# **RDA Eyre Peninsula Region**

City of Port Lincoln



# economic profile





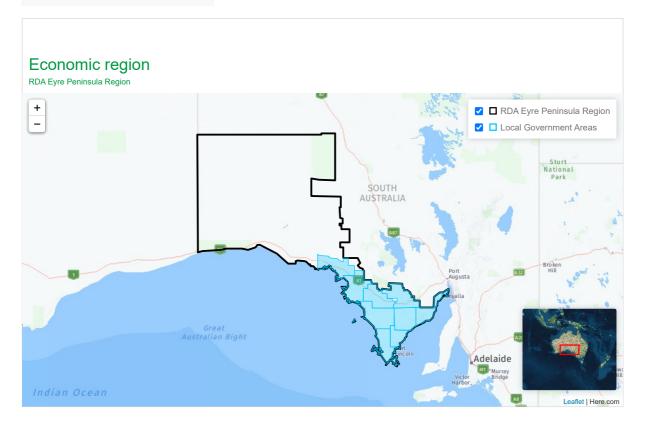
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#### About the area

### **Key Statistics**

GRP	Population	Local jobs
\$0.97 billion	14,956	8,079
NIEIR 2022	ABS ERP 2022	NIEIR 2022
Largest industry (by employment)	Local businesses	Employed Residents
	1,523	7,220
Health Care and	1,523 ABS 2022	7,220 NIEIR 2022
Health Care and Social Assistance	·	·

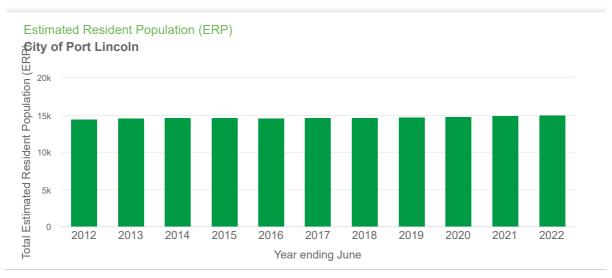


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#### Population

# The Estimated Resident Population of the City of Port Lincoln was 14,956 as of the 30th June 2022

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the official population of the area. It is updated annually by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, and reassessed every Census. The chart and table show last 10 years ERP for City of Port Lincoln, the state and Australia, with percentage comparisons. A growing population can indicate a growing economy, but this is not necessarily the case and depends on the residential role and function of the area.



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Annual chang	Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)										
	City	City of Port Lincoln			uth Austra	ılia		Australia			
Year (ending June 30) ÷	Numbe	Change in number	Change in percent	Number	Change in number¢	in	Number	Change in number	Change in percent		
2022	14,956	+77	+0.52	1,821,200	) +18,599.	00 +1.03	26,005,54	40-320,128	.00+1.25		
2021	14,879	+106	+0.72	1,802,601	1 +12,246.	00 +0.68	25,685,4°	12-36,164.0	00 +0.14		
2020	14,773	+40	+0.27	1,790,355	5+22,960.	00 +1.30	25,649,24	4 <del>8-</del> 314,422	.00+1.24		
2019	14,733	+81	+0.55	1,767,395	5+21,258.	00 +1.22	25,334,82	2 <del>0</del> -371,568	.00+1.49		
2018	14,652	+57	+0.39	1,746,137	7+17,464.	00 +1.01	24,963,2	58-370,670	.00+1.51		
2017	14,595	+72	+0.50	1,728,673	3+15,830.	00 +0.92	24,592,58	88-401,681	.00+1.66		
2016	14,523	-62	-0.43	1,712,843	3 +12,175.	00 +0.72	24,190,90	0 <b>7</b> +340,123	.00+1.43		
2015	14,585	-10	-0.07	1,700,668	3+13,723.	00 +0.81	23,850,78	8 <b>4</b> -346,646	.00+1.47		
2014	14,595	+64	+0.44	1,686,945	5+15,457.	00 +0.92	23,504,13	3 <del>8-</del> 358,237	.00+1.55		
2013	14,531	+36	+0.25	1,671,488	3+14,763.	00 +0.89	23,145,90	01+403,426	.00+1.77		
2012	14,495			1,656,725	5		22,742,4	75			

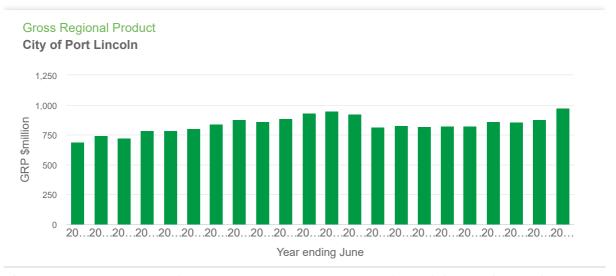
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

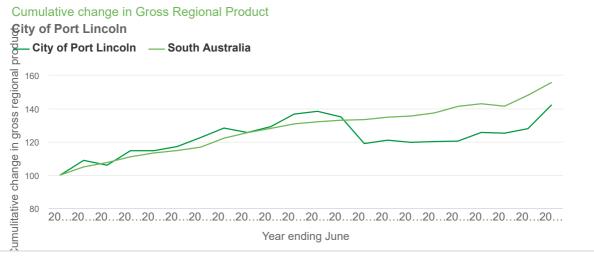
#### Gross product

#### The City of Port Lincoln's Gross Regional Product was \$974m in 2021/22.

The Gross Regional Product of an area is the equivalent of Gross Domestic Product, but for a smaller area. It is the amount of the nation's wealth which is generated by businesses, organisations and individuals working in the area. This dataset is derived from the National Economics microsimulation model, and is a broad indicator of the growth or decline of the local economy over time. Data are presented for each year back to 2001.

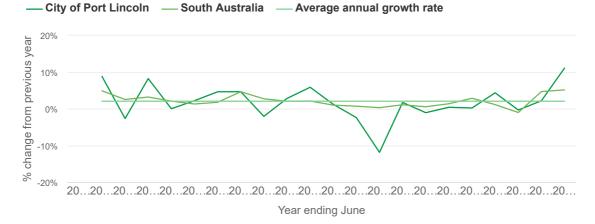


Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

#### Annual change in Gross Regional Product



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Gross Regional Product (GRP)									
	Cit	y of Port Lince	oln	S	South Australia				
Year (ending \$ June 30)	\$GRP \$m	% change from previous <sub>≎</sub> year	Cumulativ <b>ş</b> change	\$GRP \$m	% change from previous <sub>\$</sub> year	Cumulativ <b>ş</b> change	City of Port Lincoln as a % of South <sub>e</sub> Australia		
2022	974	+11.09	142	+124,353.62	+5.14	+155.71	+0.78		
2021	877	+2.17	128	+118,273.13	+4.69	+148.10	+0.74		
2020	858	-0.34	125	+112,977.01	-1.03	+141.47	+0.76		
2019	861	+4.35	126	+114,155.22	+1.12	+142.94	+0.75		
2018	825	+0.21	120	+112,887.03	+2.87	+141.35	+0.73		
2017	824	+0.39	120	+109,739.98	+1.37	+137.41	+0.75		
2016	821	-1.08	120	+108,261.32	+0.54	+135.56	+0.76		
2015	829	+1.71	121	+107,682.33	+1.09	+134.84	+0.77		
2014	815	-11.90	119	+106,525.99	+0.29	+133.39	+0.77		
2013	926	-2.42	135	+106,220.07	+0.69	+133.01	+0.87		
2012	949	+1.22	138	+105,487.88	+0.98	+132.09	+0.90		
2011	937	+5.86	137	+104,463.44	+2.12	+130.81	+0.90		
2010	885	+2.81	129	+102,298.96	+2.06	+128.10	+0.87		
2009	861	-2.08	126	+100,231.36	+2.71	+125.51	+0.86		
2008	879	+4.65	128	+97,587.91	+4.64	+122.20	+0.90		
2007	840	+4.63	123	+93,263.40	+1.77	+116.78	+0.90		
2006	803	+2.20	117	+91,641.64	+1.29	+114.75	+0.88		
2005	786	+0.00	115	+90,475.38	+2.08	+113.29	+0.87		
2004	786	+8.23	115	+88,631.37	+3.20	+110.98	+0.89		
2003	726	-2.67	106	+85,882.82	+2.52	+107.54	+0.85		
2002	746	+8.83	109	+83,771.15	+4.90	+104.90	+0.89		
2001	686		100	+79,861.74		+100.00	+0.86		

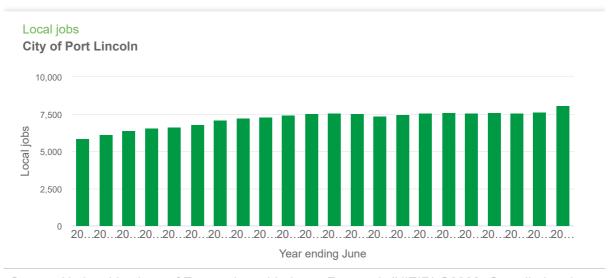
Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

#### Local employment

#### There were 8,079 jobs located in the City of Port Lincoln in the year ending June 2022.

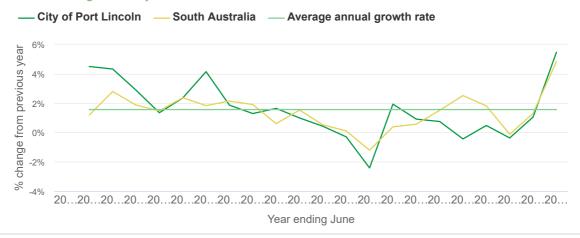
This indicator shows the estimated number of jobs in the local area, on an annual basis back to 2001. The dataset is derived from the National Economics microsimulation model, based on the ABS labour force survey, and is generally higher than the figure provided by Census, because it is updated every year, and is not subject to Census undercount.

A count of jobs is one of the most fundamental economic indicators of the size of the local economy, and increasing numbers of jobs generally represent a growing economy. However, jobs are not necessarily full-time and the value of a job varies across areas. For this reason, jobs numbers should be viewed in conjunction with <a href="Employment by industry"><u>Employment by industry (FTE)</u></a> and <a href="Worker Productivity">Worker Productivity</a> datasets.



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

#### Annual change in local jobs



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Local jobs					
	City of Po	ort Lincoln	South A	ustralia	
Year (ending June 30)	Number <sup>\$</sup>	% change	Number <sup>\$</sup>	% change	City of Port Lincoln as a % of South Australia
2022	8,079	+5.46	906,831	+4.84	0.89
2021	7,660	+1.04	864,974	+1.30	0.89
2020	7,581	-0.38	853,892	-0.13	0.89
2019	7,610	+0.47	854,978	+1.81	0.89
2018	7,574	-0.45	839,788	+2.51	0.90
2017	7,608	+0.74	819,202	+1.51	0.93
2016	7,552	+0.91	807,054	+0.56	0.94
2015	7,484	+1.93	802,539	+0.38	0.93
2014	7,343	-2.43	799,511	-1.21	0.92
2013	7,525	-0.30	809,318	+0.10	0.93
2012	7,548	+0.42	808,513	+0.52	0.93
2011	7,516	+0.99	804,359	+1.52	0.93
2010	7,443	+1.64	792,303	+0.60	0.94
2009	7,323	+1.29	787,605	+1.90	0.93
2008	7,230	+1.86	772,912	+2.14	0.94
2007	7,098	+4.14	756,730	+1.83	0.94
2006	6,816	+2.35	743,140	+2.37	0.92
2005	6,659	+1.34	725,942	+1.47	0.92
2004	6,571	+2.88	715,425	+1.86	0.92
2003	6,387	+4.33	702,332	+2.79	0.91
2002	6,122	+4.49	683,263	+1.19	0.90
2001	5,859		675,254		0.87

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

#### Industry composition

In 2022, the Household services sector accounted for 40.0% of employment in City of Port Lincoln. The importance of this sector has increased over the last 10 years (33.3% in 2012)

Understanding the economic role of RDA Eyre Peninsula Region provides a framework for understanding what policy responses and investment may be appropriate to support the growth of businesses and maintenance of a vibrant economy in the future.

The charts and table below give a broad overview of the role and function of your economy. It helps answer questions such as:

- How much of the City of Port Lincoln's economy is driven by meeting the local population needs?
- What proportion of jobs in the area are in goods production or selling of products?
- In which broad sectors are the key strengths of the local economy?
- What contribution do business services make in your area and is it growing?
- Is there a presence of local, state and federal government workers in in the area?

Once you have developed a broad picture of your economy, you can then drill down further with all the <u>detail here</u>.



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Employment composition											
City of Port Lincoln	2022		201	7	2012						
Industry	number <sub>‡</sub>	%	number <sub>\$</sub>	% <sub>\$</sub>	number <sub>\$</sub>	%					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	636	7.9	819	10.8	832	11.0					
Mining	53	0.7	39	0.5	16	0.2					
Goods related	2,780	34.4	2,882	37.9	3,022	40.0					
Household services	3,234	40.0	2,691	35.4	2,516	33.3					
Business services	848	10.5	803	10.5	815	10.8					
Public administration and safety	526	6.5	375	4.9	347	4.6					
Total Industries	8,079	100.0	7,608	100.0	7,548	100.0					

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). Data are based on a 2020-21 price base for all years. NIEIR-ID data are inflation adjusted each year to allow direct comparison, and annual data releases adjust previous years' figures to a new base year.Learn more.

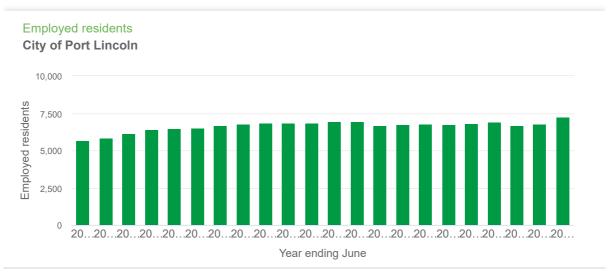
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

#### **Employed residents**

In the City of Port Lincoln, there were 7,220 residents employed in the year ending June 2022.

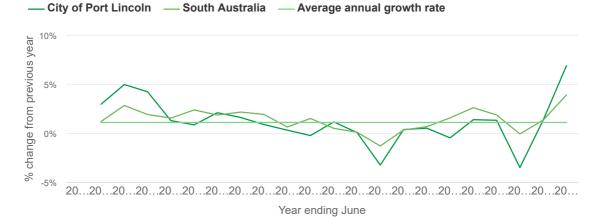
This indicator shows the estimated number of employed residents of the local area, on an annual basis back to 2001. Employed residents may have a workplace anywhere, inside or outside the area. The dataset is derived from the National Economics microsimulation model, based on the ABS labour force survey.

A growing number of resident employed can indicate a growing economy, or a growing residential population, supplying labour to other areas. To build a more complete picture of the residential economy, this dataset should be viewed in conjunction with <u>Local employment</u>, <u>Employment self-containment</u>, <u>Residents place of work by industry</u> and <u>Residents place of work by occupation</u> datasets.



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

#### Annual change in employed residents



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Employed residents										
	City of Po	ort Lincoln	South A							
Year (ending June 30)	\$ Number	¢ % change	\$ Number	\$ % change	City of Port Lincoln as a % of South <sub>e</sub> Australia					
2022	7,220	+6.90	901,548	+3.92	0.80					
2021	6,754	+1.34	867,548	+1.34	0.78					
2020	6,664	-3.52	856,082	-0.08	0.78					
2019	6,908	+1.32	856,772	+1.86	0.81					
2018	6,818	+1.38	841,110	+2.61	0.81					
2017	6,725	-0.48	819,732	+1.57	0.82					
2016	6,757	+0.51	807,066	+0.66	0.84					
2015	6,723	+0.37	801,743	+0.33	0.84					
2014	6,698	-3.26	799,139	-1.31	0.84					
2013	6,924	+0.07	809,752	+0.10	0.86					
2012	6,920	+1.15	808,964	+0.50	0.86					
2011	6,841	-0.25	804,971	+1.50	0.85					
2010	6,858	+0.31	793,054	+0.63	0.86					
2009	6,837	+0.88	788,097	+1.92	0.87					
2008	6,777	+1.60	773,236	+2.16	0.88					
2007	6,670	+2.09	756,889	+1.86	0.88					
2006	6,533	+0.85	743,094	+2.38	0.88					
2005	6,478	+1.29	725,830	+1.54	0.89					
2004	6,396	+4.24	714,798	+1.91	0.89					
2003	6,136	+4.98	701,407	+2.84	0.87					
2002	5,845	+2.96	682,070	+1.19	0.86					
2001	5,677		674,042		0.84					

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous years' figures. Learn more

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

#### Unemployment

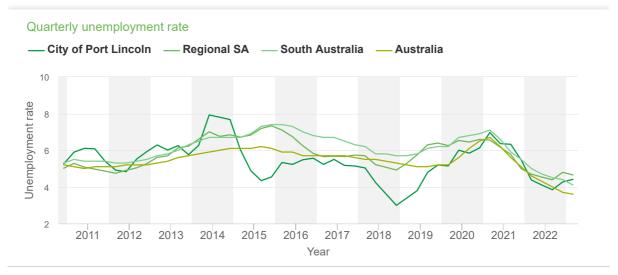
#### In the 2023 March quarter, the unemployment rate in the City of Port Lincoln was 4.4%.

The unemployment rate is derived from the ABS labour force survey and Centrelink data and compiled by the Department of Employment. It is published quarterly in the Small Area Labour Markets publication, for Local Government Areas. The unemployment rate shown here is the proportion of the resident labour force (those in work or looking for work and aged over 15) who are looking for work. Unemployment does not include people who don't have a job but are not seeking a job.

Unemployment is an important indicator of the economic success of an area. A low unemployment rate can indicate an affluent area with a high rate of access to jobs, or a place where those who can't find jobs leave the area. A high rate can indicate a declining economy with closures of key industries, or a residential area with a significantly disadvantaged population.

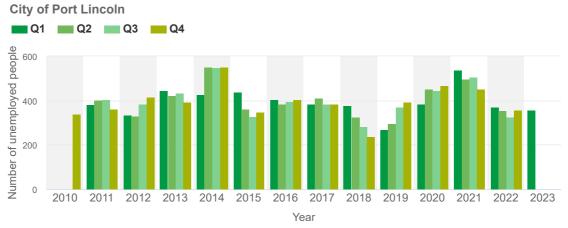
Note: The Department of Employment advise that highly disaggregated labour force and unemployment estimates at the LGA level can display significant variability and should be viewed with caution. The figures are smoothed using a four-quarter (annual) average to minimise the variability inherent in small area estimates.

This page presents unemployment estimates for benchmark regions which are headline figures widely published by government and media sites but are not directly comparable to the LGA estimates as they are not annual averages. For more information, see the data notes.



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Labour force survey catalogue number 6202.0, and Department of Employment, Small Area Labour Markets. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

### Quarterly unemployment



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Labour force survey catalogue number 6202.0, and Department of Employment, Small Area Labour Markets. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Unemployment						
	City	of Port Lince	oln	Regional SA	South Australia	Australia
Quarter	Unemployed people	Labour force	Unemploym rate %	nduntemployment rate %	Unemployment rate %	Unemployr rate %
2023						
- March	358	8,115	4.4	4.7	4.1	3.6
2022						
- December	356	8,344	4.3	4.8	4.4	3.7
- September	326	8,482	3.8	4.4	4.5	4.0
- June	354	8,636	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.3
- March	372	8,504	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.6
2021						
- December	453	8,283	5.5	5.0	5.5	5.1
- September	507	8,018	6.3	5.8	5.9	5.6
- June	497	7,813	6.4	6.2	6.6	6.2
- March	539	7,737	7.0	6.6	7.1	6.7
2020						
- December	468	7,640	6.1	6.6	6.9	6.5
- September	444	7,602	5.8	6.4	6.8	6.1
- June	454	7,566	6.0	6.5	6.7	5.6
- March	385	7,488	5.1	6.3	6.2	5.2
2019						
- December	392	7,549	5.2	6.4	6.2	5.2
- September	371	7,745	4.8	6.3	6.1	5.1
- June	296	7,809	3.8	5.7	5.8	5.1
- March	270	7,979	3.4	5.3	5.7	5.2
2018						
- December	239	7,993	3.0	4.9	5.7	5.3
- September	284	7,862	3.6	5.1	5.8	5.4

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Labour force survey catalogue number 6202.0, and Department of Employment, Small Area Labour Markets. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- June 325 7,667 4.2 5.2 5.8 5.5  - March 376 7,469 5.0 5.7 6.2 5.5  - March 376 7,469 5.0 5.7 6.2 5.5  - March 376 7,469 5.0 5.7 6.2 5.5  - March 384 7,472 5.1 5.7 6.3 5.6  - September 384 7,427 5.2 5.7 6.5 5.7  - June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 6.7 5.7  - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  - September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7  - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8	Unemployment						
Quarter         people         force         rate %         s.5         5.8         5.5         5.5         5.5         5.5         5.5         5.5         5.5         5.7         6.3         5.6         5.7         6.5         5.7         6.5         5.7         6.5         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.8         6.8         5.7         6.7         5.7         6.8         6.7<		City	of Port Lince	oln	Regional SA	South Australia	Australia
- March 376 7,469 5.0 5.7 6.2 5.5  2017  - December 384 7,472 5.1 5.7 6.3 5.6  - September 384 7,427 5.2 5.7 6.5 5.7  - June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 6.7 5.7  - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  - December 404 7,261 5.6 5.8 6.8 5.7  - September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7  - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.7  - September 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	Quarter						Unemployn rate %
2017  - December 384 7,472 5.1 5.7 6.3 5.6  - September 384 7,427 5.2 5.7 6.5 5.7  - June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 6.7 5.7  - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  - December 404 7,261 5.6 5.8 6.8 5.7  - September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7  - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- June	325	7,667	4.2	5.2	5.8	5.5
- December 384 7,472 5.1 5.7 6.3 5.6 - September 384 7,427 5.2 5.7 6.5 5.7 6.5 5.7 - June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 5.7 6.7 5.7 - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7 - March 2016 - December 404 7,261 5.6 5.8 6.8 5.7 - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.0 5.7 - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9 - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9 - March 2015 - December 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2 - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1 - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1 - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.1 - September 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9 - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8 - September 5.5	- March	376	7,469	5.0	5.7	6.2	5.5
- September 384 7,427 5.2 5.7 6.5 5.7 - June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 6.7 5.7 6.7 5.7 - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5	2017						
- June 411 7,473 5.5 5.7 6.7 5.7  - March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  2016  - December 404 7,261 5.6 5.8 6.8 5.7  - September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7  - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- December	384	7,472	5.1	5.7	6.3	5.6
- March 386 7,386 5.2 5.6 6.7 5.7  2016  - December 404 7,261 5.6 5.8 6.8 5.7  - September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7  - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- September	384	7,427	5.2	5.7	6.5	5.7
2016 - December	- June	411	7,473	5.5	5.7	6.7	5.7
- December	- March	386	7,386	5.2	5.6	6.7	5.7
- September 397 7,244 5.5 6.2 7.0 5.7 - June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9 - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015 - December 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2 - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1 - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014 - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1 - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0 - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9 - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	2016						
- June 385 7,368 5.2 6.7 7.3 5.9  - March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- December	404	7,261	5.6	5.8	6.8	5.7
- March 406 7,616 5.3 7.1 7.4 5.9  2015  - December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1  - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- September	397	7,244	5.5	6.2	7.0	5.7
2015  - December	- June	385	7,368	5.2	6.7	7.3	5.9
- December 347 7,639 4.5 7.3 7.4 6.1 - September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2 - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1 - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014 - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1 - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0 - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9 - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- March	406	7,616	5.3	7.1	7.4	5.9
- September 328 7,561 4.3 7.2 7.3 6.2  - June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	2015						
- June 361 7,389 4.9 6.8 6.9 6.1  - March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- December	347	7,639	4.5	7.3	7.4	6.1
- March 438 7,248 6.0 6.7 6.1  2014  - December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1  - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0  - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9  - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8  2013  - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- September	328	7,561	4.3	7.2	7.3	6.2
2014         - December       553       7,207       7.7       6.8       6.7       6.1         - September       550       7,050       7.8       6.8       6.7       6.0         - June       551       6,951       7.9       7.0       6.7       5.9         - March       428       6,830       6.3       6.6       6.5       5.8         2013       - December       392       6,810       5.8       6.2       6.3       5.7	- June	361	7,389	4.9	6.8	6.9	6.1
- December 553 7,207 7.7 6.8 6.7 6.1 - September 550 7,050 7.8 6.8 6.7 6.0 - June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9 - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8 2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- March	438	7,248	6.0	6.7	6.7	6.1
- September       550       7,050       7.8       6.8       6.7       6.0         - June       551       6,951       7.9       7.0       6.7       5.9         - March       428       6,830       6.3       6.6       6.5       5.8         2013         - December       392       6,810       5.8       6.2       6.3       5.7	2014						
- June 551 6,951 7.9 7.0 6.7 5.9 - March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8 2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- December	553	7,207	7.7	6.8	6.7	6.1
- March 428 6,830 6.3 6.6 6.5 5.8 2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- September	550	7,050	7.8	6.8	6.7	6.0
2013 - December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- June	551	6,951	7.9	7.0	6.7	5.9
- December 392 6,810 5.8 6.2 6.3 5.7	- March	428	6,830	6.3	6.6	6.5	5.8
	2013						
- September 433 6,924 6.3 6.1 6.0 5.6	- December	392	6,810	5.8	6.2	6.3	5.7
	- September	433	6,924	6.3	6.1	6.0	5.6

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Labour force survey catalogue number 6202.0, and Department of Employment, Small Area Labour Markets. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unemployment								
	City	of Port Linco	oln	Regional SA	South Australia	Australia		
Quarter	Unemployed people	Labour force	Unemploym rate %	nduntemployment rate %	Unemployment rate %	Unemployn rate %		
- June	422	7,025	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.4		
- March	444	7,062	6.3	5.6	5.7	5.3		
2012								
- December	417	7,032	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.2		
- September	386	7,002	5.5	5.0	5.4	5.2		
- June	332	6,880	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.2		
- March	333	6,776	4.9	4.7	5.3	5.1		
2011								
- December	362	6,717	5.4	4.9	5.4	5.1		
- September	404	6,649	6.1	5.0	5.4	5.1		
- June	403	6,604	6.1	5.1	5.4	5.0		
- March	383	6,499	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.1		
2010								
- December	340	6,474	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.2		

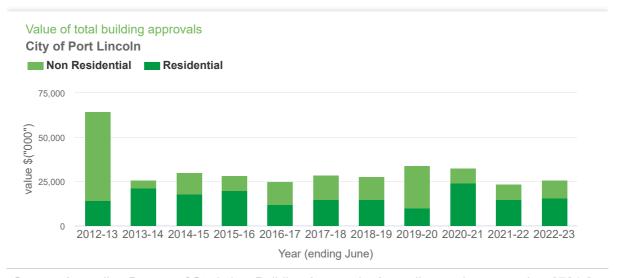
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Labour force survey catalogue number 6202.0, and Department of Employment, Small Area Labour Markets. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

#### **Building approvals**

#### The value of building approvals in City of Port Lincoln was \$26m in the 2022-23 financial year.

This dataset shows the total assessed value of building approvals for construction in City of Port Lincoln by financial year in millions of dollars. The dataset is updated monthly to include the current financial year to date, and includes residential and non-residential building approvals separately. The percentage of the state total is shown.

Building approvals for an area can be highly variable over time, particularly in the non-residential sector. Construction may take several years from the date of approval. A high rate of building approvals can indicate a growth area with a construction-led economy. A low rate of building approvals may indicate a settled area with established infrastructure, or an area with little growth. Note that this dataset is not adjusted for inflation.



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia, catalogue number 8731.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)

Value of total building approvals									
	City	of Port Lince	oln	S	outh Australi	а			
÷ Financial year	Residentia	Non- residential \$('000')	Tota↓ \$('000')	Residential	Non- residential \$('000')	TotaĻ \$('000')	City of Port Lincoln as a % of South <sub>e</sub> Australia		
2022-23	15,725	9,984	25,709	5,048,079	3,854,052	8,902,131	0.3%		
2021-22	14,971	8,451	23,422	4,560,321	5,713,136	10,273,457	0.2%		
2020-21	24,099	8,280	32,379	4,354,178	3,761,450	8,115,627	0.4%		
2019-20	9,860	24,199	34,059	3,560,545	3,196,000	6,756,544	0.5%		
2018-19	15,001	12,754	27,756	3,132,217	2,127,186	5,259,403	0.5%		
2017-18	14,877	13,605	28,482	3,656,282	3,446,732	7,103,014	0.4%		
2016-17	12,130	12,700	24,830	3,158,229	2,446,567	5,604,796	0.4%		
2015-16	19,776	8,372	28,148	3,247,330	2,194,183	5,441,512	0.5%		
2014-15	17,998	12,061	30,059	2,784,569	1,418,534	4,203,103	0.7%		
2013-14	21,248	4,746	25,995	2,689,153	1,510,269	4,199,422	0.6%		
2012-13	14,004	50,484	64,488	2,243,658	1,699,048	3,942,706	1.6%		

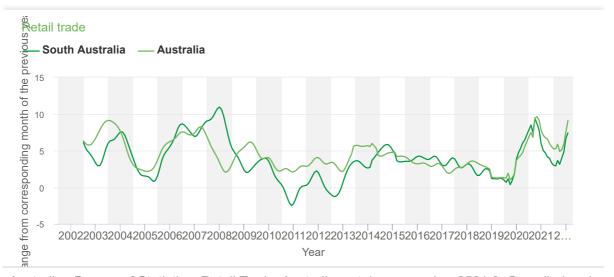
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia, catalogue number 8731.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions)
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

### South Australia

#### Retail trade

#### In August 2022, the retail trade estimate for South Australia rose 7.4% from the previous year.

Retail Trade turnover is an important indicator of economic health. Increasing retail turnover can indicate a high level of consumer confidence and increased money in the economy. Retail Trade is not available at the local level, so the data presented here is annual percentage change for the state of South Australia, updated monthly.



Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

Retail trade						
	South A	ustralia	Aust	ralia		
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year		
Aug-2022	2,101.7	+7.42	33,107	+9.12		
Jul-2022	2,085.2	+6.66	32,639	+7.51		
Jun-2022	2,060.7	+4.80	32,230	+5.88		
May-2022	2,044.4	+3.98	31,924	+5.13		
Apr-2022	2,027.3	+3.15	31,660	+4.89		
Mar-2022	2,013.3	+3.65	31,413	+5.87		
Feb-2022	2,000.7	+2.92	31,171	+5.26		
Jan-2022	1,988.2	+3.00	30,942	+5.24		
Dec-2021	1,980.6	+3.36	30,782	+5.56		
Nov-2021	1,977.8	+3.97	30,661	+5.98		
Oct-2021	1,968.7	+4.14	30,512	+6.59		
Sep-2021	1,964.0	+4.69	30,385	+6.76		
Aug-2021	1,956.5	+5.02	30,341	+7.11		
Jul-2021	1,955.0	+5.97	30,359	+7.78		
Jun-2021	1,966.3	+7.79	30,441	+9.15		
May-2021	1,966.2	+8.67	30,366	+9.63		
Apr-2021	1,965.5	+9.35	30,185	+9.48		
Mar-2021	1,942.4	+7.51	29,671	+6.82		
Feb-2021	1,944.0	+8.50	29,613	+7.49		
Jan-2021	1,930.2	+7.82	29,402	+6.89		
Dec-2020	1,916.2	+7.13	29,159	+6.18		
Nov-2020	1,902.2	+6.47	28,930	+5.57		
Oct-2020	1,890.4	+6.04	28,624	+4.74		
Sep-2020	1,875.9	+5.32	28,461	+4.34		
Aug-2020	1,863.0	+4.74	28,327	+4.06		

Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Retail trade						
	South A	ustralia	Aust	ralia		
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year		
Jul-2020	1,845.0	+3.85	28,166	+3.67		
Jun-2020	1,824.1	+1.83	27,889	+1.85		
May-2020	1,809.3	+0.95	27,699	+1.33		
Apr-2020	1,797.5	+0.37	27,572	+1.02		
Mar-2020	1,806.8	+1.15	27,777	+1.92		
Feb-2020	1,791.7	+0.67	27,551	+1.26		
Jan-2020	1,790.3	+0.98	27,507	+1.29		
Dec-2019	1,788.6	+1.19	27,462	+1.33		
Nov-2019	1,786.6	+1.27	27,404	+1.32		
Oct-2019	1,782.6	+1.14	27,330	+1.26		
Sep-2019	1,781.2	+1.17	27,279	+1.28		
Aug-2019	1,778.7	+1.16	27,222	+1.31		
Jul-2019	1,776.5	+1.21	27,169	+1.39		
Jun-2019	1,791.4	+2.27	27,382	+2.52		
May-2019	1,792.3	+2.51	27,334	+2.66		
Apr-2019	1,790.9	+2.54	27,295	+2.80		
Mar-2019	1,786.2	+2.30	27,253	+2.91		
Feb-2019	1,779.7	+1.92	27,207	+3.03		
Jan-2019	1,772.9	+1.62	27,156	+3.16		
Dec-2018	1,767.6	+1.63	27,102	+3.33		
Nov-2018	1,764.3	+1.98	27,046	+3.49		
Oct-2018	1,762.5	+2.52	26,990	+3.59		
Sep-2018	1,760.6	+2.98	26,934	+3.57		
Aug-2018	1,758.2	+3.20	26,871	+3.41		
Jul-2018	1,755.3	+3.17	26,796	+3.16		

Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Retail trade						
	South A	ustralia	Aust	ralia		
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year		
Jun-2018	1,751.7	+2.95	26,710	+2.91		
May-2018	1,748.5	+2.70	26,627	+2.75		
Apr-2018	1,746.5	+2.66	26,552	+2.71		
Mar-2018	1,746.1	+2.93	26,481	+2.71		
Feb-2018	1,746.2	+3.42	26,408	+2.65		
Jan-2018	1,744.6	+3.88	26,324	+2.46		
Dec-2017	1,739.3	+4.03	26,229	+2.18		
Nov-2017	1,730.1	+3.82	26,134	+1.95		
Oct-2017	1,719.2	+3.43	26,055	+1.90		
Sep-2017	1,709.6	+3.07	26,005	+2.10		
Aug-2017	1,703.7	+2.93	25,984	+2.49		
Jul-2017	1,701.4	+3.04	25,975	+2.91		
Jun-2017	1,701.5	+3.38	25,956	+3.19		
May-2017	1,702.5	+3.86	25,914	+3.26		
Apr-2017	1,701.3	+4.20	25,851	+3.15		
Mar-2017	1,696.4	+4.25	25,782	+2.96		
Feb-2017	1,688.4	+4.07	25,725	+2.84		
Jan-2017	1,679.5	+3.86	25,691	+2.89		
Dec-2016	1,672.0	+3.79	25,669	+3.06		
Nov-2016	1,666.4	+3.86	25,635	+3.23		
Oct-2016	1,662.2	+4.02	25,570	+3.32		
Sep-2016	1,658.7	+4.16	25,470	+3.30		
Aug-2016	1,655.2	+4.25	25,352	+3.23		
Jul-2016	1,651.2	+4.22	25,241	+3.20		
Jun-2016	1,645.9	+4.04	25,154	+3.23		

Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

	South A	ustralia	Aust	Australia	
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	
May-2016	1,639.3	+3.80	25,096	+3.34	
Apr-2016	1,632.8	+3.62	25,063	+3.53	
Mar-2016	1,627.3	+3.55	25,041	+3.77	
Feb-2016	1,622.3	+3.54	25,014	+3.99	
Jan-2016	1,617.1	+3.54	24,969	+4.15	
Dec-2015	1,611.0	+3.49	24,906	+4.23	
Nov-2015	1,604.4	+3.46	24,832	+4.25	
Oct-2015	1,598.0	+3.48	24,748	+4.23	
Sep-2015	1,592.4	+3.63	24,657	+4.18	
Aug-2015	1,587.7	+4.64	24,559	+4.81	
Jul-2015	1,584.4	+5.07	24,459	+4.77	
Jun-2015	1,582.0	+5.51	24,367	+4.75	
May-2015	1,579.3	+5.80	24,284	+4.70	
Apr-2015	1,575.8	+5.84	24,207	+4.58	
Mar-2015	1,571.5	+5.71	24,131	+4.42	
Feb-2015	1,566.9	+5.46	24,054	+4.28	
Jan-2015	1,561.8	+5.14	23,974	+4.24	
Dec-2014	1,556.6	+4.78	23,894	+4.35	
Nov-2014	1,550.8	+4.40	23,819	+5.31	
Oct-2014	1,544.2	+4.03	23,744	+5.66	
Sep-2014	1,536.6	+3.70	23,667	+5.99	
Aug-2014	1,517.3	+2.73	23,432	+5.56	
Jul-2014	1,508.0	+2.63	23,345	+5.67	
Jun-2014	1,499.4	+2.71	23,262	+5.65	
May-2014	1,492.7	+2.91	23,194	+5.59	

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Please refer to specific data notes for more information

	South A	ustralia	Aust	ralia
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year
Apr-2014	1,488.8	+3.21	23,148	+5.58
Mar-2014	1,486.6	+3.47	23,111	+5.64
Feb-2014	1,485.8	+3.63	23,066	+5.71
Jan-2014	1,485.5	+3.61	22,998	+5.73
Dec-2013	1,485.6	+3.49	22,899	+5.59
Nov-2013	1,485.4	+3.24	22,618	+4.52
Oct-2013	1,484.4	+2.86	22,472	+3.93
Sep-2013	1,481.8	+2.32	22,329	+3.26
Aug-2013	1,477.0	+1.62	22,198	+2.63
Jul-2013	1,469.4	+0.75	22,092	+2.21
Jun-2013	1,459.9	-0.11	22,017	+2.15
May-2013	1,450.5	-0.75	21,966	+2.40
Apr-2013	1,442.5	-1.14	21,925	+2.80
Mar-2013	1,436.7	-1.28	21,878	+3.16
Feb-2013	1,433.8	-1.20	21,819	+3.38
Jan-2013	1,433.7	-0.97	21,753	+3.41
Dec-2012	1,435.5	-0.71	21,687	+3.28
Nov-2012	1,438.8	-0.39	21,641	+3.16
Oct-2012	1,443.1	+0.05	21,622	+3.23
Sep-2012	1,448.2	+0.66	21,624	+3.47
Aug-2012	1,453.5	+1.36	21,629	+3.79
Jul-2012	1,458.4	+1.99	21,613	+4.04
Jun-2012	1,461.5	+2.24	21,553	+4.06
May-2012	1,461.5	+2.01	21,452	+3.85
Apr-2012	1,459.1	+1.50	21,329	+3.50

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South Australia Australia						
	South A		Aust			
		% change from corresponding month of		% change from corresponding month of		
Month	Turnover (\$m)	previous year	Turnover (\$m)	previous year		
Mar-2012	1,455.3	+0.92	21,207	+3.15		
Feb-2012	1,451.2	+0.48	21,105	+2.92		
Jan-2012	1,447.8	+0.26	21,034	+2.85		
Dec-2011	1,445.8	+0.19	20,998	+2.91		
Nov-2011	1,444.5	+0.12	20,977	+2.93		
Oct-2011	1,442.4	-0.15	20,945	+2.79		
Sep-2011	1,438.7	-0.74	20,899	+2.54		
Aug-2011	1,434.0	-1.54	20,839	+2.27		
Jul-2011	1,430.0	-2.23	20,773	+2.10		
Jun-2011	1,429.5	-2.49	20,711	+2.10		
May-2011	1,432.7	-2.17	20,656	+2.28		
Apr-2011	1,437.6	-1.51	20,608	+2.50		
Mar-2011	1,442.0	-0.75	20,559	+2.57		
Feb-2011	1,444.2	-0.09	20,505	+2.46		
Jan-2011	1,444.1	+0.38	20,451	+2.28		
Dec-2010	1,443.0	+0.72	20,405	+2.18		
Nov-2010	1,442.7	+1.04	20,380	+2.31		
Oct-2010	1,444.5	+1.47	20,376	+2.66		
Sep-2010	1,449.4	+2.10	20,381	+3.18		
Aug-2010	1,456.4	+2.87	20,376	+3.70		
Jul-2010	1,462.6	+3.50	20,347	+4.02		
Jun-2010	1,466.0	+3.90	20,285	+4.08		
May-2010	1,464.5	+3.98	20,195	+3.96		
Apr-2010	1,459.7	+3.89	20,106	+3.89		
Mar-2010	1,452.9	+3.76	20,044	+4.05		
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Please refer to specific data notes for more information

	South A	ustralia	Australia	
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year
Feb-2010	1,445.5	+3.56	20,013	+4.47
Jan-2010	1,438.6	+3.30	19,995	+5.05
Dec-2009	1,432.7	+3.00	19,969	+5.63
Nov-2009	1,427.8	+2.65	19,921	+6.04
Oct-2009	1,423.6	+2.32	19,848	+6.19
Sep-2009	1,419.6	+2.07	19,752	+6.08
Aug-2009	1,415.7	+2.02	19,650	+5.79
Jul-2009	1,413.1	+2.32	19,561	+5.48
Jun-2009	1,411.0	+2.89	19,490	+5.24
May-2009	1,408.4	+3.51	19,426	+5.02
Apr-2009	1,405.0	+4.09	19,354	+4.74
Mar-2009	1,400.2	+4.48	19,264	+4.33
Feb-2009	1,395.8	+4.86	19,157	+3.79
Jan-2009	1,392.6	+5.36	19,033	+3.17
Dec-2008	1,391.0	+6.14	18,905	+2.60
Nov-2008	1,390.9	+7.25	18,787	+2.19
Oct-2008	1,391.3	+8.51	18,690	+2.04
Sep-2008	1,390.8	+9.73	18,620	+2.25
Aug-2008	1,387.7	+10.62	18,575	+2.77
Jul-2008	1,381.0	+10.95	18,544	+3.41
Jun-2008	1,371.4	+10.74	18,519	+4.01
May-2008	1,360.6	+10.24	18,497	+4.53
Apr-2008	1,349.8	+9.70	18,479	+5.04
Mar-2008	1,340.1	+9.32	18,465	+5.57
Feb-2008	1,331.1	+9.14	18,457	+6.17

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Retail trade						
	South A	ustralia	Aust	ralia		
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year		
Jan-2008	1,321.8	+9.05	18,449	+6.85		
Dec-2007	1,310.5	+8.84	18,427	+7.49		
Nov-2007	1,296.9	+8.45	18,384	+8.00		
Oct-2007	1,282.2	+8.00	18,316	+8.27		
Sep-2007	1,267.5	+7.47	18,210	+8.16		
Aug-2007	1,254.5	+7.04	18,075	+7.81		
Jul-2007	1,244.7	+6.92	17,933	+7.44		
Jun-2007	1,238.4	+7.13	17,805	+7.19		
May-2007	1,234.2	+7.49	17,695	+7.13		
Apr-2007	1,230.4	+7.84	17,592	+7.19		
Mar-2007	1,225.8	+8.19	17,491	+7.35		
Feb-2007	1,219.6	+8.49	17,384	+7.52		
Jan-2007	1,212.1	+8.64	17,266	+7.57		
Dec-2006	1,204.1	+8.58	17,142	+7.46		
Nov-2006	1,195.8	+8.17	17,022	+7.19		
Oct-2006	1,187.2	+7.39	16,917	+6.85		
Sep-2006	1,179.4	+6.63	16,835	+6.56		
Aug-2006	1,172.0	+6.03	16,765	+6.38		
Jul-2006	1,164.1	+5.56	16,692	+6.23		
Jun-2006	1,156.0	+5.19	16,610	+6.08		
May-2006	1,148.2	+4.82	16,517	+5.87		
Apr-2006	1,141.0	+4.35	16,412	+5.55		
Mar-2006	1,133.0	+3.60	16,294	+5.08		
Feb-2006	1,124.2	+2.60	16,168	+4.44		
Jan-2006	1,115.7	+1.62	16,051	+3.75		

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Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Retail trade						
	South Australia		Australia			
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year		
Dec-2005	1,109.0	+0.97	15,953	+3.11		
Nov-2005	1,105.5	+0.79	15,880	+2.63		
Oct-2005	1,105.5	+1.04	15,833	+2.35		
Sep-2005	1,106.1	+1.36	15,799	+2.22		
Aug-2005	1,105.3	+1.49	15,760	+2.16		
Jul-2005	1,102.8	+1.54	15,713	+2.20		
Jun-2005	1,099.0	+1.56	15,658	+2.29		
May-2005	1,095.4	+1.68	15,601	+2.39		
Apr-2005	1,093.4	+2.02	15,550	+2.50		
Mar-2005	1,093.6	+2.55	15,506	+2.59		
Feb-2005	1,095.7	+3.24	15,480	+2.78		
Jan-2005	1,097.9	+4.03	15,472	+3.12		
Dec-2004	1,098.4	+4.82	15,471	+3.60		
Nov-2004	1,096.8	+5.63	15,473	+4.27		
Oct-2004	1,094.1	+6.46	15,470	+5.12		
Sep-2004	1,091.3	+7.13	15,455	+6.04		
Aug-2004	1,089.1	+7.54	15,426	+6.90		
Jul-2004	1,086.1	+7.56	15,375	+7.61		
Jun-2004	1,082.1	+7.26	15,308	+8.12		
May-2004	1,077.3	+6.89	15,236	+8.50		
Apr-2004	1,071.7	+6.55	15,171	+8.76		
Mar-2004	1,066.4	+6.42	15,114	+8.96		
Feb-2004	1,061.3	+6.34	15,062	+9.10		
Jan-2004	1,055.4	+6.03	15,003	+9.12		
Dec-2003	1,047.9	+5.35	14,934	+9.02		

Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

Retail trade				
	South Australia		Australia	
Month	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year	Turnover (\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year
Nov-2003	1,038.3	+4.40	14,839	+8.78
Oct-2003	1,027.7	+3.49	14,716	+8.36
Sep-2003	1,018.7	+2.96	14,576	+7.83
Aug-2003	1,012.7	+2.93	14,430	+7.27
Jul-2003	1,009.8	+3.27	14,288	+6.72
Jun-2003	1,008.9	+3.80	14,158	+6.25
May-2003	1,007.9	+4.26	14,042	+5.89
Apr-2003	1,005.8	+4.65	13,948	+5.75
Mar-2003	1,002.1	+4.96	13,871	+5.79
Feb-2003	998.0	+5.37	13,806	+5.97
Jan-2003	995.4	+6.12	13,750	+6.32
Dec-2002	994.7		13,698	
Nov-2002	994.5		13,642	
Oct-2002	993.0		13,581	
Sep-2002	989.4		13,517	
Aug-2002	983.9		13,452	
Jul-2002	977.8		13,388	
Jun-2002	972.0		13,325	
May-2002	966.7		13,261	
Apr-2002	961.1		13,190	
Mar-2002	954.7		13,112	
Feb-2002	947.1		13,028	

Australian Bureau of Statistics. Retail Trade, Australia, catalogue number 8501.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id, .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

12,932

938.0

Jan-2002

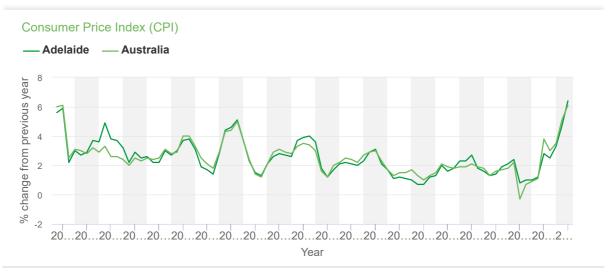
### South Australia

#### Consumer Price Index

In the year to June 2022, the CPI for Adelaide increased 6.4%. During the same period, the CPI for the eight capital cities in Australia increased 6.1%.

The Consumer Price Index is an indicator of the inflation rate run by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. It measures the changing price of a fixed basket of goods and services purchased by the average household in 8 capital cities around Australia. This is combined into an index number, calculated quarterly, and the percentage change for the year to the latest quarter is shown.

Data on CPI is a proxy for the rate of inflation in the consumer sector, and does not necessarily translate into inflation for goods purchased by industry. However it is an easily accessible measure of the inflation rate and can be used to assess the changing value of money over time. CPI is not available for small areas, so the nearest capital city rate is shown on economy.id.



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Consumer Price Index , Australia, catalogue number 6401.0. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

	Consumer	Price	Index	(CPI)
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	Adel	aide	Australia			
Quarter ending	Index number	% change from previous year	Index number	% change from previous year		
Jun-2022	125.3	6.4	126.1	6.1		
Mar-2022	122.7	4.7	123.9	5.1		
Dec-2021	120.4	3.3	121.3	3.5		
Sep-2021	118.6	2.5	119.7	3		
Jun-2021	117.8	2.8	118.8	3.8		
Mar-2021	117.2	1.2	117.9	1.1		
Dec-2020	116.5	1	117.2	0.9		
Sep-2020	115.7	1	116.2	0.7		
Jun-2020	114.6	0.8	114.4	-0.3		
Mar-2020	115.8	2.4	116.6	2.2		
Dec-2019	115.4	2.1	116.2	1.8		
Sep-2019	114.5	1.9	115.4	1.7		
Jun-2019	113.7	1.4	114.8	1.6		
Mar-2019	113.1	1.3	114.1	1.3		
Dec-2018	113	1.6	114.1	1.8		
Sep-2018	112.4	1.8	113.5	1.9		
Jun-2018	112.1	2.7	113	2.1		
Mar-2018	111.6	2.3	112.6	1.9		
Dec-2017	111.2	2.3	112.1	1.9		
Sep-2017	110.4	1.8	111.4	1.8		
Jun-2017	109.2	1.6	110.7	1.9		
Mar-2017	109.1	2	110.5	2.1		
Dec-2016	108.7	1.3	110	1.5		
Sep-2016	108.4	1.2	109.4	1.3		
Jun-2016	107.5	0.7	108.6	1		
Mar-2016	107	0.7	108.2	1.3		

Consumer F	Price Inde	ex (CPI)
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<b>Quarter ending</b> Dec-2015 Sep-2015	Index number 107.3	% change from previous year	Index number	% change from
				previous year
San_7016	10/1		108.4	1.7
		1.1	108	1.5
Jun-2015	106.8	1.2	107.5	1.5
Mar-2015	106.3	1.1	106.8	1.3
Dec-2014	106.2	1.7	106.6	1.7
Sep-2014	105.9	2.1	106.4	2.3
Jun-2014	105.5	3.1	105.9	3
Mar-2014	105.1	2.9	105.4	2.9
Dec-2013	104.4	2.3	104.8	2.7
Sep-2013	103.7	2	104	2.2
Jun-2013	102.3	2.1	102.8	2.4
Mar-2013	102.1	2.2	102.4	2.5
Dec-2012	102.1	2.1	102	2.2
Sep-2012	101.7	1.7	101.8	2
Jun-2012	100.2	1.2	100.4	1.2
Mar-2012	99.9	1.8	99.9	1.6
Dec-2011	100	3.6	99.8	3
Sep-2011	100	4	99.8	3.4
Jun-2011	99	3.9	99.2	3.5
Mar-2011	98.1	3.7	98.3	3.3
Dec-2010	96.5	2.6	96.9	2.8
Sep-2010	96.2	2.7	96.5	2.9
Jun-2010	95.3	2.8	95.8	3.1
Mar-2010	94.6	2.6	95.2	2.9
Dec-2009	94.1	2.1	94.3	2.1
Sep-2009	93.7	1.3	93.8	1.2

Consumer F	Price Inde	ex (CPI)
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	Adel	laide	Australia			
Quarter ending	Index number	% change from previous year	Index number	% change from previous year		
Jun-2009	92.7	1.5	92.9	1.4		
Mar-2009	92.2	2.3	92.5	2.4		
Dec-2008	92.2	3.7	92.4	3.7		
Sep-2008	92.5	5.1	92.7	5		
Jun-2008	91.3	4.6	91.6	4.4		
Mar-2008	90.1	4.4	90.3	4.3		
Dec-2007	88.9	2.8	89.1	2.9		
Sep-2007	88	1.4	88.3	1.8		
Jun-2007	87.3	1.7	87.7	2.1		
Mar-2007	86.3	1.9	86.6	2.5		
Dec-2006	86.5	3.1	86.6	3.3		
Sep-2006	86.8	3.8	86.7	4		
Jun-2006	85.8	3.7	85.9	4		
Mar-2006	84.7	3	84.5	2.9		
Dec-2005	83.9	2.7	83.8	2.8		
Sep-2005	83.6	3	83.4	3.1		
Jun-2005	82.7	2.2	82.6	2.5		
Mar-2005	82.2	2.2	82.1	2.4		
Dec-2004	81.7	2.6	81.5	2.5		
Sep-2004	81.2	2.5	80.9	2.3		
Jun-2004	80.9	2.9	80.6	2.5		
Mar-2004	80.4	2.2	80.2	2		
Dec-2003	79.6	3.2	79.5	2.4		
Sep-2003	79.2	3.7	79.1	2.6		
Jun-2003	78.6	3.8	78.6	2.6		
Mar-2003	78.7	4.9	78.6	3.3		

## Consumer Price Index (CPI)

	Adel	aide	Aust	ralia
Quarter ending Dec-2002	Index number	% change from previous year 3.6	Index number 77.6	% change from previous year
Sep-2002	76.4	3.7	77.1	3.2
Jun-2002	75.7	2.9	76.6	2.8
Mar-2002	75	2.7	76.1	3
Dec-2001	74.4	3	75.4	3.1
Sep-2001	73.7	2.2	74.7	2.5
Jun-2001	73.6	5.9	74.5	6.1
Mar-2001	73	5.6	73.9	6

Employment by industry (FTE)

In the City of Port Lincoln, Health Care and Social Assistance is the largest employer, generating 999 FTE jobs in 2021/22.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) employment is modelled by NIEIR and takes into account differences in hours worked between industry sectors. It is a measure that allows direct comparison of employment between industries in the City of Port Lincoln.

Typically, industries such as Retail Trade and Accommodation and Food Services, which employ many part-time workers, have lower FTE employment than total employment.

FTE employment is calculated directly by dividing the total hours worked in each industry by 38. By comparing the number of full-time equivalent jobs in each industry sector to a regional benchmark, you can clearly see the structure of the City of Port Lincoln's economy. This can be done by directly comparing the area to its benchmark, or by using a location quotient to look at the relative size of industries.

FTE employment should be viewed in conjunction with <a href="Employment by industry"><u>Employment by industry (Total)</u></a> and <a href="Employment by industry"><u>Employment by industry (Census)</u></a>, for a full understanding of the industry breakdown in the area. <a href="Worker productivity"><u>Worker productivity</u></a> data shows the value of a worker in each industry to the local economy. <a href="Employment locations"><u>Employment locations</u></a> shows where employment is taking place in each industry sector.

#### Data source

National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

Please note: FTE employment is derived from Census data but has been corrected for the known undercount of employment in the Census. Detailed notes about how the figures are derived can be found in the specific topic notes section.

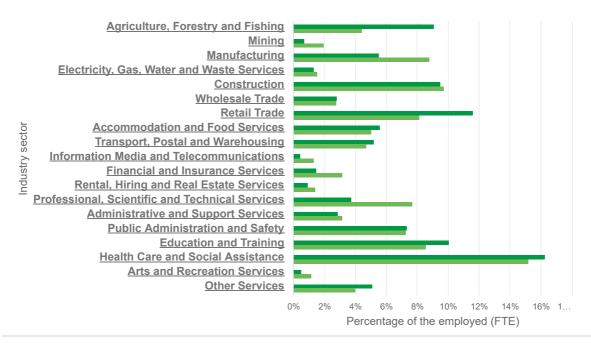
Full-time equivalent employment by industry so		0004/00			2040/47		Change	
City of Port Lincoln		2021/22			2016/17			
Industry	Numbe	%-	South Austre	liklumbe	r %÷	South Austra	2016/17 - 2021/22	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	558	9.1	4.4	747	12.7	5.2	-189	
Mining	43	0.7	2.0	32	0.5	1.9	+11	
Manufacturing	339	5.5	8.8	433	7.4	10.0	-94	
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	81	1.3	1.5	83	1.4	1.6	-2	
Construction	583	9.5	9.7	483	8.2	8.8	+100	
Wholesale Trade	172	2.8	2.8	176	3.0	3.1	-4	
Retail Trade	714	11.6	8.2	784	13.3	9.6	-70	
Accommodation and Food Services	345	5.6	5.0	326	5.5	5.0	+19	
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	320	5.2	4.7	285	4.9	5.2	+35	
Information Media and Telecommunications	27	0.4	1.3	28	0.5	1.4	-1	
Financial and Insurance Services	91	1.5	3.2	95	1.6	2.8	-5	
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	58	0.9	1.4	114	1.9	1.7	-56	
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	228	3.7	7.7	206	3.5	6.5	+22	
Administrative and Support Services	178	2.9	3.2	139	2.4	3.2	+39	
Public Administration and Safety	452	7.4	7.2	309	5.3	7.1	+143	
Education and Training	619	10.1	8.6	483	8.2	8.2	+136	
Health Care and Social Assistance	999	16.2	15.2	762	13.0	13.3	+238	
Arts and Recreation Services	30	0.5	1.1	44	8.0	1.4	-15	
Other Services	314	5.1	4.0	348	5.9	4.0	-33	
Total industries	6,152	100.0	100.0	5,878	100.0	100.0	+274	

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous years' figures. Learn more

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment (FTE) 2021/22

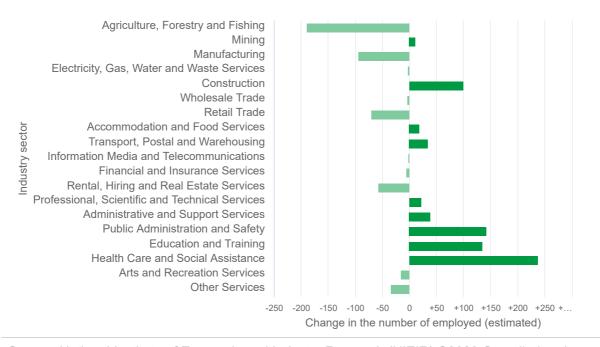




Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in employment (FTE), 2016/17 to 2021/22

### **City of Port Lincoln**



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

## **Dominant groups**

An analysis of the jobs held by the full-time equivalent local workers in the City of Port Lincoln in 2021/22 shows the three largest industries were:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (999 people or 16.2%)
- Retail Trade (714 people or 11.6%)
- Education and Training (619 people or 10.1%)

In combination these three fields accounted for 2,332 people in total or 37.9% of the local workers.

In comparison, South Australia employed 15.2% in Health Care and Social Assistance; 8.2% in Retail Trade and 8.6% in Education and Training.

The major differences between the jobs held by the full-time equivalent local workers of the City of Port Lincoln and South Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of full-time equivalent local workers employed in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (9.1% compared to 4.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of full-time equivalent local workers employed in Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (3.7% compared to 7.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of full-time equivalent local workers employed in Retail Trade (11.6% compared to 8.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of full-time equivalent local workers employed in Manufacturing (5.5% compared to 8.8%)

## **Emerging groups**

The number of full-time equivalent local workers in the City of Port Lincoln increased by increased by 274 between 2016/17 and 2021/22.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the full-time equivalent local workers between 2016/17 and 2021/22 in the City of Port Lincoln were for those employed in:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (+238 full-time equivalent local workers)
- Public Administration and Safety (+143 full-time equivalent local workers)
- Education and Training (+136 full-time equivalent local workers)
- Construction (+100 full-time equivalent local workers)

### Value added

In the City of Port Lincoln, Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing most productive industry, generating \$139 million in 2021/22.

Value added by industry is an indicator of business productivity in the City of Port Lincoln. It shows how productive each industry sector is at increasing the value of its inputs. It is a more refined measure of the productivity of an industry sector than output (total gross revenue), as some industries have high levels of output but require large amounts of input expenditure to achieve that.

By comparing the value added of each industry sector to a regional benchmark, you can clearly see the structure of the City of Port Lincoln's economy. This can be done by directly comparing the percentage contribution of each industry to the total output, relative to the benchmark, or by using a location quotient, where a number greater than one indicates a high concentration of that industry and less than one indicates a lower concentration.

To see what contribution each industry makes to the state or region, see the <a href="Industry sector analysis">Industry sector analysis</a>section. To understand the value of a worker in each industry, view this dataset in conjunction with <a href="Worker productivity">Worker productivity</a> data, and to see the relationship of value added to the total size of the economy, go to the <a href="Gross Regional Product">Gross Regional Product</a> section.

Detailed notes about how the figures are derived can be found in the <u>specific topic notes</u> section.

#### Data source

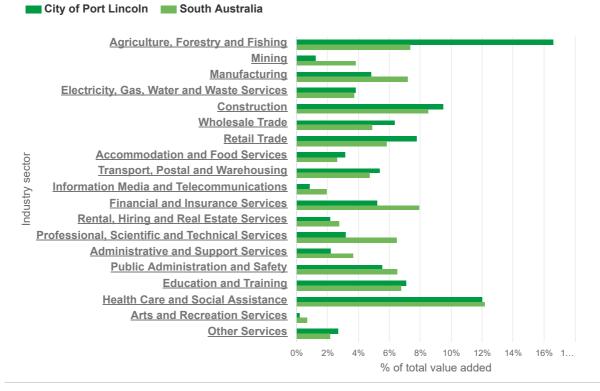
National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

Value added by industry sector									
City of Port Lincoln		2021/22			2016/17				
Industry	\$m <del>¢</del>	0/₀≎	South Austre	llia \$m <del>≎</del>	0/₀₹	South Austra	2016/17 - 2021/22		
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	138.6	16.6	7.4	114.9	16.5	6.6	+23.7		
Mining	10.4	1.3	3.9	7.9	1.1	5.1	+2.5		
Manufacturing	40.3	4.8	7.2	38.9	5.6	8.0	+1.4		
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	32.1	3.9	3.7	34.4	4.9	4.0	-2.3		
Construction	78.9	9.5	8.5	41.3	5.9	8.1	+37.6		
Wholesale Trade	52.9	6.4	4.9	36.3	5.2	5.2	+16.6		
Retail Trade	64.9	7.8	5.9	63.1	9.1	6.0	+1.8		
Accommodation and Food Services	26.2	3.1	2.6	27.9	4.0	2.9	-1.6		
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	45.1	5.4	4.7	43.7	6.3	5.2	+1.3		
Information Media and Telecommunications	6.9	0.8	1.9	3.7	0.5	2.0	+3.2		
Financial and Insurance Services	43.4	5.2	8.0	39.3	5.6	8.2	+4.1		
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	18.1	2.2	2.8	22.7	3.3	2.7	-4.6		
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	26.6	3.2	6.5	23.2	3.3	5.6	+3.4		
Administrative and Support Services	18.5	2.2	3.7	16.7	2.4	3.2	+1.8		
Public Administration and Safety	46.3	5.6	6.5	29.7	4.3	6.6	+16.6		
Education and Training	59.1	7.1	6.8	50.2	7.2	7.0	+8.9		
Health Care and Social Assistance	100.2	12.0	12.2	76.1	10.9	10.4	+24.1		
Arts and Recreation Services	1.8	0.2	0.7	1.4	0.2	0.7	+0.3		
Other Services	22.7	2.7	2.2	25.4	3.6	2.5	-2.7		
Total industries	833.1	100.0	100.0	696.9	100.0	100.0	+136.2		

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous years' figures. Learn more

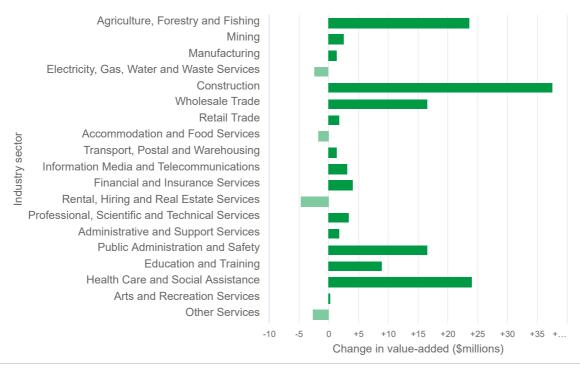
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Value added by industry sector 2021/22



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in value-added by industry sector, 2016/17 to 2021/22 **City of Port Lincoln** 



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

## **Dominant groups**

An analysis of the valued added by industry sectors in the City of Port Lincoln in 2021/22 shows the three largest industries were:

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (139 million or 16.6%)
- Health Care and Social Assistance (100 million or 12.0%)
- Construction (79 million or 9.5%)

In combination these three industries accounted for 318 million in total or 38.1% of the total value added by industry in the the City of Port Lincoln.

In comparison, the same 3 industries in South Australia accounted for 7.4% in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; 12.2% in Health Care and Social Assistance and 8.5% in Construction.

The major differences between the value added by industries of the City of Port Lincoln and South Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of value added by Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (16.6% compared to 7.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of value added by Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (3.2% compared to 6.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of value added by Financial and Insurance Services (5.2% compared to 8.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of value added by Mining (1.3% compared to 3.9%)

## **Emerging groups**

The total value added by industry in the City of Port Lincoln \$increased by 136 million between

## 2016/17 and 2021/22.

The largest changes in the value added by industries between 2016/17 and 2021/22 in the City of Port Lincoln were for:

- Construction (+\$38 million)
- Health Care and Social Assistance (+\$24 million)
- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (+\$24 million)
- Wholesale Trade (+\$17 million)

Worker productivity

In the City of Port Lincoln, Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services had the highest productivity by industry, generating \$351,438 per worker in 2021/22.

Worker productivity by industry is calculated by dividing the industry value add by the number of persons employed in that industry. It shows which industries generate the most value add per employee. Some industry sectors, such as retail trade, are not highly productive per worker, but they employ a lot of people. Other industries, such as mining, employ fewer people but generate high levels of productivity. Each plays an important role in the economy.

Worker productivity data should be viewed in conjunction with <a href="Employment by industry"><u>Employment by industry (Total)</u></a>and <a href="Employment by industry"><u>Employment by industry industry</u></a>, to see the relative size of employment in each industry, and with <a href="Local workers income"><u>Local workers income</u></a> to see how many local workers are actually each in each industry, and with <a href="Sources of income"><u>Sources of income</u></a> data to see whether employment is the main way income is derived.

Detailed notes about how the figures are derived can be found in the specific <u>topic notes section</u>. National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

## Data source

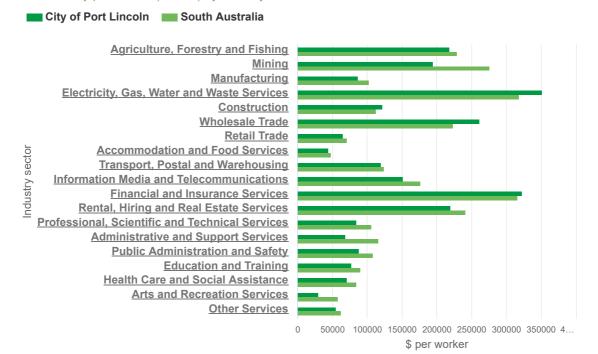
National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

Productivity per worker (annual) by industry					
City of Port Lincoln - Constant prices	202	1/22	201	Change	
Industry ÷	\$	South Australia\$	\$	South Australias	2016/17 - 2021/22
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	217,815	228,910	140,242	178,464	+77,574
Mining	194,856	275,865	204,352	397,447	-9,497
Manufacturing	86,879	102,774	66,886	99,026	+19,992
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	351,438	318,424	330,653	333,034	+20,785
Construction	121,807	113,059	75,612	114,970	+46,195
Wholesale Trade	261,569	223,692	170,454	206,833	+91,114
Retail Trade	64,936	71,436	57,578	62,713	+7,358
Accommodation and Food Services	44,237	48,182	55,843	52,174	-11,606
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	120,052	124,746	128,390	128,049	-8,337
Information Media and Telecommunications	151,450	176,766	82,612	150,050	+68,838
Financial and Insurance Services	322,409	316,115	312,154	338,558	+10,255
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	220,207	241,408	159,022	195,383	+61,185
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	84,637	106,371	86,343	105,445	-1,707
Administrative and Support Services	68,287	116,642	76,126	97,730	-7,839
Public Administration and Safety	87,961	108,212	79,106	107,059	+8,856
Education and Training	77,231	90,273	76,727	91,982	+504
Health Care and Social Assistance	71,237	84,994	71,651	78,985	-414
Arts and Recreation Services	29,677	58,106	20,261	49,944	+9,416
Other Services	55,394	61,918	62,619	69,587	-7,225
Total worker productivity	103,121	115,450	91,597	112,666	+11,523

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). Data are based on a 2020-21 price base for all years. NIEIR-ID data are inflation adjusted each year to allow direct comparison, and annual data releases adjust previous years' figures to a new base year.Learn more

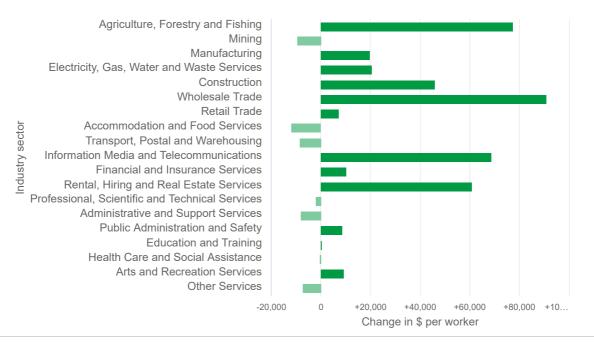
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Productivity per worker (annual) by industry 2021/22



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in productivity per worker (annual) by industry, 2016/17 to 2021/22 **City of Port Lincoln** 



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2023 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

## **Dominant groups**

An analysis of the jobs held by the full-time equivalent local workers in the City of Port Lincoln in 2021/22 shows the three highest industries were:

- Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services (\$351,438)
- Financial and Insurance Services (\$322,409)
- Wholesale Trade (\$261,569)

In comparison, the same 3 industries in South Australia were for \$318,424 in Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services; \$316,115 in Financial and Insurance Services and \$223,692 in Wholesale Trade

The major differences between the jobs held by the full-time equivalent local workers of the City of Port Lincoln and South Australia were:

- A *higher* worker productivity in Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services (\$351,438 compared to \$318,424)
- A higher worker productivity in Wholesale Trade (\$261,569 compared to \$223,692)
- A *lower* worker productivity in Administrative and Support Services (\$68,287 compared to \$116,642)
- A *lower* worker productivity in Mining (\$194,856 compared to \$275,865)

## **Emerging groups**

The total worker productivity by industry in the City of Port Lincoln increased by \$11,523 between 2016/17 and 2021/22.

The largest changes in worker productivity by industries between 2016/17 and 2021/22 in the City of Port Lincoln were for those employed in:

- Wholesale Trade (+\$91,114)
- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (+\$77,574)
- Information Media and Telecommunications (+\$68,838)
- Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services (+\$61,185)

## Businesses by industry

The Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing industry had the largest number of total registered businesses in City of Port Lincoln, comprising 20.9% of all total registered businesses, compared to 10.7% in South Australia.

Registered business by industry shows how many businesses there are the City of Port Lincoln within each industry sector using the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Business Register which itself is derived from the GST register held by the Australian Tax Office (ATO). Businesses are included if they are registered with the ATO, with an ABN used within the previous two financial years. Businesses are split up between employing and non-employing businesses. Non-employing businesses may include sole traders and registered ABNs which are part of larger enterprises.

The distribution of businesses may reflect the industry structure of the area, or may differ significantly. For instance, the largest industry in an area may consist of one very large business, with a large number of employees, while a sector with a lower value added could have a lot of small and micro businesses.

The number of businesses in the City of Port Lincoln should be viewed in conjunction with <u>Employment by industry (Total)</u> and <u>Value added</u> datasets to see the relative size of industries, and with <u>Employment locations</u> data to see where business employment occurs within the area.

### Data source

Australian Bureau of Statistics – Business register – originally sourced from ATO data

City of Port Lincoln - total registered businesses		2022			2021		change
Industry ÷	Number	%•	% South Australia	Number	%•	% South Australia	2021 to 2022
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	318	20.9	10.7	322	21.7	10.7	-4
Mining	5	0.3	0.3	4	0.3	0.3	+1
Manufacturing	64	4.2	4.2	63	4.2	4.2	+1
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	11	0.7	0.4	11	0.7	0.4	0
Construction	236	15.5	16.5	226	15.2	16.5	+10
Wholesale Trade	32	2.1	3.5	35	2.4	3.5	-3
Retail Trade	114	7.5	5.9	111	7.5	5.9	+3
Accommodation and Food Services	53	3.5	4.3	48	3.2	4.3	+5
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	81	5.3	7.5	83	5.6	7.5	-2
Information Media and Telecommunications	6	0.4	0.7	5	0.3	0.7	+1
Financial and Insurance Services	48	3.2	4.1	43	2.9	4.1	+5
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	231	15.2	12.2	226	15.2	12.2	+5
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	78	5.1	10.4	70	4.7	10.4	+8
Administrative and Support Services	61	4.0	4.4	57	3.8	4.4	+4
Public Administration and Safety	5	0.3	0.3	5	0.3	0.3	0
Education and Training	10	0.7	1.2	10	0.7	1.2	0
Health Care and Social Assistance	81	5.3	7.1	73	4.9	7.1	+8

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, 2016 to 2021 Note: Non-employing businesses includes sole proprietors where the proprietor does not receive a wage or salary separate to the business income. .id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Registered businesses by industry										
City of Port Lincoln - total registered businesses			2022			2021		change		
Industry	<b>\$</b>	Number¢	%≎	% South Australia	Number	%≑	% South Australia	2021 to 2022		
Arts and Recreation Services		13	0.9	1.2	14	0.9	1.2	-1		
Other Services		76	5.0	4.9	77	5.2	4.9	-1		
Industry not classified		0	0	0.1	3	0.2	0.1	-3		
Total business		1,523	100.0	100.0	1,486	100.0	100.0	+37		

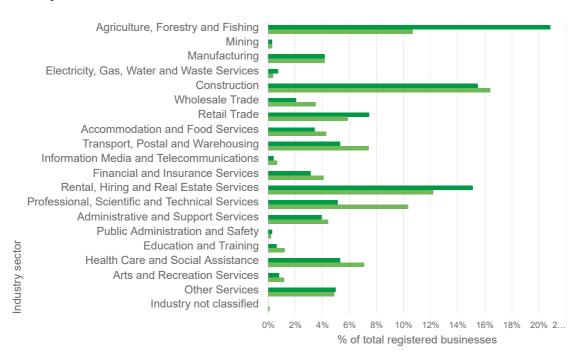
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, 2016 to 2021 Note: Non-employing businesses includes sole proprietors where the proprietor does not receive a wage or salary separate to the business income. .id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

## Registered businesses by industry 2022

#### **Total registered businesses**

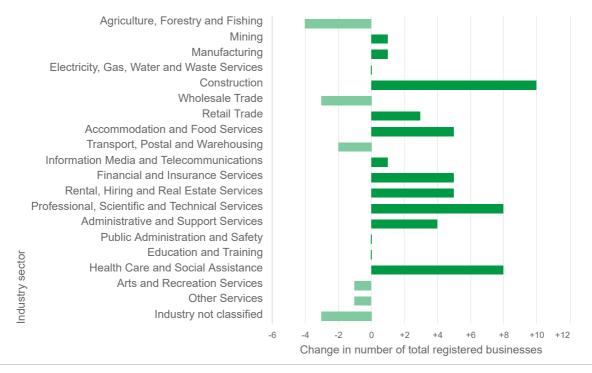




Australian Bureau of Statistics, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, 2016 to 2021

## Change in registered businesses by industry, 2021 to 2022

## City of Port Lincoln - Total registered businesses



Australian Bureau of Statistics, Counts of Australian Businesses, including Entries and Exits, 2016 to 2021

Industry sector analysis - All industries

In 2021/22, the City of Port Lincoln contributed 0.9% of South Australia's employment and 0.8% of its value added.

Industry sector profiles reveal the way in which each industry contributes to the economy in the City of Port Lincoln using ten economic measures generated by NIEIR economic modelling. This helps in understanding the role each industry sector plays in the economy.

For example, some industry sectors generate substantial output (turnover), but are not big employers and targeting those industry sectors may not meet the economic development objective of maximising employment.

In the first chart, you can also see how the output of an industry is divided between local sales, domestic exports and international exports. This information can reveal how an industry is structured, and whether it is focused on exporting or on serving the local population.

The table and second chart also show how the City of Port Lincoln contributes to the wider economy. For example, Agriculture in the City of Port Lincoln contributes 0.3% of South Australia's Agriculture employment.

Industry sector analysis data should be viewed in conjunction with Employment by industry (Total), Employment by industry (FTE), Value added, Imports and Exports to see how each specific industry fits into the wider picture of all industries within the City of Port Lincoln. To see how concentrated each industry sector is, visit the Employment locations section.

The third chart refers to how employment in the City of Port Lincoln has changed overtime and how it compares to expected changes based on benchmark and industry trends. This type of analysis is explored further within the <a href="Shift-share analysis">Shift-share analysis</a> economic tool."

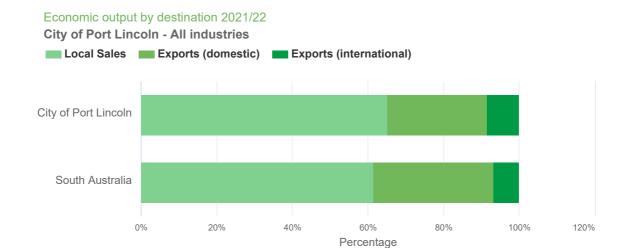
#### Data source

National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

Industry sector analysis							
City of Port Lincoln - All industries - Constant prices	2021/22			2016	Change		
Economic measure	City of Port Lincol		City of Port Lincoli as a % of South	City of Port	City of Port Lincol as a % of South South Australiaustra		
Employment (total)	8,079	906,83	10.9%	7,608	819,2020.9%	+471	
Employment (FTE)	6,152	737,78	70.8%	5,878	678,8900.9%	+274	
FTE to total employment ratio	0.76	0.81	0%	0.77	0.83 0%	-0.01	
Output/Total Sales (\$m)  Value add (\$m)  Exports (\$m)  Exports (domestic) (\$m)  Exports (international) (\$m)  Imports(\$m)  Imports (domestic) (\$m)	833.08 587.97 443.78 144.20 738.02	92219,69 104,69 84,958 69,676 15,281 102,32 80,125	3.09.28% .209.7% .703.6% .506.9%	1,320.66 696.88 515.57 333.52 182.06 627.79 475.58	183,332.0607% 92,296.408.8% 75,197.301.7% 57,663.900.6% 17,533.411.0% 89,936.407.7% 70,392.701.7%	+368.27 +136.20 +72.40 +110.26 -37.86 +110.23 +75.09	
Imports (international) (\$m)  Local Sales (\$m)		22,200 12/35,45		152.21 812.97	19,543.77.8% 108,915 <b>\D2</b> %	+35.14 +282.15	
Worker productivity (\$ per worker)	103,12	1115,45	0 0%	91,597	112,666 0%	+11,523	

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). Data are based on a 2020/21 price base for all years. NIEIR-ID data are inflation adjusted each year to allow direct comparison, and annual data releases adjust previous years' figures to a new base year.Learn more

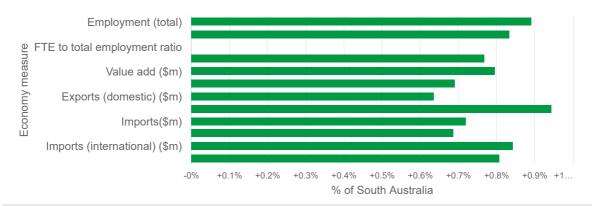
Please refer to specific data notes for more information



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Industry contribution to South Australia 2021/22

## City of Port Lincoln - All industries

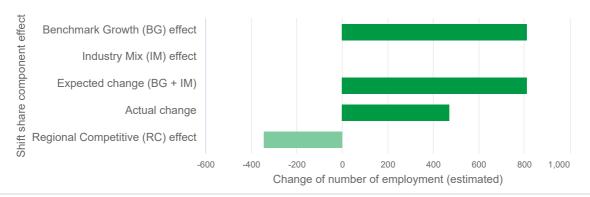


Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Shift-share analysis for Employment (Total) 2016/17 to 2021/22

### All industries

## City of Port Lincoln relative to South Australia



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Time series industry sector analysis

In 2021/22, the City of Port Lincoln contributed 0.9% to South Australia's employment (total).

The annual industry sector analysis reveals the growth and decline of an industry from 2005/06 to the present.

These charts show the year-on-year change in the different measures of an industry size, based on the 87 industry subsectors and 19 main industry divisions in the ANZSIC classification. An industry may be growing in the local area, but at a rate no different to that of the state or region. For this reason, measures are also included that compare the growth or decline of the industry with the equivalent in the benchmark area, based on a standard index base year of 2005/06. Another chart also looks at the change in an industry as a percentage of the benchmark.

For instance, an industry may double in size from \$100m to \$200m in total output. But if the state's output went up by the same amount, the percentage of state would be unchanged. On the other hand, if the state's output is declining but local output is unchanged, the percentage of state would increase. In this way change over time can be benchmarked.

Different measures may also grow and change in different ways. For instance, during the GFC, some industries retained staff but they worked less hours, resulting in a loss of FTE jobs but no loss of total employment. And an industry may have increasing exports without having an increase in total output.

Industry sector time-series analysis should be viewed in conjunction with Local workers data from the 2021 and 2016 Census to see how the characteristics of the <u>local workers</u> are changing in a growing or declining industry.

#### Data source

National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

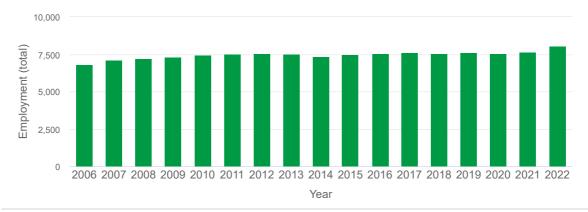
Time series - Employment (total)									
All industries	City of Port Lincoln		South Aus	stralia	Analysis				
Year	Change from Employment previous (total) year		Change from Employment previous (total) year		City of Port Lincoln as a % of South Australia	Index RDA Eyre Peninsula Region	Index South Australia		
2021/22	8,079	+5.5%	906,831	+4.8 %	0.9	113.8	119.8		
2020/21	7,660	+1.0%	864,974	+1.3 %	0.9	107.9	114.3		
2019/20	7,581	-0.4%	853,892	-0.1 %	0.9	106.8	112.8		
2018/19	7,610	+0.5%	854,978	+1.8 %	0.9	107.2	113.0		
2017/18	7,574	-0.4%	839,788	+2.5 %	0.9	106.7	111.0		
2016/17	7,608	+0.7%	819,202	+1.5 %	0.9	107.2	108.3		
2015/16	7,552	+0.9%	807,054	+0.6 %	0.9	106.4	106.7		
2014/15	7,484	+1.9%	802,539	+0.4 %	0.9	105.4	106.1		
2013/14	7,343	-2.4%	799,511	-1.2 %	0.9	103.4	105.7		
2012/13	7,525	-0.3%	809,318	+0.1 %	0.9	106.0	106.9		
2011/12	7,548	+0.4%	808,513	+0.5 %	0.9	106.3	106.8		
2010/11	7,516	+1.0%	804,359	+1.5 %	0.9	105.9	106.3		
2009/10	7,443	+1.6%	792,303	+0.6 %	0.9	104.9	104.7		
2008/09	7,323	+1.3%	787,605	+1.9 %	0.9	103.2	104.1		
2007/08	7,230	+1.9%	772,912	+2.1 %	0.9	101.9	102.1		
2006/07	7,098	+4.1%	756,730	+1.8 %	0.9	100.0	100.0		
2005/06	6,816		743,140		0.9	96.0	98.2		

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous years' figures. Learn more

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

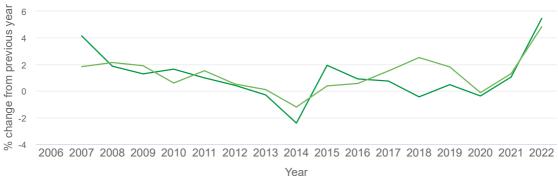
Time series - Employment (total)

City of Port Lincoln - All industries



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Time series - Employment (total) annual change
All industries
— City of Port Lincoln — South Australia

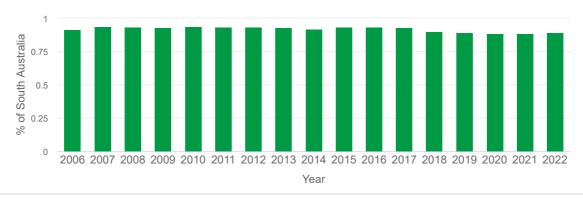


Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

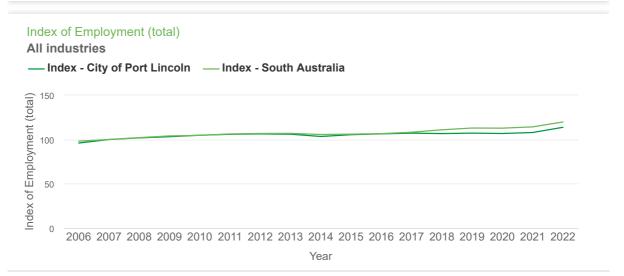
Time series - Employment (total) as percentage of benchmark

#### All industries

### City of Port Lincoln as a % of South Australia



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2023. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

# RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

Employment locations - All industries

The destination zone with the greatest number (7,213) of workers employs 19.9% of the local workers within the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

Place of Work data, mapped to Destination Zones, provide an excellent spatial representation of where each industry's economic activity is conducted within the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region.

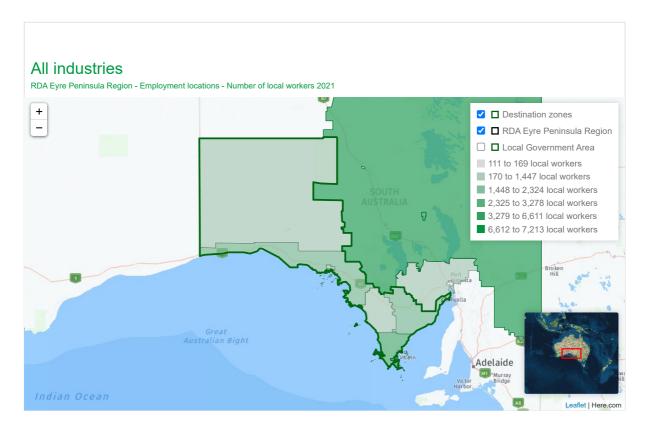
Some industries are clustered in business parks, or along major transport routes. Others are associated with institutions such as schools, universities and hospitals.

Employment locations data should be viewed in conjunction with <u>Workers place of residence</u> data to see how far people travel to get to employment in the the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region, and with <u>Employment by industry (Total)</u> and <u>Businesses by industry</u> data to see the total size of industries in the area.

Data presented here show the number of local workers per destination zone at the 2021 Census. This has been derived from the ABS imputed dataset using methodology from the Bureau of Transport statistics, and adjusts for Census undercount.

#### Data source

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2021 – by place of work



Jobs to workers ratio

The jobs to residents ratio for the City of Port Lincoln in 2021/22 was 1.12, meaning that there were more jobs than resident workers. Professional, Scientific and Technical Services had the highest ratio (1.40), while the lowest ratio was found in Mining (0.24).

A goal of economic development is often to maximise the employment opportunities locally, leading to a more socially and environmentally sustainable community.

Employment capacity is a simple way of looking at whether the City of Port Lincoln could theoretically provide jobs for all its residents if they were to choose to work locally.

Employment capacity is simply the number of local jobs in an industry, divided by the number of local residents employed (anywhere) in that industry. A figure over 1.0 means there are more jobs available than residents employed in that industry. Under 1.0 means there are more residents employed than jobs available in that sector.

This is a theoretical exercise as, even if there are enough jobs provided locally, there will always be some people who choose to commute out of the area.

Employment capacity data should be viewed in conjunction with <a href="Employment self-containment">Employment self-containment</a> and <a href="Residents place of work">Residents place of work</a> data, which provides detail about the actual proportion of residents working locally, and <a href="Gross Regional Product">Gross Regional Product</a> and <a href="Worker productivity">Worker productivity</a> data which shows the economic contribution of residents and workers.

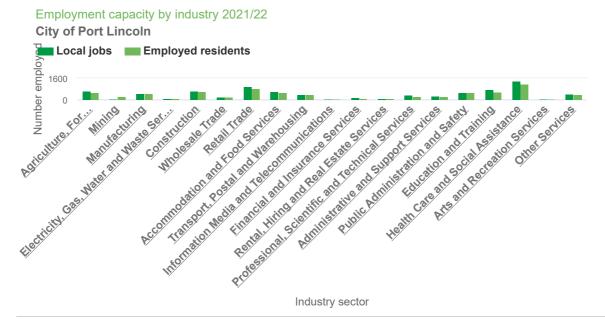
### Data source

National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

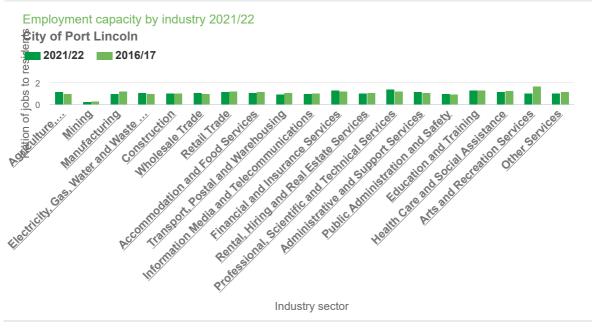
Employment capacity by industry								
City of Port Lincoln		2021/22		2016/17				
Industry ÷	Local jobs <del>°</del>	. ,	Ratio of jobs to residents	Local jobs <del>°</del>		Ratio of jobs to residents		
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	636	533	1.19	819	836	0.98		
Mining	53	223	0.24	39	123	0.32		
Manufacturing	464	454	1.02	581	472	1.23		
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	91	81	1.12	104	106	0.98		
Construction	648	600	1.08	547	529	1.03		
Wholesale Trade	202	181	1.12	213	208	1.02		
Retail Trade	1,000	855	1.17	1,097	898	1.22		
Accommodation and Food Services	592	531	1.12	499	431	1.16		
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	375	391	0.96	340	311	1.10		
Information Media and Telecommunications	46	45	1.01	45	42	1.06		
Financial and Insurance Services	135	99	1.36	126	100	1.26		
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	82	78	1.06	143	126	1.14		
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	314	224	1.40	269	213	1.26		
Administrative and Support Services	271	229	1.18	219	202	1.09		
Public Administration and Safety	526	512	1.03	375	405	0.92		
Education and Training	765	573	1.34	654	491	1.33		
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,407	1,177	1.20	1,062	838	1.27		
Arts and Recreation Services	60	58	1.04	71	42	1.69		
Other Services	410	377	1.09	406	351	1.15		
Total industries	8,079	7,220	1.12	7,608	6,725	1.13		

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous years' figures.Learn more.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

Resident workers - Key statistics - All industries

1,670 people or 25.7% of the City of Port Lincoln's resident workers (All industries) have a tertiary qualification.

The local resident workers include all employed people who are resident in the local area regardless of where they work. In other words, it is the people who live locally and therefore have the potential to work locally and is an important resource for the local economy. Their characteristics inform us about the skills that are available locally, even if they are not currently employed in the local economy.

Access the detailed tables for further exploration of each characteristic.

### Data source

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2016 and 2021 – by usual residence

City of Port Lincoln	2021			2016			change
Name	number	%	% South Australia	a number	%	% South Australia	2016 to
Resident workers							
- Total Resident workers (Census)	6,509	100.0	100.0	6,132	100.0	100.0	+377
- Males	3,266	50.2	51.4	3,155	51.5	51.9	+111
- Females	3,242	49.8	48.6	2,974	48.5	48.1	+268
Age structure							
- 15 - 24 years	1,017	15.6	14.6	958	15.6	14.1	+59
- 25 - 54 years	3,995	61.4	63.3	3,864	63.0	64.5	+13
- 55 - 64 years	1,146	17.6	16.7	1,044	17.0	16.8	+102
- 65 years and over	352	5.4	5.3	268	4.4	4.6	+84
Top three industries							
- Health care and social assistance	1,016	15.6	16.4	762	12.5	14.8	+25
- Retail trade	834	12.8	9.7	869	14.2	10.7	-3
- Agriculture, forestry and fishing	601	9.2	3.8	553	9.0	4.0	+4
Top three occupations							
- Professionals	1,087	16.7	21.5	964	15.7	20.3	+12
- Technicians and trades workers	966	14.8	13.2	938	15.3	13.4	+28
- Community and personal service workers	962	14.8	13.0	736	12.0	12.0	+220
Hours worked							
- Full time	3,371	51.8	57.2	3,356	54.7	58.3	+1:
- Part time	2,997	46.0	41.3	2,655	43.3	40.1	+34
Qualifications							
- Bachelor or higher degree	1,096	16.8	30.7	920	15.0	25.9	+17
- Advanced diploma or diploma	574	8.8	10.3	491	8.0	10.6	+8
- Certificate level	2,150	33.0	24.8	1,967	32.1	25.1	+18
- No qualifications	2,504	38.5	32.1	2,506	40.9	35.7	-

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Resident workers key statistics - All industries								
City of Port Lincoln	2021			2016			change	
Name	number	%	% South Australia	a number		% South Australia	2016 to 2021	
Individual Income								
- Less than \$500	910	14.0	14.3					
- \$500 -\$1,999	4,816	74.0	69.9					
- \$2,000 or more	732	11.2	14.9					
Method of Travel to Work								
- Car	5,088	78.2	68.7	4,779	77.9	70.5	+309	
- Public Transport	26	0.4	5.3	26	0.4	7.0		
- Bicycle	27	0.4	0.9	26	0.4	1.0	+1	
- Walked only	196	3.0	2.5	173	2.8	2.8	+23	
Other Characteristics								
- Born overseas	599	9.2	26.1	507	8.3	23.2	+92	
- Speaks a language other than English at home	327	5.0	18.6	249	4.1	15.4	+78	
- Arrived between 2016 and August 2021	104	1.6	5.1					

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

## Resident workers - Age structure

In the City of Port Lincoln, most resident workers in All industries are under 45 years old.

The Age Structure of the City of Port Lincoln's resident workers is indicative of the residential role and function of the local area. This includes factors such as when the area was settled; what types of households live there; the level of access the area has to employment, services and facilities; the local dwelling stock characteristics (including cost of housing); local amenity and a range of other factors that attract people to an area.

The age structure of the City of Port Lincoln's resident workers is indicative of the skill-levels and experience that local businesses can draw upon. For example, younger resident workers, while less experienced, are typically more mobile and have higher level skills in use of new technologies.

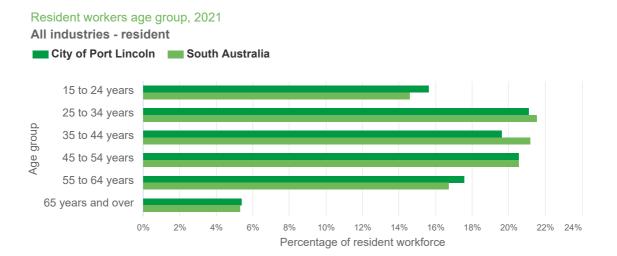
For a complete local resident workers analysis for the City of Port Lincoln, Age Structure should be analysed in conjunction with Qualification, Occupations, Hours worked and Income.

#### Data source

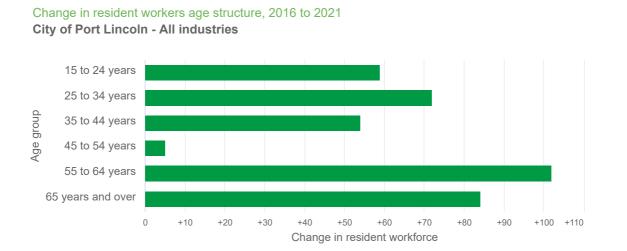
Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2016 and 2021 – by usual residence

Resident workers age structure							
RDA Eyre Peninsula Region - All industries		2021			2016		Change
Ten year age groups (years)	Numbe	%≑	South Austra	li <b>k</b> l‰mląe	er %≑	South Austra	2016 - 2021 <sub>\$</sub>
15 to 24 years	1,017	15.6	14.6	958	15.6	14.1	+59
25 to 34 years	1,376	21.1	21.6	1,304	21.3	21.0	+72
35 to 44 years	1,279	19.6	21.2	1,225	20.0	20.9	+54
45 to 54 years	1,340	20.6	20.6	1,335	21.8	22.6	+5
55 to 64 years	1,146	17.6	16.7	1,044	17.0	16.8	+102
65 years and over	352	5.4	5.3	268	4.4	4.6	+84
Total Persons	6,510	100.0	100.0	6,134	100.0	100.0	+376

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing,2021 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

### **Dominant groups**

Analysis of the resident workers (All industries) age structure of the City of Port Lincoln in 2021compared to South Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of persons in the younger age groups (15 to 44 years) as well as a higher proportion of persons in the older age groups (45 years and over).

Overall, 56.4% of the resident workers was aged under 45 years, compared to 57.4% for South Australia. 43.6% were aged 45 years and over, compared to 42.6% for South Australia.

The major difference between the resident workers age structure of the City of Port Lincoln and South Australia is:

- A smaller percentage of resident workers aged 35 to 44 years (19.6% compared to 21.2%)
- A larger percentage of resident workers aged 15 to 24 years (15.6% compared to 14.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of resident workers aged 55 to 64 years (17.6% compared to 16.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of resident workers aged 25 to 34 years (21.1% compared to 21.6%)

# **Emerging groups**

From 2016 to 2021, the City of Port Lincoln's resident workers (All industries) population increased by 376 people (6.1%). This represents an average annual change of 1.20% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the resident workers age structure in the City of Port Lincoln between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- 55 to 64 years (+102 persons)
- 65 years and over (+84 persons)
- 25 to 34 years (+72 persons)
- 15 to 24 years (+59 persons)

Resident workers - Individual income quartiles

In the City of Port Lincoln, the 'medium lowest' quartile is the largest group, comprising 29% of the resident workers.

Individual Income is an indicator of socio-economic status, skills and occupations required in a particular industry. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to evaluate the economic opportunities of people in an industry.

Income quartiles are used to condense income categories into manageable units, adjust for the effects of inflation, and allow areas to be compared over time relative to a benchmark. The incomes for the state are split into four equal groups, each containing 25% of the local labour force, and the quartiles allow users to compare changes in the local area to changes statewide, or against another benchmark. For more information on how quartiles are calculated please refer to the data notes.

As well as being related to the type of jobs and qualifications required in a particular industry, income levels can be related to the level of <u>part-time employment</u>, <u>Occupations</u>, <u>Qualification</u> and the <u>Age structure</u> of the local resident workers, so the data should be looked at in conjunction with these topics.

#### Data source

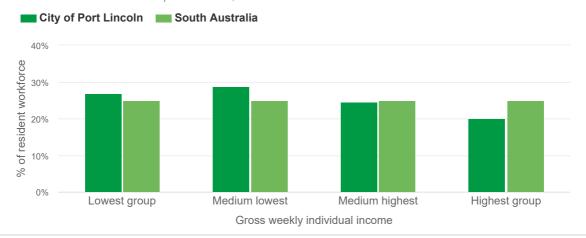
Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2016 and 2021 – by usual residence

Resident workers individual income quartiles								
City of Port Lincoln - Persons		2021			2016		Change	
Quartile group ÷	Numbe	%	South Austraļi	aNumbe	r %	South Australi	2016 - 2021 <sub>\$</sub>	
Lowest group	1,735	26.9	25.0	1,629	27.0	25.0	+105	
Medium lowest	1,853	28.7	25.0	1,625	27.0	25.0	+227	
Medium highest	1,580	24.5	25.0	1,468	24.3	25.0	+112	
Highest group	1,290	20.0	25.0	1,308	21.7	25.0	-18	
Total Persons	6,458	100.0	100.0	6,031	100.0	100.0	+427	

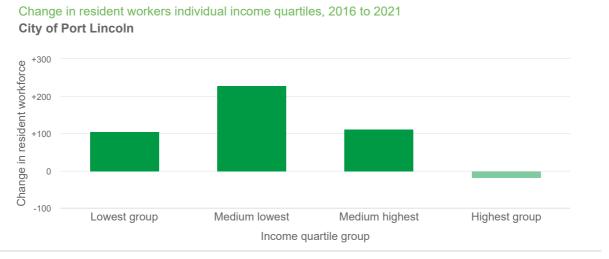
Source: Derived from the Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented .id (informed decisions).

Quartile group dollar ranges (Individuals)							
Quartile group dollar ranges (Individuals)  Weekly income by Census year							
Individual quartile ranges	<b>2021</b>	<b>2016</b>					
Lowest group	\$0 to \$586	\$0 to \$520					
Medium lowest	\$587 to \$938	\$521 to \$838					
Medium highest	\$939 to \$1,433	\$839 to \$1,254					
Highest group	\$1,434 and over	\$1,255 and over					
	'						

Resident workers field of qualifications, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

### **Dominant groups**

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of

the distribution of the resident workers by income quartile in the City of Port Lincoln compared to South Australia shows that there was lesser proportion of persons in the highest income quartile, and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

# **Emerging groups**

The most significant change for the resident workers in the City of Port Lincoln between 2016 and 2021 was in the medium lowest quartile which showed an increase of 227 resident.

Local workers - Key statistics - All industries

In the City of Port Lincoln 44.9% of the local workers (All industries) are males and 55.2% are female.

The local workers is made up of all the people who are employed in the local area, regardless of where they live. Local workers statistics reveal how the characteristics of the local workers in the City of Port Lincoln vary between each industry sector and indicates specific industry sector local workers requirements and employment opportunities.

Access the detailed tables for further exploration of each characteristic.

**NOTE:** All tables in the workers section are based on Census employment data which differ from the NIEIR employment estimates. See data notes for more details.

#### Data source

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2016 & 2021 – by place of work

Local workers key statistics - All indust	ries						
City of Port Lincoln		2021			2016		change
Name	number	%	South Australia	a number	%	South Australia	2016 to 2021
Local workers							
- Total local workers (Census)	6,980	100.0	100.0	6,622	100.0	100.0	+358
- Males	3,133	44.9	51.4	3,057	46.2	51.8	+76
- Females	3,850	55.2	48.6	3,560	53.8	48.2	+290
Age structure							
- 15 - 24 years	1,112	15.9	14.6	1,048	15.8	14.1	+64
- 25 - 54 years	4,272	61.2	63.3	4,190	63.3	64.5	+82
- 55 - 64 years	1,235	17.7	16.8	1,130	17.1	16.8	+105
- 65 years and over	350	5.0	5.3	256	3.9	4.6	+94
Top three industries							
- Health care and social assistance	1,283	18.4	16.4	948	14.3	14.8	+335
- Retail trade	968	13.9	9.7	1,023	15.4	10.7	-55
- Education and training	704	10.1	8.8	613	9.2	8.7	+91
Top three occupations							
- Professionals	1,255	18.0	21.4	1,115	16.8	20.2	+140
- Community and personal service workers	1,082	15.5	13.1	805	12.2	12.0	+277
- Technicians and trades workers	931	13.3	13.2	947	14.3	13.4	-16
Hours worked							
- Full time	3,530	50.6	57.2	3,530	53.3	58.2	
- Part time	3,303	47.3	41.4	2,966	44.8	40.1	+337
Qualifications							
- Bachelor or higher degree	1,333	19.1	30.6	1,114	16.8	25.9	+219
- Advanced diploma or diploma	645	9.2	10.3	573	8.7	10.6	+72
- Certificate level	2,187	31.3	24.8	1,985	30.0	25.1	+202
- No qualifications	2,596	37.2	32.2	2,703	40.8	35.8	-107

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Local workers key statistics - All industries								
City of Port Lincoln		2021			2016		change	
Name	number	%	South Australia	a number	%	South Australia	2016 to 2021	
Individual Income								
- Less than \$500	1,029	14.7	14.3		0	0		
- \$500 -\$1,999	5,206	74.6	70.0		0	0		
- \$2,000 or more	681	9.8	14.8		0	0		
Method of Travel to Work								
- Car	5,562	79.7	68.9	5,304	80.1	70.7	+258	
- Public Transport	16	0.2	5.3	8	0.1	6.9	+8	
- Bicycle	28	0.4	0.9	28	0.4	1.0		
- Walked only	186	2.7	2.4	163	2.5	2.7	+23	
Other Characteristics								
- Born overseas	673	9.6	26.1	581	8.8	23.2	+92	
- Speaks a language other than English at home	354	5.1	18.6	253	3.8	15.5	+101	
- Arrived between 2016 and August 2021	110	1.6	5.1		0	0		

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

#### Tourism value

In 2021/22, the total tourism sales in the City of Port Lincoln was \$83.5m, the total value added was \$45.3 million.

Tourism are key industries and major contributors to Australia's economy. However it has not been well represented in economic profiles in the past, because it actually includes parts of many different traditional industries.

The Australian Bureau of Statistics publish the "Tourism Satellite Account" which is a separate set of national accounts which look at the value and contribution of tourism in the national economy.

This dataset presents National Economics microsimulation model of the tourism satellite account at the local level, showing the value of total sales and value add, as well as annual estimates of employment and FTE employment for the tourism sector.

Understanding the current role of your tourism sector is important if you are looking at attracting visitors to your area, and as information for businesses looking to locate in the area. Tourism data should be viewed in conjunction with broader industry data in the Value added, Output and Employment by industry (Total) topics, as well as tourism Workforce characteristics.

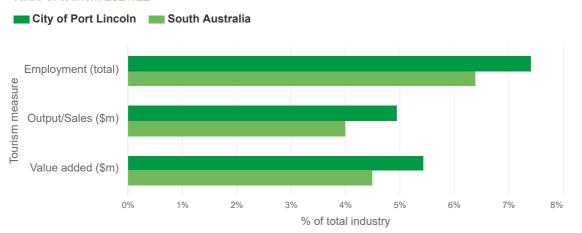
#### Data source

National Economics (NIEIR) - Modelled series

Value of tourism									
City of Port Lincoln	2021/22				2016/17				Change
Measure	City of Port Lincoln	% of total industr			City of Port lia Lincoln	% of total industr	South yAustral		2021/22 to ia 2016/17
Employment (total)									
- Direct	367	4.5	3.7	1.1	458	6.0	5.1	1.1	-90
- Indirect	231	2.9	2.7	0.9	288	3.8	3.7	0.9	-57
- Total	599	7.4	6.4	1.0	746	9.8	8.9	1.0	-147
Output/Sales (\$m)									
- Direct	38.01	2.3	1.7	1.0	57.47	4.4	3.1	1.0	-19.5
- Indirect	45.50	2.7	2.3	0.9	68.79	5.2	4.1	0.9	-23.3
- Total	83.50	4.9	4.0	1.0	126.26	9.6	7.2	1.0	-42.8
Value added (\$m)									
- Direct	21.12	2.5	2.0	1.0	34.22	4.9	3.5	1.1	-13.1
- Indirect	24.17	2.9	2.5	0.9	39.16	5.6	4.5	0.9	-15.0
- Total	45.28	5.4	4.5	1.0	73.38	10.5	8.0	1.0	-28.1

Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2021. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions). Data is based on 2018-19 constant prices for all years. NIEIR data are inflation adjusted each year to allow direct comparison, and new data releases normally adjust previous years' figures to a new base year.
Please refer to specific data notes for more information





Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2021. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).



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### Tourism employment





Source: National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2022. ©2021. Compiled and presented in economy.id by .id (informed decisions).

#### tourism workforce

In 2016, there were 450 people who make up the tourism workforce in the City of Port Lincoln, of this 35.8% worked full-time and 62.2% worked part-time or were away from work.

tourism are key industries in many parts of Australia, but it has not been well represented in economic profiles in the past due to the difficulty in defining it.

The tourism industries are defined by the ABS not as regular industries but as a set of occupation categories working across a number of industries.

This page presents some key statistics for tourism workers in the City of Port Lincoln with comparisons to benchmark areas. tourism data should be viewed in conjunction with the <u>Industry sector analysis</u> page for the accomodation sector, which has modelled estimates of the size of the industry on an annual basis. The <u>Employment locations</u> page will show where accommodation activity is taking place and the <u>Local workers</u> section will reveal the characteristics of accommodation workers.

**Please note:** Due to a change in the occupation classification, tourism occupation data are currently only available from the 2016 Census.

#### Data source

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) – Census 2016 – by place of work

**Key Statistics** 

Occupations

Value of tourism				
City of Port Lincoln		20	16	
Measure	City of Port Lincoln	% of total industry	South Australia%	% of total industry in City of Port Lincoln
Tourism workforce				
- Total workers	450	100.0	100.0	6.8
- Males	154	34.2	41.9	5.0
- Females	296	65.8	58.1	8.3
Age structure				
- 15 to 24 years	141	31.3	33.6	13.5
- 25 to 44 years	158	35.1	38.0	5.9
- 45 to 54 Years	67	14.9	14.9	4.5
- 55 to 64 Years	63	14.0	10.5	5.6
- 65 years and over	21	4.7	3.0	8.2
Hours worked				
- Worked full-time	161	35.8	36.0	4.5
- Worked part-time	275	61.1	59.0	10.1
- Away from work	5	1.1	5.1	1.4
Qualifications				
- Bachelor or higher degree	17	3.8	13.5	1.5
- Advanced diploma or diploma	29	6.4	8.6	5.1
- Certificate level	125	27.8	22.7	6.3
- No qualifications	252	56.0	52.8	9.3
Ethnicity				
- Australian-born	388	86.2	69.8	6.5
- Born overseas	54	12.0	29.0	9.3
- Birthplace not stated	0	0	1.2	0
- Speaks a language other than English	36	8.0	23.5	14.2

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Value of tourism									
City of Port Lincoln	2016								
Measure	% of tot industry City of Port % of total South City of Po Lincoln industry Australia% Linco								
- Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander	13	2.9	1.1	7.9					
Individual income									
- Less than \$500	168	37.3	42.8	11.8					
- \$500 -\$1,749	269	59.8	53.0	6.1					
- \$1,750 or more	8	1.8	2.7	1.2					

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

# RDA Eyre Peninsula Region

### About the economic profile

The RDA Eyre Peninsula Region Economic Profile provides economic analysis for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region by combining 11 different datasets to build a cohesive story of a local economy,how it is changing and how it compares to other areas.

It is a public resource designed to be used by council staff, community groups, investors, business people, students and the general public. You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from official sources and the most robust economic modelling, analysed and presented by experts and funded by the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region. Each data source is maintained with the latest series so you can be sure you are using the most up to date information.

Results for the RDA Eyre Peninsula Region include Gross Regional Product, local jobs, local businesses, employment, unemployment, population, building approvals, industry structure, journey to work and much more.

### About National Economics (NIEIR)

Reliable primary economic data sets exist only at the national, state and regional level at best. The only way to get a realistic measure of GRP, number of jobs and other economic indicators at the local area level is to undertake economic modelling. The most significant challenge with local area economic modelling is to ensure that the process reflects the unique economic characteristics of the local area. For example, one of the traps is to apply national and state-level productivity propensities at the local level, which we now know are simply not accurate because it assumes that the economic characteristics of all local areas are the same.

NIEIR are recognised as industry leaders in the development and provision of robust economic modelling at the smallest credible geographic unit (Local Government Area). NIEIR modelling draws on many data sources to offer the most nuanced data possible at the local level. The NIEIR dataset is the result of a process of economic micro-simulation modelling – it is an amalgam of many different existing data sources (between 6 and 10 depending on the region and time period) which are synthesised to produce a series of estimates of the size and value of the local economy.

Importantly, the NIEIR model is updated on an annual basis (with quarterly breakdown for some characteristics). This means the impact of global, national and local economic changes can be clearly seen at the local level.

For over 15 years NIEIR have been producing the annual benchmark State of the Regions Report commissioned by the Australian Local Government Association (ALGA). These reports benchmark regional economies and identifies strategies that strengthen local and regional economic and employment outcomes, laying the framework for future policy direction and emphasizing the role and importance of local government.

Learn more about NIEIR

### About .id (informed decisions)

.id is a company of population experts - demographers, spatial analysts, urban planners, forecasters, census data and IT experts who build demographic information products for Australia & New Zealand.

We understand how cities, towns and regions are growing and changing. Name a place and we can tell you about its population's past, present and future!

We use spatial data to tell this story in powerful web applications.

We share this knowledge with our clients so they can make confident decisions about when and where to provide services and invest in infrastructure.

Our clients are organisations who contribute to building our cities and communities. They include local & state government, education providers, housing developers, retailers, health care providers, utilities companies, banks & insurers, sporting clubs and planning consultants.

During our 15 years in business, we have built over 550 websites delivering analytical and spatial decision making information to more than 300 clients Australia-wide and in New Zealand. These sites are publicly available in .id's demographic resource centre

Our information products meet the challenge of delivering meaningful information to users with diverse information needs and skill levels – from analysts to the general public – by organising and presenting complex data in an intuitive format. As consumers of spatial data ourselves, we fundamentally understand how users want to consume that data.

We believe that by making demographic information accessible to the broadest possible audience, and promoting evidence-based decision making, we are contributing to a fairer and more sustainable society.

Learn more about .id