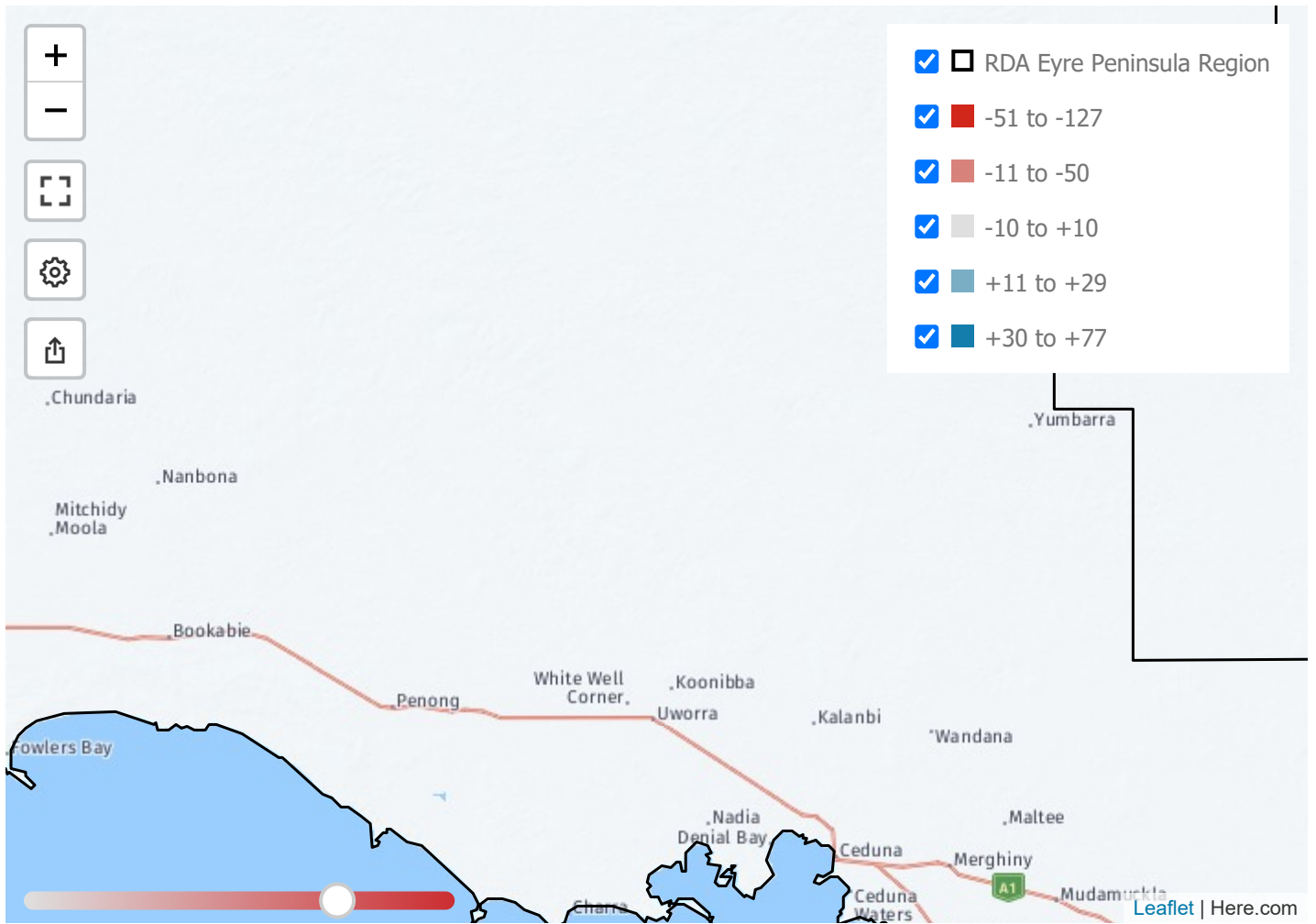
The age structure of people who move into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region is strongly influenced by the residential role and function of the area and can influence demand for particular services. For instance, inner city areas near employment, education and entertainment tend to attract many young people in their late teens and early twenties, who move out in their late twenties and thirties to start families in suburban areas. Rural areas tend to lose young people and gain older families and retirees.

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Map of net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region - between 2016 and 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021.
Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region - between 2016 and 2021

LGA	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
Alice Springs	93	16	+77
Wakefield	29	0	+29
Katherine	17	0	+17
Flinders Ranges	43	29	+14
Cooper Pedy	26	15	+11
Broome	14	3	+11
Coorong	14	3	+11
Dundas	10	0	+10
Mornington Peninsula	10	0	+10
Port Hedland	10	3	+7

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual Residence Data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

NOTE: Data shown in the table and map excludes any Local Government Areas which have a population movement of fewer than 10 persons into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Annual Migration By Location

For the year ending 30 June 2022, the LGA with the highest net migration (+18) to the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region was from Onkaparinga. The highest net loss (-58) was to Port Augusta.

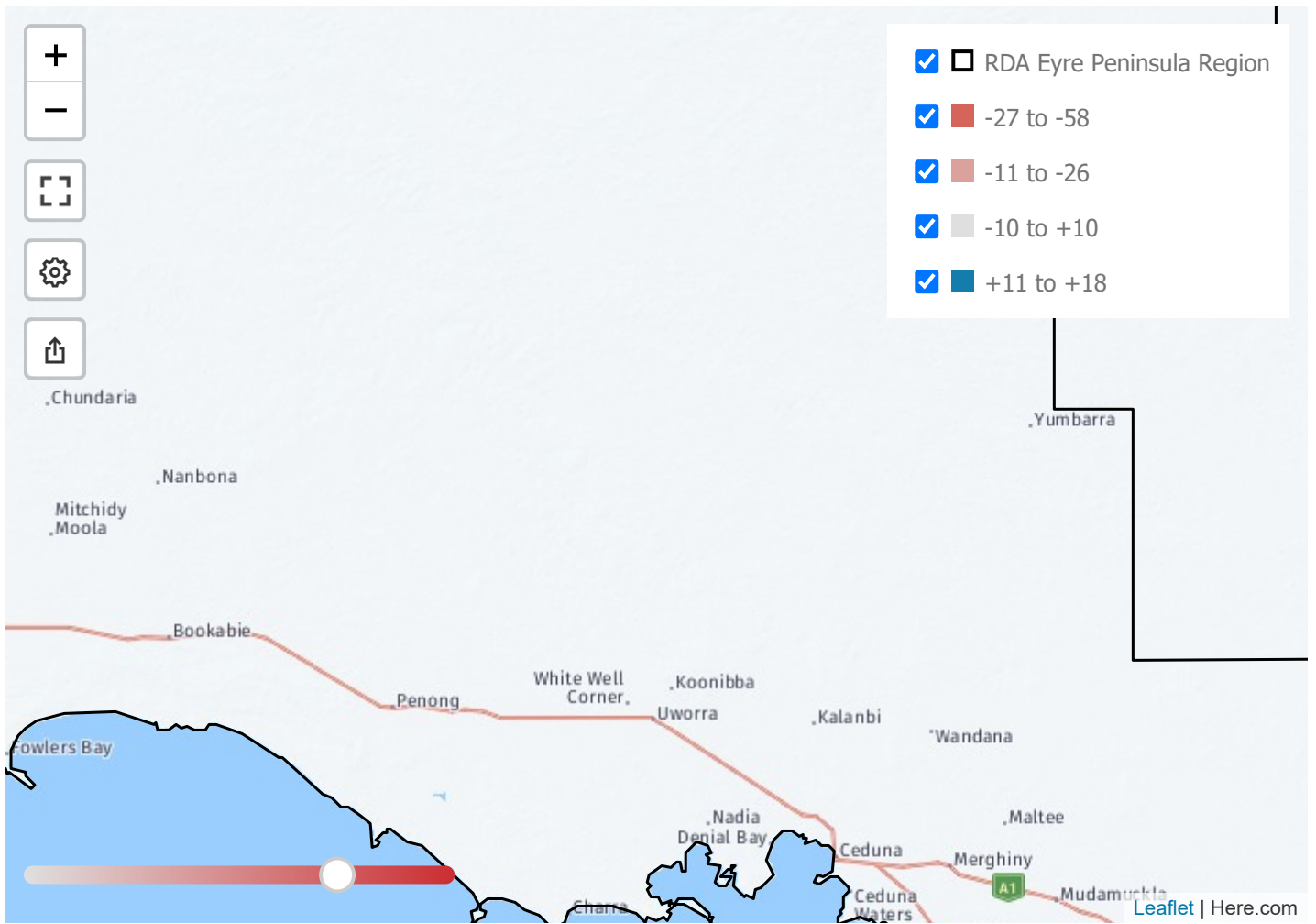
Migration, or residential mobility, together with births and deaths are significant components of population change in Australia. Migration is the most volatile component of population change and can be affected by changing housing and economic opportunities such as housing affordability issues or changes in employment patterns.

This page looks specifically at internal migration, and includes annual data collected since the last Census to look at migration patterns in the most recent time periods. This is helpful to see likely affects on future population growth and where people are moving with the wider region. The data is sourced from the ABS - "Regional Internal Migration Estimates" collection, which is a part of the annual Estimated Resident Population update, and shows movement between all LGAs in Australia. The table shows in and out movements, while the map shows the net total movement between the area of interest and each LGA in the specified time period.

Migration data should be viewed in conjunction with age structure, occupation and household type information to get an appreciation of why people are moving as well as where. Cultural diversity is also an important related topic, as some areas function as first settlement locations of migrants, while others get secondary overseas migration.

Map of net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region: Total: July 2021 - June 2022



Source: ABS, Regional Internal Migration Estimates (RIME) by LGA, unpublished data, 2021-2022

Net gains and losses by LGA

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region: Total: July 2021 - June 2022

LGA	In migration	Out migration	Net migration
Onkaparinga	119	101	+18
Cooper Pedy	19	9	+10
Brisbane	37	27	+10
Fraser Coast	14	4	+10
Gladstone	16	6	+10
Wakefield	13	3	+10
Unley	21	12	+9
Loxton Waikerie	12	3	+9
Barossa	21	13	+8
Toowoomba	11	3	+8
Total all LGAs	2,410	2,660	-250

Source: ABS, Regional Internal Migration Estimates (RIME) by LGA, unpublished data, 2021-2022

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

NOTE: Data shown in the table and map excludes any Local Government Areas that have a population movement of less than 5 people into and out of the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Residential building approvals

In the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region there were 12 residential dwellings approved to be built in the financial year 2023-2024 FYTD (July).

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region's building approvals are used as a leading indicator of the general level of residential development, economic activity, employment and investment. Residential building activity depends on many factors that vary with the state of the economy including interest rates, availability of mortgage funds, government spending, and business investment. Large financial changes or shocks, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008/09 can be observed in the data. However, the number of building approvals can fluctuate substantially from year to year simply as a result of the short-term nature of many construction projects, and the cyclical nature of the industry.

Residential building approvals

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	Number			Annual change		
	Year (ending June 30)	Houses	Other	Total	Houses	Other
2023-2024 FYTD (July)	12	0	12	-180	-14	-194
2022-2023	192	14	206	+27	+14	+41
2021-2022	165	0	165	-45	-3	-48
2020-2021	210	3	213	+93	-21	+72
2019-2020	117	24	141	-5	+18	+13
2018-2019	122	6	128	-4	+6	+2
2017-2018	126	0	126	+3	-3	0
2016-2017	123	3	126	-79	-4	-83
2013-2014	407	12	419	+108	-4	+104
2012-2013	299	16	315	+39	+4	+43
2011-2012	260	12	272	+36	-6	+30
2010-2011	224	18	242	-135	+6	-129
2009-2010	359	12	371	-39	+6	-33
2008-2009	398	6	404	-20	-48	-68
2007-2008	418	54	472	+120	+50	+170
2006-2007	298	4	302	-1	-35	-36
2005-2006	299	39	338	+46	-1	+45
2004-2005	253	40	293	-6	-8	-14
2003-2004	259	48	307	+55	+36	+91
2002-2003	204	12	216	-125	-21	-146
2001-2002	329	33	362	--	--	--

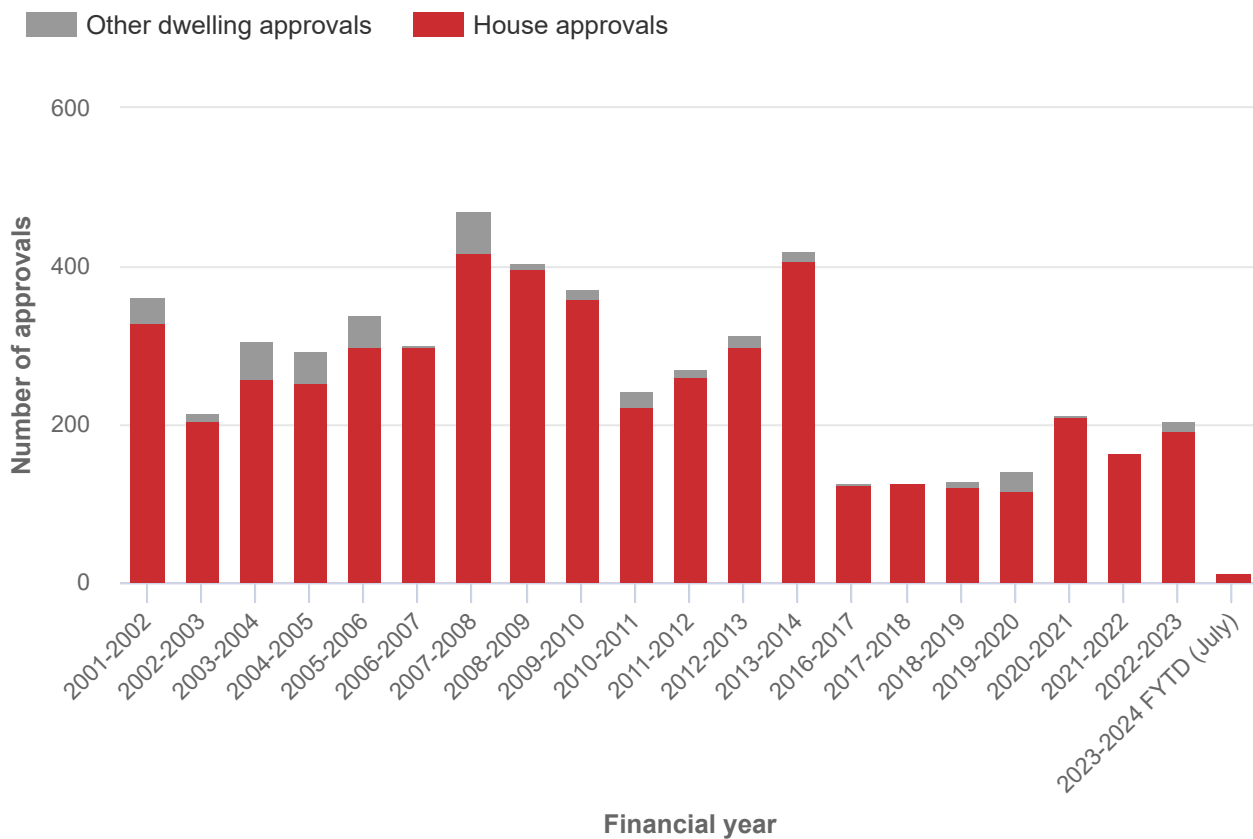
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions)

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

e [Building approvals benchmarked to South Australia and Australia](#)

Residential building approvals

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients

In May 2023 there were 4,105 JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients in the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

This new dataset released by the Department of Social Services is updated monthly. This represents the number of people who are eligible recipients of JobSeeker allowance (generally aged 22+) and youth allowance (excluding students, generally aged 21 and under). To be eligible for JobSeeker, which replaced Newstart allowance in March 2020, participants must be unemployed and looking for work, though certain activity criteria have been relaxed during the COVID-19 period.

JobSeeker rates are a good updated measure of socio-economic disadvantage in an area, and should be looked at in conjunction with 2016 Census SEIFA indexes, employment status, income and education levels. They can also provide an indication of which areas within your region are most affected by the impacts of COVID-19 containment measures.

JobSeeker data are shown for Local Government Areas, and SA2s which have a significant population within the LGA or region.

JobSeeker

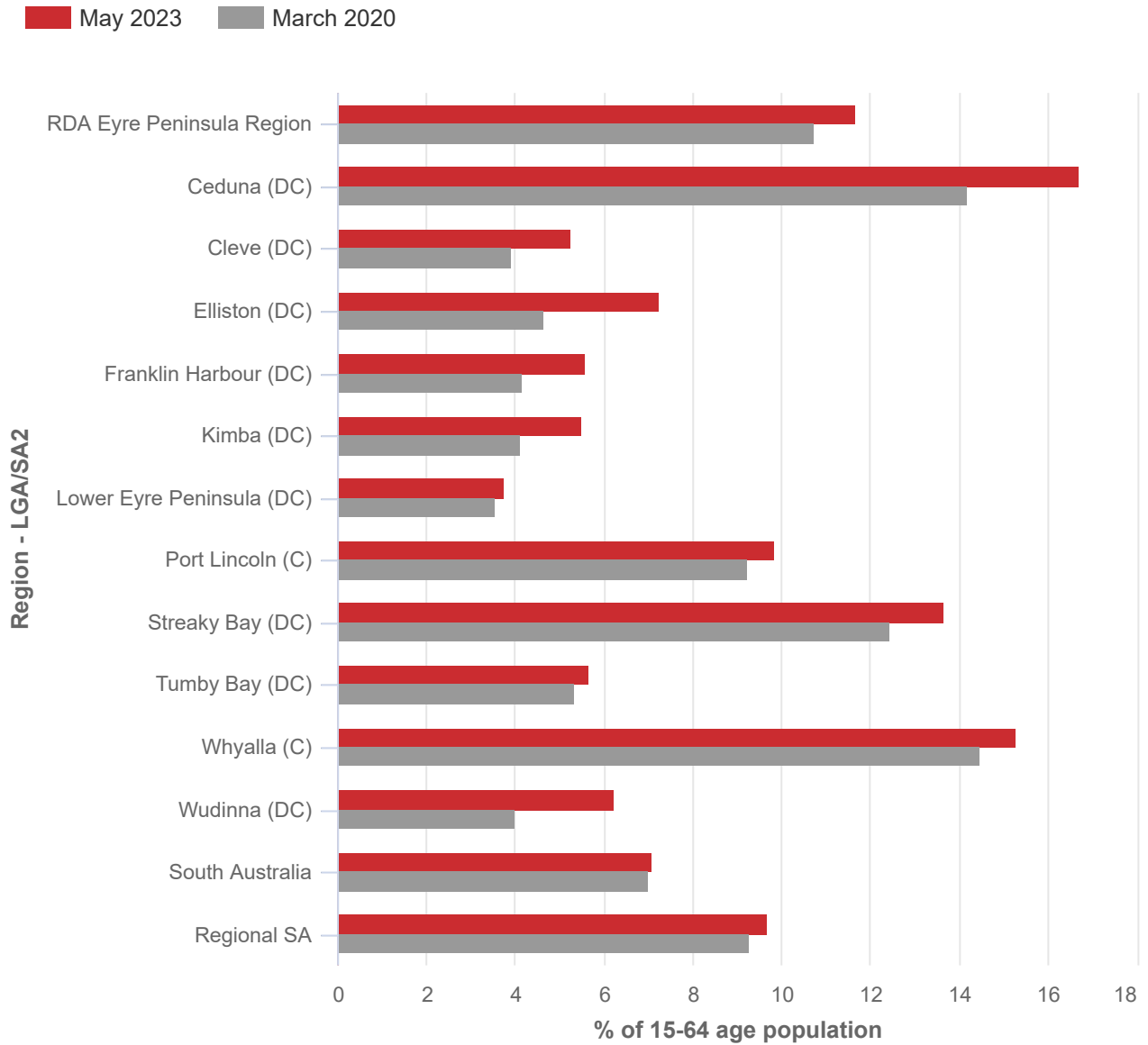
Current month	May 2023		March 2020		
Region - LGA/SA2	JobSeeker and youth allowance recipients	% of 15-64 age population	JobSeeker and Youth allowance recipients	% of 15-64 age population	Change
RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	4,105	11.6	3,781	10.7	+324
Ceduna (DC)	344	16.7	292	14.2	+52
Cleve (DC)	56	5.2	41	3.9	+14
Elliston (DC)	45	7.2	29	4.6	+16
Franklin Harbour (DC)	39	5.6	29	4.1	+10
Kimba (DC)	31	5.5	23	4.1	+8
Lower Eyre Peninsula (DC)	136	3.8	128	3.5	+8
Port Lincoln (C)	877	9.8	824	9.2	+53
Streaky Bay (DC)	173	13.7	157	12.4	+16
Tumby Bay (DC)	83	5.6	78	5.3	+5
Whyalla (C)	2,060	15.3	1,948	14.4	+112
Wudinna (DC)	48	6.2	31	4.0	+17
South Australia	79,310	7.1	78,431	7.0	+879
Regional SA	22,600	9.7	21,620	9.3	+980

Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via data.gov.au. Compiled and presented by .id - informed decisions

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

JobSeeker March 2020 to May 2023, RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and benchmarks

Total JobSeeker

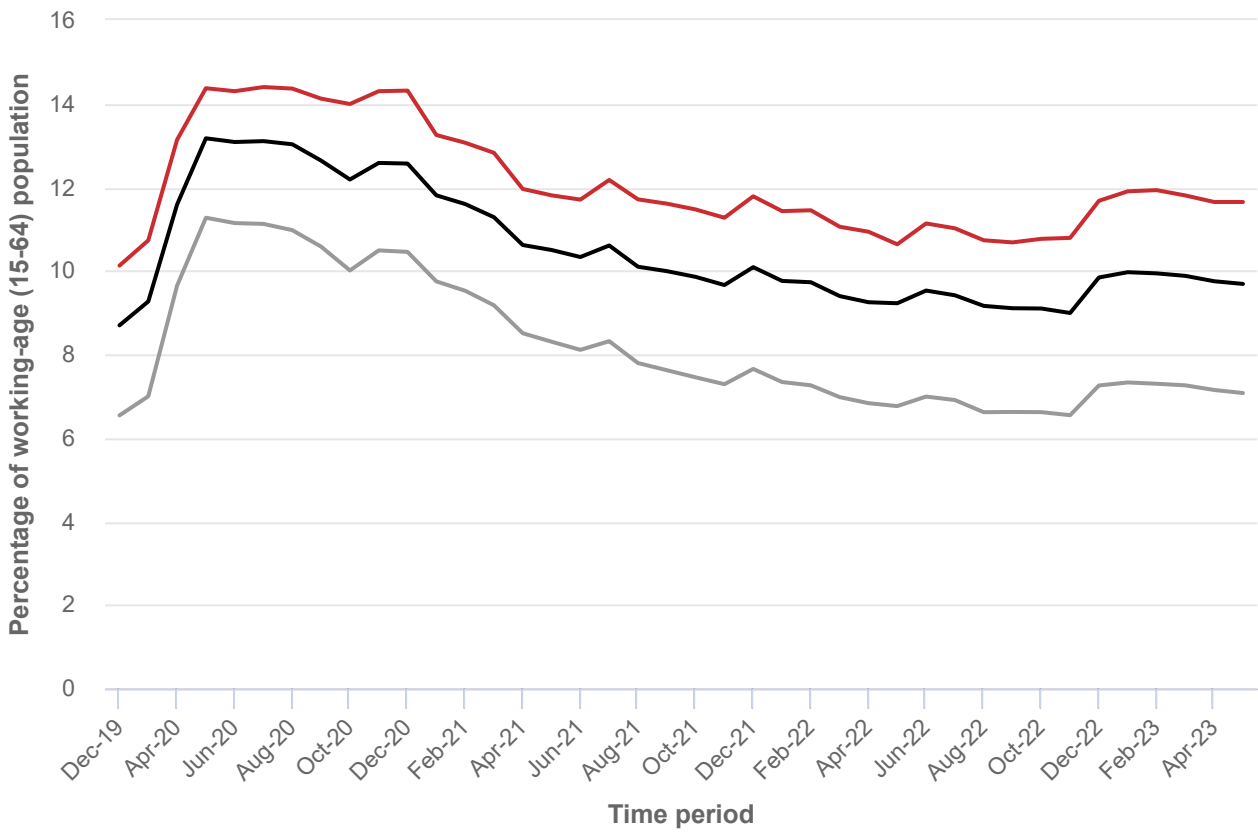


Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via data.gov.au. Compiled and presented by [.id](#) (informed decisions)

JobSeeker rate over time, RDA Eyre Peninsula Region and benchmarks

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

— RDA Eyre Peninsula Region — South Australia — Regional SA



Source: Department of Social Services - JobSeeker and Youth Allowance recipients - monthly profile via data.gov.au. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

SEIFA by Local Government Area

SEIFA Index of Disadvantage for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region in 2021 was 938.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, single parent families, low skilled occupations, poor English proficiency), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage (with population close to the middle). This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy, because it highlights the areas of most need.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, high rent, large dwellings), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure. Often the IRSAD index will show a more "spread out" distribution with a greater range of scores from very high to very low, due to its ability to measure advantage above the average level.

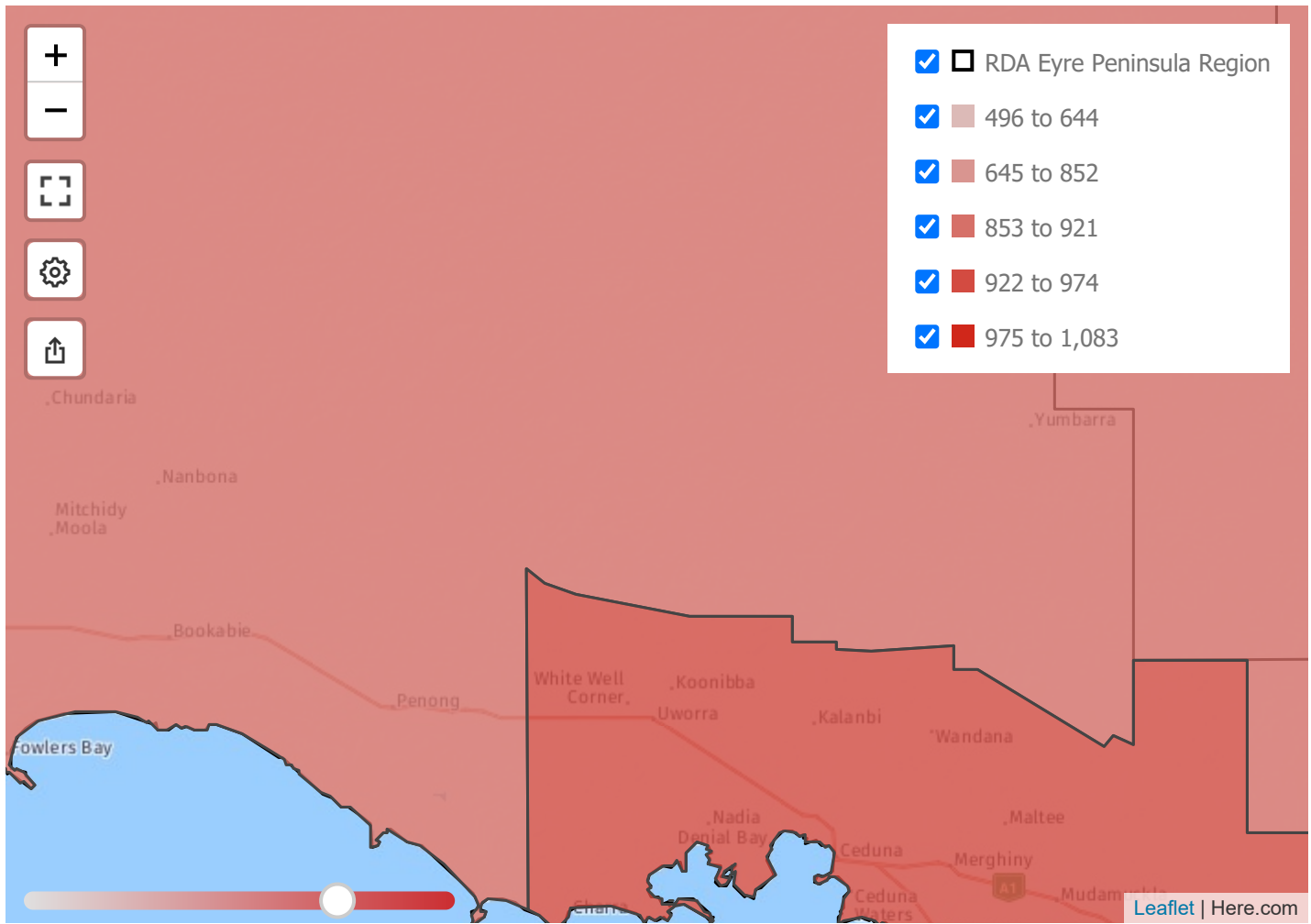
SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage or (in the case of IRSAD only) a *higher* level of advantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage on both indexes, and a lack of advantage on the IRSAD.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities in 2021. It's meant to give a broad indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher. This applies a comparison to suburbs even when the index concerned doesn't relate to a suburb.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

2021 Local Government Areas



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016.
Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Local Government Areas in South Australia

2021 Local Government Area	2021 Index
Burnside	1,083
Adelaide Hills	1,081
Walkerville	1,076
Mitcham	1,075
Unley	1,067
Prospect	1,054
Roxby Downs	1,048
Holdfast Bay	1,047
Norwood Payneham and St Peters	1,039
Mount Barker	1,037
Lower Eyre Peninsula	1,033
Tea Tree Gully	1,030
Light	1,027
Grant	1,026
Robe	1,023
Campbelltown (SA)	1,021
Kimba	1,020
West Torrens	1,015
Barossa	1,014
Wudinna	1,009

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, [Census of Population and Housing 2021](#). Compiled and presented in profile.id by [.id](#) (informed decisions).

[Please refer to specific data notes for more information](#)

RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

About the community profile

Demographic change across Australia is recorded by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the Census collections every five years. Population experts **.id (informed decisions)** analyse and convert these raw figures into stories of place to inform council staff, community groups, investors, business, students and the general public.

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Community Profile provides demographic analysis for the Region and its suburbs based on results from the 2021, 2016, 2011, 2006 and 2001 Australian Census of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures such as the annual Estimated Resident Population (ERP).

Suburb boundaries and Census questions change over time, but **.id** manages the data to ensure that there is an accurate time series provided for the current geographic boundaries. You can read more about this in the **Geography Notes** section.

Results for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region include population, age structure, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, income, qualifications, occupations, employment, unemployment, disability, disadvantage, volunteering, childcare, family structure, household structure, housing tenure, mortgage and rental payments, and the size and type of the dwellings people live in.

The community profile presents this information in clear maps, tables and charts with concise factual commentary to answer three important questions:

1. What are the characteristics of the people who live here?
2. How are they changing?
3. How do they compare to other areas?

This provides the basis for making evidence-based decisions about how to provide services for the community as it changes.

You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from Australian Bureau of Statistics data, analysed and presented by population experts and funded by the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.